[illegible] Appropriations.

PUBLIC ACTS

[illegible] of the Thirty-first Congress.

AN ACT making appropriations for the [illegible] and contingent expenses of the [illegible] improvements, and for fulfilling [illegible] stipulations with various Indian [illegible], for the year ending June the [illegible], one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one.

To the Osages.

For blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of [illegible] July, eighteen hundred and thirty, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars.

For agricultural implements, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fifteenth July, eighteen hundred and thirty, five hundred dollars.

To the Ottoes and Missourias.

For education, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-first September, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, five hundred dollars.

For payment of farmer, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of twenty-first September, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, six hundred dollars.

For blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fifteenth July, eighteen hundred and thirty, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars.

To the Ottawas.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the third August, seventeen hundred and ninety-five, one thousand dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of seventeenth November, eighteen hundred and seven, eight hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of seventeenth September, eighteen hundred and eighteen, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-ninth August, eighteen hundred and twenty-one, one thousand dollars.

To the Ottawas and Chippewas.

For limited annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, thirty thousand dollars.

For interest to be paid as annuity on two hundred thousand dollars, per resolution of the Senate of twenty-seventh May, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, twelve thousand dollars.

For education, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, five thousand dollars.

For mission, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, three thousand dollars.

For vaccine matter, medicines, and pay of physicians, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, three hundred dollars.

For purchase of provisions, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, two thousand dollars.

For six thousand five hundred pounds of tobacco, one hundred barrels of salt, and five hundred fish barrels, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, one thousand one hundred dollars.

For three blacksmiths and assistants, stipulated in the seventh article of the treaty of twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, two thousand one hundred and sixty dollars.

For iron and steel for shops, six hundred and sixty dollars.

For gunsmith at Mackinac, stipulated in the seventh article of the treaty of twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, six hundred dollars.

For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars.

For two farmers and assistants, stipulated by the seventh article of the treaty of twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, one thousand six hundred dollars.

For two mechanics, stipulated in the seventh article of the treaty of twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, one thousand two hundred dollars.

To the Osages.

For interest on sixty-nine thousand one hundred and twenty dollars, at five per centum, being the valuation of fifty-four sections of land set apart by treaty of the second June, eighteen hundred and twenty-five, for educational purposes, per resolution of the Senate of nineteenth January, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, three thousand four hundred and fifty-six dollars.

For limited annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the eleventh January, eighteen hundred and thirty, nine, twenty thousand dollars.

For two smiths' establishments, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the eleventh January, eighteen hundred and thirty-nine, two thousand dollars.

For pay of two millers, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the eleventh January, eighteen hundred and [illegible], one thousand two hundred dollars.

To the Piankeshaws.

For permanent annuities, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of third [illegible], seventeen hundred and ninety-[illegible], two hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the third [illegible] September, eighteen hundred and [illegible] hundred dollars.

To the Pawnees.

For agricultural implements, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the ninth of October, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, one thousand dollars.

To the Pottawatomies of Huron.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the seventeenth November, eighteen hundred and seven, four hundred dollars.

To the Pottawatomies.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the third August, seventeen hundred and ninety-five, one thousand dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and nine, five hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of second October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twentieth September, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, two thousand dollars.

For life annuity to chief, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twentieth September, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, one hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, sixteen thousand dollars.

For limited annuity, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of twentieth October, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, fifteen thousand dollars.

For life annuity to chiefs, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the twentieth October, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, four hundred dollars.

For limited annuity, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of twenty-six October, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, twenty thousand dollars.

For limited annuity, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of twenty-six September, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, fourteen thousand dollars.

For life annuity to chiefs, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of twenty-six September, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, seven hundred dollars.

For limited annuity, stipulated in the second supplemental article of the treaty of twenty-sixth September, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, two thousand dollars.

For purchase of salt, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of seventh June, eighteen hundred and three, one hundred and forty dollars.

For purchase of one hundred and sixty bushels of salt, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of sixteenth October, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, three hundred and twenty dollars.

For education, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the sixteenth October, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, two thousand dollars.

For blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of sixteenth October, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars.

For education, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the twentieth September, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, two thousand dollars.

For payment in money, stipulated in the tenth article of the treaty of fifth and seventeenth June, eighteen hundred and forty-six, three hundred dollars.

For blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twentieth September, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars.

For blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars.

For the purchase of fifty barrels of salt, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, two hundred and fifty dollars.

For education, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the twenty-seventh October, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, two thousand dollars.

For interest on six hundred and forty-three thousand dollars, at five per centum, stipulated in the seventh article of the treaty of the fifth and seventeenth June, eighteen hundred and forty-six, thirty-two thousand one hundred and fifty dollars.

To supply a deficiency in a former appropriation for the Pottawatomies.

For interest on six hundred and forty-three thousand dollars, at five per centum, stipulated in the seventh article of the treaty of the fifth and seventeenth June, eighteen hundred and forty-six, and to supply a deficiency to that amount in the appropriations for eighteen hundred and forty-eight, thirty-two thousand one hundred and fifty dollars.

To the Quapaws.

For limited annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of thirteenth May, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, two thousand dollars.

For education, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of thirteenth May, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, one thousand dollars.

For blacksmith, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of thirteenth May, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, six hundred dollars.

For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars.

For pay of farmer, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of thirteenth May, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, six hundred dollars.

For the Six Nations of New York.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the sixth article of the treaty of eleventh November, seventeen hundred and ninety-four, four thousand five hundred dollars.

To the Senecas of New York.

For permanent annuity, in lieu of interest on stock, per act of the nineteenth February, eighteen hundred and thirty-one, six thousand dollars.

For interest, in lieu of investment, on seventy-five thousand dollars, at five per centum, per act of the twenty-seventh June, eighteen hundred and forty-six, three thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.

To the Stockbridges.

For interest on sixteen thousand five hundred dollars, at five per centum, stipulated in the ninth article of the treaty of the twenty-fourth November, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, eight hundred and twenty-five dollars.

To the Sioux of Mississippi.

For interest on three hundred thousand dollars, at five per centum, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth September, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, fifteen thousand dollars.

For limited annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth September, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, ten thousand dollars.

For purchase of medicines, agricultural implements, and stock, and for the support of farmers, physician, and blacksmith, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the twenty-ninth September, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, eight thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

For purchase of provisions, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth September, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, five thousand five hundred dollars.

To the Sacs and Foxes of Missouri.

For interest on one hundred and fifty-seven thousand four hundred dollars, at five per centum, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the twenty-first October, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, seven thousand eight hundred and seventy dollars.

To the Sacs and Foxes of Mississippi.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of third November, eighteen hundred and four, one thousand dollars.

For limited annuity, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of twenty-first September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, twenty thousand dollars.

For gunsmith, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty first September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, six hundred dollars.

For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars.

For blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fourth August, eighteen hundred and twenty-four, eight hundred and forty dollars.

For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars.

For forty barrels of salt, and forty kegs of tobacco, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty first September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, eight hundred dollars.

For interest on two hundred thousand dollars, at five per centum, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the twenty-first October, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, ten thousand dollars.

For interest on eight hundred thousand dollars, at five per centum, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the eleventh October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, forty thousand dollars.

To the Shawnees.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of third August, seventeen hundred and ninety-five, one thousand dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-ninth September, eighteen hundred and seventeen, two thousand dollars.

For purchase of salt, stipulated in the third section of the treaty of the seventh June, eighteen hundred and three, sixty dollars.

For blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of eighth August, eighteen hundred and thirty-one, eight hundred and forty dollars.

For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars.

To the Senecas and Shawnees.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of seventeenth September, eighteen hundred and eighteen, one thousand dollars.

To the Senecas.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the twenty-ninth September, eighteen hundred and seventeen, five hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the seventeenth September, eighteen hundred and eighteen, five hundred dollars.

For blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the twenty-eighth February, eighteen hundred and thirty-one, eight hundred and forty dollars.

For iron and steel for shop, three hundred and twenty dollars.

For pay of miller, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-eighth February, eighteen hundred and thirty-one, six hundred dollars.

To the Wyandots.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the seventeenth March, eighteen hundred and forty-two, seventeen thousand five hundred dollars.

For blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the eighth article of the treaty of the seventeenth March, eighteen hundred and forty-two, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

For iron and steel for shop, three hundred and seventy dollars.

For education, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the seventeenth March, eighteen hundred and forty-two, five hundred dollars.

To the Winnebagoes.

For limited annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the first August, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, eighteen thousand dollars.

For limited annuity, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the fifteenth September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, ten thousand dollars.

For fifty barrels of salt, and three thousand pounds of tobacco, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the first August, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, six hundred dollars.

For one thousand five hundred pounds of tobacco, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of the fifteenth September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, one hundred and seventy-five dollars.

For three blacksmiths and assistants, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the first August, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, two thousand one hundred and sixty dollars.

For iron and steel for shops, six hundred and sixty dollars.

For laborers and oxen, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the first August, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, three hundred and sixty-five dollars.

For education, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the fifteenth September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, three thousand dollars.

For six agriculturists, purchase of oxen, ploughs, and other implements, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of the fifteenth September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For pay of two physicians, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of the fifteenth September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, four hundred dollars.

For interest on one million one hundred thousand dollars, at five per centum, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the first November, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, fifty-five thousand dollars.

For interest on eighty-five thousand dollars, at five per centum, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the thirteenth October, eighteen hundred and forty-six, four thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

For payment in full, of a like sum, heretofore wrongfully paid, by the Secretary of War, out of the annuities of said Indians to the legal representatives of John McFarland, deceased, the sum of twelve thousand dollars; to be paid to the said Winnebagoes "per capita" as now required by law.

To the Weas.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of second October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, three thousand dollars.

To the Creeks.

For the re-appropriation of the sum carried to the surplus fund, under head of "fulfilling treaties with the Creeks," June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, per surplus fund warrant number nineteen, one thousand two hundred and fifty-seven dollars and eighty-five cents.

To the Iowas.

For the re-appropriation of the sum carried to the surplus fund, under the head of "fulfilling treaties with the Iowas," June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, per surplus fund warrant number nineteen, one thousand five hundred dollars.

To the Ottowas and Chippewas.

For the re-appropriation of the sum carried to the surplus fund, under head of "fulfilling treaties with the Ottowas and Chippewas," June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, per surplus fund warrant number nineteen, two thousand four hundred and twelve dollars and sixteen cents.

To the Wyandots.

For the re-appropriation of the sum carried to the surplus fund, under head of "fulfilling treaties with the Wyandots," June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, per surplus fund warrant number nineteen, one thousand and twenty-nine dollars and sixteen cents.

To the Cherokees.

For compensation and expense of the committee of old settler party of Cherokees, their clerks, &c., for services rendered in pursuance of the provision contained in the fifth article of the treaty of seventeenth August, eighteen hundred and forty-six, one thousand five hundred dollars.

To the Choctaws.

For interest on the amounts awarded Choctaw claimants, under the fourteenth article of the treaty of Dancing-rabbit Creek, of September twenty-seventh, eighteen hundred and thirty, for lands on which they resided, but which it is now impossible to give them, and in lieu of the scrip that has been awarded under the act of August twenty-fourth, eighteen hundred and forty-two, and joint resolution of Congress of August third, eighteen hundred and forty-six, not deliverable east by the third section of said law, per act of March third, eighteen hundred and forty-five, eighty-seven thousand two hundred dollars.

For compensation of three Special Agents and four Interpreters for the Indian tribes of Texas including the purchase of presents, fifteen thousand dollars, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior.

For expenses of holding treaties with the Indian tribes of Oregon, for an extinguishment of their claims to lands lying west of the Cascade mountains, authorized by an act of Congress, of fifth June, eighteen hundred and fifty, the same being in addition to the appropriation made by that act, fifteen thousand dollars.

For expenses of removing the Pottawatomies and Sacs and Foxes from Iowa, west of the Missouri river to their own lands, agreeably to the terms of a contract entered into by Brevet Major S. Woods, United States army, two thousand dollars.

For medals for Indian chiefs, fifteen hundred dollars.

For expenses of procuring information, and collecting statistics necessary to the Indian Bureau, and for making treaties with, and presents to the various tribes of Indians residing within the limits of the United States upon the borders of Mexico, thirty thousand dollars.

For expenses of treating with the Mississippi and St. Peter Sioux, for the extinguishment of their title to land in Minnesota Territory, fifteen thousand dollars.

For expenses of treating with the Indians and half-breeds for the extinguishment of the title to their lands on the Red River of the North in the Territory of Minnesota, ten thousand dollars.

For the additional amount for expenses paid for subsistence and improperly charged to the treaty fund according to the award of the Senate of fifth day of September eighteen hundred and fifty under the provisions of the eleventh article of the treaty of sixth day of August, eighteen hundred and forty-six, one hundred and eighty-nine thousand four hundred and twenty-two dollars and seventy-six cents, and that interest be paid on the same at the rate of five per cent. per annum, according to a resolution of the Senate of fifth September eighteen hundred and fifty *Provided*, That said money shall be paid by the United Stated and received by the Indians on condition that the same shall be in full discharge of the amount thus improperly charged to said treaty fund,—Provided, further, That in no case shall any money hereby appropriated be paid to any agent of said Indians or to any other person or persons, than the Indian or Indians to whom it is due per capita.

To the "old settlers" or "Western Cherokees" in full of all demands under the provisions of the treaty of sixth August, eighteen hundred and forty-six, according to the principles established in the fourth article, thereof, five hundred and thirty two thousand, eight hundred and ninety-six dollars and ninety-cents; and that interest be allowed and paid upon the above sums due respectively to the Cherokees and "old settlers" in pursuance of the above-mentioned award of the Senate under the reference contained in the said eleventh article of the treaty of sixth August eighteen hundred and forty-six:—Provided, That in no case shall any money hereby appropriated be paid to any agent of said Indians, or to any other person or persons than the Indian or Indians to whom it is due: Provided, also, That the Indians who shall receive the said money shall first respectively sign a receipt or release acknowledging the same to be in full of all demands under the fourth article of said treaty.

[Concluded next week.]

Clackamas County Female Seminary.

THE first term of this Institution will commence on Monday, May 19th, and continue eleven weeks.

The Trustees are happy to inform the public, that teachers of high and varied accomplishments and of long experience have been secured, who will devote themselves to the welfare of the pupils committed to their charge.

A large and convenient Seminary building has been erected, and measures taken to secure all necessary apparatus for the school.

Oregon City, the location of the Seminary, presents several important advantages. It has a well deserved celebrity for healthfulness, being free from the intermittent fevers common to the river towns. It is convenient of access; steamboats plying on the Columbia and Willamette rivers below the falls, and those above will meet at this place.

TUITION.

Primary Department	$6,00
Higher English Studies	8,00
Languages, music, and ornamental branches	10,00

By order of the Board.

H. CLARK, Secretary.

Oregon City, May 6, 1851.

Commission Business.

THE subscriber will receive orders and purchase all kinds of goods, stores, machinery, &c., on commission, and will ship by vessels direct for Oregon, or via San Francisco, as required. All purchases will be insured for the benefit of the consignee, and any funds sent to him will be covered by Insurance, on receiving notice of the same.

WILLIAM ATKINSON.

New York, Feb. 13, 1851.—a33tf

REFERENCES—NEW YORK.

Josiah L. Hale, Esq., Atlantic Mutual Ins. Co.
Zerenus Cook, Esq., Astor Mutual Ins. Co.
John S. Tappan, Esq., Union " " "

CALIFORNIA.

Messrs. F. Argenti & Co., Bankers, San Francisco.

Messrs. Adrain & Story.

OREGON.

Messrs. Abernethy & Co.

By the Louisiana and Tarquina.

ENGLISH GOODS,

PRINCIPALLY DIRECT FROM LONDON.

JUST received and for sale, by ALLAN, McKINLAY & CO., a General Assortment of Goods, adapted to the wants of the country.

Oregon City, January 23, 1851—1y20

CASCADE COMPANY.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DEALERS in Ready Made Clothing, Hardware, Crockery, Groceries, Provisions, and all other articles usually called for by whites and Indians.

GEO. L. JOHNSON,
F. A. CHENOWETH,
T. B. PIERCE,
GEO. W. JOHNSON.

Cascade, Oregon Ter., aug. 29, '50—25tf

FLOUR for sale by the subscribers at Portland in quantity to suit purchasers, at reduced prices

COUCH & CO.

aug29-24tf

Salmon Mills.

THE Oregon Milling Company would respectfully make known to their friends and patrons, that they are now running both their SAW and GRIST MILLS, NIGHT and DAY; and having secured the services of competent Millers, they are fully prepared to attend to all favors with zeal and dispatch.

TO EMIGRANTS AND OTHERS.

We have constantly on hand a superior article of *Superfine Flour*, which we will sell at the lowest market rates.

Oregon City, October 31, 1850—6m6*

To Immigrants and others.

THE undersigned, proprietors of the Town of Milton, being desirous to have improvements progress rapidly, propose that they will give to every head of a family two town lots, and to every single man one town lot, who will become an actual settler in said town within six months, and build a house upon the same; in addition to which, we will sell building materials to those that accept this proposition, and allow them a reasonable length of time to pay for them in.

To any one that will build a good Grist Mill, calculated to do the business of the place, we will give a mill site, together with land sufficient for the purpose of a grist mill.

This town is handsomely located upon the lower branch of the Willamette river, just far enough above its junction with the Columbia to render it an excellent harbor, and has the advantage of being accessible from all sides, either by land or water; it is also the lowest point upon the river that has a wagon road leading from it to the Willamette valley.

Two mountain streams run, one on each side of the town, affording water power sufficient to manufacture 50,000 feet of lumber per day—upon one of which three saw mills are now underweigh.

Although this town has been laid out but a few months, it has already made much progress in point of improvement and commerce, and bids fair, soon, to become the most important one in the territory.

To those desirous of taking up land claims, we would state that we are surrounded by as beautiful and fertile a section of country as Oregon can boast of, including the Scappoose plains, Sauvies Island, the rich and extensive Prairies lately explored upon the Cattapoodle or Lewis river, and the fine land in the immediate vicinity of the town.

CROSBY & SMITH.

October 10, 1850—5tf

N. B. We can give permanent employment to quite a number of hands during the winter.

Tualatin Academy.

THIS Institution is situated in the town of *Forest Grove*, Tualatin Plains. It is now in its infancy, yet parents and guardians desiring to send to this school, may be assured not only of the healthiness and beauty of the location, the intelligence and morality of the inhabitants, but especially that such teachers will be employed as will make the highest mental and moral improvement of the scholars, their chief object.

A spacious and noble Academy building has been erected upon a site, commanding the view of two extensive prairies, with their intervening and encircling forests, and when completed, it will furnish ample accommodations for both departments of the school.

Forest Grove is about equidistant from the towns of St. Helens, Milton, Portland, Milwaukie, Oregon City, and Lafayette.

The Spring Term of the Institution will commence	March	12, 1851.
Summer Term	June	11, "
Fall Term	Sept.	17, "
Winter Term	Decem.	10, "

The Terms will be eleven weeks each. Tuition $6 per term.

Board may be obtained in private families.

TEXT BOOKS USED:

The Holy Scriptures, Saunder's Series of Readers, Porter's Rhetorical Reader, Saunder's and Webster's Spellers, Worcester's and Webster's Dictionaries, Thompson's Arithmetics, Olney's and Smith's Geographies, Wells' Grammar, Wilson's Histories, Gray's Chemistry, Gale's Philosophy, Bullion's Latin and Greek Classics.

By order of the Board.

G. H. ATKINSON, Sec'y.

January 16, 1851—11tf

Up-River Navigation!

IS the Willamette river navigable above the mouth of Yam Hill? The new Keel Boat *SALEM CLIPPER!!* will answer that question by informing the public, that she has successfully navigated this "frightful" river during the summer, as far as Salem, and will continue to carry *freight* to Salem, or any other landing on the Willamette river, where there is sufficient business to justify it.

This boat will continue to run from the Falls to any accessible point in the country above. Terms reasonable

LEONARD WHITE.

Willamette River, Oct. 31, 1850—8tf

N. B. All freight will be delivered as dry and in as good order as when placed on board. L. W.

Notice to Shipowners & Merchants

THE undersigned, having been appointed agent for the disposal of lumber manufactured at Oregon City, Clackamas and Milwaukie, seven miles from Oregon City, the present head of navigation of the Willamette, and will be ready at all times to contract for shipping or sale by the cargo or retail, assorted lumber, square timber shingles, &c., &c.

He is also an agent for a line of vessels running between San Francisco, California, and this place. Vessels will be loaded with great dispatch, as the cargo can be taken from the wharf shore or rafts.

LOT WHITCOMB.

Milwaukie, January 8th, 1850.

DESCRIPTION of Abraham Wood, deceased. He was of medium stature, sandy hair, blue eyes, and said to be from Lancashire, Lancaster, England. A cotton spinner by trade; said to have a sister in St. Louis, Mo. He died in California, on what is known as "Johnson's Ranch" or farm. The estate was appraised at five hundred and twenty-two dollars.

Dated, Hillsborough, Washington county, O. T. April 10, 1851.

JAMES W. CHAMBERS,
Administrator of the Estate of Abraham Wood.

St. Louis papers please notice. 3m a32

New Goods.

DAILY expected by the undersigned, per Bark Francis & Louisa, direct from New York to Portland, a large and

GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF GOODS

suitable for this country, which they will offer on reasonable terms at wholesale and retail; consisting in part, of the following, to wit:

A general assortment of Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Tin-Ware, Crockery, Glass-ware, Cutlery, Guns, Harness, Saddlery, Leather, Cook Stoves, Feathers, Furniture, Fruits of various kinds, Drugs and Medicines, School Books and Stationery, Boots and Shoes, Ready Made Clothing, Blankets, &c., a portion of which will be offered for sale by the Package at Portland on arrival, and at the sign of the *ELK HORNS* in Salem.

WM. COX & CO.

Salem, March 19, 1851—30tf

Just Received

PER Bark Success—10 *Barrels HONEY*,
10 Barrels Linseed Oil (boiled),
6 Barrels Turpentine,
2 Barrels Furniture Varnish,
1 Barrel Coach Varnish,
2 Cases Fancy Goods.

GEO. ABERNETHY, & CO.

Oregon City, March 27, 1851—30tf