

The Plaindealer

Vol. XXVI.

ROSEBURG, OREGON, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 5, 1895.

No. 48.

IF YOU SEE IT IN
The Plaindealer
IT IS SO.

IF YOU DON'T READ
The Plaindealer
YOU DON'T GET THE NEWS.

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PRICES REASONABLE.
Give Me a Call.
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WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, AND FANCY GOODS.
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A COMPLETE STOCK OF
Cutlery, Notions, Tobacco, Cigars and Smokers' Articles.
Also Proprietor and Manager of Roseburg's Famous Bargain Store.
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P STORED POWER
Furnished by the "Plano" Fly Wheel, is the greatest
improvement ever made in Self-Starting Headers.
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DAD! BUY A PLANO NEXT TIME
THE FLY WHEEL BECAUSE IT IS THE BEST!
THE FLY WHEEL Gives steady motion in tangled grain, and on rough, uneven
ground, causes it to run lighter over soft places, makes it run
one hour lighter draft, and bind a handle after the grain stops.
More Jones Steel Headers Sold in '94 than all others combined.
You should see the JONES CHAIN MOWER before you buy. Simplest, longest lived
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wears out, no friction, no noise, nothing to get the farmer's nose. Chain Power runs the
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THE THIRD ADDITION OF BROOKSIDE.

The Howe Farm, east of town, has been plat-
ted and is now on the market in Lots and Blocks containing
3, 20, 30, and 40 acres, ranging in price from \$25 to \$100
per acre.
Any one wanting a fruit, vegetable or chicken farm
or a suburban home can now be accommodated on easy
terms.
All lots sold in First Brookside addition have more
than doubled in value. The prospect is much better for
the future. More fortunes are made in lands near a grow-
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DRINK THE CELEBRATED

Days of '49 Whisky.
For Sale at all First-Class Bars.
Go to the Roseleaf for the best cigars.

Concerning City Elections.

Below we print that portion of the new charter for Roseburg which provides for the election of mayor, aldermen, marshal, recorder and treasurer, defining their duties, the mode of election, qualification of electors and the terms of office, etc. The act is too lengthy to be given entire. The eleven sections we print are those in which at this time are of special interest:

Section 5. The members of the common council shall be elected as follows: As an election to be held in the city on the first Monday in October, eighteen hundred and ninety-five, one member from each ward shall be elected for the term of one year, and one member from each ward shall be elected for the term of two years, and thereafter there shall be elected annually, in each ward, one member for the term of two years, and they shall hold their offices until their successors are elected and qualified; and at said election the person voted for as councilman who shall receive the highest number of votes necessary to an election shall be declared elected for two years, and the person receiving the next highest number of votes necessary to an election shall be declared elected for one year.

Section 6. The mayor shall be elected for a term of two years, and shall hold his office until his successor is elected and qualified.

Section 7. There shall be elected, as hereinafter provided, a recorder, who shall be ex officio clerk of the common council and ex officio assessor of said city, a treasurer and marshal. The recorder, marshal and treasurer shall be elected for one year, respectively, by the qualified voters of this corporation, as hereinafter provided, and shall hold their respective offices until the successors of each shall be elected and qualified. A city attorney, surveyor and street superintendent may be appointed by the mayor, with the consent of the majority of the members of the council, and shall hold their offices during the pleasure of the council; and there may be appointed, in the same manner and with the same qualifications, a suitable force of regular policemen, each to serve during the pleasure of the council.

Section 8. No person is eligible to any office in the municipal corporation, who, at the time of his election or appointment is not entitled to the privilege of an elector according to the constitution of this state, and who is not a qualified elector in said city, or one of the wards therein, and who has not resided in the city of Roseburg for one year next preceding such election or appointment.

Section 9. In addition to the qualifications prescribed in section 8, to be eligible to the office of councilman, a person must be a resident of the ward from which he is elected.

Section 10. A general election for the officers provided for in this act to be held on the first Monday in October in each year, except the mayor, who shall be elected once in two years.

Section 11. The council shall designate one place in each ward for holding the election therein, and appoint three judges and two clerks of election for each ward.

Section 12. The recorder, under direction of the council, shall give ten days' notice by publication in some newspaper in the city of Roseburg of each general election, the officers to be elected thereat, and the place designated in each ward for holding the election therein, and the judges and clerks appointed to conduct the same.

Section 13. No person qualified to vote at an election under this act who has not been a resident of the city for thirty days, and of the ward in which he offers to vote for ten days next preceding such election, and who does not possess the qualifications of a legal voter in the state of Oregon, and he shall pay a tax other than a road or poll tax, except that a city license shall be deemed a tax.

Section 14. The mayor, recorder, marshal and treasurer shall be elected by the qualified voters of the city, and the councilmen by the qualified voters of the ward from which they are respectively chosen.

IT WAS THE IRONY OF FATE.

The Clerk's Loud Voice Made Trouble in the Lambkin Family.

"I don't see why we can't go to the opera like other people," pouted Mrs. Lambkin, as she and her spouse were walking home together. "We could, I'm sure, if you didn't look upon Wagner as a mortal enemy."

"My only objection to him is the fact that he sends you to sleep and then won't let you stay there," replied Mr. Lambkin. Then, basely anxious to change the subject, he remarked, "I do believe that Mrs. Fitzjones is another new gown."

"No doubt. Her husband is so generous to her. Why, she tells me that they were at the opera last evening and expect to go again tonight."

"Indeed, Ah, by the way, didn't you tell me that you thought Dick Norcross and Miss Edie had quarreled?"

"Very likely. I noticed that Dick is particularly touchy whenever grand opera is in town."

"Ah, indeed. By the way, how should you like to call at your mother's this evening?"

"Very much, if anybody was likely to be at home. But of course they will all go to the opera."

"I have just remembered that you were to be at my mother's since we were first married."

"Impossible, George. I should be ashamed to have any one know that I was well enough to be out after night and not at the opera. People would be sure to say that you are stingy, and I would rather die than cause such remarks."

"Fact is, Endora, I'm as anxious as you are to go to the opera, but money is so tight that I had to make a payment to-day and I don't if I have a dollar in my pocket. Never mind, we can have a nice long evening at home alone, can't we?"

"Humph! We are sure to be alone, for every living soul we know will be at the opera."

"All the better, my dear. Just step in here with me a moment, will you? I have no cigars, and I don't want to have to go out for anything tonight. You see, I don't keep many cigars on hand now that money is so scarce."

They went into the store, and Mr. Lambkin selected his cigars, while his wife stood by. He felt anxiously in his pockets for small change, and finding none took a bill out of his notebook, and glancing warily at Mrs. Lambkin handed it all crumpled up, to the clerk.

After all that it did seem the irony of fate which made that individual call out in stentorian tones to the cashier, "Twenty-five from 20, please!"

And Mrs. Lambkin was still talking about it when they reached home—Chicago Times-Herald.

TELEGRAPH NEWS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 2.—Chas. Holcomb who has just returned from China, after 21 years' service in the American legation at Peking, says that the recent massacre is traceable to the result of the recent China-Japanese war.

"At the commencement of the war between China and Japan," said he, "it was generally feared that the lives of foreigners in China would be in danger as long as the war lasted, and as a matter of fact, there was practically no danger as long as the war lasted, and it is only since hostilities ceased that there has been any danger. We have had proof of this fact in the recent massacres, and I think I can explain the reason.

"In the first place, the great mass of the Chinese are disappointed with the result of the war and are taking revenge on all foreigners whom they can with impunity.

"In the second place, the killing and pillaging receives great encouragement by reason of depredations committed by hordes of disbanded soldiers all over the country. The Chinese government has a peculiar method of disposing of its troops at the close of a war. When the soldiers are no longer needed they are discharged from service at the place where they happen to be at the time. The fact that an army may be disbanded several hundred or a thousand miles away from home when disbanded, and the fact that the soldiers may not possess means of getting home does not interest the government in the least. The troops are turned loose, and to use an American expression, they have to 'beat' their way back to the place from whence they came. That they should pillage and commit depredations is, therefore, only natural to such people under such circumstances and tranquility will not reign in China for some time to come.

"Just before I left Japan I learned that an American missionary who has been laboring near Peking since 1869 had been assaulted and severely cut with a knife. His name is D. Z. Sheffield, and I have known him quite well for years. It is only fair to the other side to say, however, that the assailants were arrested and will be tried for their offense. If such prompt action was taken in the cases of other offenders the wholesale killing of missionaries in China would be speedily stopped. It is almost impossible to mete out justice to offending Chinese in the interior provinces, and this is the fault of the government."

Mr. Holcomb says the most interesting question in the Orient at the present time, outside of the missionary massacre and the cholera, is the approaching conflict between Russia and Japan.

"That Japan and Russia will become mixed up in a dispute which will result in war, is a question which I believe is not far off," and the commencement of actual hostilities is not far off. The Japanese have a grievance against Russia, and Russia is preparing to make things warm for the Japanese. The other day I was told very frankly by a Japanese official who held a high position in the government, that Japan would live to rue the day when she permitted herself to become mixed up in a war with China. It has given Russia an opportunity she has long waited for. No one knows better than I how narrowly Japan escaped a war with Russia when she got through with her war with China. The Japanese were so incensed at Russia's attitude in the matter of the cession of the Liao Tung peninsula that the Japanese officials talked seriously of engaging in a squabble with Russia. I was in Japan at the time and heard it all. A certain member of the Japanese cabinet, whose acquaintance I made when he was sent to Peking as the Japanese minister to China, said to me at the time: "Russia has six iron battle-ships. We have but one, and that we captured from the Chinese. If we had but four ironclads, or only three, we would defy Russia." That is just what Russia wanted them to do. Russia will yet so aggravate the Japanese that they will declare war. Japan Russia will attempt to drive the Japanese of Corea, where they are masters of the situation. The Japanese are dictating affairs in Corea, for while the king still remains on the throne he does nothing that Count Ito does not tell him to do. The fight between Russia and Japan will be over Corea and it will come just as soon as Russia finds she wants an open port on the Pacific."

Colloquy.

Republican.—I see by latest dispatches that wheat has declined $\frac{1}{2}$ of a cent a bushel.

Populist.—Just as you might expect. Wheat has declined ever since the crime of 1873.

Rep.—But silver has advanced 11 cents an ounce since 1893. How do you account for that?

Pop.—It is the scarcity of gold that has advanced silver.

Rep.—Then the price of silver is affected by other causes than demoralization of that metal, is it?

Pop.—Well, yes, slightly.

Rep.—Slightly, you say; well it is affected by any other cause may it not be affected largely by that other cause, whatsoever it may be?

Pop.—Well, you gold bugs are always finding some excuse for your party. You are not willing to admit that the demoralization of silver was the crime of the age. You are making frivolous excuses for your old iniquitous party's actions, you don't read the other side. You just read Coin's Financial School, it will open your eyes to the truth.

Rep.—I have just been reading the state of facts as they are, while you have been studying how to find fault with the true financial policy of the best government on earth, by perusing the vagaries of a crack-brained theorist.

Pop.—I don't choose to discuss this question with you. You are too cautious, unfair and prejudiced. You won't listen to the truths of history.

Rep.—I listen to the facts as they transpire. There has been no law on the subject of silver since 1893 and while wheat has been fluctuating up and down, silver has advanced 11 cents per ounce. The fact is legislation has not raised or lowered a bushel of wheat or ounce of silver. This raising and lowering the price of any commodities is the result of supply and demand.

Fall Sowing of Grass Seed.

There is no question but that in the fall is a good time to sow almost any kind of grass seed on land intended for pasture or meadow, provided the conditions are favorable for the germination of the seed, and a start to grow for the plants. So far as the season and the condition of the soil will admit, grass seeds of almost all kinds should be sown early in the fall. If the seeding cannot be done in time and under such conditions as will enable the plants to make a good start before the cold weather sets in, the better plan will be to put off the seeding until early in the spring. In all cases the soil should be prepared in a good time before sowing. A good plan is to plow as soon after harvest as the other farm work will permit, and then use the disc and smoothing harrow to prepare the soil for the seed. It will always pay to prepare the soil well before sowing the seed, as the better germination and more vigorous start will make it easier to secure a more even distribution.

One of the principal advantages in using a reeder in preference to sowing by hand is that a much more even distribution of the seed is possible. Use good seed and plenty of it. Generally it proves poor economy to stint the seed and get a poor stand as the result. Less seed is needed when the soil is prepared in good time and the seeding is under favorable conditions. But in all cases it is better to use rather too much seed than not enough.

From Another Veteran.

EDITOR PLAINDEALER: Reading an article in your paper of recent date over the signature of "Vet" reminds me that I heartily endorse what is said there. Like the writer, I am a vet, and also a bimetalist, but having known Mr. Hermann for 20 years or more, I will vote for him should he be nominated. Like many others, under the usual conditions, I am a strong advocate of rotation in office, but I think Mr. Hermann's services before and during the war to the people of Oregon and later to those of his district. It will be hard for our party to find any one of near his strength, more especially among the usual population of the district, which is not alone due to his official usefulness but to his courtesy and kindness to all whom he comes in contact. During the many years I have known him I have found him a courteous, kind, unassuming gentleman, a reliable and steadfast friend, and his official record proves him to be a man that the people can safely honor with any official gift the state can give.

G. M. F.

Wreck Near Olympia.

OLYMPIA, Wash., Sept. 2.—A cow on the track at Maxfield, 11 miles from here, wrecked the local passenger train this morning and sent the engine over an embankment 50 feet deep, dragging one passenger coach with it. Nobody was killed, and the only injury was to the fireman.

Turning a sharp curve where the railroad overlooks the Nequally state 800 feet below, Engineer Harry Shepard noticed two calves on the track. He slowed up to let them off, but just then a cow stepped from the brush in front of the engine. The train was going too slow to throw the cow off, and the animal was crushed under the wheels. The hide and bones lifted the wheels from the track and the big engine went tumbling over the tise for 25 feet, then suddenly plunged headlong a distance of 30 feet, turning over and burying itself in the brush and sand. The train was made up with the first-class coach immediately next to the engine, and the smoker and baggage in the rear.

The weight of the falling engine dragged the passenger coach from the track, breaking the tracks. The coach followed the engine down the embankment, but was kept from rolling down by strong couplings with the baggage car, which held the track. Had the coupling broken the passenger coach would have rolled to the bottom, and every one of the nine passengers would undoubtedly have been killed.

When the engine started down Engineer Shepard jumped and fell between

Neighborhood Curiosity.

Mrs. Meekton was standing on the front doorstep when her husband came home.

"Henry," she said in a loud tone, "there's your income tax blank. You'd better fill it out right away."

"Great Scott, Maria!" he exclaimed, "what do I want with an income tax blank?"

"Don't talk so loud," was the admonition in a subdued but stern key. "It's a summons to serve on the jury. The next door neighbors on both sides of us have been sitting behind the closed window blinds waiting for you to come home so they could find out what the officer was here for."—Washington Star.

Cholera is Threatened.

"The prevalence of cholera at Honolulu and in the Orient is a great menace to this city and San Francisco," said City Physician Wheeler this afternoon. "The press in San Francisco treats the subject lightly, perhaps to allay the fears of the people; but at no time have we been so seriously threatened with an invasion of the Asiatic scourge as at present."

"We are exposed to the epidemic because of our direct connection with the islands, Japan and China by steamer. Besides that there are many tramp steamers coming to this and the port of San Francisco, stopping at various ports in China, where the cholera now is rampant."

"The atmospheric temperature has no effect upon the life of the disease; it flourishes as well in cold weather as it does in the summer."

"The board of health here will take every precaution to keep the cholera from us; but the first thing that must be done is to observe the strictest cleanliness. For the proper sanitation of the city, we shall most rigorously enforce every ordinance bearing upon the public health."—Telegram.

Buckley's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Feyer Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chillsbains, Corns, and all skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale at J. F. Barker & Co.

F. W. Haynes, dentist, in Mark's building. All kinds of dental work guaranteed.

The Pelton Water Motor

Of capacities varying from 1 to 25 horse power affords the most convenient, economical and reliable power for all light service. One of these may be seen running at this office. Send for circulars. The Pelton Water Wheel Co., 121 Main St., San Francisco, Cal.

Dr. Coffman has removed his office to the Markers' building, rooms 6 and 7.