

# Roseburg Plaindealer.

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## TELEGRAPH NEWS.

**A Rapid Advance in Iron.**  
New York, Aug. 26.—The Iron Age says today:

"Under great excitement the market in the Central West has scored its greatest advance in a brief period in Bessemer and iron. Last Wednesday sales were made at \$14 at valley furnaces. On Monday, after heavy transactions, \$15.25 was paid. Subsequently \$15.50 was offered and refused, and now the few sellers are demanding \$16. This represents an advance of nearly \$7 per ton above the lowest point touched early in the year. It is a notable fact that some of the largest producers of pig iron for conversion into steel have been heavy buyers close up to the highest prices recorded for actual transactions.

"Pittsburg has taken control of the output of some of the furnaces in the Lebanon district, and their purchases also of 25,000 tons of basic open hearth metal in Alabama. A large part of the sales that have recently put up the price are for delivery during the first quarter of 1896. Steel billets have partly followed pig iron, so that now \$23 at Pittsburg is a firm quotation. The buying movement keeps up well, but there is less excitement.

"Tin plate bars are up to \$25 at the mill, which is crowding the tin plate mills pretty hard. Sheet iron is exceptionally scarce.

"In finished iron and steel every week is clearing away more and more the low-priced contracts entered into early in the year. The latest advance in pig iron and billets have not yet found expression in prices for the finished product, so that an advance all along the line looks imminent.

"Foundry iron has steadied again and momentum is being gathered for a further rise, which is regarded as imminent by many in that trade, in spite of the fact that the largest single melting industry, the cast-iron pipe trade, is swiftly approaching its dull season.

## The Business Revival.

Chicago, Aug. 29.—The Times-Herald, a democratic organ, devotes several columns to the subject of the business revival in Chicago. It prefaces the symposium of interviews with the heads of leading business houses with the following:

"Chicago is enjoying a general boom in business. An era of prosperity has set in with such activity as to awaken the brightest anticipations for the future. Interviews with a large number of representative merchants and manufacturers today reveal the most encouraging condition of trade that has prevailed for years in a majority of the branches consulted.

"All predictions for the future for general prosperity are being fulfilled at an extraordinary rate, according to men who keep in touch with the pulse of commerce."

## Will be a Total Loss.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 30.—Advices from the wreck of the steamer Bawnmore, near Bandon, Or., are that 28 of the crew of 30 have been taken off in safety. One of the crew was killed and another fatally injured.

The steamer will be a total loss, as she is lying on the rocks in a heavy sea and pounding to pieces. The vessel was valued at \$125,000, and her cargo at \$60,000. There is some insurance on both.

The loss of the Bawnmore can only be attributed to the losing of his reckoning by Captain Woodside, master of the steamer, and is another instance of disaster and wreck arising from the failure of navigators to allow for the strong westerly set of the current off the Oregon coast, its force seeming to increase as the shore is neared until the vessel is being carried a knot inshore for every 12 knots of southing made. With the dense smoke from forest fires which has settled down on the surface of the ocean near the coast, added to the dense fogs which prevail at this time of the year, Captain Woodside was unable to make out the land, and, ignorant of the casting he was making, supposed the course, S. S. W., the Bawnmore was steering would carry her well off the land. Instead, just before daybreak Wednesday morning the steamer struck heavily on the reef that extends out from the small unnamed cape just below Bandon, Or. The coast at that point is a dangerous one, the beach shallowing far off shore, successive lines of heavy breakers coming in, through which only a life boat can live.

The consensus of opinion among the coasting explains now lying in Portland is that nothing can prevent the Bawnmore from proving a total loss.

The Bawnmore left Portland August 18 for Comax, having arrived there

August 15 with a cargo of crude petroleum for the Portland gas works. After discharging the petroleum the steamer went to the Portland flouring mills and took on 500 tons of flour. She is a tank steamer used for carrying oil from the Peruvian petroleum fields and is owned by Grace & Co., of San Francisco.

## Blown up at Sea.

New York, Aug. 30.—Special correspondence of the World from Havana, August 24, says:

There is a rumor that the Spanish steamer Vilaverde, chartered by General Campos as his private yacht, has been blown up at sea. She went from here to New York ostensibly to go in a dry-dock to be cleaned and painted. She left New York on the 21st inst. to return to Havana. It is said she had on board a ton of dynamite, bought by General Campos for use in the campaign against the insurgents. This dynamite exploded with terrific force, the story goes, tearing the ship into fragments.

## Claim of Insurgents.

Chicago, Aug. 30.—Joaquin Vergas, ex-Mexican consul here, has received a letter from a friend near to the high Spanish officials in Havana. It is dated August 23, and has this to say of the insurrection on that island:

"The insurrection is strong and daily gaining ground. As a proof, ever since the very beginning the government forces are the ones who are on the defensive, while the insurgents are the attackers. Spain began active measures to quell the rebellion February last, with an army of over 70,000 regulars and volunteers. Of these, through battle and disease, she has lost in six months about 18,000. In some localities the troops have found themselves in such a perilous situation that many of the soldiers have suicided, while others have lost their reason.

"The Cubans have fought with unequal bravery and have so far conducted themselves with manliness and honor. For instance, wounded Spanish left their comrades on the field to die. They are taken in and cared for by Cubans and when restored are set at liberty. But this humane conduct is not likely to last, for Campos' party is surely working on the Cubans to get them to institute a veritable reign of terror. If that happens the torch will be applied broadcast over the whole island and no Spaniards will be then spared."

## Are in No Hurry.

New York, Aug. 30.—Tomas Estrada Palma, president of the Cuban revolutionary committee in this city, says no attempt will be made to obtain belligerent rights until next December, when a Cuban minister will be sent to the United States. Mr. Palma believes Spain has now reached the end of her rope. He claims the cost of sending reinforcements is so great that Spain cannot furnish any more men, and will have to give Cuba her freedom within the next few months.

## An Important Expedition.

New York, Aug. 30.—The World says: Another expedition has landed in Cuba, near Santiago. The news was received yesterday at the headquarters in this city, and even after midnight dispatches about it were still coming in.

Although many expeditions have gone to Cuba, the landing of this party is considered an event of special importance, and a special force of Cuban printers was at work last night putting some of the particulars into type for a circular in Spanish, to be distributed broadcast today. The expedition left Philadelphia on Wednesday night of last week with a steamer bought by the revolutionary party in this city. It was commanded by Francisco Don Sanchez Echeverra, who had with him 50 men, 200,000 cartridges, 300 rifles and a large supply of medicine and provisions.

This body of men will join General Antonio Maceo's force. Echeverra belongs to one of Santiago's best-known families, is 50 years of age, tall and athletic. He came to this country almost two months ago from Vera Cruz, Mexico, where he went after being expelled from Cuba for participating in the revolution in Santiago.

## Heavy Exports of Gold.

New York, Aug. 30.—Handy & Harman ship \$100,000 and Steinwender & Steffen \$150,000 in gold tomorrow. Neslage & Fuller have increased by \$50,000 their engagements made earlier in the week. Hard & Rand ship \$200,000 in gold tomorrow. Crossman & Bros. have decided to increase their shipments to \$1,500,000. Some gold has already been engaged at the sub-treasury and it is likely that all shippers, except Handy & Harman will get gold at the sub-treasury. These withdrawals will bring the gold

reserve about \$400,000 below the \$100,000,000, but it is likely that the government bond syndicate will place some gold in the sub-treasury before the close of business today, to maintain the reserve at about \$100,000,000.

## Steel Canal-Boats.

New York, Aug. 30.—A half dozen canal-boats arrived in this harbor last night. They sailed from Loraine, O., with a cargo of steel rails. The tug Defiance met the fleet above Yonkers, crawling along at a pace of not more than 1½ knots an hour. On the propeller in charge of the expedition was Captain Haynes. From Cleveland to this port the fleet met with a heavy reception. The boats are constructed of steel plates, a quarter of an inch thick above the water line, and increasing to a half inch on the bilge, and are painted black. It is expected that they can travel with less insurance, take more freight, last longer and cost less to maintain than the old wooden boats which were pulled along the canals by mules. The propeller is fitted with compound condensing engines.

## Bears Fed With Human Flesh.

BUDAPEST, Aug. 30.—Two Hungarian trainers and exhibitors of performing bears have been arrested in Debreczin, in the Haideck district of Hungary, charged with having fed their animals human flesh. In the course of their examination the men admitted they had killed four boys, cut their bodies into pieces and fed their bears with the flesh. The confession of the prisoners has aroused popular indignation to the highest pitch.

## Waller's Case.

PARIS, Aug. 30.—Estafette protests against the statements that some American papers relative to ex-Consul Waller, saying that if Frenchmen sold arms to enemies of the United States, Americans would never tolerate any interference in the part of the cabinets of Europe. "Moreover," continued Estafette, "we need pay no attention to the idle complaints of these American papers. Indeed, Waller ought to have been immediately shot for his glaring treason."

## A Bad Runaway.

Yesterday morning Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Flint, Miss Wising and Miss Jennie Buick left with Mr. T. Hinkle for Tioga for a few weeks outing. They left the city with high spirits and anticipations of having a grand good time fishing, hunting and camping on the hills and valleys among the picturesque mountains and along the streams of that section. All went prosperous until near the ferry across the North Umpqua river, about 18 miles east of this city. In descending a tolerable steep declivity of the road, the neckyoke broke and the team became unmanageable and ran with all speed they possessed—Mr. Flint says at the rate of 40 miles an hour. In its mad career the carriage struck a tree on the roadside and the occupants went out as if shot from a cannon. Mr. Flint and Mr. Hinkle were badly bruised about the head, face and body, though without breaking any bones. The women escaped almost miraculously, receiving only a few slight bruises and a severe "shaking up."

Mr. Ed. Hixon, who lives near by, came on the scene and secured assistance to the wounded and bleeding men and women who were taken to Mr. Dickman's where they were cared for as best they could, till a physician could be had from this city. Dr. K. L. Miller was summoned and went out yesterday evening and rendered such medical assistance as the nature of their injuries required, and today at noon, these pleasure seekers, but pain sufferers, returned showing evidences of rough usage.

The reports yesterday evening were to the effect that Mr. Flint was unconscious and in a very critical condition, caused great anxiety to learn the facts in the case. Our readers can judge of the great relief to this anxiety when Dr. Miller drove into town with Mr. Flint sitting by his side, looking somewhat delapidated, but yet able to smile while giving an account of the incident.

The State Fair, which begins at Salem September 25, and closes October 4th, will probably be the best fair ever held in the state. Prizes and premiums amounting to \$30,000 are offered, and the attractions are numerous and unique. There will be bull races and a grand Sunday sermon, horse races and a sacred concert, bicycle races and a talking match between Ingalls and Bryan, balloon ascensions, parachute jumps, etc., etc. Besides all this, there will be a magnificent display of the products of the country.

## CAMAS VALLEY.

Rev. J. Coon preached to a pleasant little congregation, last Sunday at the Christian church, after Sunday school.

Mrs. Bain was the guest of Mrs. A. Crouch a few days ago.

Small potatoes are common in Camas valley this season.

Rev. Coon and lady, and Mrs. Kennedy and two little sons were the guests of Mrs. John Wyley last Sunday evening.

Budd Isles, the butcherman, was in the valley a few days ago.

Cabbage heads are plentiful this season. We do not always have so large a crop.

R. Cook, who is still in the merchantile business, smiles as usual from behind his counters ready to wait on customers, transient or local.

Ed. Trowbridge and lady were seen taking a buggy ride the other evening.

David Noah got his ankle sprained very badly a few days ago.

Annie Crog has been visiting at her grandfather's the past week.

The roads are unusually dusty this season. Wagons are constantly lumbering along, while the gray clouds of dust rise in the atmosphere and grow deeper in the road bed.

The apple crop is not very bountiful this season.

Grain, wheat and oats are not turning out as well as the straw indicated.

The sun shines dimly through the atmosphere of fog and smoke, and imparts a heat resembling that of a furnace.

Miss Dolly Davis completed her five months' term of school in the upper district last Saturday. There were several visitors and with some routine work and recitations the evening passed off quietly. Miss Dolly expects to go to Ashland to attend school soon.

The unanswered question will soon be decided. What shall the harvest be in Camas valley for 1895?

We have not heard from the Coos bay railway for some time but when the rainy season sets in we expect to hear how soon it will be built next year. Does not history repeat itself in small as well as great events.

The temperance union met at the church last Saturday evening. The programme would have been rather short if it had not been for the timely addresses of Dr. Easter and nephew, that was both instructive and entertaining;

a recitation by Miss Pearl Kirkendall, showing what a good temperance lecturer can do to arouse the people to a realization of the sins of intemperance; the passing of the pledge around by our president, who presided with a dignified and ladylike manner over the white ribbon band of Camas valley, and a negro spelling class, accompanied by a te he he and a te he ha, and the usual dismissal to meet again in two weeks. The evening passed off pleasantly.

There has been three threshing machines very busy in the valley for some time. Of course, each doing the best work, and possessing the handsomest and jolliest crew of men. And in only exceptional cases has a man been in danger of getting a black eye for yelling more straw, for the business rush of the season has seemed so distilled through the nature of each individual, that all have worked in harmony, each striving for the best record. And the ladies, who are the only true judges of beauty and chivalry in the opposite sex, have been too busy cooking and preparing provisions to locate the most perfect gentleman. Therefore, envy and jealousy are dead in the rush of business and the sons of husbandry at nightfall sleep the sleep of the just.

## Camp Meeting.

There will be a camp meeting held at Pine Grove, six miles east of Roseburg, by the U. B. church, to commence the fourth day of September, 1895, to continue over two Sabbaths. Rev. P. B. Williams of Portland and W. Stewart, P. E., from Coos river with other ministerial brethren will be there. There will be a boarding tent where all that comes without provisions can be accommodated on reasonable terms. Now, we invite one and all to come to this feast of tabernacles. Pray for the holy ghost to descend on us. E. M. MARETERS.

At the evening social meeting of teachers Thursday evening, they had a very pleasant time in social converse, singing, recitations and impromptu 5 minutes speeches. Miss Pearl Wright and Master McKenzie presided at the piano. A quartette was sung by Mr. Shupe, Mrs. and Miss Russell and Professor Hamlin. After which Messrs. Benjamin, Ford, Shupe and Professor Barzee made short addresses.

Now is the time to subscribe.

## TEACHERS' INSTITUTE NOTES.

THURSDAY, Aug. 29.—The morning session of the Teachers' Institute opened at 9:30. A song was sung after which the work of the day commenced.

After a few introductory remarks by Supt. Underwood, Prof. J. B. Ford of Myrtle Creek took the subject, History and Geography. In the course of his remarks he suggested that pupils be made acquainted with characters, and connect some incidents with these characters. He also advocated systemizing and condensing of subject. History, he thought, should be preceded by geography, after which both should be interlinked.

Did not uphold the plan of compelling the child to follow too many explorers. Take a few of the most important, about three from each country.

He thought too much memorizing of history was useless for future use and destructive to the mental faculties. In his estimation, history was the most important of all the schoolroom studies. Mr. Ford, having exhausted the time, a short recess was taken.

After recess Prof. Hamlin introduced the subject, Physiology. He thought it was a very important subject and that much attention should be paid to it in the schoolroom.

Mrs. Barzee suggested that physiology be taught in the lower grades.

Mr. Rees suggested that a human skeleton be introduced in the schoolroom. At least a skull.

Rev. Dilworth caused much merriment by advocating the use of a skull in the schoolroom, and upholding Mr. Rees in his views. A teacher without a skull in the schoolroom, was in his estimation, a poor article.

Prof. Ford made a few remarks on the subject and was followed by Mrs. Russell. She thought much attention should be paid to the position of the pupil while sitting in the schoolroom. Also that much attention be paid to the proper spelling of physiological terms.

Mrs. Rapp made a few appropriate remarks on the subject, and was followed by Mr. Rees. He advocated the disuse of the text book, and that more attention be paid to oral lessons.

Mrs. Hamlin took up the discussion, and thought more attention should be paid to the laws of health.

Miss Cora Alexander was followed by O. C. Brown. He advocated the use of charts, as did Mr. Cornutt.

Prof. A. C. Strange took as his subject, Results to be secured in the schoolroom. He handled it with great skill. His discourse showed that much forethought had been used in its composition. He thought that much attention should be paid to the literature placed before pupils, and thought the average newspaper contained matter which should not be perused by the young, as its influence directly affected the mental faculties and moral character of its youthful readers.

In his address, Mr. Strange exhorted the teachers present to be very careful of the charge entrusted to them. The prosperity and happiness of the coming generation depended largely on the impression they made upon the minds of their pupils. His address was well received, as was evinced in the interest taken by his hearers.

The meeting adjourned to meet at 1:30 p. m.

## AFTERNOON SESSION.

The afternoon session of the institute opened with an instrumental solo.

Mrs. Russell introduced the subject, Methods in Reading.

Prof. John Rees thought the beginner could learn large words as well as small.

Prof. Barzee advocated the a b c method in reading. Without a knowledge of the alphabet the reading would be deficient.

Mrs. Russell advocated supplementary reading.

The discussion was taken up by Prof. Davis, Prof. Rees and others.

Prof. Barzee spoke briefly on the object of Normal schools. The Normal is simply to the teacher, what the public school is to the pupil—a means of training. Mr. Rees in a paper prepared, advocated a more rigid manner of conducting the public school system of Oregon. Thought that the intellectual qualifications of the parties nominated for school superintendent should be considered, not his political views. It is too often the case that his popularity is considered apart from his qualifications.

On request from Miss Alexander, Prof. Barzee explained the phonic system; he, however, did not advocate its exclusive use in teaching reading.

The time being exhausted, the meeting adjourned to meet for an evening session at 8 p. m.

J. B. Ford of Canyonville made the PLAINDEALER a pleasant call Thursday afternoon.

## BREVITIES.

From Friday's Daily.

C. Welburn of El Paso, Texas, is registered at the Van Houten.

Harry Williams of East Umpqua came down yesterday on business.

Jacob Mote of Wilbur is in the city today on business and pleasure.

Narmi Strickland of Looking Glass, is registered at the Van Houten.

John H. Rhatoon of Wanbeck, Ia., is registered at the Van Houten.

Geo. Byron of Olalla is registered at the Central. He is one of Douglas county's teachers.

A ghastly sight in the photograph views of the four men hung at Yreka, Cal., last Monday night by an enraged mob.

No clue to the whereabouts of the two highwaymen who shot and robbed Mr. W. Peart near Green's last Tuesday night.

Wm. Peart, who was shot and robbed near Mr. Green's last Tuesday evening, left Thursday for Salem, where his uncle resides.

A "genuine" Jew, from the holy city of Jerusalem, is in town today seeking aid from the charitably disposed for the poor of his city.

Mr. A. C. Strange of Oregon City, one of the teachers at the institute this week, is stopping over a few days with his brother, J. W. Strange, dentist.

At the house of Charles Peterson, August 15th, Arthur T. Kinsel and Ada C. Peterson were united in the bonds of matrimony, by Elder W. C. Ward, of Oakland.

Mrs. Jno. Howard has furnished her house on Main street at the head of First. It is one of the finest residences in the city. It is now occupied by Frank Connolly, a railroad engineer on the S. P.

R. and M. Dembilla, two Italian street musicians, were entertaining the citizens yesterday evening with their voices in songs accompanied with a violin and harp. They made pretty good music.

The citizens committee meeting called for Thursday evening failed to meet, and, as a result, nothing was done. A report will however be made next long hence, as the chairman will have an understanding as to what it will agree to as soon as practicable, and then report.

Mr. P. J. Lockwood and wife, of Washington, D. C., is registered at the Van Houten. Mr. Lockwood is connected with the National Capital bank of Washington, and is inspecting out resources, advantages and liabilities as a basis for making loans on realties in this country.

Jack Abraham, the gent's furnisher and hatter, better known as "Little Jack" is going to leave us to engage in business in Medford. He has shipped his goods and will follow them tomorrow or the day after. May be met with unbounded success in his new quarters. We commend him to the citizens of Medford as a reliable business man.

The board of equalization of the assessment roll is now in session wrestling with this most vexatious subject. And after the board has done its best in trying to make an equitable adjustment all round, some will doubtless feel aggrieved if their assessments be raised, and will be not a little chary in denouncing the board. This board is one of good, fairminded men, conscientious and honest, and also of good business judgment and will show no favoritism. You may depend upon it.

Professor Louis Barzee, principal of the Drain Normal school and the leading spirit of the teacher's institute just closed, is evidently well "on to his job." He is an educator with that peculiar cast of mind that eminently fits him for a teacher. He is a ready speaker, with pleasing address and seems deeply in earnest, is positive in his views and zealous in their presentation. Those who place themselves under his tutelage may expect, without disappointment, that they will receive correct and valuable instruction.

At the residence of the bride's parents in this city, Aug. 29th, Mr. A. G. Livingston and Miss Florence Happerett were united in marriage by Rev. Mark Noble of Newburg. After the nuptial ceremonies and the congratulations of friends, and the presentation of many valuable presents, the K. of P. band serenaded the happy pair. Mr. and Mrs. Livingston left on the Overland for Portland. Amid all the enjoyments incident to this felicitous event the PLAINDEALER was not forgotten, and a sample of wedding cakes was furnished the editorial, repertorial and compositorial corps, to which ample justice was done. All join in wishing the happy pair a long life of happiness.