The East Oregonian.

SATURDAY.....JULY 10, 1880.

J. H. TURNER. B. B. BISHOP.

—PUBLISHED BY—

TURNER & BISHOP.

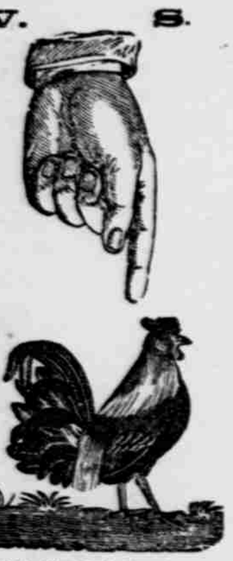
TERMS IN ADVANCE

ONE YEAR - - - - - $3.

Democratic Ticket.

FOR PRESIDENT:

W. S.



OF PENNSYLVANIA.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT:

WM. H. ENGLISH,

OF INDIANA.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS:

J. K. WEATHERFORD,
T. G. OWEN,
JAMES FULTON.

Garfield Settles Himself.

[From the Chicago Times.]

Garfield's defense is simple, straightforward and eloquent: "I acquit myself," he says, "of the great transgressions."

The people of the Pacific Coast say the Chinese must go and the Democratic platform says the Chinese shall not come.—*Sacramento Bee.*

WHEN Gen. Garfield runs on his military record, he brings up with a jerk against the fact that he left the field while the war was yet raging, left in good health, and accepted a civil office in the rear. If he puts his political record in front, out comes the story of his slips into the Credit Mobilier and the DeGolyer disgraces. Taking one consideration with another, the position of a candidate thus situated is not a happy one.—*Washington Post.*

The Democrat who obtained at Cincinnati two-thirds of the whole number of votes cast, has a claim, the Utica *Observer* declares, upon the faithful support of his whole party, infinitely stronger than the candidate who may be created a nominee by a majority of one vote at Chicago, has upon his. The impossibility of a weak or foolish choice is guaranteed when 492 out of the 738 representatives of Democracy in Convention assembled agree upon a standard-bearer.

WHAT THE GENERALS THINK.—A New York paper which warmly supported Gen. Grant's candidacy, prints a dispatch from Galena, Illinois stating that Grant will repudiate Garfield and support Hancock. Grant says: "General Hancock has the cleanest record of any man in the United States." General Sherman was asked by a reporter what he thought of General Hancock's nomination. The General replied that he did not have anything to do with politics. "But if you will sit down," he added, "and write the best thing that can be put in language about General Hancock as an officer and a gentleman, I will sign it without hesitation."

ON the 31st of January, 1879, President Hayes wrote to Collector Arthur: I regard it as my plain duty to suspend you in order that the office may be *honestly* administered." On the same day John Sherman wrote to Mr. Arthur: "Gross abuses of administration have continued and increased during your incumbency," and "bribes and gratuities have been received by your subordinates in several branches of the custom-house, and you have in no case supported the effort to correct those abuses." Both of these modern civil service reformers now think, however, that Mr. Arthur is a good enough man to fill the office of Vice-President.

IT was under Gen. Hancock's administration at New Orleans, when that commander had made up his mind not to enforce the reconstruction laws, that "nigger killing" was introduced as a political method, and soon after it became a favorite pastime. "The civil authority" that refused to punish such crimes was that authority to which General Hancock insisted that the military should be kept strictly subordinate. The oppressed classes received no protection from Gen. Hancock during the whole period of his administration in the south; and herein lies the secret of his popularity with the dominant party there.—*Oregonian.*

We say Gen. Hancock found the people of New Orleans ground between the upper and nether mill stone, carpet-baggers and niggers, with the help of the military, had overriden all law. Out of chaos, Hancock brought social order, and civil law again holds sway.

The First Corrupt Candidate.

[From the New York Sun.]

This canvass for a President will be distinguished from all others in the history of the United States by one circumstance which every self-respecting citizen, Democrat or Republican, must sincerely deplore. For the first time since the foundation of the Government, there is a question as to the personal integrity of a candidate for the Nations highest office.

Our people have not been accustomed to hear charges of personal dishonesty brought against the men presented for their suffrages.

That is because the candidates chosen by both great parties in all past campaigns have been men against whose private character there was not even suspicion. The selection by either party of a candidate not only suspected but proved to be guilty of corrupt practices, is absolutely without precedent.

One thing, and only one thing, could be more humiliating to our National pride—the election and inauguration of a President branded with personal dishonor!

Charged With Trespass.

THE CASES AGAINST EASTERN OREGON STOCK MEN IN THE U. S. CIRCUIT COURT.

Among the cases on the United States Circuit Court docket, for trial at the present term, are a number against stock owners in the eastern part of the State, who are charged with allowing their cattle and horses to graze upon land within the boundaries of the Malheur Indian reservation, situated in Grant county. These charges are made through information secured by Agent Rinehart and filed with the Department of the Interior, and Prosecuting Attorney Mallory commenced the suits in accordance with instructions from Attorney-General Devens. Two of the cases have already been decided, and the defendants, James Shepherd and Jessie Walker, of Harney Valley, found guilty, judgment being rendered by default and a verdict of $300 given the government. Among those whose cases are yet to be tried is one against the firm of French & Glenn, of Stein's Mountain, in this State, who, it is set forth, drove 2,000 and 75 head of horses on the reservation for grazing purposes. The defendants in this case have entered a denial, and Mr. French is now in this city attending to the case. The nearest line of the Malheur reservation is 55 miles from French & Glenn's place and the immediate country surrounding Stein's Mountain offering far be ter grazing places for cattle, the firm has no need of driving their stock to the reservation for feed, and the charges preferred against them by the informer, they say, cannot be sustained. Mr. French has been compelled to make two trips to the city in connection with the suits brought against him, and has been put to the expense of nearly one thousand dollars in so doing, the last time he having to bring with him a number of witnesses to substantiate his denial of the charge made against him and his partner. Similar charges are made against Peter Stenger, of Harney; J. S. Miller, of Stein's Mountain, and Tod, Hunter & Devine, of White Horse, against him the same information has been filed. In case of conviction the government receives one dollar for each head of stock sworn to have been grazed on the reservation and of this the informer gets one half which would seem to stimulate him to improve his shining hour to the best advantage. All the defendants in the above mentioned are well known in the State, and during the Bannock war were nearly ruined by the depredations of the very savages on whose grounds they are now said to have trespassed; the loss sustained by French & Glenn alone being nearly $100,000. There has not been an Indian living on the reservation since the war, and Rinehart is superintendent of a reservation without a redskin on it. Each and every one of these men are doing more for the good of the country than ever the government has, and what little protection was afforded the settlers and stockmen by the government has been removed by the abandonment of Fort Harney, leaving them, now that the Indians are temporarily out of the country, to the mercy of the Indian agent and those worse even than the redskins or agent, the informers, who in order to get the money out of the government file their charges indiscriminately, and where perhaps one may be guilty endeavor to increase their amount of "blood money" by including every man in the county who has a dollar, in the same crime.—*Farmer.*

Such is the policy of this great moral reform administration, a continuation of which the people are asked to inflict upon themselves. Truly does the Indian policy of the Republican party commend itself to the favorable consideration of the intelligent American voter. Look at the facts in the above case—two years ago the Indians from the Malheur Agency broke loose from their reservation, murdering and plundering throughout the surrounding country; many honest, industrious settlers, fortunate enough to escape with their lives, were reduced to a state of abject poverty through this outbreak, homes destroyed, stock stolen and themselves with their families thrown upon the world to shift for a living as best they might. Instead of aiding these men to retrieve their lost fortunes this Republican government rewarded the hostiles for their fiendish deeds, forgave them everything, and placed them upon a new reservation in accordance with their wishes. The Malheur reservation, comprising an enormous tract of land, has since that time been without a single Indian occupant, and when these men who lost as much by the war attempt to make some little use of the pasturage which grows and dies for the want of stock to graze upon it, orders come from headquarters to prosecute them for the act and take from them the remnant of property which the war left in their possession. The men who are trying to build up the country, to establish homes for themselves, their wives and their children, and who risked their lives for the defence and protection of the country, are to be robbed of their little all left after the raids of the savages—one-half to go to the government and one half to some worthless tramp, perhaps, who is too trifling to do anything for himself, and hopes to make a living by sucking the blood of honest, worthy pioneers.

This state of affairs might happen with us at any time, as it has, indeed, happened in the past, with regard to the Umatilla reservation. Any poor man whose cow might go upon it to pasture, or any one of these teamsters seeking to make a living by the hard and laborious life they have to lead, who may turn his team out to graze at night upon the Indian land is liable to be arrested, taken to Portland, under orders from Attorney-General Devens, and fined a dollar a head for each transgression. These are the acts of a party which asks the people for a further lease of power. This is the party which opposes the opening of this reservation now, and prevents an act of justice to the settlers of this country which a Democratic Congress would be only too willing to grant did not a fraudulent veto stand ready to meet them. This party through the milk-and-water policy of the Secretary of the Interior even rewarded, as it were, the Utes for their murderous war in Colorado, and which is responsible for the Indian troubles in the country for the last fifteen years. General Winfield Scott Hancock has dealt with Indians for more than thirty years, he has met them in the field and in council, he has commanded Indian departments, he understands their character and the sort of management they require perfectly, and when he is elected *and inaugurated* the country will witness a satisfactory and very different solution of this troublesome question.

THE dampfools who preside over the Weston *Leader* say they have a character and reputation to sustain. The pole cat has the same kind of character and reputation, and sustains it in the same way and with the same material.

Exodus of the Piutes.

Under leave of Sec. Schurz, Sarah Winnemucca is to lead her people forth from among the Yakima's and take them back to the Malheur reservation. From the Yakima *Record* we clip the following:

On Friday of last week, Sarah, in company with her brother, Lee Winnemucca, called in upon us and besought our aid to the extent of informing the people of Eastern Oregon and Nevada that they are going to return to their own country. Stories have been told to her that the people of Eastern Oregon would kill her people if they passed through that country. This she does not believe, but if it is true, the Piutes now here will go even if only to meet death, they preferring to meet the grim destroyer quickly rather than encounter another season of lingering death at Fort Simcoe. Sarah has the permission of the Secretary of the Interior for her and her people to return.

We interviewed Sarah as to the cause which has led to this remarkable exodus of the Piutes. We requested her to embody her views in a communication. This she has done, and the letter is signed by all the head men of the Piutes, and as follows: "We, the Piutes, started here during the Winter of '72, and arrived on the 10th of February, 1872. Our people were all well supplied with clothes, the men especially with such clothes as they had obtained of the soldiers at Camp Harney, Oregon before we left. We were here but a short time when some of my people went to work for the Indians living here. They went to work on the promise that their work would be paid for in horses. They were to work from 5 to 10, 15, 20 and as high as 30 days for a horse. They went to work, and some were paid and others not. Those that were not paid were told that they had eaten the amount of work they had done. Those that did get paid some other Indians would come and take the horses away from them. A good many of our people have bought horses with their own blankets and saddles which they had when they came here. They have been taken too. Some of our best horses which we brought here have also been taken. All this has been told to Mr. Wilbur and still he can't help us. When we go to church our blankets and reps are taken while we are inside. All this has been done to us since we have been here, and to-day we are poorer than when we came. Yes, poorer in clothes. Poorer in horses. Poorer in victuals; in everything. We have lost (?) 53 head of horses, and have left 237 head. Our sick have been poorly cared for, and many have died for want of something to eat. Now, can any one blame us for wanting to go back to our own country!

"The Doctor was telling me that all we have had belonged to the Indians here. That is beef and flour. That the government had not given us anything. [Sarah told us that she was assured to the contrary in Washington.—*Ed. Record*] There is something here now which he says is ours, but which has already been paid to those who have worked. [What is it? Let us hear the whole story.—*Ed. Record.*]

"Oh, we one and all pray of our white brothers to not be so hard hearted against us. We all want to go back, and will leave Fort Simcoe on the 3d of July. We don't know what time we will get to The Dalles and a good many of us will have to walk."

The above is signed by Sarah, Lee and Frank Winnemucca, Chief Leggens, Paddy Two Chief and Piute Joe.

A Severe Rebuke.

In course of his eloquent remarks made before the recent Illinois Democratic State Convention the Hon. Lyman Trumbull administered a severe rebuke to the Republican party of today, from which the following is an extract: "I had occasion the other day to step into their National Convention at Chicago. And what did I see looking down upon that Convention? There were the portraits of Chase, of Seward, of Fessenden, of Sumner and of Greeley, whom by slander and falsehood they hounded to the grave. Here they were calling upon the spirits of these departed statesmen—those great men who gave the Republican party in the days of its purity all its glory—calling upon them to give countenance to its proceedings in 1880, when for the last ten years they had hounded everyone of them. Could effrontery or impudence go farther than that for those men to appeal to the spirits of Greeley and Chase and Seward as though they were with them."

Kearney Deposed.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 3.—The State Convention of the Democratic wing of the workingmen's party last night deposed Kearney as president of the party, and declared the offices of vice-president, secretary and treasurer vacant, elected a state central committee endorsed Hancock and English and Democratic presidential electors, and adjourned till Tuesday evening next.

The spectacle of Queen Victor's receiving $2,538,000 annually, and the rowdy Prince of Wales $1,000,000, while every man in ten in England is a pauper, will not always insult the rising intelligence of working people. A terrible day of reckoning is sure to come.—*Irish World.*

If as claimed by many Republicans, Hancock is a good enough Republican for them, we really would like to hear any reason why they insist on voting for the Credit Mobilier, DeGolyer contract bribe-taking Garfield.—*Ex.*

THURMAN, Tilden and all the other defeated candidates for nomination at Cincinnati, enthusiastically approve of the selection of Hancock.—*Assignee.*

NEW TO-DAY.

MUNKERS & HAWKER,

(Next door to postoffice)

HEPPNER, - OREGON.

....Dealers in all kinds of Liquors and the....

CHOICEST WINES, CIGARS,

Etc., kept constantly on hand at this popular resort. Give us a call and be convinced. jly10tf

CITY BREWERY,

A. Lang & Co.,

—PROPRIETORS.—

—Court Street, Pendleton, Oregon.—

Saloons, hotels and private families furnished with beer by the bottle or keg. Bottled beer a specialty jun26tf

Notice to Creditors.

NOTICE IS Hereby given that the undersigned have been duly appointed administrator of the estate of Dr John Teel, deceased. All persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to present them to me, at my office in Pendleton, Umatilla county, Oregon, within six months from the date of this notice; and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. LUCIAN EVERTS, Administrator.

July 3, 1880.—4t

Father Walter on the Stand.

A Richmond, Va., special reports Bishop Keane as saying that he happened to be in Washington a few months ago, when the charges as to Gen. Hancock's connection with the Surrat case were reiterated, and Father Walter stated in the most emphatic language that there was no truth whatever in the charges. Father Walter was the spiritual adviser and confessor of Mrs. Surratt.

THE ABANDONED VESSEL.—The British bark *Orient*, reported in a dispatch from London as having been seen abandoned, had a cargo of railroad iron for the Oregon Railway and Navigation company, sufficient to lay thirty-five miles of track. No loss will be entailed by the company, as the cargo was fully insured, nor will the completion of the road be delayed, as the rails can be replaced in San Francisco.

The Supreme Court has made their selection of terms as follows: W. P. Lord, C. J.; E. B. Watson, 4 years; J. Waldo, long term.

—THE—

OREGON KIDNEY TEA.

Read the following testimonials, sent from persons 2,000 miles away, whom no one knows, but from well-known and trustworthy citizens of Oregon, whose names, written with their own hands, can be seen at our office:

Silverton, Oregon, March 27, 1880.

I have been afflicted with a Kidney trouble for 12 years, during which time I have used almost everything I could hear of, but obtained no relief until I tried the **Oregon Kidney Tea**. I am now using the second bottle and feel like it will do much good and have no hesitancy in recommending it as a pleasant and safe kidney remedy.

W. R. COX.

Goldendale, W. T., March 31, 1880.

I have had the double rue for thirty years. Have had many physicians prescribe for me, but failed to get relief. I tried the **Oregon Kidney Tea**, and the first dose gave me relief. I am now almost well, and would recommend it to any one suffering from this disease.

RUFUS PIKE.

National Democratic Platform.

The Democratic party of the United States in convention assembled declare:

First.—We pledge ourselves anew to the constitutional doctrines and traditions of the Democratic party as illustrated by the teachings and example of a long line of Democratic statesmen and patriots, and embodied in the platform of the last national convention of the party.

Second.—Opposition to centralization and that dangerous spirit of encroachment which tends to consolidate the powers of all the departments in one, and thus to create, whatever be the form of government, a virtual despotism. We deem it a primary law, separation of church and state for the good of each, common schools to be fostered and protected.

Third.—Home rule, honest money and strict maintenance of the public faith, consisting of gold, silver and paper convertible into coin on demand, the strict maintenance of the public faith, state and national, and a tariff for revenue only.

Fourth.—The subordination of the military to the civil power, and a general and thorough reform of the civil service.

Fifth.—Right to a free ballot as the right preservative of all rights and must and shall be maintained in every part of the United States.

Sixth.—The existing administration in representative of corruption only, and it claims of the right to surround the ballot box with troops and deputy marshals, to intimidate and obstruct an election, are the unprecedented use of the vetoes to menace the current and despotic power, mocks the people and imperils their free institutions.

Seventh.—The great fraud of 1876, by which, upon a false count of the electoral vote of two states, the count date defeated at the polls was declared to be president, and for the first time in American history the will of the people was set aside under the threat of military violence struck a deadly blow at the system of representative government. The Democratic party, to preserve the country from the horrors of a civil war, submitted for the time to the fraud, and instead of 4 with that the people would punish this crime in 1880. This patriotic purpose has the effect every other. It imposes a more sacred duty upon the people of the union than was ever addressed to the conscience of a nation of freemen.

Eighth.—We execrate the course of this administration in making places for political criminals, and declare it to be a reform in name only, which should render impossible for a defeated candidate to force his way to the seat of a usurper by railroads upon the people, (It was read again in response to demands, and was received with applause.)

Ninth.—The resolution of Samuel J. Tilden not again to be a candidate for president, the exalted place to which he was twice led by a majority of his countrymen, and from which he was excluded by the leaders of the Republican party, is received by the Democrats of the United States with sensibility, and they declare their confidence in his wisdom and patriotism and integrity unsullied by the conduct of the common enemy, and their further reliance to hear it at his call. Followed upon the retirement he has chosen for himself by the sympathy and respect of his fellow citizens, who regard with admiration those who, by exercising the standard of public morality and affording and sustaining the public service, merits the lasting gratitude of his country and his party.

Tenth.—Free ships and a living chance for American commerce on the sea and on the land; no discrimination in favor of transportation lines, corporations or monopolies.

Eleventh.—Amendment of the Burlingame treaty; no more Chinese immigration except for travel, education and foreign commerce, and these only carefully guarded.

Twelfth.—Public money and public credit for public purposes solely, and public land for actual settlers.

Thirteenth.—The Democratic party to the friend of labor and the laboring man, and pledges itself to protect him alike against the monopolists and the communist.

Fourteenth.—We congratulate the country upon the honest and skill of the Democratic congress which has reduced the public expenditure $44,000,000 a year, upon the continuation of prosperity at home and the national honor abroad, and above all, upon the proof of such a change in the administration of the government as will insure its genuine lasting reform in every department of the public service.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

LEHMAN BLUM,

—DEALER IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Great Reduction in SUMMER DRESS GOODS, Gents Summer Clothing, To Close Out Stock

....JUST RECEIVED....

—A FINE ASSORTMENT OF—

Ladies and Children's Hosiery and Gloves, Embroideries, Silk and Lace Ties, Ruchings, Etc.

A Complete Stock of GROCERIES, TOBACCO, CROCKERY, BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS, ETC.

CARPETS, WALL PAPER,

—ETC.—

Call and examine prices.

LEHMAN BLUM,

Pendleton, Oregon.

A. HEALEY,

BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTURER,

PENDLETON, OREGON

SHOP on Alta Street, west of Odd Fellows' building. All kind of work done in the best style, and at reasonable rates. jun26tf

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Falker, Bell & Co.'s

Wool and Live Stock

—Agency.—

Office at 420 California Street, SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Storage, Packing & Grading

WOOL, HIDES AND PELTS

Received & sold on Commission

Warehouse 6th and TOWNSEND STS.

STOCK YARDS

At Butchertown, South San Francisco.

WE have facilities for the sale and slaughtering, on Commission, of all kinds of live stock.

OREGON AGENCY

30 NORTH FRONT ST., PORTLAND.

Having withdrawn Mr. Clarke as our representative we have pleasure in recommending to our numerous clients, Mr. J. H. Cameron, who now represents our interest.

Wool consigned for sale in Portland will have our undivided attention this season. Instructions as to sales strictly complied with, and prompt returns made. Account of sales rendered in fourteen days of sale. Liberal advances made on consignments. apr3

PIONEER WOOL GRADING AND PACKING House Co.,

PORTLAND,.....OREGON.

BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THE WOOL GROWERS of Oregon and Washington Territory, that they have established a Grading and Packing House for the grading and packing of Wools for the direct shipment to the New York, Boston and Philadelphia markets.

The consignment of your Wool is Respectfully Solicited.

PIONEER WOOL GRADING AND PACKING HOUSE, S. A. SEYMOUR, Superintendent.

N. B.—Best of references given if desired.

Liberal Cash advances made on Consignments received by us for grading or shipment.

WE ALSO Can furnish our patrons with Wool Sacks, Twine, and Speep Dip at the lowest market price.

Portland, Oregon, March 1st, 1880.

Address letters P. O. box 28, Portland, O.

Office 22, North Front St., up st. low. mch1-3 W. C. P.

WOOL!

WOOL BAGS!

Branch of

ADOLPH & COHN, Portland, Or.

—DEALERS IN—

Hides, Furs Skins and Tallow,

—AND—

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT

Just received at Portland a large lot of

WOOL BAGS, Which we offer to the Wool Growers at San Francisco rates. Liberal cash advances made on consignments of wool. Nominal interest and Commission charged.

H. HETZGER, Manager.

Main St., Opposite Dime House, Walla Walla.

Or A. A. COHN,

73 Front St., Portland jan3tf

WOOL GROWERS ATTENTION.

We desire to call the attention of the Wool Growers of this county to our unexcelled facilities for selling Wool in the Portland or San Francisco markets. Liberal advancements will be made on Wool. Commission charged for selling is

2 1-2 PER CT.

Wool forwarded at 50cts. per ton. We have a large stock of 1st class Leaf Tobacco, Sulphur, Stock Salt, Wool Sacks, Fleece Twine, Shears, Etc. All of which we offer at bottom prices. All orders or business of Wool Growers will receive prompt attention as in past years.

John R. FOSTER & Co.

Umatilla, Or., Jan. 14, 1880. jan16m3

J. Stouder's

BLUE MOUNTAIN BALSM,

.... FOR THE LUNGS ....

FOR CONSUMPTION, LIVER COMPLAINT, CROUP, Bronchitis, Coughs and colds. It aids digestion, purifies the blood, and acts as a general tonic to the whole nervous system. Warranted to be purely vegetable. Directions: Dose for adults one tablespoonful three times a day. In severe cases one taken often enough to produce expectoration. Dose for infants one teaspoonful three times a day. Prepared by J. STOUDER, Pilot Rock, Oregon. may8

LEGAL.

Public Sale of Real Estate.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT IN PURSUANCE of an order of the County Court of Umatilla County, State of Oregon, made on the 8th day of June 1880, in the matter of the Estate of B. C. Atwood, deceased, the undersigned the administrator of said Estate, will sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash at the premises on Saturday the 10th day of July, 1880, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, all the right, title and interest of the said B. C. Atwood, deceased, in and to the following described real estate, to wit:

NE ¼ of SE ¼ of sec 29, and the W ½ of the NE ¼ and SE ¼ of SE ¼ of sec 23 T 2 N R 27 east, situate in Umatilla County, Oregon; and containing 160 acres.

Terms of sale—cash in hand. O. F. THOMSON, Administrator.

Dated June 12th, 1880—3t

In the County Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Umatilla. In the matter of the Estate of Robert Douglas, deceased. Citation to Heirs and parties interested in Probate.

TO ANNA E. FORD SOPHIA J. DOUGLAS AND John L. Douglas, greeting: In the name of the State of Oregon, You are hereby cited and appointed in the County Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Umatilla, on Friday the 30th day of July, A. D. 1880 at 1 o'clock P. M. of that day, then and there to show cause, if any you have, why a certain instrument in writing presented to the said County Court, and now on file therein, should not be admitted to Probate as the last Will and Testament of said deceased, and why Letters testamentary should not be issued to William M. Dungan according to the petition on file in the Clerk's office of said county.

Witness, the HON. H. G. TOAKUM, Judge of the County Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Umatilla, this 9th day of June, A. D. 1880.

[Seal.] J. R. KEENEY, Clerk.

Turner, Bailey & Conley, attorneys.

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed by the County Court of the State of Oregon for Umatilla County, Administrator of the estate of J. K. White, deceased. All persons having claims against the said estate are hereby required to present them, with the proper vouchers, within six months from the date hereof, to me at my office in Pendleton, Oregon. JNO. A. SUTER, Administrator.

Dated Pendleton, Or., June 19th, 1880. jun12

Dissolution Co-Partnership

THE Co-Partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned in the practice of law, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. D. W. Bailey retiring from the firm. J. H. TURNER, D. W. BAILEY, D. M. CONLEY.

June 10, 1880.

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT LA GRANDE, OR., June 12th 1880.

NOTICE IS hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made at the expiration of thirty days from the date of this notice, viz: WILLIAM M. DUNGAN, D. S. L. No. 1865. Proof of which will be made before D. P. Dwight, a Notary Public at Pendleton, Oregon, on July 2, viz: lots 3 & 4, SE ¼ sec 18 Tp 1 S R 28 E, and names the following witnesses, viz: Lucas P. Smith, James N. Vincent, George Vincent and W. A. Gleason, all of Lexington, Morrow county, Oregon. jun19 HENRY W. DWIGHT, Register.

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT LA GRANDE, OR., June 16th 1880.

NOTICE IS hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made at the expiration of thirty days from the date of this notice, viz: H. G. TOAKUM, Homestead Appl. entry No. 4012. Proof will be made before the County Judge of Umatilla county, at Pendleton, Oregon, on the 26th of July, 1880, for the S ½ NE ¼ and NW ¼ NE ¼ and SW ¼ NW ¼ of sec 8 T 2 N R 35 E, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: B. Upper and Wm Hooper of Umatilla Co., Or., and W. Baker and D. B. Bishop of Umatilla Co., Or. jun19 HENRY W. DWIGHT, Register.

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN That the undersigned has been appointed administrator of the estate of John Cusick, deceased. All persons having claims against said estate are required to present the same to me with the proper vouchers, at my residence at Milton, Umatilla county, Oregon, within six months from date. JNO MILLER, Administrator.

Turner & Conley, attys. jun26t

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT LA GRANDE, OR., June 16th, 1880.

NOTICE IS Hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before D. P. Dwight, a Notary Public at Pendleton, Umatilla Co., Or., on July 2nd, 1880, for the N ½ SE ¼, SW ¼ SE ¼ and NW ¼ sec 18, T 2 N R 32 E, and names the following witnesses, viz: A. W. Nye of Umatilla Co., Or., A. J. Randall, and Wm Shaffer and J. C. Long, all of Pendleton, Umatilla county, Oregon. jun19-3t HENRY W. DWIGHT, Register.

John C. Teasure.

Attorney At Law.

—PENDLETON, OREGON.—

Office opposite court house, with Wheeler Bro. my29tf

W. J. LEEZER,

DEALER IN

WOOD & COAL STOVES

CUTLERY, BOLTS, SCREWS, HINGES.

And all kinds of

HARDWARE.

A general assortment of

TINWARE

Kept on hand and made to order.

PUMPS AND IRON PIPES FURNISHED

FARMING IMPLEMENTS KEPT on hand

AGENTS FOR FRANK BROS. Agricultural Implements.

Call and examine my new stock

W. J. LEEZER, Hoopner, Or. jun6

H. JACOBS,

—Of the—

VARIETY Store,

Opposite Pendleton Hotel, is about to move in the old law office of Turner & Bailey, opposite court house. mch27tf

Wheeler & Wilson

SEWING MACHINE

THE BEST IN THE WORLD.

A. W. OSBORN, Traveling Agent, march27:f

ADVERTISEMENTS.

D. Theodore.

UMATILLA - OREGON

All kinds of Liquors and the choicest WINES, CIGARS, etc. kept constantly on hand at this popular RESORT.

GIVE ME A CALL GENTLEMEN AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.

LIVERY & FEED STABLE.

R. N. Standfield, proprietor.

Umatilla, - - Oregon

Also keeps constantly on hand, and for sale cheap, a full stock of saddles, harness, etc., etc.

S. H. Kennedy's Mf'g Co.

MANUFACTURERS OF

SHEEP DIPS,

the Largest of the Kind in the U. S.

Please Examine the list of the different dips and prices, viz:

DISSOLVED SULPHUR

—DIP.—

Price, $2 25 a gallon. This is equal to 30 pounds the best sublime sulphur.

CONCENTRATED

Extract of Tobacco

—DIP.—

Price, $2 25 a gallon. This is equal to 40 pounds best Leaf Tobacco.

Non-Poisonous Dip.

Price, $2 25 a gallon. This is our FAVORITE Dip, as it CURES, CAN and is can be used at any degree of strength with safety.

HEMLOCK POISONOUS

—DIP.—

Price, $2 25 a gallon. And is the best poisonous dip in use.

Each Gallon of these Dips will make

Enough for 225 Sheep after Shearing.

Put up in One and Five Gallon cans with full directions for use.

Pamphlets sent Free to any Address.

Sold by all principal dealers in the U. S.

S. H. KENNEDY'S Mf'g Co. OMAHA, NEB.

ROTHCHILD & BEAN, gg ass. Pendleton. octl6f

W. S. BYERS & CO.

—PROPRIETORS—

PENDLETON MILLS

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN FLOUR Grain, Etc.

Our Flour exchanged for good wheat. apl7

W. HALLER,

Watchmaker & Jeweler.

Store in Postoffice building, Pendleton, Or.

Hoping by strict attention to business and doing good work, to receive a share of your patronage. I keep on hand, watches, clocks and jewelry. tf

Plenty of Hay and Grain

MEALS & BEDS

—AT—

LEE'S ENCAMPMENT,

MEACHAM ROAD, AT

PENDLETON RATES.

F. A. FOSTER.

FRANK DUNN.

ARCHITECT

—AND—

BUILDER,

PENDLETON, OREGON, my10

NEW YORK STORE.

FROM THE EAST! FROM THE EAST!

H. Murphy, Proprietor.

Pendleton, Oregon, Main Street, Opposite Court House.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS JUST ARRIVED FROM the East with a full assortment of Jewelry, Ladies and Gents watches, also a full line of Jet ware, gents neck ware, suspenders, cutlery, and stationery, tobacco and cigars; toilet articles of all kinds; knives and notions of all descriptions.

My motto is cheap for cash

—Give me a call and examine for yourselves.— may8tf

McCormic Lyon,

BARBER SHOP.

Hair Cutting, Shaving and Shampooing.

Hot Baths Always Ready.

Main Street, Pendleton.

PENDLETON MARKET

AT THE OLD STAND

Main Street - - Pendleton, Or.

D. R. SAUBERT & R. C. BAGER,

DEALERS IN

Fresh Beef, Pork, Mutton, Corned Beef, Salt Pork, Sausage Meat, Dried Beef, Tongues, Tripe, All kinds of Fresh Sausages.

Highest cash price paid for Slaughtered Hogs. sept6tf