

BECOMING A MOTHER

Is an ordeal which all women approach with indescribable fear, for nothing compares with the pain and horror of child-birth. The thought of the suffering and danger in store for her, robs the expectant mother of all pleasant anticipations of the coming event, and casts over her a shadow of gloom which cannot be shaken off. Thousands of women have found that the use of **Mother's Friend** during pregnancy robs confinement of all pain and danger, and insures safety to life of mother and child. This scientific liniment is a god-send to all women at the time of their most critical trial. Not only does **Mother's Friend** carry women safely through the perils of child-birth, but its use gently prepares the system for the coming event, prevents "morning sickness," and other discomforts of this period. Sold by all druggists at \$1.00 per bottle. Book containing valuable information free. The Bradford Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

MOTHER'S FRIEND



FRIDAY, MARCH 4, 1904.

To the hour of his death, however, Senator Hanna executed as altogether wrong and revolutionary, the plan of Henry George to clear the way for industrial peace by the abolition of land monopoly. He did not see the relation of the land question to the labor problem. The owners of the bare land in New York City take nearly \$200,000,000 a year in ground rent. Capital and labor quarrel over what is left. Those \$200,000,000 represent social values which are appropriated by individuals—Herbert S. Bigelow.

No matter how much the politicians groom Grover Cleveland, they cannot make him look to the people like a winner.

The first actual Hearst gun has been fired. The 19th district congressional convention, of Ohio, has endorsed his candidacy and recommended his nomination.

Umatilla county stands third in wealth in the state of Oregon. It should stand second in point of energetic advertising at St. Louis, Multnomah alone, being able to surpass her in that.

There are dozens of prosperous, enterprising business men in Pendleton who do not belong to the Commercial Association. Alone you can accomplish nothing, gentlemen. United and organized there is no reasonable task for the improvement of Pendleton that you cannot accomplish. Get inside.

State Superintendent J. H. Ackerman, on his last visit here, recommended that the public school follow the course of study prescribed by the state, especially as to the musical and literary programs and President Campbell, of the state university, laid particular stress on debating and oratory as helps and necessary adjuncts to a high school education. Professor Conklin has high authority for following his popular methods of teaching.

La Grande is going to vote to build a city hall for the use of the people in conducting the city government. She evidently believes that it is poor judgment to rent a public utility from a private owner. Yet if some one would suggest that La Grande buy and operate an electric light and power plant, for the use of the people, several hundred hands would be held up in horror at such a near approach to socialistic principles. Yet renting a building from a private owner for the use of the city is no more injudicious than for the people to rent electric light from a private owner, who is doing business on a franchise owned solely and exclusively by the public. Where is the difference?

Paul Krueger, president of the Boer republic, a broken-hearted, broken-spirited exile from his native land, is now dying at Mentone, France. This old patriot was born on the outskirts of African civilization, spent his life in redeeming a wilderness to usefulness and in old age is stripped of home, possessions, honor, friends and neighbors. He is banished from the land he rescued from barbarism. He is driven into exile among strangers. His countrymen fill early graves on a hundred battlefields. The civilization they wrought has been taken over and is now being enjoyed by others. The Boer race is dispersed and its fragments are seeking new homes among strangers in every quarter of the globe. The thinking man must ask himself why this calamity visited upon the Boers? Why was this peaceful people not permitted to enjoy a land they redeemed from barbarism, in their own peculiar way? There is but one answer to these questions. The Boers stood in the pathway of British greed. That's the only answer.

President Roosevelt yesterday made one of the most dangerous orders effecting the forest reserve policy of the government that he has issued since he became president. This order requires the secretary of the interior to consult with members of congress as to the location of forest reservations, before ordering a withdrawal of timber land in any state. Heretofore the interior department has made these withdrawals independent of any congress man or senator and has kept the location a secret from the officials to prevent the location of lieu lands in the intended reservations. This order of the president opens the door to the most gigantic lieu land steal

THE PRESIDENT'S SALARY.

Not content with aggrandizing the robber trusts and impoverishing the masses by unjust laws, not content with paying out to the rich corporations four prices for handling the United States mail, willing to appropriate the people's money on any flimsy pretense which will strengthen the party of the trusts, President Roosevelt's friends are now asking that the presidential salary be made \$75,000 per year, to make that position a prize among millionaires.

These same plutocratic congressmen have denied the people of the West the benefits to be derived from harbor and river improvement. They have decided that no appropriation for that purpose was necessary at this session of congress. They have refused to advance the settlement of the West and relieve the distress of the people by opening up the inland waterways and improving the many sheltering harbors which would furnish outlets to commerce and build up flourishing cities.

These are valueless items in the minds of the trust builders. The people can worry along some how. The rivers can remain closed and the harbors remain unimproved. The commerce cities can rent any old tumble-down shack available for a postoffice and get along without government aid, although the money of the people is lying idle in the treasury.

But the president's salary must be doubled to make this smack more and more of the king's office. It is not enough for a plain American citizen to serve his country sensibly, unostentatiously and in a dignified manner, commanding the respect of all nations on \$50,000 per year or \$200,000 per term.

This office must be made more aristocratic by expending \$300,000 per term of the people's money upon it. It must be made a prize for a millionaire, and the next step after doubling the president's salary will be to provide a purple robe for him and from that to a crown is but one short step.

Mr. Roosevelt's friends have cried economy. They have pinched on appropriations needed by the country, yet they don't hesitate to provide a princely salary for this "modest," aristocratic, gallery playing politician to enjoy for another term.

The plain people should cry this hypocrisy down. The sensible demagogue spirit of the masses should rebuke this flagrant attempt to imitate the extravagance of a kingdom in this land of common sense.

It is impossible now for a man of modest means to occupy the president's chair, or even a seat in congress, because of the empty social curses and conventional functions which must be carried and upheld in official life. Do the people wish to add to this un-American condition? Do they want to pay \$300,000 per term for a president that the official may imitate in a more disgusting manner the senseless bigotry and pageantry of kingscraft?

That's what this attempt means. Doubling the salary won't double the brains of the president. Keep that office within reach of the common man. Don't make it a prize among a chosen few, whose interest lies farthest from the people.

All of Mr. Roosevelt's false cry for economy falls flat. He can deceive the people no longer by making a mock fight on the trusts. He has opened the way for a plain, unassuming man of the people to win the presidential chair, on a platform which promises to banish the extravagance and cheap imitation of kingscraft from the White House.

Thirty-one years ago today, on March 3, 1873, the salary grant bill was hurriedly passed at the close of the session of congress and the president's salary raised from \$25,000 to \$50,000 a year. Let common, democratic simplicity draw the line here.

Dispatches from Wyoming indicate that the cattle and sheepmen of that state have combined in opposition to the proposed repeal of the timber and stone act, the desert land act and the commutation clause of the homestead act.

One dispatch states a summary of the views of the convention: "Absolute opposition to the repeal of the land laws, strong feeling that the scope of the laws should be enlarged and desire that the government cede all lands but agricultural (irrigable) lands to the state in order that the range may be leased to stockmen."

Here crops out the original Wyoming effort to secure statehood, a policy of turning over the government lands to the state legislatures so that the state legislatures can turn them over to the stockmen.

The history of the various state grants from the government, such as Nevada's two million acre grant, California's great swamp land grant, and many others, is surrounded with too much fraud and flagrant public dishonesty to admit of congress for a moment considering such a course as is suggested by the Wyoming stock interests.—Maxwell's Tallyman.

A WESTERN PRODUCT.

The Overland Monthly for March comes to the reviewer's desk as a breezy, bright and interesting publication. It is a virility and a usefulness, a strength and a sense in its pages that is not to be found in many of the best magazines of the East. It is up-to-date, and it is full of beautiful frontispiece illustrations to its editorials the interest never wanes.

California to the core, and yet it has not any of the tiresome twaddle about the largest beet or the finest orange. It does not preach that California is superior to any and every other state, but it sets forth the claims of its state in such a way that the reader always comes to a favorable conclusion regarding the land of sunshine and flowers. In the March issue we have been given a number of articles that are purely Californian.

"Fish of the Western Sea" is a splendidly written article on the edible fish of the Pacific coast. The author, Joseph Iraak Walton, unfolds pleasure.

The next Californian article is one that appeals to the lover of nature, such as the snow-capped peaks and leafy bowers, "The Old Valley" (pronounced O high), will be read with pleasure by all intending visitors to California, and it should be a source of pride to the citizens of Ventura in that state, as it is a description of an attractive spot in the county of that name.

"The Farming" appeals to the practical farmer, and relates to the reclamation of the great swamp areas of the state of California. It is written by a practical farmer and is such a source of interest to the Eastern agriculturist, to whom the article will be a revelation of the methods employed.

Mexico comes in for an article on "Housekeeping in Mexico," and the article on the Mexican servants are described by an American housekeeper in the land of perpetual manyana.

There are a number of pages devoted to the Oriental question, and the section of the March Overland would be very hard to surpass.

OPEN TO AMERICAN YACHTS.

Berlin, Feb. 29.—Some time ago it was stated that there was some question as to whether Emperor Wilhelm would again offer a cup for a nearly 2,000 feet alarm, turned on. All doubt, however, has been put at rest by the official notification this week that the trophy would be again offered, and with other prizes to be given to the winner it will be completed next June.

Instead of the qualification being very much restricted, as in past years the emperor has intimated that the race will be open to all yachts belonging to recognized yacht clubs. As this will include American boats the competition is likely to be of the keenest possible character, and will possess unusual interest for yachtsmen generally.

COMING EVENTS.

April 15—Democratic state convention, Portland.
April 14—Republican state convention, Portland.
April 16—Meeting of Oregon Cattlegrowers' Association, Portland.
June 15, 16, 17—Oregon encampment G. A. R., Hood River.

LAND LAW GRANTS.

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GENERAL NEWS.

Cotton mills valued at \$125,000, burned at Utica, N. Y., February 29. There is great suffering among Manitoba Indians from lack of food, and smallpox.

Charles F. Dick, of Akron, O., was elected to the United States senate to succeed Hanna.

The naval appropriation bill just passed provides for a naval training station on the Great Lakes.

Young Corbett and Jimmy Britt will fight in San Francisco the latter part of the present month.

Theodore Schraener, aged 19, of Wood Haven, L. I., shot and killed his father, who knocked his mother down.

W. W. Wheatley, of New York City, has gone to Mexico City to manage the trolley lines of that place.

A large part of the suburbs of Chicago are flooded with rain and melting snow, and much damage has resulted.

One hundred and fifty thousand barrels of cement will be used in the Tonto basin dam, Salt River, Arizona.

Jim Jeffries and Jack Munroe have signed articles agreeing to fight during May in San Francisco, for a purse of \$25,000.

Samuel Emrick, a Denver police man, has been indicted on the charge of murdering William E. Malone, whom he shot to death.

General Zapata, of the rebel forces in San Domingo, has been captured and shot. Politically and industrially, the island is in chaos.

The Santa Fe railway will build from San Francisco to Enrica, through the preliminary survey to completion the road will cost \$12,000,000.

The defense in the Smoot investigation at Washington are objecting to the testimony of the introduction of "relevant" testimony.

The Chicago Great Western railway has announced a cut in grain rates of 2 cents per hundred pounds from Missouri river points to Chicago.

Seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars has been subscribed in Chicago for a music hall, which is to be made the home of a permanent orchestra.

The headquarters of the order of Eagles is to be moved from Seattle to Kansas City, the great growth of the order making a more central location necessary.

Joseph Solis, editor of the Maritime, Wis. Leader, was found dead in bed from heart failure. He was one of the best known country editors of his state.

Non-union men, under the protection of the mounted police, are being substituted for the men on strike who are engaged in landscape work at the World's Fair.

Horace Aills wrecked the First National Bank of Little Rock, Ark., and set up the claim that she was a society leader, could not stand the disgrace and suicided.

In Argentina 12,000 railroad employees—practically all there are in that country—are on strike, demanding a horizontal increase in pay of 10 pesos per month for everybody.

Corporations capitalized at \$52,700,000 were organized in the Eastern States during February. This amount represents only those companies with a capital of \$1,000,000 or more.

The Canadian government will guarantee the bonds of the Grand Trunk Pacific railway, a newly projected trans-continental line, to the amount of 75 per cent of the cost of construction on mountain sections.

The Canadian government is fixing up a scheme of military organization which calls for a regular army of 50,000 men, a "first line of defense" of 100,000 men, and a "second line of defense" of 100,000 men.

It is stated upon unimpeachable authority that President Roosevelt favors the admission of New Mexico and Arizona as one state, and the fight for separate statehood has been abandoned by the republicans in congress who favor it.

A merger has been effected in California of the Gas and Electric Corporation, the Standard Electric Company and the United States Gas and Electric Company. The new organization controls all the gas and electrical supply of 20 counties.

NORTHWEST NEWS.

The league of basket ball teams in the western part of the state has been disbanded.

The British steamer Inverness will leave Portland in a short time with 1,500,000 feet of lumber and 2,500 tons of oats.

The Polk County Mohair Association recently elected officers. S. W. McEwen is president and H. L. Fenton secretary.

The extension of the Columbia Southern into Willow creek basin, has resulted in a great boom for the town of Soldiers' Home.

Capitalists are figuring on putting in an enormous electric power plant at Cazadero, on the Clackamas river, 43 miles from Portland.

L. W. Poole, for many years a resident of Astoria, died February 28, in the Soldiers' Home at Santa Monica, Calif., aged 71 years.

The winter fishing season on the lower Columbia has been a failure. The closed season began March 1 and continued until April 15.

An exposed wire in the Park hotel at Butte, February 29, caused a fire which destroyed property valued at \$100,000, with \$60,000 insurance.

GENERAL NEWS.

The funding bonds of Salem, amounting to \$50,000, were all taken by subscription within eight hours after the subscription books were opened, March 2.

L. N. Blowers, of Hood River, has been appointed deputy United States marshal for the judicial district of the Willard House saloon hold-up office.

Wisconsin capitalists will build a sawmill on the Portsmouth water front Portland, with capacity of 600,000 feet per day, in which 500 men will be employed.

J. B. Allison, a young mulatto, was February 29 sentenced at Seattle to 20 years in the penitentiary for participating in the Willard House saloon hold-up at Seattle.

Hon. O. W. Stewart, chairman of the national prohibition party, has had very successful meetings in Oregon so far. He will remain until after the June election.

The Clerks' Union of Portland, has organized a fight for a 6 o'clock closing every day except Saturday, and for the Sunday closing of all dry goods and grocery houses.

Arthur Stump, employed by the Bridal Veil Lumber Company, was killed February 25 by having a log cut off close to his body by a logging engine followed by a truck of logs.

John McNaire and Fred Sara were injured in the East Gray Rock, Montana mine accident of February 14, in which four men were killed. The two survivors have brought suit for \$50,000 damages.

One hundred and seventy-two thousand dollars have been appropriated by the present congress for the Chemawa Indian school. Of that amount \$15,000 is to be expended on an assembly hall.

In Montana the republican state convention to elect delegates to the national convention, will be held in Helena April 12, to nominate a state ticket will be held at Billings some time in September.

The four children, the eldest 12 years old, of Ed Curtis, of Kalama, Wash., were painfully burned March 2, by the explosion of powder with which they were playing around a redhot stove. All will recover.

William Emmons, a middle-aged man with a wooden leg, February 29 slashed Frank Fitzpatrick with a knife for calling him "peckleg." Fitzpatrick was painfully, but not dangerously hurt. Emmons is on trial at Seattle.

Wronged Man Wins.

When Mrs. William Baker skipped with her paramour, Walker, she took along \$500, which she checked out of the First National Bank. Baker through his attorney, C. A. Johns, subsequently made a demand for the money, which was refused. Suit was then instituted in the circuit court, and came up for trial before Judge Eakin and a jury last Saturday.

The defense set up the claim that she was Baker's authorized agent, and had been given the right by him to check against his bank accounts. Evidence to that effect was introduced. It was controverted by the plaintiff in so far as this particular deposit was concerned. The jury evidently took the plaintiff's view of the contention, for at shortly before midnight on Saturday, they returned a verdict in his favor.

The case will probably be appealed.—Sumpter Reporter.

ALWAYS TIRED NEVER RESTED



To be tired out from hard work or bodily exercise is natural and rest is the remedy, but there is an exhaustion without physical exertion and a tired, never-rested feeling—a weariness without work that is unnatural and shows some serious disorder is threatening the health. One of the chief causes of this "Always-tired, never-rested condition" is impure blood and had circulation. Unless the body is nourished with rich, pure blood there is lack of nervous force, the muscles become weak, the digestion impaired, and general disorder occurs throughout the system.

For over four years I suffered with general debility, causing a thorough breaking down of my system. My doctor, who had been benefited by S. S. S., told me that "Always-tired, never-rested condition" is impure blood and had circulation. Unless the body is nourished with rich, pure blood there is lack of nervous force, the muscles become weak, the digestion impaired, and general disorder occurs throughout the system.

DEBILITY, INSOMNIA, NERVOUSNESS, INDIGESTION, DYSPEPSIA, LOSS OF APPETITE, STRENGTH AND ENERGY, AND THE HUNDREDS OF LITTLE ailments we often have are due directly to a bad condition of the blood and circulation, and the quickest way to get rid of them is by purifying and building up the blood, and for this purpose no remedy equals S. S. S., which contains the best ingredients for cleansing the blood and toning up the system. It is a vegetable blood purifier and tonic combined, that enriches the blood, and through it the entire system is nourished and refreshing sleep comes to the tired, never-rested, body.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

THE ST. JOE STORE

UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT OPEN TO THE PUBLIC COMMENCING MARCH 2. ALL GOODS MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES.

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DAIRY SUPPLIES

Which are strictly up to date make the most prosperous dairymen. Write for our new catalogue describing Twentieth Century Dairymen, and our unequalled stock of Dairy Apparatus and Supplies. Reasonable prices consistent with great quality.

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MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDEN"

Dr. J. C. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. This medicine restores the vitality of the system, and is the only one that does so. It is the only one that does so. It is the only one that does so.

FINAL NOTICE

OWING TO THE DISSATISFACTION OF THE CREDITORS WHO, ANXIOUS TO WIND UP THE ACCOUNTS WITH THE TRUSTEE IN CHARGE OF THE STOCK OF

Men's and Boys' Clothing, Shoes and Furnishing Goods at the Trustee Sale Store, 217 Court Street, next door to Frazer's Opera House

THE TRUSTEE HAS BEEN INSTRUCTED THROUGH THE NEW YORK APPAREL CO. IN BEHALF OF THE CREDITORS, TO DISPOSE OF THE ENTIRE STOCK OF HAND AT WHAT PRICES THEY WILL BRING. THIS FACT, TOGETHER WITH THE FACT THAT THE TRUSTEE MUST VACATE THE STORE ROOM, THESE GOODS ARE NOW IN, MAKES IT NECESSARY TO OFFER TO THE PUBLIC THE ENTIRE STOCK OF CLOTHING, FURNISHING GOODS, HATS AND SHOES IN THEIR POSSESSION IN THE ABOVE-NAMED STORE ROOM, AT SUCH PRICES NEVER HEARD OF BEFORE—ALL PREVIOUS PRICES CUT IN THREE PARTS.

\$3.00 FOR \$1.00

SALE COMMENCES Saturday, March 5, at 8:30 a.m. sharp

Note the following prices:

| | | | |
|---|--------|--------------------------------------|--------|
| Men's 25c Suspenders | 5c | Men's \$10.00 Suits | \$3.95 |
| Men's 15c 4-lyl Linen Collars | 2c | Men's \$12.00 wool cheviot Suits | \$5.35 |
| Men's 50c silk Ties | 7c | Men's \$15.00 all wool Suits | \$6.85 |
| Boys' 50c wool Caps | 10c | Men's \$20.00 all wool Suits | \$7.45 |
| Men's 75c flannel working shirts | 30c | Men's \$25.00 all wool Suits | \$9.85 |
| Boys' 75c Sweaters | 25c | Boys' \$10.00 long pants Suit | \$3.85 |
| Men's 25c celluloid Collars and Cuffs | 5c | Boys' \$12.00 long pants Suit | \$4.15 |
| Boys' 75c Over-shirts | 35c | Boys' \$15.00 long pants Suit | \$5.85 |
| Men's \$1.00 dress Shirts, collars and cuffs attached | 33c | Men's \$18.00 Overcoats | \$5.75 |
| Men's \$1.50 all wool Underwear | 60c | Men's \$20.00 Overcoats | \$7.95 |
| Men's \$3.00 all wool sweaters | \$1.00 | Men's \$25.00 Overcoats | \$9.45 |
| Men's \$2.50 dress Shoes | \$1.10 | Children's \$5.00 Suits | \$1.15 |
| Men's \$3.50 calf dress Shoes | \$1.85 | Children's \$4.00 Suits | \$1.95 |
| Men's \$5.00 kid and box calf Shoes | \$2.45 | Children's \$5.00 Suits | \$2.35 |
| Men's \$2.50 all wool Underwear | \$1.05 | Boys' \$5.00 Overcoats, ages 5 to 10 | \$1.95 |
| Men's \$3.00 Hats | \$1.25 | | |
| Men's \$3.50 Hats | \$1.65 | | |
| Men's \$1.50 worsted Pants | 70c | | |
| Men's \$1.75 wool Pants | 85c | | |
| Men's \$2.50 all wool Pants | \$1.35 | | |
| Men's \$4.50 all wool dress Pants | \$2.35 | | |
| Men's \$3.00 all wool flannel Shirts | \$1.00 | | |
| Men's \$1.00 heavy felt Cap | 25c | | |
| Ladies' 75c ribbed Underwear | 20c | | |

REMEMBER THIS IS YOUR LAST OPPORTUNITY TO BUY FIRST-CLASS GOODS AT PRICES NEVER HEARD OF BEFORE. HUNDREDS OF OTHER ARTICLES NOT HEREIN MENTIONED, WHICH IS AMONG THIS STOCK THAT WILL BE SOLD IN THE SAME PROPORTION OF CUT PRICES, FULLY 33 1/3 PER CENT. BELOW MANUFACTURER'S COST.

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