# Che Netu Aurthmest. 

OLUME X.-NO. 5.

A SIGNAL TRIUMPH:
adoption of a woman sefyrage resoletio BY Both brasches of the ore-
GON LEGISLATURE.

semate.
Promptly ar the appointed hour ( $\alpha$ o'clock $\mathbf{P}$. $\mathbf{M}$ the resolution for submitting the enfranchisement of women to the decision of the voters of the State.
In two minutes affer the calling of the roll, Mr. Fulton of Clatsop, who had introduced the resolu ion, moved that the discussion be postponed until Thursday at $\mathbf{7}: 30 \mathrm{P} . \mathrm{M}$. The motion prevailed, and
the Senate.proceeded to other business, thereby the Senate-proceeded to other business, thereby
disappointing a large gathering of women whe disappointing a large gathering of women whe
had assembled to learn their fate. But they were again out in augmented force on Thursday evenrowd of interested gentlemen friends, the leading minds of the State as well as the Capital.
that they had good reason to be greatly encouraged over the self-evident popularity of their Mr. Fulton opened the discussion in an able, oogical, comprehensive and unanswerable speech
of half an hour'r duration, confining his remarks princtpally to the section of the Constitution relaproving to every comprehensive thinker presen the constitutional taet that "all power is inheren in the people, and they trave the right at alt times
to alter, amend or abolish the government as they hall think proper;" and this being a part of the undamental law of the Federal as well as th State Constitution, it was clear that there was no to insert a clause of a, nature to contllet with the higher law nor with Article 1 of the Bill of Rights of the State Constitution, upon which every other section of the same is founded. He concluded
with a astirring appeat to the patriotismi and liberality of the Senators, arging them to prove by their acts that they were not afraic, to submit a
all times "to the people" the free use of that "in all times "to the people" the free use of that "in
herent power" which is the foundation of all governments. He believed the voters of Oregon wer ready to grant women the right of suffrage. They ought to have the right to the free ballot; it is in alienable; and the right of representation in the
Legislature is a right as inestimable to women as Legislature is a right as inestimable to wo
to men, and is formidable to tyrants only. At the close of Mr. Fulton's address, which wia listened to with profound attention by the vas and lobby, a Senator moved that Mrs, A. \& . Duniway be invited to present the views of the ladies upon the subject under discussion. The motion was unantmousty carried, and Mrs. D. was escorted by the Sergeant-at-Arms to the chair of the
President of the Senate, Mr. Hirsch, who introduced her with his usual gentlemanly and courte
Mrs. Duniway expressed her deep appreciation of the high honor the Senate, by its invitation, great class of otherwise unrepresented theugh tax paying citizens of this Commonwealth, "who," she said, "have commissioned me, as their humbl servant, to appear before you on their behaif, and
urge you to grant to the voters of Oregon the urge you to grant to the voters of Oregon the
privilege and power to deelde whether or not your privilege and power to deelde whether or not your
wives, your mothers, your sisters and your daughwives, your mothers, your sisters and your daugh-
ters shall be accorded the right to a voice in making the laws of a government which they are taxed to sustain, and to the statutes of which they are held amenable. We are not unmindful that acknowledged right, and I confess that I find it a rather difficult task to stand before you and by your consent make a complaint which you have me of opportunity to make at all. But, if you could read the letters I get from almost ever
quarter, and by almust every poit, written by
oomen who work at the loom, or the churnor the wash-board, or the cooking stove, and who, are taxed to sustain the government and uphol would not wonder that $I$, also a mother of men, have the courage to diseharge my duty on their ity. 'Courage,' these Spartan wives and mothern And, Mr. Preaident, Ifeel the inspiration of their prayers to-night. They bid-me to, come hefor
you as their standard-bearer and your friend, to and they will do you good and not evil all the day of your lives.; They are willing to truat the voice

## of the voters, if you will but grant them-thei husbands, fathers, brothers and sons-the power

 the same right to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness that you claim, for yourselves. I do notbelieve that the Senators will feel that they can afford to establish the dangerous precedent that would result-from the proposed decision that in
would not-be possible to submit another amendment to any part of the State Constitution while ment to any part of the state Constitution while
two or more amendments are pending. It was wisdom on the part of the framers of the Constituamendment could be offered by the legislature
before which such amendment, while-petiding. must go for ratification. The man who, in erossng a stream, used the handle of a scythe for a
bridge, but failed to see, till it was too late, that in so doing the blade, of the instrument must
wing round and cut off his head, was not ope whit more short-sighted than the Senator who vould be willing to so construe a single clause of noperative as a whole, or even in part. Mr.
President, I learnel, whille yet a little chitd, when attending sehool in a little log cabin in the heart of a frontier wilderness, to revere the immortal
words of Thomas Jefferson, 'All men are created alienable rights; ; that among these are lite, liberty derive their just powers from the consent of the overned; and that, whenever any form of govthe right of the people to alter or abolish it believe the inspiration of Liberty was born with
very wise woman's existence. Certain am I that Thas grown with-her grewth and-strengthened lectric thrills that stirred me in every sentien truggles of the revolutionary fathers and math
mature, when, as a chid, the heroic ers, who freely pledged and freely gave their lives, their fortunes and their sacred honor that ColumConstitution expressly provides that every citizen shall be guaranteed the equal protection of the
laws, And yet, Mr. President one-half of the people are taxed without representation and govrned withouf consent. This government is not a one-half of the people by the other half, instead. itizens enjoy a monopoly of the rights and immunities which are denied to the other half. It not necessary for me to insult the intelligence of
an august Senate like this to make the explana an august Senate like this to make the explanaion that the generic term men, as applied to the nalienable rights of the human family, includem
women. Meñ are always willing to admit this omen. Men are always willing to admit this
act when women's taxes are due, or wheh oman breaks a law that all persons of her se never yet lived who has said of a woman conjury, I represent' this woman. Punish men Women complain that they are rated in law with diots, insane persons, criminals and Chinamen. Time was when they had the negro for company at modern legisiation has reached out its han and lifted the colored citizen upon the high is a United States Marshal, a Senator or a Representative in Congress; a law-maker, before whose they proclaim the lesson taught by your govern-
ment-that taxation without representation is tyranny. We ask you, Mr. President, and gentle men of the Senate, to take the necessary steps to
submit-this resolution for amending the Constitu-submit-this resolution for amending the Constitu-
tion to the votes of the sons of women. We be, lieve that you will do your duty. The eyes of the world are upon you. Oregon has already written her name higher than that of any other State in
the Union in her recognition of equal righta for the mothers of men. Her legislation has been liberal because her sons have been free, Let the
grand picture of the Father of his Country beaim grand picture of the Father of his Country beain
upon you to-night with an inspiration of irresistiupon you to-night with an inspiration of irresisti-
ble power. You are making history. The same
spirit of liberty that presided over the destinies of
Wrother over the destinies of the people of Oregon to-day young and growing Commonwealth yet higheraye, the highest of all in the mighty constellation
of the United states of America, It is in your power to "place the honor upon the brow of Oregon that alone can acerue to the State which shall take the teant of the mothers of men. The blue air of the hoary mountains has answered beck to the of the cid atmosphere of the billowy ocean, and filled the men and women of this grand young State with people have inhaled the spirit of liberty with people have inhaled the spirit of liberty with
their very breath. Let them give Oregon an op-
-
portunity to lead the van in the great galaxy
States that will surely fall into line when yo shall bave set the grand example, and your descendants shall see her shine in the history of the
venturies to come with a luster that shall dim the lory of a Massachusetts, a North Carolina or an
Old Virginia. Mr. President, I know that this is not the time or place for discussing the pros and cons of this woman movement. These will be
considered in their proper place before the people considered in their proper place before the people
after the action of this Honorable Body, for which ve now pray, shall have made it possible for them
o give or withhold their votes upon it. ing you, gentlemen of the Senate, for the high
honor you have conferred upon me in the name onnor you have conferred upon mef in the name
of womanhood, in listening thus profoundly to my eeble utterances, I rest our case in your hands."
The President did not attempt to check the hearty applause that followed Mrs, Duniway's
aldiress. When it died away, a strange silence athiress. When it died away, a strange sitence
fell upon the assembled multitude and continued
for fully half a minute. It was finally broken by or fully haif a minute.
voice from the lobby.
Nay, Mr. President!', it
tones, "is this a free fight
This brought
the Right Hon.
he Kon. J. D. Lee, who stated that if the political grounds, he had no objection to make that politically woman should be entitled to all
the rights that belong to man; but that there is another side to the question; that the spheres of
the sexes are not the same; that this change the sexes are not the same; that this change that it would cause woman to forget the high du-
ties of maternity, and impose her duties upon man; that woman should be the wife and mother, posed to ohanging these relations of the sexes. "It has been argued," he said, "that women are
rated with Chinamen. I object to that. My wife rated with Chinamen. Iobject to that. My wife
is better than a Chinaman. I have no patience with any man who says his wife makes half the the high regard men have for them if they should
vote. No, Mr. President, we wift not atlow them o vote. We prefer them as they are. We want them to teaeh theif growing sons how to vote. The Right Honorable Benator took his seat roughis in the lobby, which the President promptly The next
The next speaker was Senator Humphrey, from Linn, who said: "Mr. President, I have been
thinking that, if it were really true that no amendment to any other part of the Constitution coutd be submitted to the people while an amend
nent upon one part was pending, it woutd take nent upon one part was pending, it woutd take
one hundred and six yeary for a suffering people to amend the entire instrument. This, to my mind, is proof enough that Kenators who clain
that we cannot at this time amend the Constitu ion are laboring under a mistake. I am in favor of granting the right of suffrage to the women of
Oregon. They have earned it and are entilled to wife is better than a Chinaman. I cordially agree with him in that. She is not only better than Chinaman, but she is better than he is, He say them how to vote. This they do already; and they have been at work at it for the past hundred years. And it is folly to say that a woman wh
is capable of instructing and influencing voters not fit to vote herself. Many of them are mueh wiser than we are, Mr. President; and all of chem have the same physical and mental necessi hes that we possens, and the same inherent, in allenable right to liberty and the purxuit of happl
ness. Women are not complaining about natural aws. So far as I know, no woman who wants the aliot wishes to be a man; and, even should they Polk needn't be afraid of the consequences, for there is a higher law than man can make or woman can break that nettles that question. The Senator isn't very good-looking, and it is. Ju possible that he may not get the votes of women
to return him to pffice; but $I$ have no fear on that ecore. I shall vote for the resolution," *q
Mr. Hames, Senator rom Baker, next rpoke In Mr. President the Farl of Airlte, from the kin om of Great Britain,- is making Өregon ix visti You are aware that a vast amount of Seotch capltal is being, invested among us, and that many of our greatest enterprises for transportation are in he hands of England's subjects. There is now project in progreks for cutting a canal through the pally by English capital. And it does neem to me that if Queen Victoria can manage, with unpar alleled success, the greatest finaneial schemes of he world, and prestie with becoming wisdom and proper dignity over the kingdom that controls a
Gladetone or a Beaconsfield, the women ot Oregon
ought to be allowed to vote. Sir, the day is not
far distant. when a woman-- probabby the ar distant, when a woman-probably the lady
who has addressed us to-night-will occupy your Who has addressed us to-night-will occupy your
seat as President of this Senate Chamber. And why not? May not a woman of Oregon oceupy a
chair like that if Queen Victoria can occupy a throne? We shall be spared the disgracefulscenes that mar the good name of the Federal Congress
when women take their proper place as co-workers when women take their proper place as co-workers
with men in making laws. I shall vote for the

## Mr. Starkweather, Renator from Clackamas, ex

 amended at this the Constitution could not be too much like a rehash of the Dred Scott decision to carry weight, and was a disappointment to hisfriends, who expected something better from so Mr. Bilyeu, of Linn, was the next speaker. He said the provision in the Constitution to pre-
vent multiplying amendmenta to pending amendments had no reference to any other amendments than such as might alrealy be pending. The sec-
tion did not limit the number of proposed amendmending the word said if two or. more" should be hisemen of woma. He was ready tosubmit the question to the people. He believed they were
ready for it. He was sure it would carry, and he people's decision before the Supreme Court if any-
body should attempt to contest it. 'The Senator's opech throughout evinced a clear understanding of logic, law and ethics, and created a profoundly
favorable impression upon the silently thoughtfut Mr. Siglin, of Curry, sain he was willug to sub mit the question to a vote of the people, but that he did not know how he should vote if it were sulb-
did mitted. He thought "women have more rights pay, and always win their cases in the courts Women are cruel to each other. Men are women's
friends, ${ }^{\prime}$ 'etc., etc. He continued in this stratn for half an hour, and it was a pity to see so sensible a man on some subjects so willing to be silty on thin When Mr. Siglin took his seat, Mr. Ross, of
Jackson, moved the previous question; lost. A motion to adjoarn was carried. The question was again taken up at the opening
esanion on the sth inst. Mr. Ross again moved The previous question; carried.
The resolution was then adopted by the following vote:
Ayes-A
Ayes-Apperwon, Bilyeu, Burch, Colvig, Fulton, Grim, Haines, Humphrey, Knight, MeConnell Waldo, Waters, Woodward, Wright, Mr. Presi-Noes-Clow, Cochran, Davidson, Gates, Henricks, Iee, Pennington, Simon, Sifers-s. Hen-

Last (Wednesday) evening the House met at :30 o'elock.
The House was the that the spectal order before current Remolution 13, for the submisaion of a pontitutional ameniment allowigg the right of suffrage to citizens irrespective of sex Senate Joint Resolution 2, being Identical with
House Concurrent Resolution 13, was substituted
therefor. A. S. Duntway, on motion of Lawrence,
was invited to address the House. She briefly was invited to address the House. She briefly her friends, and believing that the Houve was not afraid to trust the voice of the people on thin measure, she would make no argument, deeming
The question was then discussed in an animated and spirited manner and at great length, nearly When the questiong part.
When the question was ordered, Mr. Lawrence
moved to call the House to orler moved to call the
member on record

## The Sergeant-at

was ordered to close the A mottonto in in the absen' ees.
A further call of the House was dispensed with, to 25; sabent, 7
The resolution was then announced by the Speaker as concurred in , but is disputed on the claim that it requires a majority of all the mem-
bers to pass the resolution.

The latest in regard to Hancock as the "hero of Gettysburg," is that General Howard soleeted the battiefield, located the positions of troops and
placed the batteries of artillery. He should be given the credit for the result. Neither Hancoek nor Slocum arrived till late is the afternoonafter nor locum arrived till late
the preparations were made.

