

THE PLAINDEALER

ISSUED EVERY THURSDAY BY
THE PLAINDEALER PUBLISHING COMPANY

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Subscription Rates:

One Year payable in advance	\$2.00
Months, "	1.00
Months, "50

JULY 18, 1895.

U. S. Department of Agriculture. Weather Bureau.

Roseland, Ore., July 17, 1895.
BAROMETER (5 a. m. Pacific time) -30.18.
Maximum temperature, 74.
Minimum temperature, 52.
Rainfall for the 24 hours ending 5 p. m., 0.
Total rainfall since 1st of month, 27.
Average rainfall for this month for 17 years, .32.

Total rainfall from Sept. 1, 1894, to date, 29.56.
Average monthly rainfall from Sept. 1, 1894, to date, 2.35.

Accumulated deficiency from Sept. 1, 1894, to date, 2.29.

Average precipitation for 17 wet seasons, .53.92.

TROB. GIBSON, Observer.

PORTLAND, Or., July 18, 1895; 10 a. m.
Weather forecast for the next 20 hours, for Roseland and vicinity:
Thursday and Friday, fair, warmer weather.

PAGE, Local Forecast Official.

HYPOCRISY EXPOSED.

The Review is constantly harping on the "county printing," and tries to make it appear that exorbitant rates are being paid the PLAINDEALER, and that in its great desire to benefit the taxpayer it would cheerfully do the work for half price. It says:

The Review tries to state plainly that it will print the delinquent tax list this year at a rate of 50 per cent lower than that paid last year. That is a lie. The Review has never paid a single item, and it remains only to the county court whether they will let the work to the Review or not. In case the saving might be more than 50 per cent.

To expose the hypocrisy of the Review, it is only necessary to produce the bills of the Review for the same work when it had the county printing. They are as follows:

January 7, 1895.

Douglas County.
To the Oregon Review, Dr.
To publishing 125 square feet delinquent
tax sale (\$5.00 per square) \$100.00

January 7, 1895.

Douglas County.
To Roseland Review, Dr.
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January 8, 1895.

Douglas County.
To Roseland Review, Dr.
To publishing 125 square feet delinquent
tax sale (\$5.00 per square) \$100.00

In January, 1895, the PLAINDEALER bill for the delinquent tax list was \$125, the same rate per square being charged. Previous to its publication, the Review made a great roar, and offered to do the work 40 per cent cheaper, or for \$50 less than the PLAINDEALER. As the PLAINDEALER bill was only \$125, it shows what relativity can be placed in the Review's statement. It, as the Review says, the work is only worth 30 per cent of the price charged by the PLAINDEALER, and the price charged by the Review is being lowered than charged by the Review.

Poor Review! it is indeed sad.

Under the pangs of remorse it must suffer for having over-charged the county more than \$600 in the last two years (see bills printed in another column), and the spasms of regret that now oppress it because it is not allowed to continue to do it all perpetually. The Review must be in a bad fix. Yet it neglects to make restitution to the county, and begs pitifully to have just one more whack at the delinquent tax list, even though it has to bid for it.

The fact of the matter is, as the county records will show, the Review charged in every instance full rates for all printing done for democratic sheriffs (8 years) and moved heaven and earth to secure the election of the last candidate for that office, sacrificing every other man on the ticket (except perhaps the editor of the Review), and having ingloriously failed, lapses into a state of chronic bellyache.

The miracle of the Red Sea, which enabled the children of Israel to escape from Pharaoh, has happened again, report Major-General Tulloch to the British Government. He has been surveying the route of the exodus and saw it with his own eyes last spring. A wind arose so fierce that within a few hours it had driven the entire waters of Lake Menzaleh out of sight beyond the horizon, leaving all the sailing vessels resting on the sand bed.

SEWER AND WATER.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

Diplomatic Scandal.

New York, July 15.—A special to the World from Washington says: "Spain's payment for the Mora claim, as indicated by cable, will, at least, defeat the intrigues of Americans and foreign claim sharps. For years a coterie of diplomats at Washington and Madrid have sought to make the sentiment of this historic award conditional on the acknowledgement of counter claims by the United States."

"The story of all this plotting to mulct the government brings to light a serious diplomatic scandal and shows how the Mora claim has secretly been made to figure as an important incident in a scheme for securing the transfer of Cuba to the United States. Nathaniel Page, the well-known international lawyer, who for years has represented the Mora family, furnished documents and letters which seem to throw a flood of light on the obstructions to prevent the payment of the Mora award. Mr. Page specifically charges ex-Secretary of State and Minister to Spain John W. Foster with this work. Mr. Foster has denied the charge and Mr. Page now comes forward with papers which he claims substantiate the charge. Mr. Page, however, charges that several Spanish ministers of this country, as well as attachés of the Cuban legation, obstructed the payment of the Mora award. The physician summoned applied remedies which seemed to afford relief, but symptoms of congestion and hemmorhoids followed.

At 4 a. m. Towne complained of violent pain in the heart, and 15 minutes later he was dead.

Now in New York five years ago Towne had a gripe, which impaired his heart action. Since then he has had several attacks, but lately has been in excellent health.

Irish-Americans.

New York, July 15.—The New York council of the Irish National Federation of America, met last night in Cooper Union, J. B. Murphy presiding. Resolutions were adopted denouncing as idiotic folly and as convert treason any suggestion of derailing the men who were facing Ireland's foes. The meeting repudiated any yielding to faction, whereby it will work in the future the same evils of division that it has in the past.

All those citizens of New York, whether of Irish birth or not, who love justice, liberty and humanity, were urged to contribute to the Irish party moral and financial support.

Michigan's Forest Fires.

THOMPSONVILLE, Mich., July 15.—Reports from the various districts in which the forest fires have been raging the past week indicate that while the flames are spreading, they are not so serious as they were. If rain comes today, of which there is every prospect, the danger will have passed. A careful estimate of losses to settlers and lumbermen aggregates about \$200,000.

The people of Wallin, who are completely burned out, are in a sad condition. They have lost houses, clothing, everything except their lives, and are dependent upon charity for food and clothes. They are being provided for, but as the fire sufferers number over 100, this village is sorely taxed. Most of them will go back to Wallin with the lumber company, which intends to rebuild its plant.

As far as known, not a life has been lost, though scores are suffering from serious burns, incurred in fighting the fire. Live stock has suffered much, and extensive damage has been done, and the trust company which foreclosed the mortgage has notified Mrs. Chase to surrender possession.

Salmon P. Chase, governor, senator, secretary of the treasury and chief justice of the supreme court of the United States, died 22 years ago. In every public position which he occupied, he was a leader. To him was due the formation of the national bank act. As a senator from Ohio, he originated some of the most important legislation of the day. Though millions of dollars passed through his hands he died comparatively poor, leaving Edgewood, with its priceless associations, to his daughter, Mrs. Kate Chase. Misfortunes have come to her. Her eldest daughter, Ethel Sprague, is on the stage with Richard Mansfield's "Fortis;" the second daughter has taken a position as a governess; Nettie, the youngest, is an invalid, requiring constant attention.

Mrs. Chase has been assured that in case she is able to raise sufficient funds to redeem the estate, it will be again restored to her. She is now in New York making an effort in this direction. She writes to intimate friends in Washington that she is almost exhausted mentally and physically, and despairs of success.

Mr. Kurino was asked about the report that there was trouble between the missionaries in Japan and the authorities, and that as a result the Japanese government would take all the missions under its supervision, excepting those they had trouble with. Mr. Kurino said:

"That report is wrong. I know of no trouble between the Japanese government and the missionaries, and if there has been any it has been of a personal nature."

Alban N. Towne Dead.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 16.—A. N. Towne, second vice-president and general manager of the Southern Pacific, died suddenly at his residence in this city this morning.

Towne had been in his office all day yesterday and until 5 p. m. transacting the usual business of the office. He slept late evening at home and retired in good spirits. He retired feeling quite well, but at 2 a. m. complained of violent pains in the stomach, supposed incident to indigestion from which he suffered. The physician summoned applied remedies which seemed to afford relief, but symptoms of congestion and hemmorhoids followed.

At 4 a. m. Towne complained of violent pain in the heart, and 15 minutes later he was dead.

When in New York five years ago Towne had a gripe, which impaired his heart action. Since then he has had several attacks, but lately has been in excellent health.

It is the custom of the government to sell to the highest bidder the tax privileges of the various villages, the purchaser having the right to collect all of the taxes from the people. In many cases the number of young Armenian women in a village has a great deal to do with the price paid for the tax privilege. When the public sale is made of the tax privilege it is an uncommon thing for the auctioneer to call out in the marketplace that of many girls are available in the village. When a man has purchased the tax privilege of a village, he considers that he also bought and paid for the women of the village, and any attempt on the part of the husband, brothers or fathers to resent this interpretation of the law is looked upon as high treason, punishable with death. If the Armenian men object to this they are beaten and driven from the villages and, in many cases, killed. The women who suffer the most are the brides. Kurds and Turks think it great sport to carry off a bride from the very arms of her husband, and to keep her in their houses until they have become tired of her presence.

A later dispatch from Oregon City says that the Portland man, whose name is unknown, gave up \$55. The robbers did not take his watch. When the robbers asked the driver if he had any money he said, "Not a cent," and without pressing them let him go.

The stage carried but one passenger, who continued his journey to Wilhoit Spring, which is a distance of about 25 miles southeast of Oregon City.

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