

OREGON SPECTATOR.

C. L. HODGKIN, EDITOR. OREGON CITY, OREGON TERRITORY. Saturday Morning, Dec. 23, 1854.

[If Public meetings, of all kinds, wishing their proceedings published in this paper, must pass a resolution to that effect.]

[If Persons paying money to this establishment on subscription are requested to obtain a receipt from the publisher or authorized agent.]

[If When any subscriber wishes to discontinue this paper, it is respectfully suggested that all dues be promptly paid.]

[If Advertisements for this paper must be presented before 4 o'clock, p. m., on Thursday, to insure insertion the same week.]

[If All communications will be received unless the author's real name for the Editor's benefit, accompanies the manuscript.]

[If We will insert no Administrator's advertisements unless they are paid for. The trouble of collecting is more than they are worth.]

[If Persons receiving bills can remit money to us through the mails, when no other method is designated. Subscribers please notice.]

AGAINST THE INSIDIOUS WILES OF FOREIGN INFLUENCE, (I CONJURE YOU TO BELIEVE ME FELLOW CITIZENS) THE JEALOUSY OF A FREE PEOPLE OUGHT TO BE CONSTANTLY AWAKE. IT IS ONE OF THE MOST BANEFUL FOES OF A REPUBLICAN GOVERNMENT.—Washington.

WHO WANTS MONEY? On the first day of March 1855, we shall send bills, for lawful collection, to all those persons who shall have paid nothing on subscription to the Oregon Spectator for a year and a half previous to that date, and shall discontinue their subscription at the same time. In the meantime we will be happy to receipt for any who may wish to pay up, and thus save costs.

Our next regular issue, (No. 45) will appear on Saturday, two weeks from to-day, Jan. 6, 1855.

OREGON LEGISLATURE.

The last week was pretty much used up with debating the viva voce system of voting. And they have even passed a bill through the lower house which provides that men shall walk up to the polls and speak the name of the candidate for whom he wishes to vote, instead of balloting.

Much precious time was wasted on the subject of organizing the township system. The Hon (1) Delazon (Linn) Smith argued in favor of the thing until 'he run it into the ground,' and the house very sensibly voted it down. Linn put his long words in at the wrong place, which caused them to have a very short meaning.

The Statesman gives rather a curtailed report of the house proceedings on account of many interesting features not striking the reporters ear. He must be slightly deaf else they make a great deal of noise and confusion in and about the 'temple.' It does not give the Council debates as yet, (perhaps their reporter in that branch can not hear at all) but the Linn Smith is positive that it will give a full and reliable report, therefore he thinks each one ought to take about six copies, and make Uncle Samuel pay for them, to the exclusion of all other papers in the territory.

Members. Lovejoy, Dunn, Starkweather, McIntire, Logan, Henry, Gillespie, Gazley, Condon, St. Clair, Patterson and Mr. Cartee, voted against the scandalous viva voce bill, but were beaten by an odds of two votes. The people of Clackamas county are very much pleased that Mr. Lovejoy opposed it in the manner he did.

Mr. Gazley defended the Know-nothings, which shows at least that he has a mind of his own, which cannot be said of every dimocrat in the legislature. Linn Smith spouted long and loud against them, just as if the viva voce system would hurt them any. Poob! and he even seemed to think there was an awful secret foe in Oregon to contend against; one that would require the assistance of every democrat in the territory to oppose. Poor victimized! how we pity him. If he had seen as many of their weak attempts at vital quickening as we have, he would spend no more of his non-sensical breath in brow-beating the secret order of Know-nothings. Although there may be more honor in a mouse than an elephant, there cannot be strength enough on the one side to think of making equal a contest.

There were several bills introduced, and among which was one providing for the prohibition of intoxicating liquors. Notice of a bill was given to change the time of holding elections.

Also one for creating the office of county surveyors.

Notice was given of a bill to bring the subject of a State government before the people. We hope it will pass. We voted for convention at the election last June, and hope to have a chance soon to do so again. Linn Smith is entitled to a little credit for bringing up that subject.

DELEGATES. The last "Statesman" contains a rich letter from Jo. Lane, who appears very much frightened, (and not without reason) at the idea of being excommunicated by his party in Oregon.

Some citizens of Washington territory have had a public meeting and denounced the Hon. Mr. Lancaster, in very bitter terms. They wind up by asking all Oregon papers to publish it. We do not know how others may take it, but as for us, we very respectfully beg leave to decline. We refer them, however to our advertising terms. Those democratic papers, the Standard and Statesman, who would rejoice to see Lane and Lancaster both kicked out of office, will be apt to publish the proceedings gratis.

I must confess that I am both surprised and pained to hear that there is, among democrats, dissatisfaction and complaining of my official acts.—Why or how this can be I am at a loss to understand, for God knows that my strongest earthly desire is to faithfully and honestly discharge my duty to the people. I present, and in such manner as is best calculated to promote their interests.—Joseph Lane.

A very humiliating difficulty. But your party doesn't think you know how to do it, however strong may be your earthly desires.

For the promotion of this great object, I have labored faithfully and honestly. In what have I failed or erred?—Joseph Lane.

Nobody is more willing to tell you than your own party. They will answer soon enough.

Now, sir, I desire the democracy to know that I am a candidate for re-nomination, and that I only wish success, if they think me honest, capable, faithful and true.—Joseph Lane.

It's no use of talking Mr. Lane, there is a man here called Hon. O. C. Pratt, that is bound to shiver your timbers awfully. He desires "the democracy to know that he's a candidate too, no doubt. At all events it's understood generally, by everybody, the organ included.

And further, I desire them to know that I will not resort to any dishonorable means, in any shape or manner; nor will I do any thing to disturb, distract or divide the democracy party; nor will I back-late, slander or detract from the merits of any man, for the sake of place. I will never attempt to pull down a fellow-observer, that I may raise myself on his downfall. I will not have office on any such terms.—Joseph Lane.

A pretty good resolution, Mr. Lane.—Don't we wish the Oregon Legislature would abide by such a ritual as that.

As above stated, I am a candidate for re-nomination. I submit my official acts to the judgment of candid and impartial people. By them I am willing to be tried.—Joseph Lane.

They have "tried" you already, as long as the expect a reasonable man to ask. It can be shown that I have in any way—by any single instance—neglected my duty, or that I am ready to yield the field to some other applicant.—Joseph Lane.

Whether it can be "shown" or not, and whether you are "ready" or not makes but little difference to your party. But let justice be done; let me be afforded an opportunity to render an account of my stewardship. For this purpose I ask that no nomination be made until I can have time to return home. This has not been refused by a generous people to a public servant, who has nearest his heart the honor and well-being of those he represents. And the democracy of those or any who seek a nomination, and are willing that his claims and merits should be discussed, can reasonably urge objections to this request.—Joseph Lane.

Perhaps not "reasonably," but democrats here expect to live only one life, and will therefore act unreasonably sometimes if they please. They are "keeping very cool" about it. General, and we hardly intend to "let the cat out of the bag," but surmise that you can see the color of its eyes without our doing so.

But here's an idea, Mr. Lane: The people of Washington Territory, or at least a portion of them, have just fallen in love with you. They want you. Oregon democracy don't need your services any longer. Have got tired of you and amuse themselves by laughing at your whining attempts, as made in the letter from which we have extracted, as above. They don't doubt your ability to represent Washington. (We think Mr. Lancaster could busy himself about something of more importance.) But when speaking of Oregon, you don't suit. Suppose you change places with Mr. Lancaster; let him represent the territory that needs somebody's efficient services, and you turn your attention to the Hudson Bay country.

The news came last evening that they had passed that abominable viva voce bill through both houses of the legislature. They have, at the same time, killed Lane's begging letter, by refusing to postpone the elections.

Have also divided Clackamas and Washington counties, forming a new county called Multnomah. Portland is therefore in Multnomah county, and Linn City in Clackamas.

We delayed publication to a late hour to-day, waiting for the mail steamer, which is now two days past due.

The favorite steamer "Portland" will make a special trip to Milwaukie on Monday evening next, (Christmas) leaving her landing in this city at precisely 5 o'clock. Will return Tuesday morning at 6 o'clock.

A New Year's Ball is to come off at the Main St. House in this city, on the evening of Jan. 1st, proximo.

The following is recommended as a reading exercise: "I saw five brave maids, sitting on five broad beds, braiding broad braids. I said to these five brave maids, sitting on five broad beds, braiding broad braids: 'Braid broad braids, brave maids.'"

There are quite a number of individuals in Oregon who owe us on subscription for papers sent to their friends in the States and other parts. It will be wrong to leave us to send bills to those "friends" for collection, which we have already been compelled to do in several instances. After the 1st of January we will take no new States' subscription unless paid for one year at the time of entering the name of our books.

The extensive steam sawmills belonging to the Portland Milling Co., were entirely consumed by fire on Monday evening last. Loss \$55,000.

J. B. Deuby received two pistol shots on Monday evening; there having been some dispute between him and a man with whom he had dealing. The wounds are not dangerous.

Thanks to Mr. Cartee, Speaker of the House of Representatives, for Legislative Documents.

The down road from Salem was a day too late again this week. The Portland folks seem to dislike this, but console themselves with the idea that they have a mail from Salem, via Lafayette, which is as fast as this route. Glad to hear it.

Several communications on hand, which, not appearing this week, may all be considered respectfully declined.

After a long spell of delightful weather, it commenced raining yesterday, and continues pouring down almost incessantly. The upper river will be navigable to Corvallis by to-morrow, with the water which has already fallen.

We notice that John Byrne has repainted and fixed up his shop, for the holidays, in quite an attractive manner. We notice some rich fruits in his windows.

Charmant & Warner have a splendid variety for Christmas and New Years. See advertisement.

THE ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH.

No more marked illustration of the advantages of the telegraph to the reading public has fallen under our observation than that which occurred on Friday last. It will be recalled that the steamship Africa was signalled off this port about 1 o'clock in the afternoon of the day above mentioned. At 2 o'clock the steamer was boarded, five miles off Sandy Hook, by the clipper news yacht of the Associated Press, and the important intelligence brought from Europe was almost instantly transferred to the Sandy Hook telegraph office by means of carrier pigeons, from whence it was transmitted over the wires to this city, where it was published, an hour in advance of the steamer's arrival at her dock at Jersey City. At about the same moment the passengers stepped on shore from the Africa, the news was being read in New Orleans, Halifax, Quebec, St. Johns and the intermediate towns.—New York Herald.

THE CATHOLIC BISHOPS ABROAD.

It is understood that Archbishop Hughes and Kenrick, and Bishops Timon and O'Connor, who have all sailed for Europe recently, have been specially invited by Pope Pius to visit Rome for the purpose of taking part in the Grand Council which is to determine the question of the Immaculate Conception of the Virgin Mary.

BABY SHOWS.

The Pittsburg Gazette gives admirable advice upon the subject of these inhuman exhibitions. It says: Let parents look their offspring, as it is meet they should, and think their infants the most beautiful and the most perfect in the world, as they have a right to; but let them not thrust their prodigies upon the unwilling gaze of those who do not look or judge with parents' eyes.—They but expose themselves to the shock of a far less favorable judgement than their own; and may perchance be mortified with the rude observations of scoffing and sneering men. Keep the little ones at the bedside, where they belong, and where they are truly regarded as treasures; and do not degrade them and the humanity to which they belong by putting them on a level with Berkshire pigs and Shanghai chickens.

Let the Springfield show be the last, as it was the first, of these noxious attempts to improve the human race after the manner of beasts.

TO YOUNG MEN.

The history of many of the world's best men, who have risen from poverty to positions of honor and affluence, reveals the interesting fact that it was the possession of a small cash capital, in the outset, which enabled them to start on that career of success which ever after attended their footsteps. The histories of thousands of men, unknown to fame, who have raised themselves from the daily drudgery of servile tasks, to situations of comparative comfort, attest the same important truth. We fear that a sad forebodingness of these examples prevails among the young men of our day. They are too apt to sneer at the idea of "small beginnings," and to judge their fancies in "higher aspirations." They boast as if it were a virtue, that they must commence business on a large scale, or not at all.

With such spurious notions, constituting the main spring of all their actions, they soon fall into spendthrift habits; they neglect to economize their small means; they waste their time; they have no fixed purpose; they live from hand to mouth; and their reputation for reliability is not good, and when a favorable opportunity occurs, where, by the judicious employment of a small capital—say one hundred dollars—they could commence a profitable business, such individuals are caught without a cent in their pockets or an acquaintance who dares to trust them.

Again, there is a large class of young men who cherish the belief that the times are less favorable now for the successful development of small enterprises than by-gone years. This is a very great mistake. The opportunities for money making, especially from small beginnings, are a hundred-fold more numerous now than they were twenty five years ago.—Scientific American.

ALL THE WAY TO KANSAS.

Here they go—there they go—singly, in groups, in throngs, all the way to Kansas. Sturdy young men with great hope in heart and scant purse in pocket, are on the way thither, perhaps to become prominent pillars of a new State. We see the first rude cabins with chimneys for windows, and roaring fires inside, in Kansas. A babe or two—perhaps an old grandmother knitting—a rosy-cheeked wife getting the substantial meal. We behold little clearings here and there, fields of waving grain and corn. Presently the young fruit trees in bearing, little school-houses full of hum like hives. Like magic, beautiful cottages dot the roadsides; court-houses spring up, great habitations with imposing fronts rear their ambitious heights in city thoroughfares. Next come palaces where learning sits with regal front, none to dispute his might and pre-eminence. Beautiful equipages roll along the slightly vistas of grand streets. Men with nobility of port and brow (those were infants of now) pass and re-pass; lovely women look from their windows, and longing idlers hang on the marble steps of hotels.—Ohio Branch.

CALIFORNIA MINES.

The want of water is very severely felt throughout the mining region. Thus far the winter has been unusually dry, and many of the miners are doing nothing but patiently waiting for rain. New diggings have been discovered in Calaveras county on the Volcano road, which have paid as high as \$4 per pan. Some specimens were found near Miller-ton, a few days since, the largest of which was pure gold, worth \$200.

The miners on Kern River are making from \$5 to \$10 per day. A lump of quartz, weighing 1000 lbs., was found a few days since by a party of five men, fifteen feet below the surface in Calaveras county. It is supposed to contain 80 per cent, of gold, and is valued at \$26,202.

NOT BAD.

The Piscataqua Observer is responsible for the following. A gentleman called at a hut in the Aroostook Valley, and requested some dinner. The lady, her spouse being absent, refused to supply his wants for money or love of humanity.

"Very well," said the hungry traveller, as he turned his footsteps from the inhospitable abode, "you will want nothing to eat to-morrow."

"Why not?" inquired the woman. "Because," answered the weary man, "the Indians are digging a tunnel at Moosehead Lake, and they are going to turn all the water of the lake into the Aroostook valley, and you and all the rest of the people are to be drowned."

Upon this intelligence, the old lady hurried off to the priest to inform him that a flood was to overflow the valley, and to ask what was to be done in the sad emergency. The priest endeavored to quiet her fears by telling her that God had promised that he should never send another flood upon the earth.

"But," exclaimed the affrighted woman, "it isn't God that's going to do it—it's the cursed Indians!"

Printers' accounts are said to be like faith, "the substance of things hoped for, and the evidence of things not seen."

In the intercourse of our life we are more frequently pleased by our faults than by our good traits.

When you go to drown yourself, strip, and lay your clothes down carefully on the bank. They may fit your wife's second husband.

New Advertisements.

Dissolution of Copartnership!!!

The partnership existing between Jno. B. Preston, James O'Neill, and Dan O'Neill, under the firm of Preston, O'Neill & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. James O'Neill having purchased the stock of goods of the firm, in Oregon City and Champpoug, will continue to sell at their usual low prices.

All persons having demands against Preston, O'Neill & Co. are requested to present them for adjustment. All persons indebted to the same are particularly requested to settle their accounts or notes before the 15th of January 1855. After that date all demands unsettled will be placed in the hands of an attorney for collection, as our Mr. Preston will soon leave for the States, and we desire to have our business settled immediately.

Jno. B. Preston, James O'Neill, Dan O'Neill. Oregon City, Dec. 16, 1854.

ONE hundred and eight fine boxes sperm candles, a fine article in fancy boxes, by PRESTON, O'NEILL & CO.

20 SHEETS of Tube for sale by DEMENT.

For Christmas and New Year's!! GREAT pleasure we take by informing the people of Oregon that we have just received from San Francisco a splendid assortment for the Holidays. Toys of all kinds. Candies of every description and quality, also some good raisins, figs prunes, honey, apples and nuts. ALSO, a new arrival of good cigars. We will have on hand the best of cakes, pies, and crackers. And will make to order any thing in our line, on short notice and in the best style possible. Please call and examine our assortment before purchasing elsewhere, for we will sell cheap. All orders punctually attended to, and goods purchased in our establishment can be delivered to any part of the city. Dec. 23. CHARMAN & WARNER.

A Curiosity!

It has been observed that, when in the course of human events it becomes necessary to sell bread very cheap, then it is not nice people of all classes approaching the Eagle Bakery, constantly, in search of loaf-bread, where it is being disposed of at the rate of Twelve 1/2 cent loaves for \$1! CHARMAN & WARNER.

Do you want fruits of different kinds? Buy of CHARMAN & WARNER.

FIGS, sardines, oysters, clams and catfish, by CHARMAN & WARNER.

SI BONES soap just received by Devans.

PRESTON, O'NEILL & CO.

Fall Trade.

Now receiving Ex. Bark C. Devans, a large addition to our stock, which is offered at the lowest market rate: 50 lbs N. O. Sugar, 45,000 yds Prints, 35 lbs Sugar's Syrup, 14,000 yds Brown Sheet, 50 boxes Soap, 11,000 yds Bleached Muslin, 25 lbs Pepper, 10 yds Panama, 10 yds Pimento, 10 yds Dr. of Apples, 4,500 yds Flannel, 10 lbs Cream Tartar, 11,000 yds Fines, 25 lbs Starch, 8,000 yds Jeans, 10 boxes Soda, 4,500 yds Hickory, 10 yds Pipes, 3,200 yds Tickung, 5 lbs Epsom Salts, 200 yds Table Damask, 5 lbs Sulphur, 300 Table Cloth, 50 lbs Gum Camphor, 100 yds Women's Hose, 15 doz Quinine, 100 yds Men's Socks, 15 doz Agar Pills, 50 yds Silk H'ks, 25 lbs Jaynes' Exp. Laxative, 1,000 yds Black Silk, 12 yds Aromatic, 500 yds Salubry Flannel, 21 yds Sun Pills, 50 White Quills, 5 lbs Sal Soda, 50 doz Yarn Thread, 5 lbs Super Carbonate Soda, 100 lbs Lard, 100 yds Cotton.

3,000 yds Colored Umbrellas. Together with a large number of other articles, to all of which the attention of merchants is solicited. GEO. ABERNETHY & CO. Oregon City, Oct. 29, 1854.

71 THOUSAND CEDAR SHINGLES.

very best quality, for sale by JNO P. BROOKS.

49 boxes of candles.

by ALLAN, MCKINLAY & CO.

46 cases tobacco—grape, ducks,

by ALLAN, MCKINLAY & CO.

40 boxes iron.

by ALLAN, MCKINLAY & CO.

40 cases of shoes—men's and boys' shoes.

by ALLAN, MCKINLAY & CO.

40 CARBON STONES and mountings.

by ALLAN, MCKINLAY & CO.

41 cases window glass.

by ALLAN, MCKINLAY & CO.

62 boxes fine musical strains.

by ALLAN, MCKINLAY & CO.

4 NE hundred horse collars.

by ALLAN, MCKINLAY & CO.

MILL saws, 7 feet. Cross-cut saws, 6 and 7 feet.

by ALLAN, MCKINLAY & CO.

B LACKSMITH'S hammers and tools, and carpenter's tools also.

by ALLAN, MCKINLAY & CO.

LARGE lot of men's and boys' clothing.

by ALLAN, MCKINLAY & CO.

LARGE assortment of blankets, flannel, etc.

by ALLAN, MCKINLAY & CO.

RICE, 20 bbls, an excellent article.

by ALLAN, MCKINLAY & CO.

LARGE assortment women's fine shoes.

by ALLAN, MCKINLAY & CO.

MEN'S coats and shoes.

by ALLAN, MCKINLAY & CO.

NEAR 200 pairs of boots.

by ALLAN, MCKINLAY & CO.

JUST received, 150 pairs wind w. ash, 10 yds 12 and 8 yds 10 yds.

by ALLAN, MCKINLAY & CO.

RELL'S wall paper, 1000.

by ALLAN, MCKINLAY & CO.

DRIED apples, 20 half bbls, a superior article.

by ALLAN, MCKINLAY & CO.

LOT of single and double hair mattresses.

by ALLAN, MCKINLAY & CO.

BUCKETS, 20 doz.

by ALLAN, MCKINLAY & CO.

MARBLE top wash stands.

by ALLAN, MCKINLAY & CO.

MARBLE top side tables.

by ALLAN, MCKINLAY & CO.

1 THOUSAND lbs No. 1 Peruvian sugar in bags, for sale low by PRESTON, O'NEILL & CO.

1 THOUSAND lbs New Orleans sugar, in barrels, just received by PRESTON, O'NEILL & CO.

CRUSHED sugar, 25 bbls by PRESTON, O'NEILL & CO.

VINEGAR—white vinegar, 10 bbls, first rate, by PRESTON, O'NEILL & CO.

LONG-legged top boots, a heavy article, 10 cases, and at low prices, by PRESTON, O'NEILL & CO.

WOMEN'S heavy calf skin shoes for winter season, 10 doz pairs by PRESTON, O'NEILL & CO.

Last Call!!

All those indebted by the subscriber, and who wish to save cost, will do well to call and settle up, on or before the first day of December by JOSEPH P. PRESCOTT Oregon City, Oct. 7, 1854-3-3.

Also a few pieces of satinets, musy, jeans, buckoo, red blue velvets and white flannels, prints, domestics, all of which will be cleared out at cost prices. PRESTON, O'NEILL & CO.

ON consignment at 10 cases, 12 bottles each, of pure just a Pot Wine, by PRESTON, O'NEILL & CO.

EXPRESSES. WELLS, FARGO & CO'S EXPRESS. Between Oregon, California, the Atlantic States and Europe.

HAVING made advantageous arrangements with the United States and Pacific Mail Steamship Companies for transportation, we are now prepared to forward Gold, Dust, Bullion, Specie, Packages, Parcels, and Freight, to and from New York, N. Orleans, San Francisco, Portland, and principal towns of California and Oregon.

Our regular Steam monthly Express between Portland and San Francisco, is dispatched by the Pacific Mail Steamship Co's steamship Columbia, commencing at San Francisco with our monthly Express to New York and New Orleans, which is dispatched regularly on the 1st and 16th of each month, by the mail steamer and in charge of our own messengers, through to destination. Our Express from New York leaves regularly on the 5th and 20th of each month, also in charge of our messengers. Treasure insured in the best New York companies, or at Lloyd's in London, at the option of shippers.

Connecting Lines on the Atlantic Side.

We connect at New York with the following well known lines, viz: The American Express Company, running via Buffalo and Dunkirk to Cleveland, Sandusky, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Toledo, Detroit, Chicago, Galena, etc. The Hudson Express to Boston, Philadelphia Baltimore, Washington, etc. Pullen, Vignot & Co's Vermont and Canada Express, Davenport, Mason & Co's New Bedford Express, Livingston, Wells & Co's European Express, Wells, Fargo & Co's Express—New York, No. 16, Wall st.; New Orleans, No. 11, Exchange place, San Francisco, No. 114, Montgomery street, St. Louis, Portland, O. T. August 26, 1854-270.

CRAM, ROGERS & CO'S CALIFORNIA AND OREGON EXPRESS

Connecting at Shasta with ADAMS & Co's well known and unrivalled Pacific Atlantic and European Express. C. R. & Co would most respectfully inform the public that they have made arrangements to forward a Weekly Express, to and from the following places, in charge of our regular messengers.

PRINCIPAL OFFICES: Yreka, Jacksonville, Astoria, Weaverville, Pittsburgh, Fall River, etc. Trinity River, Seattle Bar, Kamath River, Rogue River, Deadwood Creek, Greenhorn Creek, Cottonwood Creek, Hoston, Sador Diggins, Camanche, Salem, Scott River, Scott Valley, Salmon River, Indian Creek, Humboldt Creek, Hungry Creek, Cherry Creek, Humboldt, Crescent City, Winchester, Portland, and Oregon City.

We sell at a fair rate of principal offices, NIGHT DRAFTS on Adams & Co in the Atlantic States and Europe.

CHECKS AT PAR

on Adams & Co's Office, throughout the States. DEPOSIT RECEIVED, and all other matters. The highest price paid for GOLD DUST. Transients Available, Packages, Letters, &c., forwarded by our regular messengers with the utmost despatch. Particular attention paid to collections. Orders for the collection of packages promptly attended to, and forwarded according to instructions. All business entrusted to our care, will be faithfully and promptly executed. C. R. ROGERS & CO. Jacksonville, Oct. 13, 1854-3-30.

Paper Hangings.

The subscriber has this furniture Ware Rooms, the largest and best assortment of paper hangings in the Territory, for sale very cheap.

Oregon City, April 21, 1854-10. JOHNSON.