

IF YOU DON'T READ

The Plaindealer

YOU DON'T GET THE NEWS.

The Plaindealer.

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No. 84.

IF YOU SEE IT IN

The Plaindealer

IT IS SO.

A. M. CRAWFORD,
Attorney at Law,
Room 2, Marsters Building, - ROSEBURG, OR.
Business before the U. S. Land Office and
mining cases a specialty.
Late Receiver U. S. Land Office.

BROWN & TUSTIN,
Attorneys-at-Law,
Rooms 7 and 8
Taylor & Wilson Block. ROSEBURG, OR.

W. R. WILLIS,
Attorney and Counselor at Law,
Will practice in all the courts of the State. Of-
fice in the Court House, Douglas county, Or.

C. A. SEHLBREDE,
Attorney at Law,
Roseburg, Oregon.
Office over the Postoffice on Jackson street.

W. W. GARDWELL,
Attorney at Law,
ROSEBURG, OREGON.

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LANE & LOUGHARY,
Attorneys & Counselors at Law
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Will practice in all the courts of Oregon. Of-
fice in the Taylor-Wilson block.

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(U. S. Examining Surgeon.)
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MRS. CLARA BERRY
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Douglas County by the
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Hours from 2 to 5 p. m. Saturdays, from 9 a. m.
to 5 p. m.

WILL P. HEYDON,
County Surveyor,
and Notary Public.
Office: In Court House.
Orders for Surveying and Field Notes should
be addressed to Will P. Heydon, County Sur-
veyor, Roseburg, Or.

W. F. BRIGGS,
U. S. Deputy Mineral Surveyor
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—Does Up—

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We are always in the Lead, and mean to
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At Reduced Prices.

Consult your horse and be sure and see
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(Successor to J. JAKULEK.)
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WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, AND FANCY GOODS.
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Oh! no; Not Ours,
But you will certainly throw your old smoky
lamps away if you once see the fine center draft
lamps we have on exhibition.

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AND IMMEDIATE POSSESSION GIVEN.

Stock Ranges, Timber Lands and Mining Properties,
Prune and Hop Lands of best quality, in choice locations,
in quantities to suit intending purchasers, at reasonable
prices and easy terms. Inquire of

D. S. K. BUICK,
Roseburg, Douglas County, Oregon.

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PELTON
WATER MOTOR.**
Of capacities varying from 1 to 25
horse power affords the most con-
venient, economical and reliable
power for all light service. One of
these may be seen running at this
office. Send for circulars.
THE PELTON WATER WHEEL CO.,
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If Business Is Not Good
Don't Squeal, But Root.
The Plaindealer's Advertising Columns
Are the Rooters for the Business Men of Douglas County.
TRY THEM.

TELEGRAPH NEWS

The Story Repeated.
New York, Jan. 9.—A special to the Herald from Caracas says:
The government has received news from the Venezuelan boundary stations near the frontier of British Guiana, to the effect that 100 men of the British colonial police have been sent to guard the English station, in the disputed territory. The government regards this action as a direct menace on the part of England, following, as it does, so closely the message of President Cleveland relating to the boundary question. The government officials say, however, that notwithstanding the report that Great Britain is fortifying her position, in apparent defiance of the republic, great prudence will be observed by Venezuelan officers in the territory, and an attempt will be made to avoid all perilous disputes. The point to which the British police have been dispatched is that first point ordered to be fortified with Maxim guns by Mr. Chamberlain, English minister for the colonies.

Startling reports have been received from Barcelona, to the effect that the British vice-consul in that city is concentrated in the revolution against the government. Barcelona, which is in the state of Bernadette, while not directly on the shores of the Caribbean sea, is only a few miles distant from that body of water, has a port of its own, called Guzman, Blasco, and is a great rendezvous for revolutionary bands. If escape should be cut off by sea, the insurrectionists would still have the mountains to the eastward in which to find a refuge, should they be overpowered.

The government has already sent many troops to Bernadette, and is rapidly enrolling all citizens in the national guard who are fit for service in the field. Eleven thousand men have thus far been enlisted.

Minister Castillo, who holds the portfolio of interior, has addressed a letter to the president and governors of all the states, advising change in the law which shall declare every man who engages in insurrectionary movements to be a traitor. Under the existing laws of the state, treason is punished by death. There has as yet been no official notice that such a decree will be issued by the government.

The government is now making arrangements to sell all of its old cannon, which it has replaced with new ones of modern types.

New Gold Discoveries.
BOULDER, Colo., Jan. 9.—Intense excitement prevails in this city over the new gold fields, situated at South Boulder creek and Magnolia, and there are rumors of riches being uncovered by prospectors in holes not even five feet deep. The strike is alleged to be worth \$100,000, and an offer of this amount is said to have been made and refused.

Frank D. Baker came down from Walker's ranch, and reports that several sacks of quartz had been sent to the sampling works from the claim discovered by the White brothers. The gold was sticking out all over the quartz, and no accurate estimate could be formed of the value of the stuff, but it will be sold by the pound instead of ton.

The panning made from the ore are said to be wonderful, as great rings of gold form around the pan with each test of washing. The prospectors are wild over the outlook for a great mining boom, and 500 men are working night and day in search of veins.

The new gold discoveries are on the same mineral belt as the rich Tellurite mines of Ballarat, Jamestown, Gold Hill, Sunshine and Magnolia. In each of these districts mineral has been uncovered at the grass roots.

War Clouds Less Dark.
LONDON, Jan. 9.—The chances of war between Great Britain and Germany are looked upon today as remote, there being a decided tone of back down in the utterances of the German press toward Great Britain.

The Pall Gazette says: "Steps were taken in the highest quarters to obtain by family influence a full explanation from Emperor William, and the communications which passed have done more than anything to bring about a change of tone in the German official press toward Great Britain. German newspapers, official, semi-official and hostile, are tumbling over one another in their anxiety to explain that the tensions was the fault of England."

The receipt of a dispatch from Pretoria, announcing the extreme demands of the South African republic for the surrender of all British rights and suzerainty, etc., over Transvaal and Delagoa bay, however, and has again changed the complexion of affairs. Meantime there is little or no abatement of the anti-German feeling here. At a meeting of the London radical federation here today a resolution was passed demanding the removal of Emperor William from the British army and navy lists.

A baseless that report the officers of the First Dragons, in garrison at Dublin of which Emperor William was made honorary colonel by Queen Victoria, had burned his majesty in effigy, was received with cheering. The colonel of the First Dragons this afternoon telegraphed that there is no ground for this story. It is said that before the receipt of this

official denial the German ambassador, Count von Hatzfeldt Willdenburg, made representations on the subject to the Marquis of Salisbury, asking to be informed as to the truth of the report.

At the foreign office this afternoon the dispatch saying that the Boers demanded the banishment of Mr. Rhodes from Africa and the abandonment of the rights of Great Britain regarding the Transvaal and Delagoa bay were discredited on the grounds that Sir Hercules Robinson, governor of Cape Colony, in his dispatches to the colonial office made no mention of any such demands or intentions.

Favors Arbitration.
LONDON, Jan. 10.—The movement in favor of arbitrating the Venezuela question with the United States is growing day by day. The Westminster Gazette, after having interviewed statements of all parties, bankers and others, says this afternoon:

"Everywhere there were enthusiastic expressions in favor of the proposal to establish a permanent court of arbitration."

From diplomats who have had recent interviews with the foreign office, the Associated Press learns that there is a decided change of sentiment there. The unbending antagonism to arbitration of the Venezuela boundary dispute, first shown in high circles, has almost completely disappeared and matters look much more satisfactory than they have at any time since the dispute commenced.

It is semi-officially stated today that no such movement of British forces toward the boundary or in the neighborhood of the disputed territory in Venezuela, as indicated in the dispatch from Caracas, via Nicaragua, has been contemplated by Great Britain, and no addition has been made to the small force stationed for some time in the Uruman district. Regarding the attitude of Venezuela, it is added, that there is no reason to suppose hostile action upon her part is intended.

Anxious for War.
DETROIT, Jan. 10.—The German press of this city is red-hot for war between England and Germany, and wants it right away. Abenhorst, the German organ of the state, and intensely conservative, says that Germany must insist on her rights. It then says:

"England won't fight; she will bluff awhile and then crawl. The German torpedo fleet is a match for the English any day."

The Volksblatt says:
"The German emperor has made himself most popular by his unexaggerated movement. Germany needs colonies more than England. England is the enemy of Germany everywhere."

"So long as Canada remains British we can never feel at home in our adopted country. It will be America's opportunity. Canada must be ours. Oh, if only the German-English war would come!"
The German citizens generally are of the same opinion, and at an informal meeting many declared their intention of returning to Germany to enlist if war should be declared.

Favors the McKinley Law.
WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—Pritchard, of North Carolina, called up in the senate the amendments he had offered to the revenue bill, to increase the duties on certain kinds of clays, marble, iron ore, timber, live stock, cereals, fruits, wool and coal. He favored the re-enactment of the McKinley law and the free coinage of silver. He denounced the Southern democrats for their recency to their own section. Their tariff law had brought unexampled prosperity to New England manufacturers and bankruptcy and ruin to the farmers and producers of the South. When Pritchard had finished, Hill chided the former for inconsistency in his statements. North Carolina, he said, occupied a peculiar situation in congress, and he did not see how her people could be gratified. Some time ago the same legislature in North Carolina had elected two senators by the same combination. A few days ago one of them (Butler) denounced the democratic party for being false to its pledges of tariff reform. Today the other end of the combination told the senate he favored the re-enactment of the McKinley law.

The senate, on Hale's motion, agreed to adjourn until Monday when adjournment was taken today.

White consumed the remainder of the time before expiration of the morning hour with a speech in favor of some practical modification of the senate rules. He did not mince words in his characterization of the rules and the "ancient fictions" they perpetuated. The great evil he especially inveighed against was that which permitted an interminable debate on any question, and placed it in the power of a single senator to hold the senate at his mercy for so long.

At the conclusion of White's speech, Morgan, formerly chairman of the committee on foreign relations, introduced a joint resolution congratulating the republic of Transvaal for the stand for liberty which it had taken, and directing the president of the United States to transmit this action to the republic of Transvaal. The resolution was referred to the foreign relations committee.

Jones made a speech on the free-coinage substitute for the house bond bill.

Bought Delagoa Bay.
LONDON, Jan. 10.—The most important development of the South African affair today is the fact that in spite of all denials it is now believed in many quarters that there is some truth in the rumor that Great Britain has purchased Delagoa bay from Portugal. It may turn out to be an excuse for assembling such a powerful British fleet as the one which will be anchored off Portland Tuesday next. As it is announced the government of Transvaal has demanded, among other things, that Great Britain forego her right to obtain possession of Delagoa bay, and as Germany may look upon this as a move which will seriously threaten the future of the Transvaal, the situation, if the report is true, will become more critical.

A dispatch from Pretoria this morning says the governor of the Transvaal has announced that he has determined to foster mining, and those interested in it need not sacrifice their holdings for the benefit of the "agitating clique" of the Rand. This dispatch says only 10,000 Boers are under arms, but adds significantly that they will not disband until the conditions of the surrender of the Uitlanders of the Rand have been fully carried out.

Great importance is attached here to an article in the Hamburger Nachrichten, said to have been directly inspired by Prince Bismarck, in which it indirectly disapproves of the government's attitude, and adds: "The duty of the government is more to defend the internal and external peace of the country against disturbances than to promote foreign enterprises."

President Kruger has sent a telegram to Sir Hercules Robinson, governor of Cape Colony, for transmission to Mr. Chamberlain, acknowledging the receipt of the queen's message and adding: "It is my intention to band over the prisoners so that Dr. Jamieson and the British under him may be punished by her majesty's government. I will make known to your excellency my final decision in the matter as soon as Johannesburg shall have reverted to a condition of quietness and order. In the mean time I request your excellency to assure the queen of my high appreciation of her words, and in proffering my respectful good wishes, express my thanks for the same."

British Advancing.
CHICAGO, Jan. 10.—A special to the Journal from Washington says: "The report that the British are strengthening their outposts in Venezuela and advancing into Venezuela is true. I have myself received today a private dispatch from there corroborating it."

So said Congressman Livingston, of Georgia, this afternoon.
He added: "I cannot show you the dispatch; it is private. You can, however, rely upon it. I called on the Venezuelan minister this morning and asked him to use his influence with Crespo to keep back the Venezuelan troops. Should they advance it would precipitate the conflict at once. That would render the Venezuela commission useless. We would be compelled to back up Venezuela, and we would be plunged into war at once."

A Breeze in the House.
WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—The committee on rules reported to the house today and the rules were debated section by section. The house refused to adopt the amendment to the rules providing for deduction from a member's pay for absence, not due to sickness.

When the rule giving certain committees leave to report to the house at any time was reached, it created a decided breeze. Walker, chairman of the committee on banking and currency, asked why that committee had been omitted from the list and offered an amendment to include his committee.

Bailey offered an amendment to Walker's amendment, including the committee on coinage.
After a somewhat animated debate, in which Walker accused Dalzell of having taken his committee to the door and kicked it out. Bailey's amendment was defeated by 111 to 183.
Walker's amendment was then defeated, 112 to 160.

A Third Encyclical.
NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—Special advices to the world from Rome say:
The central object of Pope Leo's policy has always been to bring about—or prepare a grand reunion of the Christian churches. The holy father has already published two encyclicals devoted to that end. One was addressed to the princes and the peoples. The other took the form of an appeal to Anglicans. A third encyclical will shortly be made known. It is to be addressed "Ad Omnes Christianos." (To All Christians.)

Thus one more innovation will be added to the others of the present pope. In former times it was the custom to address the papal documents "To the Bishop and the Faithful in Communion With the Holy Apostolic Church." Leo XIII has defied tradition by dedicating his encyclicals to non-Catholics as well as Catholics.

To Trade.
Two lots in Marshfield for hogs.
Two and one half lots in North Roseburg, for stock; hack or buggy in part payment. Call on I. F. Rice & Co.

BEFORE HAMLIN'S COURT.

One of the most exciting episodes in the history of Roseburg, transpired Thursday night, Jan. 9th. It has stirred the community from center to circumference, to such an extent that but little addition would have enkindled mob violence. The occasion was that of an attempt of one R. B. Matthews to commit rape upon Grace, daughter of Judge Thos. Smith of this city, by forcibly seizing and thrusting her into the basement of the school house, through an open window, and there, between the hours of 10 and 12 o'clock at night, trying to accomplish her ruin.

Miss Smith screamed and struggled as appears by her testimony, corroborated by the testimony of Mrs. O. L. Willis and W. G. Woodward, who heard screams at about that hour in the night. It appears Miss Smith had attended the meetings of God's Regular Army in company with Miss Nelly Wilson, and after the meeting was out started home together. Matthews followed and overtook them on the corner of Washington and Rose streets, and went with them to the corner of the next street west, where the girls turned north across the school house grounds past the school house, where she parted with Miss Wilson and turned homeward. As she came back past the school house Matthews, as it appeared, had followed them, evidently knowing Grace would pass that way on her return home, and was in waiting for her.

He met her, and at first tried to persuade her to enter the basement with him. This she refused to do. He then seized her and forced her through an open window of the basement and there kept her nearly two hours, trying, by persuasion and threats, to effect his unholy purpose. But she fought him, and, as admitted by himself to a comrade, he failed to accomplish his object, being interrupted by the appearance of parties in search of her.

Laid to Rest.
"Well, we buried another old pioneer today. He was a good man, one of the best in Oregon."

Yesterday, the above and similar expressions relative to John Fullerton, so recently deceased, greeted our ears as we passed through the streets. What a consolation it must be to the relatives of the deceased to know that he was held in so high esteem by his fellowmen, being at the same also, a guarantee that his memory will be ever green in the heart of his surviving friends, who now lament the loss of his companionship. Pioneer, after pioneer is fast succumbing to the grim monster Death, passing to the sleep that knows no waking, until the resurrection morn when the last trump shall echo and re-echo the declaration that time shall be no more.

An affectionate father, a devoted husband, an honest and esteemed citizen has passed from our midst, and in the demise of John Fullerton, a valued and revered member of the community, the city has sustained a loss that time only in its rapid flight can repair. Yet one consoling thought remains; for, as at the close of day the sun, sinking behind the western gates, gives a rosate hue to the evening sky, so at the close of life, the knowledge that even death cannot sever the bonds of fraternal affection, lends a radiant glow of hope to the horizon that marks out the limits of our earthly pilgrimage. That glow of hope gives promise of fruition in the life to come, when a happy reunion shall have been effected.

Financial.
WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—A statement prepared by the director of the mint shows the coinage executed at the United States mints during the calendar year just closed to have been as follows:

Gold	\$59,614,257
Silver	5,583,010
Minor coins	882,430
Total	\$66,080,798

New York, Jan. 10.—Exports of specie from the port of New York for the week amounted to \$1,577,034 in gold, and \$928,119 in silver. The imports were:

Gold	\$ 124,871
Silver	37,386
Dry goods	2,973,827
Gen'l Mlse	8,104,302

New York, Jan. 10.—The steamships Paris, La Champagne and Aller, which are due at this port within the next 10 days, will bring \$1,500,000 in American gold coin and gold bars to Zimmerman & Forsyth of this city.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—Today's statement of the condition of the treasury shows:

Available cash balance	\$178,405,295
Gold reserve	62,686,398

Final Call.
All persons are hereby notified to make immediate settlement of their indebtedness to the late firm of S. Marks & Co.; otherwise the same will be placed in hands for collection. Please give this call prompt attention and thus avoid additional costs.
ASHER MARKS,
Administrator of Estate of S. Marks & Co.

For Sale or Rent.
The Palmer sawmill. For particulars address, E. C. PALMER, Drain, Or.