THE PLAINDEALER

ISSUED EVERY THURSDAY BY

THE PLAINDEALER PUBLISHING COMPANY

W. F. BENJAMIN, - - - - - Editor
C. Y. BENJAMIN, - - - - Manager.

Subscription Rates:

One Year payable in advance	$2 00
Six Months, " "	1 00
Three Months, " "	50

NOVEMBER 7, 1895.

U. S. Department of Agriculture Weather Bureau.

ROSEBURG, Ore., November 6, 1895.

BAROMETER { 5 a. m. Pacific time—30.20.
{ 5 p. m. Pacific time—30.22.

Maximum temperature, 48.

Minimum temperature, 21.

Rainfall for the 24 hours ending 5 p. m., .0.

Total rainfall since 1st of month, .05

Average rainfall for this month for 18 years, 3.39.

Total rainfall from Sept. 1, 1895, to date, 2.79.

Average monthly rainfall from Sept. 1, 1895, to date, 1.37.

Accumuleted deficiency from Sept. 1, 1895, to date, 1,37.

Average precipitation for 18 wet seasons, 35.63.

THOS. GIBSON, Observer.

PORTLAND, Or., November 7. 1895: 12 a. m.—Weather forecast for the next 36 hours, for Roseburg and vicinity:

Thursday and Friday, fair and warmer weather.

PAGUE, Local Forecast Official.

REPUBLICANISM.

"In time of peace prepare for war." Next year another campaign is upon us. The provisions of the constitution require the election of all the officers in this county, except county judge. Also three representatives and one senator to the state legislature are to be elected. If the principles of the republican party are worth contending for every republican ought to be on the alert and do what he can in every way maintain those principles. Standing aloof and allowing matters to drift along with the tide of opposition is suicidal.

The opposition will leave no stone unturned "to carry the war into Africa." Democrats and populists will "turn heaven and earth upside down to elect their men." The very air is burdened with their belligerant tocsins of "down with the republicans." Republicans throughout the county we appeal to you to be up and doing. Don't sit idly by and allow the enemy to steal a march on you and intrench themselves upon your territory, and thus by active strategy catch you sleeping at your post of duty. They are already marshaling their clans and disciplining them for the onset. The schemers of those parties are making up their states and settling down to business One of their principal movements is the dissemination of their political literature. They "dig up" the money to help on the cause of their party by a liberal support of their papers. That is the way they do—patronize their political exponents. Republicans would do well to follow their example by a liberal patronage of a republican paper, as a stand off, if no more. You expect the PLAINDEALER to battle for republicanism, but did it ever occur to you that it requirers cash and hard werk to print a paper. Without liberal patronage by the party it is impossible to make a good aggressive paper.

The republicans of Douglas owe it to themselves to help their party paper, especially if they are sincere in the genuineness of their party's principles. "A continual drop will wear away a stone." To cause the wear of many stones the drops must be continuous on them all. Apply this figure: The PLAINDEALER must be caused to drop amongst a larger number of readers. The PLAINDEALER is now the best paper printed in Southern Oregon. The weekly and semi-weekly have more reading matter than any other paper south of Salem. It is fearless and outspoken on all the political questions engaging public attention. Its leading feature is its news department, Both dispatches and locals are of a reliable and trustworthy nature, and full. The PLAINDEALER is not sensational, filling its columns with trashy gossip or scandal. What it says is reliable. Every issue contains epitomized dispatches from all the world, thus furnishing its readers with news on all important subjects.

The daily PLAINDEALER has daily news and dispatches of the most interesting nature from all the world. Wherever daily mail service can be had republicans ought to take the daily. We will furnish it to yearly subscribers payable in advance for $2 a year. It containe more reading matter per week than any weekly in the state.

The campaign is approaching, and every republican should feel an interest in the principles of the party being sustained.

FOR FARMERS TO STUDY.

Three years ago 58 per cent of the wheat which Europe procured abroad came from America. Last year our proportion has shrunk to 36 per cent. That is, our contribution to the European market is both absolutely and relatively declining.

What is the remedy for this? There can be no remedy which looks to Europe. Europe will buy our wheat only when she can get it more cheaply than it can be produced by Russian serfs and Indian ryots. The American farmer cannot hope to compete on such terms with the foreign farmer who hires his labor for three cents a day or yokes his wife to the plow with his oxen. If the American farmer is driven out of the European market—and that he is being driven out of it these figures establish beyond question—he must turn to the home market for relief. It would be well for him if he had turned to it long ago instead of blindly following the export *ignis fatuus*. The foreign operative may or may not buy and consume the products of American farms; the American operative, better paid and better fed, is certain to consume them. The American operative does not eat wheat from the Black Sea or the Rio Plata, or cattle or beef from Australian ranges. He buys these things at home, and he buys there, too, his milk and eggs and cheese and vegetables. Thus it is that it is estimated that while in England each factory workman consumes only $4.42 worth of products of American agriculture every year, each factory workman in Massachusetts consumes more than $90 worth of these American products.

Which is the better customer of the American farmer? Where lie the farmer's interests—in encouraging manufacturing abroad or manufacturing at home? —Boston Journal.

Some Newspaper Comment.

The N. Y. World of yesterday says: "The reactionary result in this city yesterday was provoked by the pigheaded following of the president of the police board. But for the exasperating effect of Mr. Roosevelt's uncalled-for, unjust, harsh and oppressive execution of the Sunday excise law, a union of all the anti-Tammany forces would have been as easy and as triumphant as it was last year. The predicted reaction has come. Tammany triumphs in the first election after its tremendous overthrow, The result is discouraging. It impeaches the capacity of the people for self government. It shows that the voters are more susceptible to wrongs than intelligent as to the remedy. Every consideration of decent politics, good government and the liberalizing of sumptuary laws required the success of the reform ticket. One man's obstinacy, folly and the unreasonable anger of the people have defeated it. The large repuclican majority in the state will stand a monument to this sort of virtue which exploits itself in regulating the morals of other people. The wider political consequences of the result are grave. It means the strongest possible nomination by the democrats for president, and the hardest struggle in years as the basis of a hopeful campaign next year."

The Morning Advertiser—Although the figures on the Tammany vote show that the organization possessed greater strength than had been generally supposed, the success of the Tammany ticket is no surprise to citizens who have intelligently observed the progress of events. The triumph of Tammany is due, first of all and above all, to the blunders, the apathy and the incapacity of its opponents. Another and the most humiliating of all the causes of fusion defeat was the betrayal of the reform by some men who were bound by every consideration of honor and patriotism to support the union ticket.

The Threatened Strike.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 5.—The threatened strike on the Great Northern has caused no little comment among local railway men, and especially among members of the A. R. U. The dissatisfaction of the Hill men has a peculiar significance in this city, Oakland and Sacramento, inasmuch as it is generally admitted that on the success or failure of a strike on the Great Northern system at this time hinges the future of all organized railway labor west of the Missouri river. Incidentally it may be said that on the Southern Pacific there has been unusual activity of late among the labor unions. In the past month it is declared by local A. R. U. officers, that nine lodges of that order have been successfully organized on the Pacific coast. All this work has been effected through the instrumentality of James Hogan, of Salt Lake, who is general western representative of Eugene Debs, and one of the nominees for congress in the coming Utah election on the people's party ticket. Hogan, it is said, has three traveling delegates in this state who have reported to him that the A. R. U. sentiment is stronger than ever on this coast, and who have promised to bring almost every railway employe in California and Oregon into camp before the new year.

Funeral at Myrtle Creek.

The funeral of Geo. Weaver of Myrtle Creek was largely attended, Wednesday, November 6. The Masons of his lodge, South Umpqua No. 72, at Canyonville, and of Laurel Lodge No. 13 of Roseburg, attended with a large representation, which order conducted the obsequies by observing their solemn and imposing rites.

The Odd Fellows of Myrtle Creek lodge, No. 38, of which he was an honored member, attended in a body in regalia.

Rev. J. F. Wallace of the M. E. church south, preached his funeral sermon from the words, "I go to prepare a way for you," and was assisted by Rev. Mr. Richison.

The deceased was born June 29th, 1862, near Myrtle Creek. He was a son of Hans Weaver who died a few years ago. Mr. Weaver leaves a wife and two small children to mourn their irreparable loss. Mr. Weaver was highly esteemed by his neighbors. He was one of those warm hearted, genial spirits who attracts to them and wins the good will of all with whom they have dealings. As was expressed by one of Myrtle Creek's prominent citizens, "his place cannot well be filled."

Resolution.

To the Worshipful Master, Wardens and Brothren of Oakland Lodge, No. 16, A. F. & A. M.

We your committee appointed to draft suitable resolutions on the death of our late brother A. J. Chapman, would respectfully report the following:

WHEREAS, Our brother, A. J. Chapman, has been removed from our rolls by the inscrutable will of the Supreme, and

WHEREAS, We desire to bear testimony to his standing as a friend and brother. Therefore be it

Resolved, That in the death of Brother Chapman our lodge has lost a faithful member and the community a worthy citizen.

Resolved, That we sympathise with the family of our brother and that we tender to them our heartfelt sympathy and pray heaven to comfort them in their great sorrow.

Resolved, That the charter of the lodge be draped in mourning for thirty days, and that the members wear the usual badge of mourning for that time.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be spread upon the records of this lodge, that a copy be forwarded to the family and that copies be sent to the Roseburg papers for publication.

A. F. BROWN,
H. LITTLE,
GEO. T. RUSSELL,
Committee.

The picture of style, beauty and reliability, all the merits of fashions weaves and colors, all the virtures that dress goods ought to possess, are combined in the fabrics which we now offer. That the PRICES are the LOWEST we leave you to judge. Novelty Store.

A HOROLOGICAL WONDER.

The Complicated Time Keeping Oddity Invented by a Russian Pole.

The prize wonder in the shape of a clock is the invention of a Russian Pole named Goldfadon. The inventor is a clockmaker of Warsaw and boasts that he worked over 2,000 days on this time keeping oddity. The clock represents a railway station, with waiting rooms for travelers, telegraph and ticket offices and a very pretty and natural platform, well lighted and having in its center a flower garden and a spouting fountain. There are also signal boxes, lights, switches, water tanks—in fact, everything used in conjunction with a well regulated railway station. There is a dial in the center tower, which shows time at New York, Peking, Warsaw and London. Every quarter of an hour the station begins to show signs of life. First all of the little figures of telegraph operators begin to work their machines, the head automaton going through the form of sending a dispatch to the effect that "the line is clear." Then the door opens, and upon the platform appear the station master and his assistants. Next a long line of little figures file up to the miniature ticket office.

After this the porters appear, carrying luggage, the bell rings, and instantly a miniature train dashes out of a tunnel and halts before the platform of the station house. While the train is waiting a miniature figure tests the wheels and axles with a tiny hammer, another pumps water into the tank of the engine, while a third busies himself stowing away small lumps of coal in the silver plated tender. There is one signal of the bell, whereupon the door of the single coach opens, and the little figures slide in on an almost invisible wire, the opening closing after them. A second tap of the bell is the signal for the wheel tester, waterman and fuel carrier to retire into the station house.

After the third signal the whistle gives two toots, and the train quickly disappears in a tunnel opposite to the one from which it emerged five minutes before. When the train is out of sight, the station master and his assistants leave the platform, the doors close behind them, and they all retire to the other side of the station house, where, at the expiration of 15 minutes, the train again appears, and the passengers file out and seat themselves in the building preparatory to taking another trip around the station house.—St. Louis Republic.

LOPSIDED HENS.

How a Cape Elizabeth Man Produced a Breed of Nonscratchers.

Speaking of hens reminds me of a worthy townsman of ours, J. Fairfield Tuttle, who had a small patch of strawberries so situated that only a fence, and a poor one at that, divided them from a neighbor's henyard, and these same hens bothered our friend very much by getting through the fence and scratching up the strawberry plants.

Our friend tried many ways to rid himself of them, but failed until one day he saw his neighbor in the act of setting another hen.

Now, it's necessary for you to know that the hens above mentioned were of what is known as the Shanghai breed and had very long legs. It occurred to our friend Tuttle that he saw a way out of the difficulty. So procuring half a dozen bantam (short legs) eggs he stole over during the night, took out six of the eggs that were under the hen and replaced them with the six bantam.

What was the result? When the chicks were hatched, each one had one short and one long leg, and when they would stand on the short leg and try to scratch with the long one they would only succeed in throwing themselves over. When they would stand on the long leg, the short one would not reach the ground by several inches, and so in the matter of scratching they were not in it, so to speak.—Cape Elizabeth Sentinel.

Names of the Centiped.

"The word centiped in the mouth of the old sailor, as of the negro, becomes 'santipede' or 'santifee,' but I think Joe Galbraith, a Hibernian ranchman of New Mexico, should be credited with giving it the most remarkable twist from its dictionary pronunciation," said the topographer in a surveying party. "Joe camped alongside us one night on our way to Camp Grant. As two of our men in the morning were shaking a blanket which had been spread next the ground a centiped six inches long ran out from the under side of the blanket up the sleeve and face of one of the two men. The man's whiskers saved his face from the needlelike feet, and he brushed the reptile off to the ground without sustaining injury. The centiped was killed, and the party gathered round to look at it, among them Joe, eager to air his knowledge.

"'Don't you know what that is?' he said wisely. 'It's a Santa Fe. They say they're pizener'n hell.'"—New York Sun.

Tides and Storms.

When a tempest is approaching or passing out on the ocean, the tides are noticeably higher than usual, as if the water had been driven in a vast wave before the storm. The influence extends to a great distance from the cyclonic storm center, so that the possibility exists of foretelling the approach of a dangerous hurricane by means of indications furnished by tide gauges situated far away from the place then occupied by the whirling winds.

The fact that the tidal wave outstrips the advancing storm shows how extremely sensitive the surface of the sea is to the changes of pressure brought to bear upon it by the never resting atmosphere.—Youth's Companion.

The Engagement Broken.

A Frankford bard wrote a poem to his inamorata which was published in a suburban paper. He said her mouth was like a cowslip. The printer spared it and it read "cow's lip." Unhappy bard!—Philadelphia Record.

Referring to comments of the PLAINDEALER on the Review's comment on the arrest of Ed. Dompier for the murder of Isaac Lehnherr, the Review says it publishes the news of arrests "just as quick as it gets it and does not listen to any official dictation." If the Review published facts of such arrests, no one would complain, but when a newspaper relies upon rumor and prints false statements and makes prejudicial comment, it goes beyond legitimate journalism.

Dairy farming can hardly be a profitable business for Brithish farmers. During the last thirty years the British imports of butter have increased $45,000,00 a year, of cheese by $11,000,000, of eggs by $17,750,000 a year. Free-Trade in England must be a good thing fer the farmers in foreign countries who supply these dairy products.

Selling out at cost! Now is the time to secure a bargain in all lines of goods at Mrs. Osburn's.

THE DAYS AND THE YEAR.

What is the world, my little one?
Our world belongs to that clock, the sun.
Steady it spins; while the clock beats true
Days and seasons for me and you.
And tick, tick, tock, goes the mighty clock,
  While time swings on below,
Now left, now right, now day, now night,
  With a tick, tock to and fro.

The pussy willow in coat of fur,
A sweet pink rose in the wind astir,
A maple leaf with a crimson blush,
Then falling snowflakes and winter's hush.
While tick, tick, tock, goes the mighty clock,
  And the world swings on below,
Budding, blowing, shining, snowing,
  With a tick, tock to and fro.

A little song when the heart is glad,
A little sigh when the way is sad,
Whether the shadows or sunbeams fall,
Sweet rest and dreaming at last for all,
While tick, tick, tock goes the mighty clock,
  And the world swings on below,
Smiling, sighing, singing, crying,
  With a tick, tock to and fro.

So is the way, my own little one,
Our world belongs to that clock, the sun,
And the hand that somewhere keeps the key
Is the same that holdeth you and me,
While tick, tick, tock goes the mighty clock,
  And the world swings on below,
Now left, now right, now day, now night,
  With a tick, tock to and fro.

—Harriet F. Blodgett in St. Nicholas.

FROM CRADLE TO GRAVE.

Life's Moving Panorama Illustrated In a New York Street Scene.

A living picture of life's moving panorama was presented at Broadway and Twenty-third street one day last week. It was a procession. It was a procession formed by chance, but the utmost deliberation could not have made it tell a plainer story of life.

First came a wagon piled high with baby carriages—frail little vehicles to carry frail "inches of humanity" as they began the uncertain journey over the tortuous ways of this world.

Then followed a pony cart carrying two laughing boys advanced only far enough in the great highway of life to realize that there were roses in the path, but not to know of the thorns.

Behind the boys, in a dogcart drawn by a high stepping cob, were two youths on the threshold of manhood. One wore on the lapel of his coat a college pin on a bit of blue ribbon, the other a pin of different design on a yellow knot of silk. They were engaged in earnest conversation, apparently suggested by a highly colored theater poster representing a young woman who was advertised to appear on some stage.

A clanging gong was close behind, and a cable car crowded with impatient business men was hurrying its load to their posts to make the daily start in the wild race for money.

Next a handsome pair of horses, a stylish carriage, coachman and footman on the box, and in the carriage a rotund, red faced man, past middle age, and beside him a richly arrayed woman trying to appear to be on the sunny side of that middle line. Prosperity was written on every part of the equipage.

Then came an ash cart, and its dust, borne on the wind, reached and annoyed the occupants of the carriage. The driver walked at his horse's head, bowed, but not with years, and his face bore the marks of toil that had extended over his life since early youth.

Close behind the ash cart, with black horses, black plumes and a solemn visaged driver, came a hearse.—New York Herald.

A Long Road.

Farmers down in Dixie, like those in New England, have a very grim, but none the less indisputable, sense of humor on occasion, if this anecdote from Georgia is to be credited:

A farmer returning from town with an empty produce wagon overtook a young man plodding along with the discouraged air of a city man unused to dirt roads.

"Hullo, Jersey," cried the stranger briskly. "Can a man get a lift to Vineland?"

"I don't see why he can't," responded the farmer in a noncommittal way.

"Then I'll take a ride," said the stranger, vaulting into the wagon and making himself comfortable.

After three or four miles had been traversed, the stranger paused in his inconsequential talk long enough to observe:

"It's quite a distance to Vineland."

"Yes, it is a distance," admitted the farmer.

Another mile was passed, and then the stranger inquired:

"About how far is it to Vineland?"

"Well," replied the farmer meditatively, "keepin straight ahead the way we're goin now, it's about 25,000 miles, but if you'll get out and hoof it back, it ain't more'n about six or seven."

The stranger got out and "hoofed" it back.—Providence Journal.

Singular Discovery.

An English author says that a man of middle age with whom he is acquainted found one of his eyes affected, as he thought, by reading small print at night and applied to a famous oculist for advice. The doctor examined him very carefully and presently inquired whether he had ever suffered any inconvenience from the other eye, the right one.

"None whatever," was the reply.

"Still," said the oculist dryly, "it is very important for you to preserve the sight of your left eye, inasmuch as you have never seen with the other since you were born!"—Youth's Companion.

The Banana.

Never cut a banana. According to Spanish superstition, it brings ill luck. In preparing always slice or jag it with a fork. Using the knife cuts through the cross, and in that land it is deemed a sacrilege. Besides it gives the fruit what the French call "taste of the knife."

Sheridan was a handsome young man, but in middle life dissipation destroyed every trace of his former good looks, and at first glance he seemed singularly repulsive.

The boots of the time of Louis XIV were often 2 feet broad at the top.

During the last nine years the United Kingdom has increased her imports of flour by 30 per cent, of wheat by 48 per cent and of barley by 128 per cent. This was good for foreign farmers. In the same period she has decreased her acreage planted to wheat by 44.5 per cent and her barley acreage by 11.5 per cent. This was bad for the home farmers. But it was the result of free trade.

To September 30, 1894, we had exported $90,506,608 of gold coin and bullion. This year we exported 173,190,282, or $17,316,226 less than a year ago. As the last loan cost the country, in round numbers, $10,000,000 without including interist, the saving in our gold exports was rather expensive.

Referring to the boot and shoe trade, Dun's Review, October 19, said "that many shops are laying off cutters and others closing for want of orders. Boston shipments are 23 per cent smaller than last year." Has the great Free-Trade improvement in business petered out already?

TEETH OF ROYALTY.

THEY ARE BAD, AND THEREBY HANG SOME INTERESTING TALES.

American Dentistry, Mixed With Diplomacy and Intrigue—The Part Played by Dr. Evans—How Lord Cromer Got Hold of the Khedive's Secrets.

European royalty is cursed with execrable teeth, the result of consanguineous marriages throughout countless generations, and even the princes of the reigning house of Sweden, who are of plebeian origin, the grandfather of the present king having been born as a peasant at Pau, on the French slope of the Pyrenees, suffer from barred teeth, necessitating much science and skill in treatment. It is only natural therefore that they should have frequent recourse to dentists, and inasmuch as dental surgery has attained a greater degree of science and proficiency in the United States than in Europe, it is American doctors, as a rule, who have been intrusted with the welfare of royalty's jaws.

Perhaps the best known and most famous of all these American court dentists in Europe has been Dr. Thomas Evans in Paris, who has had the honor of introducing his forceps into almost every royal mouth in Christendom.

But perhaps the crowned heads with whom he was most intimate during his professional career were Napoleon III and Empress Eugenie. Many a time he was consulted by both on matters of importance which certainly had nothing to do with teeth, while the emperor would frequently avail himself of the doctor's professional trips to foreign courts to intrust him with some communication which could not well be conveyed through diplomatic channels. And, as everybody knows, when the empire was overthrown, after the battle of Sedan, it was Dr. Thomas Evans, who, first of all, concealed the fugitive empress in his Parisian mansion, and afterward conveyed her at personal risk from the metropolis to the seaside, whence she escaped to England on the yacht of Sir John Burgoyne.

There was an American dentist who was implicated in the somewhat sensational incidents that led to the sudden removal of the semidemented queen of Roumania from Venice a few years ago. After the Roumanian government had exacted from the king, under threat of depriving him of his throne, a promise to put an end to the engagement which the queen had arranged between her nephew, Crown Prince Ferdinand, and her ambitious favorite and maid of honor, Helen Vacarescu, her majesty had withdrawn, a prey to the most violent excitement, to Venice, where her conduct became so extravagant as to attract much attention and to necessitate the journey post haste of King Charles all the way from Bucharest to the city of the lagoon.

His first step on arriving was to dismiss her entire entourage, the two most prominent members of which, next to the maid of honor, were her Alsatian secretary, M. Scheffer, and her American dentist, both of whom were credited with exercising influence of a hypnotic nature upon the half crazy queen. She was subsequently removed to Germany and kept for three years under close restraint in one of the Rhine castles of her brother, the Prince of Wied.

It was another American dentist, too, who almost led to the deposition of the late king of Wurttemberg, over whom he had acquired so great a power of persuasion that the king cut himself adrift from almost all the associations of his younger days, holding aloof from relatives and nobles. The king was finally compelled to choose between dismissing his American favorite or abdicating. Naturally he accepted the former, but he gilded up the pill for his friend by overwhelming him with honors and gifts.

Finally there was the American dentist of the late Khedive Tewfik at Cairo, who, perhaps inadvertently, became the means of communicating many a useful piece of information to the English government. The khedive had the habit of leaving all confidential documents in his pockets, where they would be found by his European servant at nighttime. This man was afflicted not only with bad teeth, but also with a loose tongue, and on his visits to the dentist would communicate to him bits of information acquired through perusal of these papers.

Although Lord Cromer, the English envoy, had magnificent teeth, yet they seemed to be in almost daily need of treatment, and as he is a man of remarkable astuteness he had little difficulty in worming out of the dentist the secrets imparted by the khedive's valet.—Chicago Record.

Remarkable Rhyming Epitaphs.

The village of Pownal, Vt., surely once had a poet who had missed his calling and become a marble cutter. Below are some specimens of his famous "rhyming epitaphs," samples of which are still to be seen in the little cemetery adjoining the town mentioned:

Here lies in silent clay
  Miss Arabella Young,
Who on the twenty-first of May
  Began to hold her tongue.

Here lies the wife of Simon Stokes,
Who lived and died like other folks.

Here I lie, and no wonder I'm dead,
For a wagon wheel passed over my head.

Here lies John Hill, a man of skill.
  His age was five times ten.
He never did good, nor never would
  Had he lived as long again.

—St. Louis Republic.

Red Wine Vinegar.

Red wine vinegar is made just like cider vinegar, a shade greater care being taken, perhaps, to keep it clean and pure. The wine used comes largely from California and Ohio, which of late years has been making a good deal of it. The factory can easily turn out 80 barrels a day, and where one considers that a teaspoonful at a meal is a very large average for the ordinary adult it will be seen how far such a quantity will go.

The U. S. Gov't Reports
show Royal Baking Powde
superior to all others.

Is Marriage a Failure?

No. If you wish to marry, and will send your address for application blank and full particulars to
THE PACIFIC CORRESPONDING AGENCY,
Roseburg, Oregon.

How TO MAKE A Fortune

$100.00 for every $10.00 invested
CAN BE MADE BY OUR NEW
SYSTEMATIC PLAN
OF SPECULATION.

$10.00 and more made daily on small investments, by many persons who live away from Chicago.

All we ask is to investigate our new and original methods. Past workings of plan are highest references furnished. Our Booklet "Points & Hints" how to make money even when on the wrong side of the market and other information sent FREE.

GILMORE & CO., Bankers and Brokers,
Open Board of Trade Bldg., Chicago. Ill.

France's New Ministry.

NEW YORK, Nov. 5.—A dispatch to the Herald, from Paris, says:

The new radical ministry made its debut in the chamber today. It had a great success with the extreme left, but the center and conservatives seemed made of marble, not a plaudit, not a movement proceeded from them. M. Bourgeoise was quite alive to the effect he produced. He began the reading of his declaration of policy in a very self-confident manner, but presently his voice began to falter. No incident of any importance took place and the chamber adjourned to Thursday.

The prophecies made as to the duration of the new ministry continue unfavorable. It is clear that M. Bourgeoise has only 160 supporters in the chamber; hence there are nearly 400 votes against him. His first difficulty will be the strike at Carmagh, which has now lasted six months, and which the government wants settled by arbitration. The workmen are willing to adopt this course, but if their employers refuse, the situation will become one of inextricable difficulty, for the present chamber will never vote for a measure directed against the interests of employers.

An Oregon Beach Mine.

The best paying black sand beach mine that has been discovered on this coast, says the San Francisco Mining and Scientific Press, is near the Port Orford lighthouse. The claim when first discovered, nearly 40 years ago, was yellow with gold for over 20 feet in width and three feet in depth, and paid $200 a day to the man. The claim is being worked this year for the fourth time by leasers. The sand is thrown on a grizzly, carried over amalgamated plates to catch the gold, and over mohair cloth to catch the platinum, which is worth $4.50 an ounce.

That Tired Feeling

So common at this season, is a serious condition, liable to lead to disastrous results. It is a sure sign of declining health tone, and that the blood is impoverished and impure. The best and most successful remedy is found in

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla

Which makes rich, healthy blood, and thus gives strength to the nerves, elasticity to the muscles, vigor to the brain and health to the whole body. In truth, Hood's Sarsaparilla

Makes the Weak Strong

Be sure to get Hood's and only Hood's

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, perfectly harmless, always reliable and beneficial.

SELLING OUT

At Cost!

MRS. GRACE OSBURN

IS SELLING

BOOTS AND SHOES,

HATS AND CAPS,

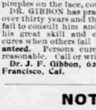
—AND A FULL LINE OF—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

Clothing, Underwear, Etc.

AT COST.

Call and Secure a Bargain.



Dr. Gibbon

This old reliable and the most successful Specialist in San Francisco, still continues to cure all **Sexual** and **Seminal Diseases**, such as **Gonnorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Syphillis** in all its forms, **Skin Diseases, Nervous Debility, Impotency, Seminal Weakness** and **Loss of Manhood**, the consequence of self abuse and excesses producing the following symptoms; sallow countenance, dark spots under the eyes, pain in the head, ringing in the ears, loss of confidence, diffidence in approaching strangers, palpetation of the heart, weakness of the limbs and back, loss of memory, pimples on the face, coughs, consumption, etc.

DR. GIBBON has practiced in San Francisco over thirty years and those troubled should not fail to consult him and receive the benefit of his great skill and experience. The doctor cures when others fail Try him. **Cures guaranteed.** Persons cured at home. Charges reasonable. Call or write.

Dr. J. F. Gibbon, 625 Kearney Street, San Francisco, Cal.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern that I have appointed D. W. Stearns of Calapooia precinct Deputy Inspector of Stock for said precinct; postoffice address, Oakland; also A. J. Chapman of Wilbur, and Ralph Smith, at Roseburg, to act during my absence, and others wil be added as parties inspected make their desire known to me.

Roseburg, May 4th, 1887.

THOS. SMITH,
Inspector of Stock for Douglas county, Or.

LEAVES ITS MARK
—every one of the painful irregularities and weaknesses that prey upon women. They fade the face, waste the figure, ruin the temper, wither you up, make you old before your time.

Get well: That's the way to look well. Cure the disorders and ailments that beset you, with Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

It regulates and promotes all the proper functions, improves digestion, enriches the blood, dispels aches and pains, melancholy and nervousness, brings refreshing sleep, and restores health and strength. It's a powerful general, as well as uterine, tonic and nervine, imparting vigor and strength to the entire system.

MRS. ULRICH.

MRS. ANNA ULRICH, of *Elm Creek, Buffalo Co., Neb.*, writes: "I enjoy good health thanks to Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and 'Golden Medical Discovery.' I was under doctors' care for two years with womb disease, and gradually wasting in strength all the time. I was so weak that I could sit up in bed only a few moments, for two years. I commenced taking Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and his 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and by the time I had taken one-half dozen bottles I was up and going wherever I pleased, and have had good health and been very strong ever since—that was two years and a half ago."

A book of 168 pages on "Woman and Her Diseases" mailed *sealed*, on receipt of 10 cents in stamps for postage. Address, WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

What I saved by dealing with

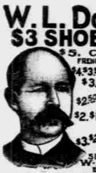
G. W. KRUSE
THE
GROCER,
406 Jackson St.,
One door south P.O.

Choice Teas, Coffees,
Tobaccos and Cigars.
And every thing else in the Grocery line.

Highest Market Paid for Country Produce.

Give him a call and be convinced.

W. L. DOUGLAS
$3 SHOE IS THE BEST. FIT FOR A KING.



$5. CORDOVAN,
FRENCH & ENAMELLED CALF.
$4.$3.50 FINE CALF & KANGAROO.
$3.50 POLICE, 3 SOLES.
$2.50 $2. WORKINGMEN'S.
EXTRA FINE.
$2. $1.75 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES.
LADIES.
$3.$2.50 $2. $1.75
BEST DONGOLA.
SEND FOR CATALOGUE
W. L. DOUGLAS,
BROCKTON, MASS.

Over One Million People wear the
W. L. Douglas $3 & $4 Shoes
All our shoes are equally satisfactory
They give the best value for the money.
They equal custom shoes in style and fit.
Their wearing qualities are unsurpassed.
The prices are uniform,—stamped on sole.
From $1 to $3 saved over other makes.
If your dealer cannot supply you we can. Sold by

dealers everywhere. Wanted, agent to take exclusive sale for this vicinity. Write at once.

CALIFORNIA
A scientific preparation of
Abietine Balsam
for the cure of
CATARRH,
Cold in the head,
Catarrhal Deafness
and Sore Eyes. It restores taste and smell.
REMOVES BAD TASTE AND UNPLEASANT BREATH.
6 mos. TREATMENT $1.00
TRIAL JAR BY MAIL 50 cts.
SEND FOR PRIMER.
R CURE.
ABIETINE MED. CO.
OROVILLE, CAL.

Sold by A. C. Marters & Co.

KARL'S CLOVER ROOT
PURIFIES THE BLOOD
IT GIVES FRESHNESS AND CLEAR SKIN.
CURES CONSTIPATION
INDIGESTION DIZZINESS.
ERUPTIONS ON THE SKIN.
BEAUTIFIES THE COMPLEXION.
$50. FOR A CASE IT WILL NOT CURE.

An agreeable Laxative and NERVE TONIC. Sold by Druggists or sent by mail. 25c., 50c. and $1.00 per package. Samples free.

KO NO The Favorite TOOTH POWDER for the Teeth and Breath, 25c.

For sale by M. F. Rapp, Druggist.

Notice of Sale.

In the matter of the estate of Highley Freeman, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned administrator of the estate of Highley Freeman, deceased, will, by order of the County Court, from and after the 30th day of November, 1895, proceed to sell the following described premises of the deceased, to-wit: The south half of the Donation Land Claim of John Freeman and Highley Freeman, his wife, being Claim No. 49 in Township 28 South, Range 7 West, at private sale. The terms of sale are one-fourth cash in hand the balance in credit, to be secured by note and mortgage of the purchaser on said premises.

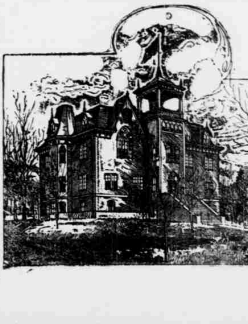
Dated the 25th day of October, 1895.

JAMES C. FREEMAN,
Administrator of the estate of Highley Freeman, deceased.

WM. R. WILLIS,
Attorney for Estate. o28t5.

Money to Loan

In sums of $1000 to $5000 on well improved farms. D. S. K. BUICK.



SOUTHERN OREGON
State Normal School
ASHLAND, OR.

New buildings. Normal, Academic, Business, Music and Art courses. Review classes. Skilled teachers are wanted. State diplomas good in any county. Life diplomas without further examination after 45 months' experience in teaching. Board at Hall $1.75; lodging 50 cts., student furnishing bedclothing and lamp. Family board $3. Tuition $6.25. Board, lodging, tuition and books per year $125. Ashland can not be excelled in the state for fine winters, pure water, health, and good society.

First Term Opens Sept. 2

For manual or special information, address

W. T. VAN SCOY, Pres.

SUMMONS.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE STATE of Oregon, for the county of Douglas.

W. E. Swentzel, Plaintiff,
vs.
Walter M. Wheeler: The Lombard Investment Co., a corporation: The Portland Trust Company, a corporation, and Douglas county, Oregon, Defendants.

To Walter M. Wheeler, one of the abovenamed defendants.

In the name of the State of Oregon you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint of the above named plaintiff in the above entitled Court, now on file with the Clerk of said Court, by the first day of the next regular term of the above entitled Court to be held at the city of Roseburg, Douglas county, Oregon, on Monday, the second day of December, 1895, and you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer said complaint, the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded therein, towit: A decree against Walter M. Wheeler. First, for the sum of $257.00 with interest thereon from February 23, 1895, at the rate of 8 per cent per annum, that being the sum and amount of taxes paid by this plaintiff on the hereinafter described premises for the years 1893 and 1894, and the sum of $700.00, reasonable attorney's fees for the instituting and prosecuting of this suit, with interest at the rate of 8 per cent per annum on said last named sum from the date of the decree entered herein; second, for the sum of $6600.00 with interest thereon from the 1st day of March, 1894, at the rate of 8 per cent per annum, and the further sum of $594.00, together with interest thereon at the rate of 8 per cent per annum from the 1st day of March, 1894, and the costs and disbursements of this suit to be taxed; and for a decree foreclosing the mortgage described in said complaint and ordering the sale of the real property mentioned and described in said mortgage and complaint, and described as follows, to wit:

The northeast quarter and the south half of section fourteen (14); all of section twenty-three (23); the north half of section twenty-four (24) and all that part of the south half of section twenty-four (24) particularly described as follows, to-wit: Commencing at a point sixteen (16) chains south of the northeast corner of the southeast quarter of said section twenty-four (24), running thence in a southwesterly direction to a point four (4) chains north of the southwest corner of section twenty-four (24), thence north thirty-six (36) chains; thence east eighty (80) chains; thence south sixteen (16) chains to the place of beginning; all of said land being situated in township twenty-four (24) south of range five (5) west of the Willamette meridian, containing in all sixteen hundred and forty acres, more or less, according to government survey. That the proceeds arising from said sale be applied, first: To the payment of the costs and charges of making said sale, and the costs and disbursements of this suit to be taxed, and of $700.00 attorney's fees with interest on said attorney's fee at 8 per cent. per annum from the date of the decree, and the further sum of $257.00 taxes paid out as aforesaid; second, to the payment to the plaintiff of $6,600.00 with interest thereon at the rate of 8 per cent. per annum from March 1st, 1894, until paid, and the further sum of $594.00 together with interest thereon at the rate of 8 per cent. per annum from the 1st day of March, 1894, until paid, all in U. S. gold coin, and the overplus if any, to the defendant Walter M. Wheeler or his assigns; and that the defendants, and each of them, be forever barred and foreclosed of all right, title interest, equity of redemption and right of dower, of, in and to said real property, and each and every part thereof, and in case the proceeds arising from said sale be not sufficient to pay the claims of plaintiff, then that plaintiff have judgment against the defendant Walter M. Wheeler for such deficiency and for such other relief as to the Court may seem just and equitable.

This summons is published in the PLAINDEALER for six consecutive weeks by order of Hon. J. C. Fullerton, judge of the Circuit Court of the 2nd judicial district of Oregon, made at chambers, in the city of Roseburg, on the fourth day of October, 1895.

GEO. W. WRIGHT and
C. A. SEHLBREDE,
o10t7 Attorneys for Plaintiff.

Sale Under Decree and Execution.

Leonard Stenger, Plaintiff.
vs.
William H. Harris,
Estella Harris and
Mary J. Allen, et al.,
Defendants.

NOTICE is hereby given that under and by virtue of an execution and order of sale issued out of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for the county of Douglas, dated October 4th, A. D., 1895, in favor of Leonard Stenger, plaintiff, and against the property of William H. Harris and Estella Harris defendants, and against the property of Mary J. Allen, defendant, if necessary to sell the latter, commanding me to make sale of the certain mortgaged real property in said execution and hereinafter particularly described to satisfy the demands of the said plaintiff, towit:

The sum of $2327.50 with interest thereon at 10 per cent per annum from February 10, 1894, making $2691.35 and $250 Attorneys fees herein and the costs and disbursements of this action taxed at $57 and the costs and expenses of this sale.

I will on

Tuesday, the 3rd Day of December, 1895.

at the hour of 1 o'clock p. m. of said day at the Court House door in Roseburg, Douglas county, Oregon, offer for sale and sell at public auction to the highest and best bidder for cash, all right, title and interests defendants Wm. H. Harris and Estella Harris had on the 11th day of February, 1892, or may at any time since have acquired in or to the following described lands and premises, towit:

Beginning at a point 17.50 chains North and 16.50 chains East of the quarter section post on the North line of section 9, running thence South 57.57 chains, thence West 44 chains, thence North 57.57 chains, thence East 44 chains to the place of beginning, being 253.30 acres of land off of the East end of Claim No. 46, in township 30, South of Range 4 West of the W. M. and in Sections 4 and 9 in said Township and Range in Douglas county, Oregon, save and excepting from said sale at that time the following described premises subsequent to said mortgage conveyed by the defendants Wm. H. Harris and Estella Harris to the defendant Mary J. Allen, towit:

Beginning on the north line of the Alexander Dummond Donation Land Claim No. 46, 15.38 chains West of the Northeast corner of said Donation Claim, running thence South 58.84 chains to the South line of said Donation claim, thence West along the South line of said Donation Claim 13.59 chains, thence North 58.84 chains to the North line of said Donation claim, thence East along the North line of said Donation claim 13.69 chains to the place of beginning in Sections 4 and 9 in Township 30 South, of Range 4 West, in Douglas county, Oregon, containing 80 acres of land more or less, and if the money realized from the sale of the first described lands and premises shall be insufficient to satisfy the above mentioned claims and demands of the plaintiff, Leonard Stenger, I will immediately thereafter at the same time and place and upon the same terms and conditions, offer for sale at public auction and sell the last described lands and premises to satisfy any sum of money that then may remain due the said Leonard Stenger under this writ and order of sale.

C. F. CATHCART,
Sheriff of Douglas County, Oregon.
Per W. W. CATHCART, Deputy.

SUMMONS.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE STATE of Oregon, for the County of Douglas.

Minnie Spriggs.
Plaintiff.
vs.
John L. Spriggs.
Defendant.

To John L. Spriggs the above named defendant.

In the name of the State of Oregon, you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled suit in the above-named court on or before the first day of the next regular term of said court, to-wit. The 2nd day of December, 1895.

And you will take notice that if you fail so to appear and answer said complaint, for want thereof, plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief prayed for in said complaint, which is a dissolution of the marriage contract now existing between yourself and the plaintiff herein and that the plaintiff be awarded the care and custody of Mary E. Spriggs, the minor child of yourself and this plaintiff, and that she have such other and further relief as in the opinion of the court she may be entitled.

This summons is published by virtue of an order made at chambers at the City of Roseburg, Douglas County, Oregon, by Hon. J. C. Fullerton, judge of said court, said order being dated the 21st day of October, 1895.

E. D. STRATFORD,
o21t7 Attorney for Plaintiff.

CITATION.

IN THE COUNTY COURT OF THE STATE of Oregon, for Douglas County.

In the matter of the estate of Henry S. Marsh, deceased.

To Henry L. Marsh, Ethel Marsh, Martha J. Jones, Mary E. Deboy, Nora Marsh, John R. Marsh the heirs at law of said deceased and all others interested, Greeting:

In the name of the State of Oregon, you are hereby cited and required to appear in the County Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Douglas, in the court room thereof, at Roseburg, in the County of Douglas, on Monday, the 4th day of November, 1895, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to show cause if any there be why an order of this court should not be made, directing the executor of said estate to sell the remaining real property of said estate, said real property being described as follows, to-wit: The NE¼ of the NW¼ of Section 31 in Township 23 South of Range 5 West of Willamette Meridian, in Douglas County, Oregon.

This Citation is founded upon the petition, now on file in this court, of J. S. Hunt the executor of said estate.

Witness, the Hon. A. F. Stearns, Judge of the County Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Douglas, with the Seal of said Court affixed this 30th day of August A. D. 1895.

ATTEST: F. W. BENSON, Clerk.
s26t5 [SEAL]
C. A. SEHLBREDE, Atty. for Estate.

Executor's Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE undersigned has been by the County Court of Douglas county, Oregon, appointed executor, with will annexed, of the estate of A. J. Chapman, deceased. All parties having claims against the estate are requested to present the same within six months from the date of this notice, and all debts due the estate must be paid at once to me at Roseburg, Oregon.

Dated this 4th day of November, 1895.

J. I. CHAPMAN,
n4t5 Executor.