The East Oregonian.

SATURDAY .....DEC. 18, 1880

J. H. TURNER. L. B. COX.

—PUBLISHED BY—

TURNER & COX.

L. B. COX, Editor.

TERMS IN ADVANCE

ONE YEAR $3

Shall Woman Vote?

In accordance with our promise of last week, we shall endeavor to make a reply to what we presume are supposed to be arguments in favor of woman suffrage. But in so doing we must confess that after patiently and attentively listening to what Mrs Duniway denominated reasons for the innovation, we are, either through our stupidity or her unintelligibility, very much in the same situation as before the visitation was inflicted upon us. We took in what she said, but failed to see any reason, sense, or logic in her harangues.

In discussing this question we would not be understood as opposing generally all measures classed in the common category of "woman's rights." Many of the provisions of that doctrine meet with our hearty approval and support; the right of suffrage and the right to hold office on the part of females do not. We believe in laws, for example, making provision for the separate property of married women, and would advocate their extension to the fullest legitimate limit; at the same time we believe in a corresponding degree of responsibility. Such measures are natural, just and right. Then, too, we would not be understood as detracting one jot or one tittle from the high position, as we consider, held by the fair women of our land to-day—much above the standing of men. It is this we would preserve for them in opposition to those who would degrade them. We shall this week answer as best we may the question above, and in our next issue we shall advert to its natural and certain concomitant "Shall Woman Hold Office?"

In discussing this question and in replying to arguments adduced in it support we shall have to look at facts in the light of history and to the probable and natural consequences which would result from its allowance. We do not admit for an instant the Utopian theory that woman, when introduced into politics as a factor, would retain her purity of character and thus "leven the whole lump." Such an idea, we say, in the light of past history and in the light of natural and probable consequences is the sheerest nonsense. We assert without fear of contradiction that, taken as a class, politicians are bad men—very much worse than they would be if we could imagine the theoretical idea of man's disconnection with politics or government. We assert further that, as a class, the best of our men take no active part in politics and vote as a duty rather than a privilege, many of them. That such is the case we believe to be a fact, but a deplorable one. That such was not the hope or belief of the founders of our government we think is true; and that the longer men are entrusted with political power the more corrupt they become, we believe, is fully substantiated by past history. This being the situation to-day as regards the men of our country, and we understood Mrs. Duniway to virtually concede the proposition, why should woman be *dragged in* (and we think we use the term advisedly), and what would be the result?

We acknowledge that woman has her influence and that it is greater than that of man, and this is a fact we should thank God for. Exerted for good, as we believe it now is, generally speaking, it is the greatest boon ever conferred upon the human race; exerted for evil, as we believe it would be in too many instances in the political arena, it would prove the greatest curse. Woman's influence is immeasurable and history furnishes many instances of it exerted both for good and evil, but the question arises, "how shall she best exercise it?" We reply promptly and decidly, at home in rearing sons to serve their country, as a mother should rear them, rather than leaving their little ones to shift for themselves while she is abroad conducting a political scheme in contravention of the dispensations of the Creator and the laws of nature. Take the case of the mother of Coriolanus, that renegade Roman who was marching with victorious arms to conquer his native city. His enemies all vanquished, the priests and ambassadors sent away without a hearing; Rome lay at his mercy; as a last resort his mother went too entreat him to spare her country. Was the memorable answer "Mother, thou hast saved Rome but lost thy son," prompted by respect for an amphibious politician, half woman and half man, or by love for that tender mother who had given him life and cherished in him the qualities that made him great? When the mother of the Gracchi, that proud matron Cornelia, presented her jewels, the noble champions of the people's cause, she exercised an influence upon the political destinies of Rome far greater and in a much more effective manner than if she had been tearing around making stump speeches while her children were growing up in idleness, perhaps, and need. Or in our own history look at the mother of our great Washington, to whose devotion and training he attributed his all. On the other hand look at Cleopatra; with her syren charms she almost destroyed Cæsar, the conqueror of all the known world, and proved the downfall of Mark Antony, who had Cæsar's acquisitions in his power. There is an example of woman's evil influence. If one woman without political power could change the destinies of the Roman Empire, how much more is a bad woman to be feared who is so invested?

The arguments in favor of woman suffrage, we believe, may be reduced to a few heads. In the first place it is said that "some women are better qualified to vote than some men." What does that amount to? We maintain that at least one man out of every ten should not be allowed to vote, so we will admit that proposition without discussion and pass on. In answer to the objection, which we believe is well taken, that bad women would vote upon every occasion while the best and purest of our women, as a class, would scorn all connection with politics, we are told that "there is a bad man for every bad woman," and are left to infer that to put the two together will produce two good voters. Then it is said "the women are below the negroes," "that the blackest negro can vote and a woman cannot." The blackest negro can carry a stone jug on his head without touching it, and we have never seen a woman who could do it, but we never thought anything less of her for it. On the part of all the women of our acquaintance, however, we repel the above slander. If any woman wishes to place herself below the negro she is at liberty to do so, but we shall never place her there.

This amounts to all we could gather from Mrs. Duniway's disquisition upon this branch of the subject. But we present the following as our conclusions upon the whole matter.

1. That woman is just as much human as man, a little more so, and the idea of her confining her political relations to the dropping of her ballot into the box is stupid nonsense.

2. That to confer the elective franchise upon woman is to degrade rather than to elevate her, and therefore—

3. That the best of our women would not vote; that the worst ones would, and as a corollary to this,

4. That as an active participant in politics woman would be a dangerous factor.

5. That woman now exercises, and has always exercised, just as much influence upon politics as is desirable.

6. That because we have undesirable elements in our political organization, it is no argument to compare others with them.

The Great U. C. W. S. A.

By request of old Mother Wheeze-em-up we publish the proceedings of the meeting of Dec. 13th, 1880, in full.

Called to order by Mrs. Duniway who was appointed President *pro tem.*

On motion Mrs N. E. Despain was unanimously chosen President and Mr. Lot Livermore Vice Pres't. Miss Josie Lee was chosen Recording Secretary and Mr. J. H. Turner, Corresponding Secretary, by a similar vote Mrs. S. Seeley was unanimously chosen as Treasurer.

An Executive Committee was appointed by the Chair consisting of Mrs. B. B. Bishop, Mrs. C. Hexter, Mr. J. S. Statler, Mrs. M. J. Hall and Mr. G. W. Walker.

A Committee on Resolutions was appointed as follows:

Mr. J. Despain, Mrs. J. S. Statler, Mrs A. L. Crawford. This committee after a brief consultation submitted the following report which was unanimously adopted:

Whereas, It is a conceded principle in American politics that governments derive their just powers from the consent of the governed; and,

Whereas, Women in the United States are taxed to sustain the government and compelled to obey its laws in direct violation of their right of consent; therefore,

Resolved, That we heartily concur in the action of the Legislature of 1880 in submitting a resolution for ratification by the Legislature of 1882 for so amending the State Constitution that the voters may have the power to bestow the elective franchise upon the women of Oregon in 1884.

Resolved, That our thanks are due to the members of the Oregon Senate and House of Representatives who voted *aye* on the Woman Suffrage Resolution for their act of simple justice toward the mothers of men.

Resolved, That we will use all honorable means to elect members to the Legislature of 1882 who are pledged to ratify the above action of the session of 1880.

Association adjourned to meet on Tuesday, Dec. 14th at 7 P. M. to hold a ratification meeting in the Court House and hear a lecture by Mrs. Duniway.

Improvement.

We received a copy of the Walla Walla Daily *Statesman* this week greatly enlarged over its usual size and rivaling in appearance the dailies of Portland even. The *Statesman* is a live paper, with a live man at the head of it, and being located in the live metropolis of the country east of the Cascades, we can see no reason why it should not live long and prosper. In spite of bitter opposition from some quarters Brother Parker seems to have a way of getting along and his paper is much the best of any in that city. We are glad to witness the *Statesman's* success and congratulate it thereon in all spirit of good-will, for while it is primarily, as a matter of course, devoted to the interests of Washington Territory, yet it not unfrequently makes honorable mention of Umatilla County and Eastern Oregon at large, which tends to the advancement of our country likewise. Long may she wave.

This Lets Us Out!

Dr. C. S. Degraw, Assistant Surgeon U. S. A., stationed at Fort Colville, during his visit to Pendleton last week gave us the facts in the following case, which, surprising as it may seem, is actually true and the record is now in New York City. Speaking of young ones, Dr Degraw showed a memorandum of the following productions of the wife of one P Mahie, an auctioneer now living in New York. On July 24th, 1858, Mrs. Mahie gave birth to one child; on June 28th, 1859, two were born; on March 29th, 1860, two; on March 1st, 1861, three; on February 13th, 1862 *four*; and on January 25th 1863, two. A total of *fourteen* children in the space of four years, six month and one day.

Wonder what sort of a pension she would have been entitled to under old Mother Wheeze-em-up's dispensation?

ECLIPSE.—Just as we go to press we note the following from the *Times*. We hope Tom may be successful in his arrangements and soon resume. The world would seem lonely to us without the *Island Empire*:

The *Island Empire*, The Dalles, has suspended on account of an execution levied upon the office. Mr. Merry will resume publication as soon as navigation opens and he can get a new outfit from Portland. We wish Mr. Merry success, as he is one of the most gentlemanly publishers in the state.

Knowledge in a Nut-Shell.

A pace is 3 feet.
A cubit is 2 feet.
A fathom is 6 feet.
A palm is 3 inches.
A league is 3 miles.
A span is 10⅞ inches.
A great cubit is 11 feet.
There are 2,750 languages.
Oats, 33 pounds per bushel.
Bran, 20 pounds per bushel.
Barley, 48 pounds per bushel.
A day's journey is 33 miles.
Two persons die every second.
Sound moves 743 miles per hour.
A square mile contains 640 acres.
A storm blows 39 miles per hour.
Slow rivers flow 3 miles per hour.
Coarse salt, 85 pounds per bushel.
A tub of butter weighs 84 pounds.
Buckwheat 52 pounds per bushel.
The average human life is 31 years.
A barrel of rice weighs 600 pounds.
A hand (horse measure) is 4 inches.
An acre contains 4,840 square yards.
A firkin of butter weighs 56 pounds.
A barrel of flour weighs 196 pounds.
A barrel of pork weighs 200 pounds.
A hurricane moves 80 miles per hour.
A rifle ball moves 1,000 miles per hour.
Electricity moves 228,000 miles per hour
The first lucifer match was made in 1829.
A mile is 5,280 feet, 1760 yards in length.
The first horse railroad was built in 1826—7.
A moderate wind blows 7 miles per hour.
Gold was discovered in California in 1848.
Corn, rye and flaxseed, 56 pounds per bushel.
The first steamboat plied the Hudson in 1807.
Wheat, beans and clover seed, 60 pounds per bushel.
The first use of locomotives in this country was in 1829.
The first almanac was printed by Geo. Van Purback in 1640.

PENDLETON, UMATILLA COUNTY, OR. December 18th 1880.

MESSRS. EDITORS E. O:—

Dear Sirs:—I see an item in your last paper headed "A Worthy Example" and what a willing man can do, and ending by wanting to hear of some younger man beating the record. I began on the first of May last with four horses and one wagon, and after July 7th, with six horses and two wagons. Up to December 1st I travelled a distance of 3022 miles, hauled 52 703 feet of lumber and 163,665 lbs. of freight, earning $1320—my first experience at teaming. I am 23 years of age. TEAMSTER.

[Good enough, Teamster! We will score one for you too, but we think you and Mr. Forest have done equally well.—ED.]

OBITUARY.

The Death of Doctor Francis Effinger.

It is with regret that we received the above sad intelligence with the first mail from Portland. The notice appended was contained in the *Standard* and so entirely meets with our own sentiments and sympathies that we publish it in full.

"Dr. Francis A. Effinger died at his home in this city Sunday morning last Dec. 11th at 5 o'clock. Dr. Effinger was born in Rockingham county, Virginia, May, 5th 1817 and graduated in the academical course of the University of Virginia in 1837. Three years later, he graduated at the Jefferson Medical College at Philadelphia. From there he went to Texas, and practiced medicine there for ten years. Thence he moved to Mississippi where he lived until the close of the war. Between that time and 1872, he lived in Kentucky and Virginia. In 1872, he, with his immediate family, together with Col. W. H. Effinger, of this city, his nephew, moved to Oregon, where he has since lived. Dr. Effinger was a typical Southern gentleman. He came of an old and distinguished Virginia family, and until the war he was a man of great wealth, station and influence. Until the beginning of the war he was an uncompromising Whig, and strongly opposed to secession. He foresaw what most of the other men of his station did not—the almost inevitable results of such action, and foretold then that the results of the conflict would be, the enfranchisement of the negro, the placing them in positions and power, and other results which the South has unfortunately learned through the bitter experience since the war. When the war began, however, he went with his State, although he took no active part; and since that time he has taken no little interest in politics. He was a man of strong individuality, fearless and inclined to be reserved and severe. He was kind, magnanimous and charitable. Although the owner of a large number of slaves before the war, he was to them a friend rather than a master. And ever since the war and within a short time of his death he was in frequent receipt of letters from his former slaves, begging him to come back to Mississippi and they would gladly return to him and be to him as they were before the war. To the poor, whatever his own circumstances might be, he was ever kind, generous and charitable, and many a poor person in Portland heard of his death with tears. His charity was without ostentation, and his kindness unheralded by himself. Before he moved to Oregon he unfortunately suffered a stroke of paralysis, which greatly effected his eyesight, from which he never fully recovered. For some time past he has been gradually sinking, until at last Sunday morning he quietly and peacefully sank to rest, without a struggle and without a pain. A man of profound and elegant learning; just and brave, true and kind to his family and friends. He leaves behind him a name without reproach; a memory which time can make more dear.

The funeral services were held yesterday at Trinity Church, in this city, Rev. George F. Plummer, the rector, officiating, assisted by Rev. John Rosenberg, the rector of St. Stephen's Chapel. A large number of friends accompanied the remains to Lone Fir Cemetery and assisted in the last sad offices to the departed.

We have lately heard an anecdote on one Mr. W. a late importation from "the Hub." Soon after his arrival he was met by one of our Indians on the street, who evidently wished to show the stranger some courtesy, remarked "Klar-hike, Boston man?" (How are you, white man?) W. turned to a companion and said, "I wonder how in the h—l he knew I was from Boston."

Health is the soul that animates all the enjoyments of life.

He who labors for mankind has already begun his immortality.

During the year ending August 21st last, the aggregate receipts of grain of all kinds in Cincinnati was 20,000,000 bushels.

There are in the United States 343,188 miles of postal routes, which, including all expenses, cost annually about $22,000,000.

It is predicted in Chicago that the receipts of grain and its equivalent in flour at that city for the current year will aggregate 160,000,000 bushels.

Oshkosh has the largest match factory in the world. In one year 2,000,000 feet of logs were consumed and $300,000 worth of revenue stamps used.

In Texas there is a township called Gin, and in it a town called Brandy, and the name of the postoffice is Rummy. No State could ask for anything better.

A cubic inch of gold can be hammered so as to cover a space 25 feet wide and 100 feet long, and twenty $20 gold pieces can be hammered into a wire that would reach around the globe.

Will Mr. Baiffman, of Umatilla Co., Oregon, send for some valuable papers belonging to him at this office? Pendleton papers please copy for your citizen.—*Washington Independent*, Pomeroy, W. T.

A telegraphic message of sixty-nine words was recently sent from Melbourne, Australia to London in twenty-three minutes, a distance of 31,208 miles.

Judge Strong of the U. S. Supreme Court sat for the last time on Dec. 12. His successor will be Judge W. B. Woods, of Alabama. Judge Strong will hereafter be counsel for the Philadelphia & Reading railroad company.

The largest oak in Great Britain is at Cowthorpe, West Riding, York, which is sixty feet in circumference at the ground, and its largest limb is eight feet around. It is, however, only forty-five feet high. Its age is estimated to be 1,500 years.

A little girl in Clinton, Ill., was teaching her brother the Lord's Prayer the other night, and when she said "Give us this day our daily bread," he suddenly called out, "Strike Him for pie, sister, strike Him for pie."

From the *Galveston News*:—It was on the afternoon of election day. A prominent candidate asked one of his strikers if he had voted an insane old negro who lived on the east end of Galveston Island.

"Yes, I voted him once, but the opposition gobbled him up afterwards and voted him again."

"The scoundrels did, did they?" responded the candidate, with an outburst of virtuous indignation. "It's a fraud on the rights of the people to vote a crazy man more than once. I say, Bill, see if you can't recapture him and vote him a time or so more in ward No. 1. Something must be done to restore the purity of the ballot."

By the last postal decision business men can actually make money by getting their bills and statements of account printed. The law now says in substance that if these are made out on paper that is printed at the head, they can be sent through the mail for one cent, the envelope being unsealed; whereas, if made out on unprinted paper they will cost three cents. Thus by patronizing the printer, two cents can be saved on every bill or statement that is sent through the mails, and that will more than pay for the cost of the printing.—*Ex.*

At a recent Berlin bird show several canaries were exhibited which attracted much attention on account of the peculiar colors of their plumage. Some were green, others red and light brown, and others of a soft grey tint, while all differed more or less from the light yellow of the common bird. These variations of color were produced by the daily use of cayenne pepper in the food of the birds. The pepper is given in small quantities at first, and the bird appears to like it. The immediate effects are, however, anything but pleasing to the beholder, for the feathers soon begin to fall, giving the bird the appearance of molting, but in a short time new feathers appear, having the curious tints observed.

The instructions received at the land office on the 30th day of November, in connection with the definite location of the Northern Pacific railroad seems to be not well understood. The land office has decided that all lands on even sections within the indemnity limits, were reduced on the 30th of November to $1.25 per acre under the pre-emption law. Under this ruling pre-emptors so situated, who have or may prove up after the 29th of November last need pay only $1.25 per acre. In other words the instructions received so far as reducing the price of lands became of effect Nov. 30, 1880, instead of January 6, 1881.—*W. W. Statesman.*

While the men at work on Baker's flume were excavating near the head of Blue creek they came upon the bones of some animal of the mastodon species. One of the ribs measures over seven feet in length. The bones were so decomposed that when they were exposed to the air they rapidly crumbled away. This is but another proof that in the pre-historic day such as of this species inhabited this country, as the skeletons of a number have been found, some of them in an excellent state of preservation.—*W. W. Statesman*

A very successful amateur farmer has got in his crops at Westfield, Mass. His name is Thomas Webster Hayes; his age is five years. Early in the season the ground was made ready, the cabbages were set, and the corn and potatoes planted by his grandfather. Every morning since they were large enough, this little fellow has given them a thorough hoeing, and it is surprising what constant stirring of the soil will do. Some of the cabbages will weigh at least twenty pounds. One of his potatoes weighing 16 ounces, and his corn is very much larger and better than his grandfather's, planted at the same time.

At a party one evening several contested the honor of having done the most extraordinary thing. A Reverend gentleman was appointed judge of their respective pretentions. One produced his tailor's bill with a receipt attached to it. A buzz through the room that this could not be outdone; when a second proved that he had just arrested his tailor for my money let him.

"The palm is his," was the general cry, when a third put in his claim.

"Gentlemen," said he, "I cannot boast of the acts of my predecessors, for I have just returned to the owners three lead pencils and two umbrellas that were left at my house."

"I'll hear no more," cried the astonished arbitrator, "This is the very scene of which I never knew any one capable. The prize"—

"Hold," cried another, "I have done still more than that."

Impossible, cried the whole company.

"Let us hear."

"I have been taking my paper for twenty years, and always paid for it in advance."

"He took the prize."

C. T. Smith, of Kentuck Slough, Coos county, raised 3,000 bushels of potatoes to send to San Francisco.

In the case of Schroder for the murder of Dr. Lefevere at Oakland, the jury this evening, after being out 72 hours, returned a verdict of not guilty.

W. S. Lofton claims to have found gold on the head of Dorris Creek, Lake country, in considerable quantity. Mines that will pay are hoped for and Lake county people expect to be "in bonanza."

The *W. W. Statesman* tells of a dastardly attempt on Sunday evening to murder Mrs. Beckler of that place by her legal divorced husband. Three shots were fired at her through the window of the room in which she was sitting, but fortunately they missed their aim. This is said to be the second attempt made upon Mrs. B.'s life by this man and yet the legal authorities seem to have taken no notice of the affair.

Slivers From Willow Wedge.

HEPPNER, Dec. 15th 1880.

EDITOR E. O.—

We have every appearance of Spring weather and the grass is growing beautifully.

The Heppner Theatrical Troupe will be able to give an entertainment soon. The Christmas ball will come off on Friday night, Christmas Eve, in the Lewis Hall under the management of Frank Monkers, J. C. Emery, John Lochnane, Thos Halley, and P. Florence. The Christmas Tree will be on Christmas night so as not to collide with the ball. Considerable interest is being taken in our debating society, which is called the Heppner ——— Debating Club, and it is progressing finely. The next thing should be a Good Templar's Society which is much needed here.

A Mr. French living near town who has been afflicted for some time past with a crippled leg, slipped and fell a few days ago breaking the leg close to the knee.

Newton Miller and N. Harris living near Lemuets' went to the store on Rock Creek about on Sunday, the 4th inst, the distance being about seven miles. On returning they lost their course when within a mile or so of home and became bewildered in the snow and a dense fog. After tramping a considerable way, Miller became too weary to travel, and couched himself up on the snow, severely freezing his feet thereby. On rising in the morning he found he was close to home and made his way in. He is now doing as well as could be expected under the treatment of Dr Shipley. Harris, losing confidence in his partner, deserted him on the spot when he refused to travel, but showed his liberality in parting with his overcoat to his friend, who had camped in the snow. Harris kept rambling around in the snow the rest of the night making his way home next morning with one of his feet frozen.

OPTIC

NEW TO-DAY.

This Place is Reserved for

SOMMERVILLE & RA.LEY'S

NEW BRICK STORE!

Estray Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following named subscriber living in Minam Precinct, Union County, Oregon, took up, on Dec. 24 1880, one medium size bay mare about three years old, black mane and tail, white stripe in the face and branded 111 on the left shoulder, appraised at $40 00. CHARLES H. BROWN.

Dec 18th 1880. 4t.

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE at LA GRANDE, OR., Dec. 12th 1880.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Dwight & Bailey, Notaries Public, at Pendleton, Umatilla County, Oregon, on January 17th 1881, viz. Augustus Foreman, Pre-emption D. S. No. 1756 for the SW¼ of sec 21 T. 4 N. R. 32 E. W. M. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Thomas Kendall, Lewis M Flint, James S Coleman, J. S Keeney, all of Pendleton, Umatilla County, Oregon.

Dec. 18th6t HENRY W. DWIGHT, Register.

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT LA GRANDE, OR., Dec. 11th, 1880.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Dwight & Bailey, Notaries Public, at Pendleton, Umatilla Co. Or., on January 24th 1881, viz: William A. Jones, Pre-emp. No. D. S. No. 21 9 for the SW¼ Sec. 18, T. 4 North R. 33 E W. M. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of said land, viz: Robt Romaine, Frank Pike, W. F. White, Andrew C. Bryan, of Cold Springs, Umatilla County, Oregon.

Dec. 18 6t. HENRY W. DWIGHT, Register.

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been, by order of the County Court of Umatilla County, duly appointed administrator of the estate of H. A. Kathan, deceased. All persons having claims against said estate are requested to present the same to me with the proper vouchers at my office, Oregon, within six months from this date. All persons indebted to said estate are notified to settle immediately or the account will be placed in the hands of my attorneys for collection. WM. OVERHOLTZER, Administrator.

Dec. 18th 6t. TURNER & COX, Attys.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

IMPROVED EXCELSIOR KIDNEY PAD

CURE YOUR BACK ACHE.

And all diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder and Urinary Organs by wearing the

Improved Excelsior Kidney Pad.

It is a MARVEL of HEALING and RELIEF.

Simple, Sensible, Direct, Painless, Powerful.

It CURES where all else fails. A Revelation and Revolution in Medicine. Always took of direct application, as opposed to stimulating internal medications. Send for our treatise on Kidney Troubles, sent free. Sold by druggists, or sent by mail, on receipt of price, $2.

ADDRESS The 'Only' Lung Pad Co. WILLIAMS BLOCK. Detroit, Mich.

This is the original and genuine Kidney Pad. Ask for it and take no other.

Cures by ABSORPTION (Nature's way).

All LUNG DISEASES, THROAT DISEASES, BREATHING TROUBLES.

It Drives Into the system curative agents and healing medicines.

It Draws from the diseased parts the poisons that cause death.

Thousands testify to its virtues.

YOU can be RELIEVED and CURED

Don't despair until you have tried this Sensible, Easily Applied and HAD CALLY EFFECTUAL Remedy.

Sold by Druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of Price $2, by The "Only" Lung Pad Co. WILLIAMS BLOCK, Detroit, Mich.

Send for Testimonials and Circular, free. Please Mention this Paper. Your's truly, free.

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LEGAL.

Sale of Real Estate.

In the County Court of the State of Oregon for Umatilla County.

In the matter of the guardianship of Frank A. Lathan and Louie McArthur: Order for sale of real estate.

It appearing to this court from the petition this day presented and filed by Robert A. Lathan, the guardian of the person and estate of Frank A. Lathan and Louie M. L. Dow, minors, praying for an order of sale of certain real estate belonging to the estate of said wards, that it would be to the advantage of the estate of said wards that such real estate should be sold.

It is hereby ordered that the guardian of said wards and all persons interested in the said estate appear before this court on Monday the 20th day of December A. D. 1880 at 1 o'clock P. M. at the County Court of said county at the town of Pendleton in said county of Umatilla, then and there to show cause why an order should not be granted for the sale of said real estate described in said petition as follows:

Lots 10, 11, 12, in Block 20 and the one undivided one-half of Lot 4 in Block three (3) in the town of Pendleton, Umatilla county, Oregon, also Blocks 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 10, and the north and south 1/2 of Lot 8 in Block Eleven (11) in Pendleton, Umatilla County, Oregon.

And it is further ordered that a copy of this order be published four successive weeks before the said hearing of the said petition, in the East Oregonian, a weekly newspaper published in the said County of Umatilla in the town of Pendleton, and a copy hereof served on each of said wards 20 days prior to the said hearing of said petition.

Dated this 17th day of November, A. D. 1880.

S. E. C. LAD W, County Judge.

TURNER & COX, Attys for Guardian. Nov20w4

Summons

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Umatilla.

L. H. Stanley and H. H. Stanley, partners under the firm name and style of Stanley Bros., Plffs. vs. S. Simpson, Deft.

To S. Simpson, the above named Defendant:

IN THE NAME OF THE STATE OF OREGON: You are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled action, within ten days from the date of the service of this summons upon you, if served in this county; or if served in any other county in this state, then within twenty days from the date of the service of this summons upon you; and if served by publication then on or before the first day of the regular term of the court, commencing next after the date of the first publication of this summons; and if you fail so to answer, for want thereof the plaintiffs will take judgment against you for the sum of $72 50 and costs on account for work and labor done and materials furnished, and for costs and disbursements of the action.

This summons published by the order of the Hon. L. L. Bickford, Judge of the aforesaid court, bearing date the 5th day of November, A. D. 1880.

TURNER & COX, Attys for Plffs.

Nov. 20, '80 7t

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE at LA GRANDE, OR., Nov 12th, 1880.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Dwight & Bailey, Notaries Public, at Pendleton, Oregon, on January 17th 1881, viz: Wilkins A. Dugan Pre-emp. No. D. S. No. 1798, for the lots 3 and 4, Section 3, T. 4 N. R. 32 E. W. M. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Thomas Kendall, Lewis M Flint, James S Coleman, J. S Keeney, all of Pendleton, Umatilla County, Oregon.

HENRY W. DWIGHT, Register.

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE UNdersigned has been duly appointed by the County Court of Umatilla County, State of Oregon, Administrator of the estate of John Liebau, deceased. All persons having claims against said estate are required to present the same, with the proper vouchers, to the undersigned at his office in Pendleton, Umatilla County, Oregon, within six months from the date hereof.

L. B. COX, Administrator.

Dated Nov. 20, 1880. nov27 4t.

Dissolution Notice.

THE FIRM OF ALLISON & DOWLING HAS BEEN this day dissolved by mutual consent, Mr. Dowling retiring from the business. Mr. Allison will continue to run the Pendleton Grocery and Provision Store and will settle all accounts.

C. B. ALLISON.
J. A. DOWLING.

Pendleton, Oregon, November 20th 1880. Nov27t4

Commercial LIVERY FEED & SALE STABLE.

HENY BOWMAN, Prop'r.

Main Street, Pendleton, Oregon.

novtf

WOOD! WOOD!

The undersigned is now prepared to supply the people of PENDLETON with wood. All orders left with me or at the law office of Turner & Cox will be promptly attended to. Those wanting dry wood for next winter should send in their orders at an early day.

S. T. ISAAC.

march 20 tf

W. H. Marshall,

Blacksmith.

Successor to Marshall & Folsom.

Shop on Main Street opposite Pendleton Hotel, Pendleton, Oregon.

WORK done with dispatch and at reasonable rates. All work guaranteed. f03

RO'T. LYONS. H. MCCULLOUGH.

Lyons & McCullough,

BARBERS!

Bath Room!

Hot and Cold!

Baths.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

CITY HOTEL.

HEPPNER, Or.

J. W. GILMORE, PROPRIETOR

First Class house. Every thing new. Charges Reasonable. my29tf

ALLISON & DOWLING

GROCERY, PROVISION AND FEED STORE

At Hexter's old stand on Main Street opposite Court House.

A full stock of groceries of every description,

SUGARS, COFFEE, TEA, SPICES, CANNED MEATS, FRUITS, ETC., ETC., ETC.

Flour, Feed and Vegetables!!

Cash paid or goods given in exchange for country produce. Sept 18tf

FRANK DUNN.

ARCHITECT AND BUILDER,

PENDLETON, OREGON.

myl3tf

STOP!

At LEHMAN BLUM'S

When you come to town, and do not fail to

GET HIS PRICES.

THE ENTIRE STOCK OF DRY GOODS, HATS, BOOTS AND SHOES, CLOTHING, GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, CARPETS, WALL PAPER, NOTIONS, ETC.

Must be sold within sixty days to make room for improvements.

SPECIAL ATTENTION IS CALLED TO —A FINE ASSORTMENT OF— Ladies and Misses Cloaks, Knit Shawls and Jackets

In which great bargains are offered.

LEHMAN BLUM, Pendleton, Oregon.

25 Dollars 25 —SAVED—

By buying your SEWING Machines at the FURNITURE Store in Pendleton.

I WILL SELL MACHINES FOR $20 AS GOOD IF not better than can be bought from Wagons for $60. If you buy from Wagner you must pay the man for the use of his name. I keep in stock the

NEW CROWN

The most powerful and lightest running machine made. The latest improved

HOWE,

Known the world over as the very best. Also the world renowned

New Wilson,

Price from $25 to $30. Also Oil, Needles, Extra parts, Etc., for all machines.

Jesse Failing.

Aug. 19, '79.