The East Oregonian.

SATURDAY .....OCT. 30, 1880

S. H. TURNER. L. B. COX

—PUBLISHED BY—

TURNER & COX.

TERMS IN ADVANCE

ONE YEAR . . . . . $2.

Voters, look out for fraud when you come to vote. Remember the "sticker" game. The Democratic Electors are J. K. WEATHERFORD, T. G. OWEN and JAMES FULTON, see that their names are on your ticket.

FOR PRESIDENT:

W. S. HANCOCK.

OF PENNSYLVANIA.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT:

WM. H. ENGLISH.

OF INDIANA.

FOR PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS:

J. K. WEATHERFORD,
T. G. OWEN.
JAMES FULTON.

Garfield Denounced by Republicans of his own District, in 1876.

Be it by this independent convention of Republicans of the Nineteenth Congressional District of Ohio.

Fourth. *Resolved*, **That there is no man to-day officially connected with the administration of our national government against whom are justly preferred more or graver charges of corruption than are publicly made and abundantly sustained against James A. Garfield, the present representative of this Congressional district and the nominee of the Republican convention for re-election.**

Fifth. *Resolved*, **That since he first entered Congress to this day, there is scarcely an instance in which rings and monopolies have been arrayed against the interests of the people, that he has been found active speech and vote upon the side of the latter, but in almost every case he has been the ready champion of rings and monopolies.**

Twelfth. *Resolved*, **That neither great ability and experience or eloquent partisan discussion of the dead issues of the late war will excuse or justify past dishonesty and corruption or answer as a guaranty of integrity and purity of the future.**

James A. Garfield fell from 10,915 majority in 1872 to 2,526 majority in 1874. "Oh, what a fall was there, my countrymen!" Rebuked, shorn of character for truth and integrity, all that is noble in manhood almost defeated, he stands a sad and blackened monument of avarice and greed.

"Arbitrary power has no existence here."
—*Winfield Scott Hancock.*

GRAND RALLY!

On the evening of Wednesday the 27th inst. the Democracy assembled in Pendleton indulged in a grand demonstration in honor of the arrival and speech of Senator J. H. Slater, and while the affair had been hurriedly gotten up from necessity yet everything went off finely and with good effect. Upon the arrival of our Honorable Senator Tom Milarkey, the ironclad, ran up his big flag which floated to the breeze during the whole of the afternoon. Soon after dark the club began to assemble and repair to the shop of Bill May's where the illuminations and torches were deposited, and arming themselves with these they proceeded to the Court House and lit up. Forming into line with A. W. Nye as chief marshall the march was taken up down Main Street to the postoffice, up Water Street to Marshall's corner, across to Court Street and back to the Court House, then around by Milarkey's and Keeney's corners to the Court House again. The procession was over 100 yards in length and was brilliantly set off with a large number of torches and transparencies, bearing various devices and illustrations, such as "Hancock and English," "Hancock and the Union," "7 to 8 played out," "Have you heard from Maine?" "329 shares of stock to loan," etc., etc., with appropriate drawings.

During the procession the crowd would halt in front of the house of every good democrat and send up three lusty cheers; at the final halt they formed a circle in front of the Court House, through which Senator Slater escorted by President La Dow passed and were greeted by the most enthusiastic cheering after which the crowd with three hearty cheers for Hancock and English broke ranks and sought the Court House to hear the Senator speak. The house, however, it is to be regretted, was found to be unequal to the occasion as it was already full and a large number of persons were unable to get within hearing of the door even, while the room was jammed to its fullest capacity.

The speaker soon after took the stand and for about an hour and a half delivered a most earnest and effective address to the audience which was highly appreciated and he was frequently interrupted by bursts of applause. He laid open the true inwardness of the position of the Republican party and exposed their fraud, corruption and false pretences; he fired broadside after broadside into the carcass of the late Republican party, drove every argument home and clinched it with the official record. Every one pronounced his speech a master piece and one of the Senator's happiest efforts.

He told us that after canvassing the entire State over he could report the glorious news that he considered it as belonging in the Hancock list. That everywhere Republicans were flocking to his standard and Democrats were working most enthusiastically.

As read the motto on one of the transparences, "Umatilla's majority, 329," so will it be.

Hurrah for Umatilla, Oregon and Hancock!

To the Public.

In answer to the united efforts of the two editors of the Weston *Leader*, one of them swearing his own case, and three *professed* correspondents in its issue of October 23d concerning the Blalock poll-book business, I regret that I am once more called upon to appear personally in public print. I had hardly expected so to do at the time of my writing the former article in the EAST OREGONIAN and would not now take the step but for the new phase of the matter arising from the statements last published in the *Leader*; and while this is no controversy of my seeking, yet I am going to see the matter through to its end. With regard to my "claiming that I was the man intended" by the *Leader* it its first publication, I beg leave to inform its editors that if they did have reasons for not giving my name at length, it required no such amount of perceptive faculties, as they perhaps lay claim to, in order to recognize the object of their ungentlemanly slur. In common with every one else I *did* take the article as a personal matter and at once going to the sources of information these calumniators pointed out, I get their statements and upon them predicated the card which appeared in the EAST OREGONIAN of the 16th inst. In that I charged the editors of the *Leader* with having manufactured the entire falsehood, having written contradictions in my possession of every charge; but inasmuch as it now seems they had some ground upon which to base their statements I am perfectly ready to retract and do of my own accord retract that charge, but as to the rest of my language to which the editors of the *Leader* take so much exception, I have only to say that it was not written with any object or idea of according with the fine sensibilities of their natures. I had no expectation that they would like it and I do not care a whit whether they do or not. It stands as written. As to their allegation that my object was "to bring the standing of the *Leader* down to its own," I would only say it is a fixed and immutable law of nature that nothing can come down which has never gone up.

The question now presents itself in the aspect as to the means I used in procuring statements published of Mr. Y. C. Blalock and Mr. D. S. Colby in the E. O. of the 16th inst., for as to my connection with the matter of the poll books, I am satisfied that the public know well to whom to look as the parties interested in that business and give myself no further concern about the matter. Were I to base my cause upon my own affidavit, as does the *Leader*, I could swear that I was never in Blalock precinct to my knowledge in my life, and do not know the road to get there. But I will not do that. However, I repeat all the allegations of my first publication, except as above, and in support of the statements therein made and the truth or falsity of all matters of fact now at issue between the editors of the *Leader* and myself I give below the affidavit of a gentleman whose word is respected by the people of this entire county and State and where that of the editors of the *Leader* is not known. I do not care to go into details further in this matter, but will allude only to a few points. The *Leader* says: "It will be observed we made no statement relative to that point"—*i. e.* that Mr. Y. C. Blalock had seen me before. I would only suggest that there is a lively competition with the truth in that assertion as the *Leader* will note on reading its first publication. With regard to Mr. John Hartman and Mr. J. A. Hungate, who have been lugged into the controversy by the editors of the *Leader* and their aids I have only to say that I am acquainted with them personally and know them both to be *gentlemen* above any connection with or countenance of any such work. If any one would see my letter to Mr Colby, he can probably show it and has my full permission to do so; his letter to me is in my possession and will be exhibited when desired. As to "the absurd insinuations that Berry, Pierce and a third person, *leaders of the division party in Milton precinct*, stole the poll books," I have to say that I made no such charge, but did say that they, or at least if the second party described was Pierce, sent the third man, who stole the anti-division ticket on election day, up to Blalock precinct, and if they deny the fact it will be very easy of proof. Very absurd that I should connect them with the transaction, but, not at all so that the *Leader* should lay it upon me, "Oh, consistency, thou art a jewel!" As to how Blalock precinct would have voted I do not know nor do I particularly care. If this "manipulator" had been allowed to hold an election upon his proposed basis perhaps it would have voted for division.

But with the following affidavit as to the facts in the case I close the business:

STATE OF OREGON, }
UMATILLA COUNTY. }

I, A. W. Nye, being first duly sworn, say, that I was present at the time and place of the conversation by and between Y. C. Blalock, L. B. Cox and myself on Monday the 11th day of October, A. D. 1880, concerning the poll-books of Blalock precinct, and I heard what was then and there said by Blalock and by Cox and the whole thereof; that I asked no such questions of Blalock as attributed to me in the *Leader* of the 23d inst. to-wit: "Did you ever see this gentleman before," and "Are you sure?" or any such questions whatsoever; but that when we first approached Blalock, Cox asked the following question (without an introduction), "Mr Blalock, excuse me for asking the question at this stage of the game, but did you ever see me before?" Blalock answered, "I don't remember, I see so many strange face that I may have seen you, but if I ever did I don't recollect it," or words to that effect; Cox then said, "Well, I am the man whom the Weston *Leader* accuses of stealing the Blalock poll-books," as well as I now remember his words, whereupon Blalock said at once, "I never saw you at the mill, I know I never saw you at the mill." I then introduced Cox to Blalock and Cox immediately and without anything further being said handed him (Blalock) the *Leader* of the 9th inst. and pointed out the article in question. I cannot swear positively that Blalock read the article but he had every opportunity to read and I thought did read it. After he had finished reading the article (as I supposed) he began to make a verbal statement as to his knowledge of the transaction when Cox requested him to put the same in to writing and provided him with a note book and pencil, the only stationery we had at the time; thereupon, Blalock wrote the statement as published in the EAST OREGONIAN of the 16th inst. of his own free will and accord, in his own language and signed the same in my presence.

Furthermore that Cox did not ask Blalock any question to the effect that "if he did not think some of the Milton boys stole the poll-books," as asserted in the *Leader* of the 23d inst., or any question of that nature whatsoever; nor were any questions asked or statements made by Cox, or any one, of or concerning any one in Milton precinct, directly or indirectly, or at all, as to the connection of any one with the loss of the poll books, save and except the man Waggener mentioned by Blalock of his own accord.

Furthermore, that the account as given in the EAST OREGONIAN of the 16th inst. concerning the actions of George T. Berry and the man supposed to be Nathan Pierce, were related to me by a responsible gentleman and by him and myself jointly and in his presence related to Cox and his statements were correctly published in the EAST OREGONIAN of the 16th inst.

Furthermore, I read the article as published in the EAST OREGONIAN of the above date entitled "To the Public" and say that all the material allegations of fact as therein set forth were in strict accordance with the knowledge and information gained by me on the subjects therein mentioned; and that every allegation, denial and statement made in this affidavit is true to the best of my knowledge, recollection and belief, so help me God.

A. W. NYE.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 28th day of October, A. D. 1880.

{Seal} G. W. WALKER,
Notary Public

"Power may destroy the forms, but not the principles of justice. These will live in spite even of the sword."
—*Winfield Scott Hancock.*

In the June election for Representative in Congress the various Counties in the State gave majorities as follows:

	Whiteaker.	George.
Baker	156	
Benton	146	
Clackamas		292
Columbia	99	
Coos	57	
Clatsop		43
Curry	31	
Douglas		72
Grant		75
Jackson	316	
Josephine	86	
Lane	38	
Lake	121	
Linn	190	
Marion		654
Multnomah		1155
Polk	22	
Tillamook		63
Umatilla	148	
Union	180	
Wasco		6
Washington		244
Yamhill		154
Total	Whiteaker, 1551;	George 2956;

George's majority 1467.

"The great principles of American liberty still are the lawful inheritance of this people and ever should be."
—*Winfield Scott Hancock.*

Some Figures From the Vote of 1876.

Northern Democratic vote	2,082,688
Southern Democratic vote	1,613,682
Excess of Northern vote	1,068,706
Again:—	
In Loyal States	3,206,982
In Seceding States	1,086,688
Excess of Democrats in Loyal States	2,117,292

Again in 7 Northern States:—

	Democratic.	Republican.
Connecticut	61,934	59,034
New York	521,949	489,207
New Jersey	115,962	103,517
Pennsylvania	366,158	384,122
Ohio	323,182	330,698
Indiana	213,526	208,011
Illinois	258,601	278,232
Total	1,861,312	1,852,821

"The right of trial by jury, the habeas corpus, the liberty of the press, the freedom of speech, the national rights of persons and and the rights of property must be preserved."
—*Winfield Scott Hancock.*

"The true and proper use of the military power besides defending the National honor against foreign nations, is to uphold the laws and civil government, and to secure to every person residing among us the enjoyment of life, liberty and property."
—*Winfield Scott Hancock.*

What does this mean?

Secession from a new source!

From the Grant-Fowler interview:

FOWLER—"What if Hancock should be elected?"

GRANT—"Then the North would submit quietly and watch closely. *As soon as things began to go wrong, every Northern Legislature would be convened and compel their Representatives to resign or resist the solid South.*"

(From the New York Sun, September 29, 1880).

Three Twenty-nine.

What was it that from Ames I took,
Stowed snugly in my pocket nook,
And then resumed my saintly look?
329.

What was it when the act was known,
That made my pious spirit groan,
Till I would have called it a loan?
329.

What, when my case seemed very bad,
Did I in solemn tones and sad
Swear that I never, never had?
329.

What did Ames have in black and white
That showed me up in my true light,
And left me in a sorry plight?
329.

What were thus proved beyond a doubt
The figures for which I sold out,
And which I since have lied about?
329.

What more than any other thing—
Than salary grab or paving Ring—
My downfall at the polls shall bring?
329.

Democratic posters are not allowed to be pasted upon Republican's fences who are willing to tear them down in violation of the law in force.

"Nothing can intimidate me from doing what I believe to be honest and right."
—*Winfield Scott Hancock.*

Hancock and Garfield.

This being the last issue of our paper before the election on Tuesday next we would ask every voter within the limits of our circulation to consider how his ballot shall be cast. It is still time for every man to ponder over this question and it is one which calls for most serious and thoughtful deliberation—not a matter to treat as a frolic but an occasion for the exercise of reason.

Voters, when you come to cast your ballot consider two questions—the party and the candidate.

1. Will you support a party which is the open and acknowledged friend of corporations, capitalists and rings opposed to the interests of the people, or will you support the party of the people, believing in a government of the people and by the people? The former is the Republican; the latter the Democratic.

2. Will you support the party which while boasting of its financial record brought our country to the very verge of bankruptcy as did the Republican party in 1873?

3. Will you support the party which legislates for the people in the matter of land laws as the Republican party has done—notably, the instance of the N. P. R. R?

4. Will you support the party which upholds and encourages Chinese immigration, and is to-day supporting the Chinaman in his competition with white labor? Such is the record of the Republican party.

5 Will you support the party which champions the cause of monopolies and manufacturing corporations and companies in the matter of tariff duties, as the Republican party does?

6. Will you support the party which proclaims and advocates a centralization, a strong government, and a departure from all observance of our Constitutional provisions? This is the doctrine of the Republican party.

With regard to the candidates:

1. Will you support a man who accepted bribes in his official capacity in the cases of the Credit Mobilier and DeGolyer matters as is abundantly and unanswerably proved by Republican evidence in the case of Mr. Garfield?

2. Will you support a man who perjured himself in his vain attempt to cover up his transgressions in these matters? Mr. Garfield did this.

3. Will you support a man who violated his oath and every principle of right and justice to attain his party's ends; who would try and decide a cause upon forged evidence manufactured by himself for the special occasion; who after stealing everything else within his reach hesitated not to steal the Presidency? These are the acts of Mr. Garfield.

4. Will you vote for a man who was kicked out of the New York Custom House by the President upon the open and published ground by both himself and Secretary Sherman that his administration of the office was so grossly fraudulent and dishonest that even they could not stand it? This is Mr. Arthur's situation.

Ask yourselves these questions before voting.

Who Struck Bill Patterson?

The Carnesville (Georgia) *Register* settles the knotty question so long kept in the dark as to who "struck Billy Patterson." Here are the facts in the case:

Many persons have heard the question, "Who struck Billy Patterson?" without knowing the origin of it. I propose to enlighten them a little on the subject. William Patterson was a very wealthy tradesman or merchant in Baltimore in the State of Maryland. In the early days of the county of Franklin he bought up a great many tracts of land in the county, and spent a good portion of his time in looking after his interests there. He was said to be as strong as a bear and as brave as a lion, but like all brave men he was a lover of peace, and, indeed, a good, pious man. Nevertheless his wrath could be excited to a fighting pitch. On one occasion he attended a public gathering in the lower part of Franklin county, at some district court ground. During the day the two opposite bullies and their friends raised a row and a general fight was the consequence. At the beginning of the affray, and before the fighting began, Billy Patterson ran into the crowd to pursuade them not to fight, but make peace and be friends. But his efforts for peace were unavailing, and while making them some of the crowd in the general melee struck Billy Patterson a severe blow from behind. Billy at once become fighting mad, and cried out at the top of his voice, "Who struck Billy Patterson?" No one could or would tell him who was the guilty party. He then proposed to give any man a hundred dollars who would tell him "Who struck Billy Patterson?" From $100 he rose to $1000; but not $1,000 would induce any man to tell him "Who struck Billy Patterson." And years afterward, in his will, he related the above facts and bequeathed $1,000 to be paid by his executors to the man who would tell, "Who struck Billy Patterson?" His will is recorded in the Ordinary's office at Carnesville, Franklin county, Georgia, and any one curious about the matter can there find it and verify the preceding statements.

NEW TO-DAY.

Summons.

Justice's Court for the Precinct of Milton, Umatilla County, Or.

W. C. White, plaintiff, vs.
J. J. Cairnes, defendant.

Civil action to recover money.

To J. J. Cairnes the above named defendant:

IN THE NAME OF THE STATE OF Oregon you are hereby required to appear before the undersigned, a Justice of the Peace for the precinct aforesaid, on the 13th day of December 1880 at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of said day at the office of said Justice in said Precinct to answer the above named plaintiff in a civil action. The defendant will take notice that if he fail to answer the complaint herein, the plaintiff will take judgment against him for $249.00 and disbursements in this action.

This summons is published by order of J. E. Kirkland, Justice of the Peace, this 25th day of October 1880.

J. E. KIRKLAND,
Justice of the Peace.

NEW TO-DAY.

SHERIFFS.

Justice's Court for the Precinct of Milton, Umatilla County, Or.

W. C. White, plaintiff, vs.
J. J. Cairnes, defendant.

Civil action to recover money.

To J. J. Cairnes, the above named Defendant.

IN THE NAME OF THE STATE OF Oregon, you are hereby required to appear before the undersigned, a Justice of the Peace for the precinct aforesaid, on the 13th day of December 1880 at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day at the office of said Justice in said Precinct to answer the above named plaintiff in a civil action. The defendant will take notice that if he fail to answer the complaint herein, the plaintiff will take judgment against him for $265.82 and disbursements in this action.

This summons is published by order of J. E. Kirkland, Justice of the Peace, this the 25th day of October 1880.

J. E. KIRKLAND,
Justice of the Peace.

NEW SALOON,

—Main Street, Opposite Court House.—

Merrill & Lang,
Proprietors.

The choicest of Wines, Beer, Liquors and Cigars will be kept constantly on hand.

We intend to keep a first-class house in every respect.

B. J. MERRILL and ADOLPH LANG.

VILLARD HOUSE,

Corner Main & Court Sts.

Pendleton, Oregon.

This elegant new house has just opened for the accommodation of the public.

New House!
New Furniture!

Located in the direct of the town, adjoining the court house square, its ventilation and sanitary arrangements are unsurpassed by surrounding buildings.

All the modern improvements, furniture and all conducive to comfortable quarters, it will vie with any house in the country.

The beds are all new, well constructed and comfortable.

The table will at all times be supplied with the very best the market affords.

The patronage of travelers is solicited by the proprietors, who will endeavor to make the Villard the best appointed house out of Portland.

We not only solicit and expect a share of our entertainment by a liberal share of patronage.

Livermore & Ellis,
Proprietors.

Lee Livermore & J. W. Ellis.

NEW YORK STORE!

Silk Handkerchiefs, Lubin Colognes, Gents Silk Scarfs, Ladies Silk and Lace Ties, Binding, etc., etc.

At the New York Store.

We move to [illegible] Court House. [illegible] the anti-[illegible] of all kinds.

EL. BRUNEAU, Proprietor

STRAYED.—From A. H. Weatherford, living near Willow creek, two horses, one bay and the other black, about 16 hands high, of heavy build, particularly the black one, and branded with the letter B on the right shoulder. Any one delivering the horses or giving any information concerning their whereabouts to the owner at Pendleton, Oregon, or to N. Hawkins at Pendleton will be liberally rewarded therefor.

Oct. 16-tf

FOR SALE!

A Splendid well bred Jack, 14 hands high. This Jack has for 3y been imported from the East by Wm. Hy. of Jackson County, Oregon, and well known to owners of the mountain stock industry as a stock getter and sire. He can be recommended by those living with Jackson Co., who have tried to buy the Jack; all can testify to the superior quality as a breeder. Those wishing to purchase can refer to Wm. Byles, Pendleton, Or.; J. Herron, Grande Ronde Valley, Jackson Co., Or. He can be found at the farm of Henry Shafer on Birch Creek, five miles below Pilot Rock.

For sale by S. A. FANNING.

-GRAND-

OPENING BALL!

Of the St. John Hotel, Weston, on the 1st of November.

☞General invitation extended to all.

☞No trouble or money spared to give satisfaction.

DANCE

Will take place in J. E. Jones' new brick building.

☞ *Tickets, including supper, $4.*

Oct 16th 3t.

NOTICE!

I am now prepared to sell

CRACKERS

OF EVERY SORT AND DESCRIPTION AT REDUCED RATES. Having secured the services of an experienced workman from San Francisco I have to offer at the WALLA WALLA BAKERY every sort of goods in my line of business. Give me your orders and be convinced.

O. BRECHTEL,
Walla Walla, W. T.

octtf

Dr. Geo C. Harris.

(Graduate of Jefferson Medical College, Phila., Pa.)

OFFICE ON MAIN STREET, OPPOSITE COURT house, Pendleton, with Turner, Cotter & Cosper. Residence on Thompson street, opposite residence of J. H. Turner.

☞ Chronic and diseases of women and children a specialty.

NEW TO-DAY.

Summons.

Justice's Court for the Precinct of Milton, Umatilla County, Or.

W. C. White, plaintiff, vs.
J. J. Cairnes, defendant.

Civil action to recover money.

To J. J. Cairnes the above named defendant.

IN THE NAME OF THE STATE OF Oregon you are hereby required to appear before the undersigned, a Justice of the Peace for the precinct aforesaid, on the 13th day of December 1880 at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the office of said Justice in said precinct, to answer the above named plaintiff in a civil action. The defendant will take notice that if he fail to answer the complaint herein, the plaintiff will take judgment against him for $240.00 and disbursements in this action.

This summons published by order of J. E Kirkland, Justice of the Peace. This 25th day of October 1880

J. E. KIRKLAND,
Justice of the Peace.

Dissolution Notice.

The partnership heretofore existing between A. P. Shull and Frank O'Niel under the firm name of Shull and O'Neil in the Eagle Saw Mill business is dissolved by mutual consent from this date, Shull and Bean continuing the business.

A. P. SHULL,
F. O'NEIL.

Oct 30th 1880. 3t

LEGAL.

Summons.

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for the County of Umatilla—ss.

R. Alexander & E. Lobenstine, partners under the firm name and style of R. Alexander & Co., Plaintiffs vs. Wm. Cox and Albert Nash, partners under the firm name of Cox & Nash, Defendants.

To Wm. Cox and Albert Nash Defendants:

IN THE NAME OF THE STATE OF OREGON YOU are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled action within ten days from the date of the service of this summons upon you if served in this county; or if served within any other county of this state then within twenty days from the date of the service of this summons upon you, and if served by publication, then on or before the 19th day of April, A. D. 1881, the same being the first day of the regular term of this court commencing after the expiration of six weeks from the date of the first publication of this summons, and if you fail so to answer for want thereof the plaintiff will take judgment against you at the regular fall term of the aforesaid circuit court for the county of Umatilla for the sum of $133.44 on your certain promissory note with interest thereon at the rate of one per cent per month from July 3, 1880, and for the further sum of $50 attorneys fees as therein provided, and for the further sum of $244.45 and for costs and disbursements of this action.

This summons published by the order of the Hon. L. L. Stevenson Judge of the above entitled Court bearing date September 29, A. D. 1880.

TURNER & COX,
Attys for Plff.

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT LA GRANDE, OR., October 1st 1880.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and secure final entry thereof at the expiration of thirty days from the date of this notice, viz: C. C. PRAPER—D. S. No. 3843, before Benj Grant Butler, Notaries Public, at Pendleton, Umatilla County, Oregon, on

No entry No. 1980

for the N½ of NW¼ and SW¼ of Sec 22; Tp 3 N R 35 E W M, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: G. N. Mitchell, sylvester King, George Crosby and W. S. Shafer, all of Pendleton, Oregon.

HENRY W. DWIGHT, Register.

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT LA GRANDE, OR., Oct 7th 1880.

NOTICE IS Hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and secure final entry thereof at the expiration of thirty days from the date of this notice, viz: S. J. THRASHER—D. S. No. 2133, before Benjamin Butler, Notaries Public, at Pendleton, Umatilla County, Oregon, on

NOV. 18TH 1880

for the E½ of Sec. 12, Tp. 4 N, R 32 E. W. M. and names the following as his witnesses, viz: J. C. Ball, J. Knowlton, L. W. Figg and Hamilter, all of Centerville, Oregon.

HENRY W. DWIGHT, Register.

Oct. 16-5t

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT LA GRANDE, OR., Oct. 18th, 1880.

NOTICE IS hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and secure final entry thereof at the expiration of thirty days from the date of this notice, viz: WILLIAM F. KIDWELL—D. S. No. 2565 before Benjamin Butler, Notaries Public, at Pendleton, Umatilla Co., Or., on November 20th 1880 for the N½ of sec. 24, Tp. 3 N, R 32 E of W M and names the following as his witnesses, viz: William Appleby, Alex Kidwell, Wm. Fitzgerald and George Osborne, all of Pendleton, Umatilla Co., Or.

HENRY W. DWIGHT, Register.

Dissolution of Copartnership.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between P. S. Ash and Jos. F. Sargent, dry goods, at Centerville, in the town of Centerville, is dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to said firm will find their accounts in the hands of F. S. Sargent, J. P., for collection, and if not paid by the first day of November next, suits will be added.

P. S. ASH,
F. F. SARGENT.

Centerville, Oct. 5th 1880. 3w

A. HEALEY,

BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTURER,

PENDLETON, OREGON.

SHOP on Main Street, opposite court house. All kind of work done in the best style, and at reasonable rates.

E. J. SOMMERVILLE. J. H. HALEY.

SOMMERVILLE & RALEY,

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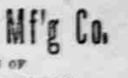

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