

# THE PLAINDEALER.

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OCTOBER 21, 1895.

## The Feeling in Louisiana.

The recent action of Mr. Comptroller Bowler of the present National Free-Trade administration, in absolutely refusing to pay the sugar bounty as the law distinctly directs, has greatly embittered a large number of sugar growers and all those allied with them in a business and industrial manner, both in and out of Louisiana. To show the personal and political views as entertained by a former democrat, who had for thirty years resided in Louisiana, we quote as follows:

"This destroying and devastating administration has robbed me of \$16,000, leaving me nearly helpless. Whether or not I shall ever get it I now see remains with a long patient, forgiving and oft insulted republican party. We sugar growers and cotton raisers, who have always strongly upheld the democratic party and its principles because we thought they were right, now more plainly than ever see the great mistake we have made. I am only one of hundreds shamefully treated by a political party which we always upheld by voice, vote and means. The revision of political feeling against the free-trade party throughout the south has but just begun. By November, 1896, the crop will be harvested and no free-trade assistance asked. When the party of protection again gets into power the law will be fully obeyed and sugar growers will be paid that which the law allows them. We gladly hail that day, irrespective of former politics."

The foregoing is only a sample of the information which reaches us from the south in regard to the feeling, as it exists today, among the former staunch supporters of the free-trade democratic party.

## Temperance Meetings.

Rev. G. W. Worthen, the evangelist, began a series of Gospel Temperance meetings at the Baptist church last night. He took for his text, "Am I my brother's keeper?"—Gen. 4:9; and addressed a large audience, nearly every seat in the church being occupied, but all his impassioned eloquence failed to raise a ripple of applause, which appeared to astonish the evangelist not a little. He spoke of the adulteration of liquors and quoted largely from statistics on the subject, showing conclusively that a great proportion of the liquors drunk in the United States were adulterated with poisonous substances, even more harmful than the pure and undiluted liquors themselves, which produced evil enough and to spare. He quoted from the writings of eminent physicians; saying that there was no use for alcoholic stimulants in the practice of medicine and surgery—that in every instance the patient's chances of recovery were greater without than with. He also dwelt at length on the hereditary effects of liquor and advised the people to improve the human race as well as horses, sheep and cattle by keeping the blood pure and free from alcoholic poison. He denounced the Sunday saloon in strong terms and appeared greatly horrified at the moral turpitude of the citizens who allowed the saloons to remain open and the people to go fishing and hunting on Sunday. The meetings will be continued until next Thursday.

There is no dodging the fact that any policy, no matter by what name it is known, that closes the factories of the country, that destroys our great industries, that robs the laborer of employment and fills the country with a vast army of unemployed men and women who have no means of livelihood, that robs the farmer of his market, that robs the people of confidence, that disturbs business and fills the people with want, misery and despair, is an un-American and unpatriotic policy.

New goods at Caro Bros.

# TELEGRAPH NEWS

## Venezuela's Answer.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—The answer of Venezuela to the British ultimatum appears to be clearly foreshadowed in an official statement from the Venezuelan minister of foreign relations, received in Washington. It states with positiveness the attitude and policy of Venezuela on the exact subjects covered in the ultimatum, and in Minister Chamberlain's letter to the government of British Guiana. These official statements disclose the present ultimatum, which is a repetition of the demand made by Great Britain in November last. As Great Britain had no minister in Venezuela, relations being broken off, the German minister consented to act in presenting the British demands.

Venezuela promptly rejected the demand and refused to give the assurance Great Britain asked. The refusal was accompanied by a statement of all Venezuela claimed. The circumstances of the demand and the refusal are given as follows in the official statement of the Venezuelan foreign office, received here:

In September last the government knew that the high authorities of Demara, British Guiana, were ready to make protests and raise questions because some Venezuelan soldiers had crossed the river Cuyuni, near the place where the so-called English station is, and had felled timber on the right bank of the river. Information has been received here that this movement began with some threats of the colonial agents to certain Venezuelan citizens, who had resided at that point for a long time. It was also known that the band of Venezuelan soldiers had crossed the river only for the purpose of celebrating the national festival of July 5 in the houses of friends of theirs residing in that territory. The British colonial agents, who have exercised their authority since the day in which the government of Demara wrongfully decided to occupy that part of the Venezuelan territory, were allowed to continue in their place without being molested by the forces of Venezuela.

Such was the state of affairs when in the early part of last November the German legation, which was in charge of the protection of British interests in Venezuela, received a telegram from Berlin in which, in the name of the British cabinet, contention was made of a supposed violation of the colonial frontier, and assurances were urgently demanded that in the future no Venezuelan soldiers should be allowed to cross the stream and the right bank of the Cuyuni river. A declaration of this kind by Venezuela would have been equivalent to implied recognition of the alleged rights of Great Britain to that territory, and would have also implied the withdrawal of the several protests made by Venezuela ever since 1887 against any infringement or abridgment of her territory.

Under these circumstances, no hesitation was possible, and the answer given by the department of foreign relations, far from giving the assurances demanded by the British government, served only to make a repetition of all that the republic of Venezuela had said against the claims of England, although stating at the same time the desire of the government to avoid new difficulties through a just and fair settlement of the question.

The official statement from the Venezuelan foreign office covers a set policy of Venezuela in case the British attempt to build a military road recommended by British Minister Chamberlain, in his letter to Governor Lees of British Guiana. The Venezuelan statement closes with the significant sentence that on the question of building this road the course of Venezuela has been such that the invading neighbors "cannot make another step further on the Venezuela side of the river" without provoking a collision.

At the British legation it is stated with positiveness that no advices have been received concerning Venezuela, and that Sir Julian Pauncefote has taken no action whatever on the subject. This is emphasized by the embassy officials.

Sir Julian called at the state department yesterday, but the Venezuelan subject was not referred to, for the London authorities, it is declared, are not conducting any branch of the negotiations through the embassy here.

The Venezuelan legation had its first news of the ultimatum from the press cables. The fact that Minister Andrade has not been advised from Venezuela indicates that the ultimatum is still en route and has not reached Caracas.

President Crespo is at present at a summer resort and the vice-president is acting president. The Venezuelan congress will not convene until next February. It happens also that a cabinet complication occurred 10 days ago. Four of the cabinet, including Dr. Palido, minister of foreign affairs, resigned, and President Crespo has not yet named their successors.

## The Ultimatum on the Way.

LONDON, Oct. 19.—St. James' Gazette this afternoon follows up the disclosures of yesterday regarding the policy of the Right Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, secretary of state for the colonies, towards Venezuela, and the apparent disposition

of the British government to uphold its claims by force of arms, by making the following important statement:

"We are in a position to state that the Marquis of Salisbury has sent an ultimatum to President Crespo, which not only sets out the demands of the British government for reparation on account of the arrest of the deputation and inspectors of police at Uruan, but it also states the terms on which Great Britain will finally determine the boundary dispute with that republic. The ultimatum is now en route to President Crespo, if not already delivered to him.

"This final action was decided upon by the Marquis of Salisbury and Mr. Chamberlain before the former's recent holiday in France. Both Salisbury and Chamberlain are in perfect agreement as to the necessity of ending the frontier dispute, even if Venezuela has to be brought to terms by the means which are most effective in reaching an understanding with South American republics."

St. James' Gazette also publishes a letter, signed by Hugh Watt, deploring the retrograde progression of British Guiana, due, it is claimed, to an attempt to bolster up the decaying sugar-cane industry, but predicting that Chamberlain's policy will revive its industrial prospects.

The Westminster Gazette, commenting upon a dispatch to the Times from New York, declaring that a joint refusal of the European powers to accept the Monroe doctrine is believed to be in the Marquis of Salisbury's mind, says: "There is no such thing. The Monroe doctrine is a matter entirely between the old country and the United States, and if the time ever comes for Great Britain to take sides on the subject, we shall stand with the Americans, not against them."

The press association late this evening announced the government had not received a reply to the ultimatum sent to Venezuela, and that the foreign office had not even received an intimation that it had been delivered to President Crespo. Probably this accounts for the fact that the foreign office will only confirm the St. James' Gazette's story of the sending of ultimatum to the extent of saying it is true the Marquis of Salisbury is taking steps to inform Venezuela that reparation is required for the Uruan outrages.

## For Rent.

A small farm near the school and post-office. Reasonable terms. Address or enquire of W. R. WELLS, P. M., Olalla, Douglas county, Oregon.

## For Rent.

The old Catholic church building for rent, very cheap. Apply to FATHER CHADOT.

## For Sale or Rent.

The Palmer sawmill. For particulars address, E. C. PALMER, Drain, Or.

## Notice of Sale.

ROSEBURG, Or., October 21, 1895.  
Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of a chattel mortgage given the 1st of May, 1894, by C. T. Herstlet and D. W. Potter to L. S. Shipley to secure the payment of \$340.00 and interest, and the conditions of said chattel mortgage having been broken I have taken into my possession the personal property described in said mortgage, to-wit: One Fay planer and fittings. Now, therefore I will on the 25th day of October, 1895, at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m. of said day at Yoncalla, Douglas county, State of Oregon, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to satisfy said claim of \$340.00 with interest at 10 per cent per annum from May 1, 1894, together with attorney's fees and expenses of sale. L. S. SHIPLEY.

## Sunday School Rally.

The Sunday school of Pine Grove on Deer creek will hold a special service next Sunday, which will last all day. An interesting programme is being prepared and a good time is assured. Everybody is invited to come and bring your baskets well filled. The meeting will be under the management of the county association.

The treasury department has presented a statement for last month showing receipts somewhat over \$3,000,000 in excess of expenditures. This statement is a cheat. The sugar producers of the United States have not yet been paid the \$5,000,000 due to them, the authority to pay which was given by the last congress. It is a just debt owing by the government and so long as \$1 of it remains unpaid the administration cannot claim that its revenue exceeds the needs of the government. The September statement is false. While Uncle Sam owes money to sugar producers, or to any one else, a surplus of revenue cannot be claimed. False balance sheets represent nothing but democratic chicanery.

Buy your cigars at the Roseleaf.

## SUMMONS.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE STATE of Oregon, for the County of Douglas.

Minnie Spriggs, Plaintiff,  
vs.  
John L. Spriggs, Defendant.

To John L. Spriggs the above named defendant: In the name of the State of Oregon, you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled suit in the above-named court on or before the first day of the next regular term of said court, to-wit: The 2nd day of December, 1895.

And you will take notice that if you fail so to appear and answer said complaint, for want thereof, plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief prayed for in said complaint, which is a dissolution of the marriage contract now existing between yourself and the plaintiff herein and that the plaintiff be awarded the care and custody of Mary E. Spriggs, the minor child of yourself and this plaintiff, and that she have such other and further relief as in the opinion of the court she may be entitled to.

This summons is published by virtue of an order made at chambers at the City of Roseburg, Douglas county, Oregon, by Hon. J. C. Fallerton, judge of said court, said order being dated the 21st day of October, 1895.

E. D. STRATFORD, Attorney for Plaintiff.

Do YOUR EMPLOYEES  
WORK 24 HOURS A DAY?  
A REGULAR ADVERTISEMENT  
WORKS WHILE YOU SLEEP.

## THE THIRD ADDITION OF BKOOKSIDE.

The Howe Farm, east of town, has been platted and is now on the market in Lots and Blocks containing 3, 20, 30, and 40 acres, ranging in price from \$25 to \$100 per acre.

Any one wanting a fruit, vegetable or chicken farm or a suburban home can now be accommodated on easy terms.

All lots sold in First Brookside addition have more than doubled in value. The prospect is much better for the future. More fortunes are made in lands near a growing town or city than any other way. Seize the opportunity.

For information or conveyance, call at any Real Estate Office, or on

G. T. BELDEN, Propr.

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CAPES AND JACKETS, + FANCY GOODS,  
Clothing for Men and Boys,  
House Furnishing Goods, Etc., Etc.,  
IS NOW ARRIVING AT THE  
ONE PRICE CASH STORE  
And it will pay you to see and get prices, whether you wish to buy or not. Yours truly,  
ROSEBURG, OR. J. BROOKS.

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We are Here to Stay.

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