THE PLAINDEALER

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JULY 4, 1895.

UNA VOCE.

The Review of June 27th, contains an article from the Yamhil Independent in which we find the following declaration: "In about a year Oregon will elect new representatives in congress, and some who are tired of Binger Hermann, in casting about for representative timber, have alightened upon Hofer of the Capitol Journal and others upon Colonel Alley of Lane county." The few who are tired of Binger Hermann is confined to those official aspirants who would like to occupy the seat in congress so worthily and honorably filled by him. Hofer, of the Capitol Journal and Colonel Alley are not disposed to antagonize the election of Binger Hermann in 1896. If they were so disposed, and should enter the list for the defeat of Hermann, they had as well order their political coffins preparatory to their political burial. Binger Hermann might be defeated for nomination in a state convention, but no man in this congressional district would stand a ghost of a chance in a race with him before the people in an honest and fair election. The people without regard to party affiliation, have found in Binger Hermann a true and tried public servant, and they are not disposed to see him sacrificed to gratify the ambitious aims of an untried representative, who may, or may not, represent the interests of his constituents. Binger Hermann is a representative man, a man of the people, and from a close observation of his efforts in behalf of the people of Oregon, we have no hesitation in saying that he has been true to the people, his main animating principle being that of promoting the welfare and best interests of the state he represents.

No truer representative of the people of Oregon has ever been sent to congress from this state, and we know that the people desire his continuance in the position he has so creditably filled in the past.

WHOM IT HAS HELPED.

The tariff law of the reformers, which was to gladden the heart of the American farmer, has been in operation now going on a year. The law is now old enough to be studied. It has been in the statute book long enough to show results. Every American knows what the Democratic promise to repeal the McKinley law brought upon the country. The promise has been kept. Now what is the effect of the promise so kept? The effect is wide and startling. It includes a new public debt, low wages and small profits. It can be said that the manufacturers in England and on the continent of Europe are daily increasing their sales in the United States. Goods made in England and sold in this country deprives some Americans of wages which are theirs by right. The new law is not, therefore, filling the pocketbook of the American workman but is emptying it. This is a fact that can be proved by democratic figures, set down in Washington and gathered from democratic customs officers. During the past twelve months the American farmer has been gradually but surely squeezed out of the foreign markets with his staple products. The democratic tariff, therefore, has helped the foreigners, but it hasn't helped any Americans but those who have been appointed to collect the income tax. Those who voted for tariff reform in 1892 can figure out for themselves how these results compare with the benefits promised by the free-trade demogogues. Where is the blessed relief from the oppressions and robberies of the McKinley act. A tree must be judged by its fruits and not by democratic theories. So judged, democratic tariff must and does meet with the condemnation of the American people.

Tramps will probably avoid Massachusetts if the state carries out its plan of establishing a farm of 2000 acres, where vagrants will be sent and put through a compulsory course in agriculture for one or two years. The tramp has a constitutional objection to the acquisition of knowledge when it is complicated with anything resembling a full day's work.

Poison is doubtless considered a legitimate weapon of warfare by Spain. The report that it is to be resorted to in Cuba, if true, is an impressive evidence of the strength of the insurrection. An army whose supply agents and recruiting officers elude the United States at will is certainly a serious menace to Spanish rule in its own domain.

Our own manufacturers are able to meet any demands made upon them, and if they received a full support of the people of the state, several thousand more workingmen and mechanics would find employment.

No disappointment is created by the announcement that the government's suit against the Stanford estate has collapsed. But the decision does not alter the fact that the eleemosynary institution known as Stanford university was erected and is maintained by funds systematically filched from the government, and should be called "The United States Charity College of California." There are some sins which even the cause of education does not enable the mantle of charity to cover. —Telegram.

The PLAINDEALER presents its readers today a very interesting communication from San Francisco upon the probability of a railroad from Coos bay to this city. Read and ponder the mighty results of such an enterprise. It is cheering to contemplate the incalculable benefits of the construction of such a road in the near future. But an IF stands like a monster lion in the way.

There has recently been a large increase of Northern investments in the South, a single Pennsylvania iron company having put $1,500,000 into an Alabama manufactory. This is explained partly by the fact that labor is cheaper down there, and partly by superior advantages in the way of undeveloped resources.

The three greatest works now before the world are the Siberian Railroad, the Trans-Andean railroad in South America and the Nicaragua canal, and of these the last is the greatest and should be completed first.

The Chicago Times-Herald obtained a complete report of the Republican League Convention at Cleveland by telautograph, being the first use of that means of transmitting news in practical journalism.

In the sweltering heat of Cleveland the delegates to the Republican League Convention were easily persuaded that the National Convention of the party should be held in San Francisco. But—

Unless Spain prove less willing to observe the glittering pageant of civilization as it marches by than to fall into the procession, it may find itself more conspicuous as a target than as a torch.

The attempt to compel Chairman Gould of the Democratic State Committee to declare whether he was with Cleveland or the country resulted merely in rousing his anger.

The proposition to build an electric railroad across the continent makes the stately locomotive regard the buzzing little dynamo with less condescension than formerly.

When there occurs the death of a millionaire who has been in politics, the notes which are found among his effects are generally brief, but full of feeling.

If President Zelaya of Nicaragua fails to consolidate Central American States, he might try his hand on the consolidation of Nicaragua.

Republican ticket-makers have got far enough along to be picking out the vice president.

The new business movement should move solidly in the direction of home products.

The orchards have opened up pleasant vistas for labor.

More men rob themselves than are swindled by others.

Intemperance makes a danger signal of the nose.

Every day is a good day for buying home products.

The world is a money congress.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chillbains, Corns, and all skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded Price25 cents per box. For sale at A. C. Marsters & Co.

New Railroad Time Card.

Passenger north bound arrives 11:40, leaves 11:45; local arrives 5:20 p. m., leaves 8 a. m.; passenger south bound arrives 5:20 and leaves 5:25 a. m.; freights about 10 minutes later than present time.

At Last They've Arrived.

The new stock of shoes has just arrived from the east and Osburn is prepared to furnish you with shoes at most reasonable prices. Examine his stock. Successor to Louis Langenberg.

Colloquial.

"Now that we are in the country, my dear, we will luxuriate on fresh vegetables and fruit."

"Yes, hubby, we can buy them nearly as cheap as in the city.

Look at This.

At Easton's you can get 15 pounds of granulated and 16 pounds of extra C sugar for $1.00. And anything in the grocery line at lowest cash prices—delivered free.

Apropos of the train robbery last nigh is a ludicrous story concerning the stopping of a passenger train a few days ago where a passenger caused a train to stop and back up for his release from a perilous situation. For the particulars of the affair ask John Baird. It is too lengthy for our columns.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

KEY WEST, July 1.—According to a gentleman who came from Havana on the steamer Mascotte, the island of Cuba is ablaze with the revolutionary fever. This gentlemen, who is well posted on Cuban affairs, asserts that Gomez is marching on Havana at the head of 8000 well-armed troops. Gomez asserts that in a short time he will water his horses in Rio del Almendares, and command the capital of the island.

Maximo Gomez surprised a garrison of 1500 Spanish at Alta Gracia, and had a severe battle with them. He cut their ranks all to pieces and routed the enemy with heavy losses. After he had taken the town he burned it. Colonel Bore, one of the Cuban leaders, was killed by his own men, but it is said by some accidentally.

NEW YORK, July 2.—The World publishes an address from General Rafael de Queseda to the American peoplel Among other things this statement says:

"Many misstatements regarding the Cuban situation have been made which should be corrected. I ave received word from Cuba to-day that Genera. Maceo is not a prisoner. He is at the head of his forces, and confident of speedy success.

"I wish to expresss gratitude to the American people for their sympathy. We are fighting a system of infamy and oppression. We are fighting the Spanish government, not the Spanish people. I find American sentiment with us, and have more than a thousand letters from leading citizens of the United States expressing sympathy and offering aid in behalf of free Cuba. I have told all these gentlemen that we cannot violate the law. They must wait until we are recognized as belligerents by the United States government. Then we shall have all the men and arms we need, and the war will end quickly.

"I may say, however, that Cuba is practically ours. Victory is practically ours. Victory is already in sight. We occupy nearly all the island. The Spanish soldiers have the town and the ground they stand on. Despite statements to the contrary, the death rate among the Spanish troops is appalling. The reinforcements asked by General Campos are to fill broken regiments. The pestilence is sweeping away the soldiers at increasing speed.

"The situation in Cuba has changed within a week. The yellow fever destroys more men in a day than are killed in many battles. It is safe to say that during July and August General Campos will lose 10,000 men from yellow fever alone.

"General Campos some weeks ago had a force of 40,000 men. We have 20,000 armed soldiers in the field, but we have 10,000 men ready to go to the front and fight as soon as they can get guns and ammunition. We want more arms and ammunition. We could dispose of 2,000,000 cartridges at once. The men to use them are ready to march at an hour's notice.

"Marti was a great organizer, and his services were of inestimable value. There has been delay in filling his place. But by July 1st his successor will be installed. Meanwhile the yellow fever will have slain thousands of the enemy and we shall conquer.

"We shall soon be recognized as belligerents, and the republic will be proclaimed very soon. The first country to recognize our new government will be Chile, next Peru and then Colombia and next Argentine. The South American countries are all with us. Venezuela has too many serious complications just now to make any official demonstration for Cuba. Chile detests the Spanish government. We have her entire sympathy. Her wealthy and influential young men have held many meetings recently and sent us substantial aid.

"In North America the Gulf states are with us to a man. Florida is enthusiastically for Cuba. We are confident of wining our cause and establishing a substantial republic at an early date. We consider our independence now as good as accomplished.

"We wish again to thank the press and people of America for their sympathy and letters of encouragement. Meanwhile we shall obey the laws, and in obedience to President Cleveland's proclamation do nothing contrary to the will of the government."

SING SING, July 1.—Dr. Buchanan, the wife-murderer, was electrocuted this morning. Mrs. Buchanan, wife of the condemned murderer, today made an unsuccessful effort to induce Governor Morton to commute her husband's sentence to life imprisonment. At 6 o'clock this morning the woman sank on her knees and pleaded for her husband's life. Grief almost prevented her from speaking. Governor Morton was overcome. Tears stood in his eyes as he lifted her to her feet, and told her he could not grant her request.

NEWPORT, R. I., July 1.—The interesting announcement has just been made that Mrs. Alva Vanderbuilt will give a ball at the marble palace in August. It is understood that this ball will be given for no other purpose than to reveal to Mrs. Vanderbilt whom she is to consider her friends. Willie K. Vanderbilt will be in Newport this summer as the guest of his brother Cornelious. In her ball Mrs. Alva Vanderbilt will throw down the gauntlet to the supporters of her former husband. Those who stay away will probably never again see the interior of the marble palace. Mrs. Vanderbilt will, of course, have the powerful aid of the Belmonts in the pending struggle.

PARIS, June 29.—The minister of agriculture, M. Gaudaut, resigned for the purpose of fighting a duel with M. Mirman, a socialist deputy, and the duel took place later in the day. The socialist was slightly wounded by a sword thrust in the wrist, and the minister of agriculture escaped without a scratch.

WINDSOR, June 29.—The retiring cabinet ministers delivered their seals of office to the queen at Windsor Castle this afternoon. Later her majesty presented the seals to the incoming ministers.

VIENNA, June 29.—A dispatch from Dubnitzia, Bulgaria, about 22 miles south of Sofia, says nine workmen returning from Macedonia were killed by Bashi Bazouks, who beheaded them.

CORSICANA, Tex., July 2.—George Wake was shot and killed at the Matthews hotel last night by J. W. and A. L. Thompson, of Groesbeck. Wake had an appointment with Thompson's daughter, Mrs. Faulkner. The father and son suspecting all was not right, followed the daughter to Corsicana. At the hotel the Thompsons found Wake and Mrs. Faulkner in a room together and began firing at Wake. Eight bullets entered his body, but before he died he shot A. L. Thompson, badly wounding him.

The Thompsons were arrested by an officer who had come hastily from the depot, having been informed by a conductor that a tragedy was about to transpire. Mr. Faulkner's business takes him away from home a good bit, and in his absence his wife remained with her parents at Groesbeck. In January Wake engaged in the saloon business in Groesbeck, with Thompson. He left Groesbeck yesterday, and after he had gone Mrs. Faulkner began preparation for a visit she intended making to Gilmer, Texas. When she got on the train she was followed by her father and brother, who occupied another car. When she reached this city Wake, who was expecting her, met her at the train and escorted her to a hotel. The father and brother followed and the tragedy occurred as stated.

HAVANA, July 2.—Gomez has left the Puerto Pincipe province in command of General Lopo Recio. It is reported that he is advancing westward on Santa Clara at the head of 10,000 men. Already more persons are in rebellion in Santa Clara province than during the whole 10 years of the first revolution.

NEW YORK, July 2.—A special from Havana says:

Captain-General Martinez Campos, acting on the supposition that the people of Havana are in sympathy with the revolutionists, issued a general order when he first came here, prohibiting private meetings under very severe penalties.

Not even the Masons were exempted, but powerful influence was brought to bear upon him in their behalf and he consented to modify the proclamation so that it would not affect them. The grand lodge of the Island of Cuba, situated in this city, was overjoyed at this and Masons showed their gratitude to Campos in many ways.

All this joy, however, was short-lived, for the captain-general has issued another order specifically prohibiting meeting of Masonic lodges, and as a result trouble is feared in many quarters.

NEW YORK, July 3.—Ex-Congressman Luther F. McKinney, of New Hampshire, minister to the United States of Columbia, arrived on the Finance and is registered at the St. James. He is accompanied by his wife, and visits this country on his vacation.

To a reporter, Mr. McKinney said:

"The all-absorbing question in the South American states is the Nicaragua canal. They want a canal and are looking to the United States to build it. I am not a member of any commission, and cannot speak authoritatively, but I have studied the question, and have concluded the best plan is to complete the Panama canal.

"If our government could buy the Panama canal as it stands and complete the 24 miles, it would be a good thing."

COLON, Colombia, July 2.—The first shipment of 400 tons across the isthmus from San Francisco to New Orleans is being taken aboard the steamship Otera here. This new venture is supposed to be due partly to the Panama Railroad Company.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 2.—Hugh Craig, vice-president of the Chamber of Commerce, says that from a thorough investigation of the subject he is convinced that the Pacific cable, which has been talked about for years on this side of the United States, and discussed ad interim in congress, is to be built by British capitalists.

To the statement that Englishmen and Australians, with Canada, have decided to undertake the work, he adds the further fact that the difficulty of obtaining a midocean station has been overcome. It will be remembered that the United States government decided last winter not to sanction the establishment of such a station on any of the Hawaiian islands to be controlled solely by Britishers. To avoid international complications, a station has been decided upon in latitude 3 north, on Fanning island.

The cable is to be laid from Auckland, N. Z., to Norfolk island, in the South Pacific, a distance of 415 miles. The second section of the cable will be from Norfolk to Fiji, a distance of 1537, miles, the third to Fanning island, 1715 miles, and the fourth and largest section, from Fanning island to Vancouver, B. C., a distance of 3232 miles. The total length of this cable would thus be 6899 miles, or almost three times as long as the shortest transatlantic cable.

The cost of this cable from Auckland to Vancouver will be £51,000,000. This cable, it is proposed, shall be only one of a number of cables connecting with it in the southern hemisphere. The principal connection will be between Auckland and Sydney, New South Wales.

PHILADELPHIA, July 2.—The Earn line steamship Earnwood left port tonight for Santiago with 1000 kegs of blasting powder, 100 cases potash and 25 cases oil of myrbane. The latter, mixed with potash, makes a most destructive explosive. Before the vessel sailed the Spanish consul, Congosto, with searching party, went aboard with the intention of stopping the exportation of the explosives. This was in consequence of the Cuban insurgent leaders declaration that Cuban cities are to be blown up. The steamship Edenmore was stopped last week and a quantity of potash and oil of myrbane seized. When the Spanish consul protested today Colonel Rogers, of the Farnwood, produced a permit from General Campos giving him permission to import such arms, ammunition and explosives as might be shipped on his vessel.

SPOKANE, July 1.—A young man of good address and plenty of money in his pocket, appeared at police headquarters late this afternoon and inquired for Chief Mertz, to whom he imparted in a mysterious manner the startling information that he had killed six men and was ready to die for his crime, and at these words he raised a bottle, containing laudanum to his lips and attempted to swallow the contents, but was prevented by Chief Mertz, after a desperate struggle. The young man gave his name as Harry Downs, and said his parents reside at Morristown, Pa. He was locked up pending an investigation as to his sanity.

THE COOS BAY ROAD.

It Will Surely Be Built to Roseburg

"IF THE COAL MINE PAYS."

It Depends Upon the Profits of a Coal Mine--The Subsidy Cuts No Figure.

[We print below a letter just received from a gentleman in San Francisco, who is somewhat interested in the future welfare and development of Douglas county. His comments anent the Coos Bay Railroad situation, explains many things that may be of interest to Roseburgers. —ED.]

SAN FRANCISCO, June 28, 1895.

W. F. BENJAMIN: *Dear Sir:*

Among the recollections of my last visit with you, none are more vivid than your expressed apprehensions that the proposition of the railroad management, regarding the subsidy, could not, or would not be entertained. Your remarks were serious and regretful. You may remember that at the time, the committee was engaged in the struggle of getting raw material wherewith to formulate a reply. Whatever it may have been is but incidentally interesting at this special moment. It is peculiar, perhaps, that in seeking information as to what it was, collateral information lessened its significance. If you shall regard it as fortunate, the peculiar phase, is inconsequential. Whatever may be said, tending to relieve the tension of feeling in all that is involved in the subsidy episode, or, in a more important sense, the probability of Roseburg being the terminus (not in expectancy, but in reality), the authority and permission for the saying comes from Mr. Frederick S. Samuel of the house of Spreckles & Co., who favored your humble servant with many interesting facts and deductions. You will find them strung along in a haphazzard way.

A few days ago he received a communication from Roseburg containing the first information of the terms submitted to the people. Mr. Graham is expected soon in the city, and discussion is deferred until that time. What seemed moderately inconceivable was, that Mr. Samuel was unfamiliar with the details of the proposed arrangement. However, for present purposes, it is quite immaterial, as he was interesting in a more important sense, in a direction that should revive the hope that Roseburg will have a road to the sea. The unfaltering belief of Mr. Samuel that it will, is no less contagious than exhilerating. Circumstances are changed; new facts are at hand. Earlier estimates of revenue did not include present sources.

The distance from Myrtle Point to Roseburg is, and always has been, by contemplated route 62½ miles, and the estimated cost of construction and equipment of the road $1,250,000. The distance from Marshfield to Myrtle Point is 27 miles, and the cost of construction $400,000. Until very recently it has not paid interest on the investment. If it could not take care of itself, it could take care of no part of the 62½ miles. From what source then could the 62½ take care of itself, and part of the 27? In seeking a solution the means were exhaustive. The resources of a scope of country lying between Grants Pass, Eugene and the sea were ascertained and formulated. From these premises deductions were drawn that revenue derived from all sources would be insufficient to pay operating expenses and interest. Estimate the fixed capital to be $1,650,000. Unless it could earn 5 per cent, or $82,500 annually it would not be a seductive proposition. At all events it was decided, sometime heretofore, that the traffic would not pay interest on the money; that rates in proportion to the necessities of the road could not, would not be paid. The aggregate of business was inadequate to justify the expenditure. How could the $50,000 from Roseburg have relieved the situation. Your preceptions fly at once to the conclusion that such a subsidy was never more than an incident; that the destinies of the road hung not upon it; that the delay in building has not resulted from uncertainty as to terminal point, or from any disinclination at Roseburg, to yield a subsidy. There is clear negation to an assortment of opinions that Roseburg was trembling in the balance; that the mighty purposes of a railroad company depended on a subsidy of $50,000!

Exactly when the cheerless view was taken by the company that it would be unprofitable and wasteful to build 62½ miles, is not material. It is with the new condition of things that you are to engage.

Midway between Marshfield and Myrtle Point lies a wonderful coal mine, as good in quality as it is stupendous. Better far than any at Coos bay. The demand for it here cannot be supplied. Before many days its supply will be increased 100 per cent., and from time to time in ratio to demand. The traffic charges on this coal are sufficient in conjunction with other revenue to make the road, as far as completed, self-sustaining and profitable. Eventually, as the output increases, this condition of things will relieve the Roseburg situation. And why? Well, sir, the immensity of the coal deposit not only justifies its possessors, but excites them naturally to extend the limits of its distribution, to extend facilities for transporting it. If it is brought to Roseburg and sold in vast quantities to the Southern Pacific company, and in lesser quantities in other directions, it must come by rail, it must come the 62½ miles. I beg to say that these are not speculations of mine. It is the direct belief of Mr. Samuel that such a day will come in due time. Perhaps you had better take comfort in letting your mental processes resolve that Roseburg will be blessed through the medium of a coal mine. Time may not be the essence of the contract, but the law is unalterable. Fancy the dwellers in the innermost temple of this railroad combination believing in the time to come when ships from afar will go to Coos bay for Umpqua valley wheat. Establish from whatsoever source a revenue for the 62½ miles, and with a stroke of the pen J. D. Spreckels & Co. can arrange preliminaries. Certainly it would be a whirligig in your experience if railroad companies moved in manners not mysterious. The subsidy may be insisted on, and if it is I beseech you to be not unmoved if it comes in unquestionable shape. You find something herein that negatives old opinions that the company has been bushwhacking with Roseburg. Something that explains the situation, something that relieves the situation. On the firm convictions of those in interest and authority that Roseburg will be invaded by the road you may build your confidences. Yours truly,

"Liverine.

"Liverine," manufactured by the Anchor S Chemical Co., the great Liver, Kidney and Constipation cure. An infallible remedy for all curable forms of diseases of those organs. The greatest knows remedy for Indigestion. Try it. For sale at M. F. Rapp's drug store, Roseburg, Oregon.

CHOLLY AND THE INCOME TAX.

The Idea Is Odious to the Dudes, and They Can't "Make Out" the Papers.

The income tax fellow has been around to see me.

I was out. So he left his card in the shape of a huge printed document as big as a copy of The Recorder.

It is covered with affidavits, and I have signed them all.

I believe I've sworn that I'm worth $4,000 a year; that I'm not; that I'm a charge on the county, and that I am as rich as Jack Astor.

It's the most muddled up paper I ever tried to read and understand.

I believe that I am what is called a person of ordinary intelligence, yet I can't make the thing out at all.

What show will the chappies have who don't come up to my high order of intellect?

There is some frightful penalty, "with boiling oil in it," provided for any one who distorts the truth in making his returns, but how to tell the truth is what bothers me.

The whole idea of an income tax is odious to us dudes.

It makes us begin to think how we live anyhow, when the whole joy of life is in not knowing anything about such things.

"I suppose I've got money," said Dottie Onativia yesterday, looking over his high collar at his varnished boots and smart clothes, "but I'll be hanged if I know how much. I will ask my man if he has any idea."

But "his man" didn't know and reminded Dottie that his wages for the last few months had not, etc.—Cholly Knickerbocker in New York Recorder.

Of Interest to All.

"During dangerous weather of this sort," said the old doctor, "the most careful personsare apt to catch a cold in their chests that will extend swiftly to the lungs if not attended to. It usually makes its presence known by a constricted sensation just under the breast bone, where the flesh is the thinnest. When a person experiences this feeling, he can rest assured that he can procure almost instant relief by drinking a cup of water as hot as he can bear to take in the mouth and to swallow. There is no better medicine in the world to arrest the progress of a cold than hot water, and, besides its effect upon the stomach and the system generally, it is beneficial in the highest degree. And in sore throat the remedy will be found almost a specific."—Washington Star.

Not as Grittyas a Hen.

William Godson of Albuquerque, N. M., has given up his attempt to sit in a chair perfectly quiet for 12 consecutive hours for seven days and loses a bet of $100. When he left the chair, he was pretty nigh played out. His limbs were swollen, and it was painful for him to move his arms and neck. His eyes were badly strained, and he presented a worn-out appearance. He sent word to his backer that he was more dead than alive. In fact, he is now under a doctor. He stood the test for five days, making 60 hours.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Indian's Suit For Loss of His Hair.

Hoit Soit, an Indain of the Umatilla reservation, had his hair cut off by the Indian court last week for drunkenness. He bore the same affliction 18 months ago, but since then it has been decided that Indians to whom lands were allotted in severalty are American citizens. Hoit Soit comes under this head, and so he brought suit against the Indian officer who cut his hair, claiming $200 damages. He won his case, but the defendant will appeal to the higher courts.—Seattle Post-Intelligencer.

Captain Sweeney, U. S. A., San Diego Cal., says: "Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy is the first medicine I have ever found that would do me any good." Price 50c.

Mr. L. O. Tinkham

8 Boils at Once

Afflicted me—in fact I think no one ever suffered more from impure blood. Every pimple or scratch would spread, sometimes making sores as large as a dollar. Four bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla have thoroughly purified my blood and my skin is smooth as an infant's. I never felt better. L. O. TINKHAM, Newhall, California.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Pills are prompt and efficient.

What I saved by dealing with G. W. KRUSE THE GROCER, 406 Jackson St., One door south P.O.

Choice Teas, Coffees, Tobaccos and Cigars. And every thing else in the Grocery line.

Highest Market Paid for Country Produce.

Give him a call and be convinced.

CALIFORNIA R CURE. A scientific preparation of Abietine Balsam for the cure of Catarrh, Cold in the head, Catarrhal Deafness and Sore Eyes. It renders fatal odors harmless. REMOVES BAD TASTE AND UNPLEASANT BREATH. 6 mos. TREATMENT $1.00. TRIAL JAR BY MAIL 50cts. SEND FOR PRIMER. ABIETINE MED. CO. OROVILLE, CAL.

Sold by A. C. Marters & Co.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE IS THE BEST. FIT FOR A KING.

$5. CORDOVAN, FRENCH & ENAMELLED CALF. $4. $3.50 FINE CALF & KANGAROO. $3.50 POLICE, 3 SOLES. $2.50 $2. WORKINGMEN'S EXTRA FINE. $2. $1.75 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES. LADIES $3. $2.50 $2. $1.75 BEST DONGOLA. SEND FOR CATALOGUE. W. L. DOUGLAS BROCKTON, MASS.

Over One Million People wear the W. L. Douglas $3 & $4 Shoes

All our shoes are equally satisfactory. They give the best value for the money. They equal custom shoes in style and fit. Their wearing qualities are unsurpassed. The prices are uniform,—stamped on sole. From $1 to $3 saved over other makes. If your dealer cannot supply you we can. Sold by dealers everywhere. Wanted, agent to take exclusive sale for this vicinity. Write at once.

CURE THAT COUGH WITH SHILOH'S CURE TAKE THE BEST. 25cts., 50cts. and $1.00 Bottle. One cent a dose.

It is sold on a guarantee by all druggists. It cures Incipient Consumption and is the best Cough and Croup Cure.

For sale by M. F. Rapp, Druggist.

Something New! To the Ladies of Roseburg: Buy one of the Beveridge Automatic Cookers, And Take Life Easy. Suited to Families, Boarding Houses, and Hotels. Housekeeping Made Easy. JAMES WEST, Gen'l Agent, At Hotel Van Houten. ROSEBURG.

We Employ Young Men to distribute our advertisements in part payment for a high grade Acme bicycle, which we send them on approval. No work done until the bicycle arrives and proves satisfactory.

Young Ladies employed on the same terms. If boys or girls apply they must be well recommended. Write for particulars.

ACME CYCLE COMPANY, ELKHART, IND.

CHURCHILL HOTEL OAKLAND, OR. KATIE CHURCHILL, Propr.

Board and Lodging per week $2.50.

Meals, 20 cents. Beds, 20 cents.

Give Me a Call.

Sheriff Sale.

Notice of Sale of Real Property for Delinquent Taxes for the Year 1893.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT BY VIRtue of a warrant duly issued out of and under the seal of the County Court of Douglas County, State of Oregon, on 16th day of May, 1895, and to me directed and delivered, commanding me to levy upon and make sale of the goods and chattels of the delinquent taxpayers named in the delinquent tax roll of said county for the year 1893 thereto attached, and if none be found then upon the real property as set forth and described in said delinquent tax roll for 1893, for said county, or so much as may be sufficient to satisfy the amount of delinquent taxes charged thereon for 1893, together with the costs and expenses of making such sale In pursuance thereof I have duly levied upon the following described real property in said county and state which said real property is owned, described and assessed as follows:

Beardsley, L. C. and wife, beg at a point 74 feet s from se corner of land conveyed by Aaron Rose and wife to Mrs. Stephens and now owned by Mary Lane, thence s 74 feet, thence w 148 feet, thence n 74 feet, thence s 148 feet to beg, also beg at se corner of tract of land conveyed by Aaron Rose and wife to Mrs. Stephens, now owned by Mary Lane, thence s 74 feet to ne corner of land conveyed by A Rose and wife to Ada Beardsley, thence w along said tract 148 feet, thence n 74 feet, thence e 148 feet to beg, t 27 s, r 6 w.....$62 15

And will on **Tuesday, the 2nd day of July, A. D. 1895,** between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 4 o'clock in the afternoon, to wit: At 1 o'clock in the afternoon sell at public auction at the Court House door in Roseburg, Douglas County, Oregon, to the highest bidder for cash in hand, all the above described real property, or so much thereof as will be necessary to satisfy the amount of the delinquent taxes charged therein for said Douglas County, Oregon, for 1893, and for the costs of this sale.

Dated at Roseburg, Oregon, this 27th day of May, 1894.

C. F. CATHCART, Sheriff and Tax Collector for Douglas County, Oregon.

CITATION.

IN THE COUNTY COURT OF THE STATE of Oregon, for Douglas County.

In the matter of the Estate of John Schramm, deceased.

To the heirs at law and the next of kin, of John Schramm, deceased, and to all persons known and unknown interested in said estate. Greeting:

In the name of the state of Oregon. You are hereby cited and required to appear in the County Court of the state of Oregon, for the County of Douglas, in the court room thereof, at Roseburg, in the County of Douglas, on Saturday, the 6th day of July, 1895, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to show cause if any there be, why an order of this Court should not be made authorizing and directing the administrator of said estate, to sell all of the real property belonging to said Estate, to wit:

The southwest quarter of Section 22, in Township 26 South, of Range 7 West, containing 160 acres, being situate in Douglas county, State of Oregon.

This citation is founded upon the verified petition, now on file in this court, of John Von Pessl, the administrator of said Estate.

Witness, the Hon. A. F. Stearns, Judge of the County Court, of the state of Oregon, for the County of Douglas, with the Seal of said Court affixed this 5th day of June, A. D., 1895.

Attest: F. W. BENSON, Clerk.

j6t7.

CITATION.

IN THE COUNTY COURT OF THE STATE OF Oregon, for Douglas County.

In the matter of the Estate of Highley Freeman, deceased.

To William L. Freeman, Ransome Freeman, James C. Freeman, John A. Freeman, Elizabeth Garrison, R. C. McCullough, William L. Freeman, Sarah C. Marklin, Ruth Skinner, Highley Wallace, Robena Freeman, Metta Freeman, Elizabeth Freeman, Iva A. Sherman, Eva A. Sherman, Elnora J. Sherman, Ella A. Sherman, Lessis E. Sherman, the heirs at law and next of kin, and all others interested. Greeting:

In the name of the State of Oregon: You are hereby cited and required to appear in the County Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Douglas, in the Court room thereof, at Roseburg, in the County of Douglas, on **Monday, the 1st Day of July, 1895,** at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to show cause, if any there be, why an order of this Court should not be made authorizing and directing the administrator of said estate to sell all the real property belonging to said estate and described as follows, to wit: The South half of the Donation Land Claim of John Freeman and Highly Freeman, his wife, being claim No. 49, in township 28 South, of Range 7 West, Willamette Meridian, in order to pay the costs and expenses of administration of said estate.

This citation is founded upon the petition of the administrator of said estate, said petition being now on file in this court.

Witness, the Hon. A. F. Stearns, Judge of the County Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Douglas, with the seal of said Court affixed this 22nd day of April A. D., 1895.

Attest: F. W. BENSON, Clerk.

a2t7

Sheriff Sale.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE STATE of Oregon, for the County of Douglas.

Caro Bros., Plaintiff, vs. John Grills and Maggie Grills, Defendants.

STATE OF OREGON, County of Douglas. } ss.

Whereas, at a regular term of the Circuit Court, State of Oregon, County of Douglas, on the 16th day of December, 1893, the plaintiffs above named recovered a judgment against the above named defendants, for the sum of $268.85 damages and costs, and in pursuance thereof I have levied upon the following described property, to wit:

Lot number 6 of section 21 and lot number 1 of section 22, and lot number 6 of section 27, and lot number 1 of section 28, township 21 south, of range 12 west, containing 53.10 acres, more or less, all in Douglas County, Oregon, together with the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in anywise appertaining.

Now, therefore, in the name of the State of Oregon, I will on Tuesday, the 30th day of July, 1895, at 1 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the court house door in Roseburg, Douglas County, Oregon, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash in hand, all the right, title and interest which the above named defendants, John Grills and Maggie Grills, or either of them had in or to the above described real property or the 16th day of December, 1893, the date of said judgment, or at any time thereafter, together with all the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in anywise appertaining, and will applythe proceeds arising therefrom: first, to the costs and disbursements of this sale; second to the payment of plaintiff's judgment of the sum of $268.85 damages and costs, and the overplus if any there be I will pay to the defendants herein or their legal representatives.

C. F. CATHCART, Sheriff Douglas County, Oregon.

j27td

Executor's Sale of Real Property

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE undersigned executor of the Estate of M. R. Shupe by virtue of a decree, issued out of the County Court of Douglas county, State of Oregon, will on and after Friday, July 5th, 1895, sell at private sale, the following described premises belonging to the Estate of M. R. Shupe, deceased, to wit:

E½ of D. C. of M. R. Shupe and lot 3, all in sec. 30; N½ NW¼, SE¼ NW¼, W½ NE¼, SE¼ NE¼, and N½ SE¼, Sec. 31; N½ SW¼ and SW¼ NW¼ (excepting 3.31 acres heretofore sold to E. G. Young) of Sec. 32, all in T. 24 S., R. 5 W., containing 647.47 acres.

Dated this 4th day of June, A. D., 1895.

JOHN H. SHUPE, Executor.

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Adminstratrix Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed Administratrix of the Estate of Ansel Weatherly, late of Douglas county, Oregon, deceased. All persons having claims against said Estate are hereby required to present the same to me at my residence at Elkton, Douglas county, Oregon, duly verified, within six months from the date of this notice. All persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment to me at said place.

Dated this 23rd day of May, 1895.

SARAH M. WEATHERLY, Aministratrix.
C. A. SEELBREDE, Attorney. m23t5

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed administrator of the estate of E. M. Bates, late of Douglas county, Oregon, deceased. All persons having claims against said estate are hereby required to present the same to me at my store in Canyonville, Douglas county, Oregon, duly verified, within six months from the date of this notice. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to me at said place.

Dated this 23d day of May, 1895.

THOS. WILSON, Administrator

m23t5

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed administrator of the estate of Nat Mitchell, late of Douglas county, Oregon, deceased. All persons having claims against said estate are hereby required to present the same to me at Canyonville, Douglas county, Oregon, duly verified, within six months from the date of this notice. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to me at said place.

Dated this 23d day of May, 1895.

J. A. MCCULLEY, Administrator.

m23t5

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern that I have appointed D. W. Stearns of Calapooia precinct Deputy Inspector of Stock for said precinct; postoffice address, Oakland; also A. J. Chapman of Wilbur, and Ralph Smith, at Roseburg, to act during my absence, and others will be added as parties inspected make their desire known to me.

Roseburg, May 4th, 1887. THOS. SMITH, Inspector of Stock for Douglas county, Or.