

We can only say that we are in the confidence of the owners for whom Capt. Kilborn acts, that they have despatched another vessel, the brig Evalina, Capt. Goodwin, with goods consigned to Capt. Kilborn. This vessel sailed on the 15th of January last and now ought to be in the vicinity of our port. We presume that this vessel is sufficient to give the lie to anything about this matter intended to mislead our fellow citizens and townsmen Capt. Kilborn.

The governor arrived in Astoria Thursday evening last from the Dalles. He was accompanied by his family. We are glad to be informed that the recent difficulties at the Dalles have been settled in an amicable manner. Friends were exchanged, and the Indians are perfectly satisfied. The name of the chief killed was Squator. The property taken from the whites has been returned through the influence of the governor, who is entitled to much praise for the satisfactory manner in which he has settled the unhappy differences. Attempts have been made to throw blame, in this particular matter, upon the Rev. Mr. Walker, who is perfectly innocent; and so far as he was concerned, he advised for the best, and if that advice had been followed strictly, no difficulty would have ensued.

**A DANGEROUS INNOVATION.**—The bridge from the end of Main street to the Island mill, is a decided improvement. Indeed, a certain and safe communication is now established between our city and that hitherto remote point. Messrs. Card & McMillan were the contractors and builders, and have performed their duty in a most excellent manner.

**For the Oregon Spectator.**

**Mr. Editor**—I am much pleased to see so much interest taken of late, to improve the agriculture of Oregon. When, more than a year hence, I first suggested the propriety of organizing Agricultural Societies, I did not anticipate that so much attention would be paid to the subject, at this early day. The truth is, our agriculture is in its infancy; and a different mode, from the one heretofore pursued, must be adopted, or our agriculture must decline. Necessity, that useful, but stern and invincible mother, has, as yet, compelled our community to adopt a mode of farming by no means adapted to our soil and climate.

I have made some few experiments, and will communicate my little amount of information, in the hope that it may be useful. Your correspondent "Ploughboy" has made some good suggestions. He is of opinion that each planter should have twice as much land enclosed as he intends to cultivate each year; and should therefore cultivate his ground early every other season. This is, I may almost venture to say, the universally received opinion among our farmers. "Ploughboy" says "let each farmer break his land as early as possible after the grain is harvested." From the experiments I have known made, and from reasons which I will state, I must dissent from this opinion. In cutting wheat with the cradle, there is from one to two bushels per acre left upon the land and this would be partially lost. Besides this, the wheat and the ripe seeds of weeds, would be turned under together, and would grow up together; and the wheat would stand very irregularly upon the land, being too thick in some places, and too thin in others. Some have supposed that by harrowing, or dragging a brush over it, the waste wheat would be scattered regularly; but this would not I am well satisfied, succeed to the extent desired. The land after harvest and before the rains set in, is very hard and dry, and turns up in clods.

The plan that occurs to me as best is this. As you do not intend to sow the land the same season after taking a crop from it, I would turn in my swine and let them take the waste grain. So soon as the rains set in, I would take them off the land to keep them from rooting it up in its wet state, which I know from experience, to be a great injury. I would let the land remain until April, May, or June, when all the weeds and waste wheat would be up. I would then turn under this rich crop of vegetation, (which would be an excellent manure) by deep ploughing. I have always found deep ploughing the best in Oregon. It is certainly best for my land. I would either sow the land in May or June, with the large white wheat, and let it remain over to the next year, or let the land remain until September, and then sow the same wheat. Spring wheat does best sown in the month of April. I have sown it in the fall, and it did not make a good crop. It does not bear the rains so well as the fall wheat. I have often sown what we call the mixed

wheat; and I have always observed that near swells and in places inclined to be wet, that the spring wheat was almost entirely drowned out. I have often seen the heads turn black and the grain blasted, when growing in wet land. The superior advantages of ploughing land in April, May, or June, have been fully proven. The land is always in good condition, the weeds are all up, and ploughing them before the seeds are ripe, and after they are growing, clears the land. Necessity has compelled me to plough most of my land in the fall after the rains set in, and during the winter, and early in the spring. But I have ploughed a few acres in May, and I can see the superior difference in the crop grown upon that land, for three years afterwards. It seems to be more mellow and is clear of weeds, and more and better wheat grows upon it. Every weed must occupy some space, and take some nourishment.

There is a difference of opinion among farmers as to the mode of sowing wheat. Some think to sow the wheat, then plough it in, and harrow afterwards is the best. It is very evident to my mind that if you plough deep, the wheat will not come up so well, and when up will not grow so well. All vegetables live upon air, earth and water; and wheat will grow near the surface, however deep you may sow it. Perhaps, in a very loose soil, the difference in the mode of putting in the crop, would not be great. I have tried both modes, and shall certainly hereafter plough deep, and that too when the land is in good condition, and then sow, and harrow well with an iron toothed harrow.

The land should be thrown up in narrow beds. It is best for this wet and dry climate. Many of our best farmers are of opinion, that it would be useful to roll the land, after the crop is up, and while the ground is sufficiently dry. I have no doubt it is worthy of experiment. It leaves the land in a very pretty condition, and when you come to cut your wheat, you have a smooth surface to cradle over.

So soon as our farmers have the means, I have no doubt that they will find it to their interest to sow some of their fields in clover or grass, and at the proper season, turn under a rich crop, for the purpose of manuring the land.

**INTERNAL EVIDENCE.**

A man of subtle reasoning asked  
A peasant if he knew  
Where was the internal evidence  
That proved the Bible true?  
The terms of disputative art  
Had never reached his ear—  
He laid his hand upon his heart,  
And only answered—"HEAR."

**Mail Contracts to Let.**

The undersigned, special agent for the post-office department of the United States for Oregon territory, will receive sealed proposals for carrying the mail from Astoria to Oregon City and back again, and at such other intermediate offices as shall be established. Also, for carrying the mail from Oregon City to the mouth of Mary's river and back again, and at such other intermediate offices as shall be established. Also, for carrying the mail from Oregon City via Fort Vancouver and Fort Nequaquam, to the mouth of Admiralty inlet and back again, and at such other intermediate offices as shall be established.

Persons wishing to propose for carrying the mail on any of the aforesaid routes, are informed that the amount of pay will be the entire yield of the respective offices on the route, over and above the commission of the postmasters respectively. As Oregon City will be situated on more than one route, a division of the proceeds of that office will be made between the different contractors coming to that office in proportion to the number of trips performed. The person proposing to carry the mail will therefore express definitely the number of trips he will carry the mail per month for the compensation above offered, and the contract made will be continued for four years from date, unless sooner annulled by the department.

Sealed proposals will be received until the first Monday in October next, for carrying the mail on the routes aforesaid, and may be deposited with W. G. T. Vault, Esp., of Oregon City.

C. GILLIAM,  
Special agent post-office department of the United States for Oregon territory.  
Oregon City, September 9, 1847. 17td

**Farm to be Let.**

The subscriber will, for the ensuing year, let 70 or 80 acres of his farm, situate on the Clackamas river, two miles from Oregon City, which land is ready for seeding.

The undersigned would inform the public that he intends to engage in the manufacture of FANNING MILLS, and by the first day of October next, will have some for sale, and by the next harvest will be enabled to supply any demand for the article that may arise.

F. C. CABON.  
Sept 11, 1847-17td

**Flour.**

Flour for sale, in quantities to suit purchasers, at the brick store, Oregon City.  
Sept. 11, 1847-17td

**CAUTION!**

The public are hereby cautioned against receiving the following notes, which have all been paid by the undersigned, and are therefore considered cancelled: One for \$218 00, drawn about the 15th of May, 1847; one for \$148 00, dated December 1, 1847; also, one dated August 8, 1847, for \$5. I also sold A. F. Walker, Gen. Attorney, John McLaughlin, and all other persons from trading for, or improving lots No. 2 and 7, in block 1, situated in Oregon City, as said property belongs to me. S. H. L. BEEK.  
Oregon City, September 2, 1847-3416

**Land for Sale.**

Undersigned, agent for Philip Foster, offers for sale all that portion of land situate at Green Point, within one mile of Oregon City, recently owned by Foster & Dement—town lots, &c. For further information enquire of  
A. LAWRENCE LOVEJOY,  
Oregon City, September 2, 1847-3416

**For Sale.**

A FEW No. 1, Saddle Horses, at Most Livery Stables, corner of Main and Third Cross streets, Oregon City, Aug. 19, 1847. 15td  
N. B. I will pay good funds for 1,000 bushels merchantable Oats, delivered at my stables.  
S. W. MOSS.

**NEW GOODS.**

JUST RECEIVED per "Bark Janet" and for sale at the Store of Jno. H. Couch—  
20 doz. pair Denim Pants  
5-4 Blue Drill  
4-4 do do  
Blue Shirting  
Needles, Pins, Thread, &c.  
Umbrellas, India Rubber Suspenders  
Tumbler, Paint Brushes, Buttons  
Sand-paper, Sticks, Ink  
Knives, Chalk Lines, Gimlets  
Seives, Glass, Soap 1st & 2d q'ty  
Shaving Soap, Bro. Sugar  
Salt, Lampblack, Pitch  
Sperm Oil, Lineded do.  
Spt's Turpentine  
Black and White Lead, with  
A small assortment of Hardware.  
For sale on reasonable terms.  
Aug. 5th, 1847. 14-3t

**FOR SALE**

At the Brick Store, Oregon City.  
**KENTUCKY JEANS;** Gambroons; Blue Stripes; brown and bleached Cottons; Bonnet Silks; Sewing Silk; Suspenders; overcoat, suspender and coat Buttons; Men's and Boy's Hats and silk and cotton Glazed Caps; Ladies Bonnets; double and single Plane Irons; Braces and Bits; Chisels; Gouges; Compasses; Carpenter's Pincers; Rules; Augers; Screws; Brads; Tacks; Spikes; Door Latches; Hooks and Hinges; Strap Hinges; brass and iron Butts; brass and iron Chest and Till Locks; Bolts; Spokechaves; Hammer; Hand Axes; Iron Squares; Compass Adzes; Files; Mill Saws; Buck Saws; Vices; Ladles; Strainers; Tin Plates; Shoe Punches; Mincing Knives; Jack Knives; Steel Pens; Razors; Shaving Soap; Glue; Sand Paper; wood pocket Combs; Chest Handles; Cloak Pins; Trace and Log Chains; Cast and German Steel; Cast Pione; Sad-iron; Wagon Boxes; Linseed Oil; Saddles; Bridles; Saddle Bags; Sursingies; Girths; brass and wood Clocks.  
August 4, 1847. 14-1f

**Oh Yes! Oh Yes! Everybody.**

The undersigned having entered into copartnership at Clackamas City, would inform their friends and the public generally, that they will carry on the BLACKSMITHING BUSINESS in all its various branches, as follows:—All kinds of wrought Mill work, and farming utensils. Ironing new and repairing old Wagons, Carts, Dearbans, &c. Edge Tools of every kind made and repaired, also cast steel Hoisting Augers, Bells, Gun Work, Spurs of every description and many other things too tedious to mention; on as reasonable terms or a little cheaper than any other shop in Oregon. NORRIS & CUTTING.  
Clackamas City, July 26, 1847. 14-1f

Eliza E. Rogers, comp't  
vs.  
Geo. W. Rogers, def't.

**BILL FOR DIVORCE.**

APPLICATION will be made by complainant to the Clackamas Circuit Court, on the first day of the October Term thereof, to be held on the 1st Monday in October 1847, upon petition filed, for a decree to dissolve the bonds of matrimony contracted between said complainant and defendant. This is therefore to notify said defendant, his agent or attorney, that if the said petition is not answered or denied on or before the calling of the said cause at said term, the said petition will be taken as confessed and a decree rendered accordingly.  
A. LAWRENCE LOVEJOY,  
Solicitor for Complainant.  
Aug. 5, 1847. 14-4t

**Female School.**

The Third Session of Mrs. N. M. Thornton's School, in this city, will commence on Monday July the 5th and will continue eleven weeks. All the branches usually comprised in a thorough English education, are taught in this school, together with Plain and Ornamental Needle Work, Drawing, and Painting in Mezzotint and in Water Colors.

Strict attention will be given, not only to the intellectual improvement of the pupils, but also to their morals and manners. It is Mrs. Thornton's design to make this a permanent school; and her past success and long experience as a teacher, enable her to hope that she will give general satisfaction.

Pupils will be charged from the time of their entering the school, until the close of the Session. For further particulars, inquire of Mrs. Thornton.

**REFERENCES.**

His Excellency, Geo. Abernethy,  
Hon. A. A. Skinner, } Oregon City.  
Rev. Geo. Gary,  
Dr. Marcus Whitman, Wallawalla.  
Oregon City, June 24th, 1847. 1y-6

**NOTICE.**

The undersigned offers for sale, on the following articles, viz:

**DRY GOODS.**

Silks, Muslins, &c. Laines, Calicoes, Cottons, de Etoiles, Balloons, Hosiery, Linens, broads and bleached Cottons, Cambrics, Turbans and silk and Shawls, Canton Flannels, and various other Goods, also and colored, and all kinds of Hosiery, Ribbed Hats, collars, handkerchiefs, and Stationery, Combs, and other articles, &c.

Wholesale and Retail, at the Store of  
C. W. MOSS.

Dishes, Plates, Crystal Glasses, China Tea Sets, Bowls, Mugs, Pitchers, plates and earthen Ware, Canton, Sails, &c.

**FURNITURE.**

Bureaus, Bedsteads, Cases, Writing Desks, Ladies' Work-boxes, Looking Glasses, &c.

**HARDWARE.**

Planes, Rules, hand and back Saws, Nail Irons, Chisels, Gouges, Trace Chains, Bits, Nails, Spikes, carpenter's Compasses, Razors, Hand Vices, Files, Pocket and Pen Knives, Table Knives and Forks, Scissors, Padlocks, chest and door Locks, Gimlets, assorted Brads, Brass Nails, Ferrisburg Caps, Sauce Pans, Browsers, measuring Tapes, Axes, Hatchets, Spoke Shavers, Steelyards, Shovels and Tongs, Wood Screws, Braces and Bits, Iron Spoons, Powder Flasks, Shot Belts, Shears, Hand Bells, &c.

**TEA WARE.**

Six and four quart Coffee Pots, four quart Pails, Strainers, Cups, Grates, Scoops, Colanders, Wash Basins, Skimmers, Milk Pans, Dippers, Trunks, Candle Moulds, Tea Caddies, Nests, Lagers, Biscuits, Tea Pots, &c.

**Boots and Shoes.**

Ladies' peg and sewed Boots, Kid run rounds, children's peg Boots, boys' kip Brogan's, men's thick Boots, men's kip Hoots, &c.

**Sundries.**

Men's and boy's Beaver Hats, Clocks, Cooking Stoves and funnels, Soaps, Window Glass, Dutch Ovens, &c.

ALSO—20 Tons of Corn at Portland.  
KILBORN, LAWTON, & Co.  
Oregon City, March 27, 1847. 14

**Notice to the Farmers.**

The undersigned has purchased the lower Ferry across the Willamette River at Oregon City, for the term of fifteen months, and wishes to inform the public generally that he will ferry every thing at reduced prices for ready pay. Wheat two cents per bushel, wagon fifty cents per trip, man and horse twenty cents a trip, lumber and every thing else in proportion. Wheat and all kinds of produce will be received in payment. Practical attendance will be given to prevent detaining any person. Wheat will also be delivered at either one of the mills for the above named price.

Take the left hand road about one and a half miles from Oregon City and you will find a first rate road down to Multnomah city.

Also, 40,000 ft. of lumber, for sale at a reduced price for wheat delivered at Oregon City.

W. MUIKEY,  
Multnomah City, June 8, 1847. 10-6m

**New Arrangement.**

The undersigned will furnish the best accommodation in his power, to both Man and Horse, and will charge nothing at all, who will expect ready pay in all cases. Horses Bought and Sold as usual. N. B. \$200 of Oregon Scrip wanted in exchange for Horses, or payment of outstanding accounts.  
S. W. MOSS.  
Willamette Falls, Nov. 26, 1846. 22td

**DRUGS AND CHEMICALS.**

FREDRIGG respectfully informs the public, that he has removed his office to Main street, the lot adjacent to A. Hood Esq., where he will keep on hand, such an assortment of the above, as the facilities of the country afford.

F. P. has also on hand, a small but choice selection of Silks, Mouseline de Laines, Balzarines, Barages, &c. Suitable for ladies attire. Also Gents Cravats and Scarfs, with a small lot of fine clothing.

Terms, cash or approved orders.  
N. B. A few English Lever Watches on the above terms.  
Oregon City, May 13, 1847. 8-1f

**Notice.**

Notice is hereby given, that letters of administration have been granted by the probate judge of Tualaty county, to the undersigned, on the estate of V. W. Dawson, deceased, late of said county. All persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned; and all persons having claims against said estate, are requested to present the same legally authenticated within the time prescribed by law.

MARY E. DAWSON, Adm'x.  
of the estate of V. W. Dawson.  
Tualaty Plains, Aug. 9, 1847. 3415

FRANK WARD. WILLIAM M. SMITH

**Ward & Smith,**

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,  
SAN FRANCISCO,  
CALIFORNIA.

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**The Oregon Spectator.**

TERMS.—Five dollars in advance; if not paid until the expiration of three months, six dollars, and if not paid at the expiration of six months, the discount reserve the right to discontinue. If paid in cash, \$4 per annum.

Advertisements inserted at one dollar and fifty cents per square of sixteen lines or less, for the first insertion, and seventy-five cents for each subsequent insertion. A liberal deduction to yearly advertisers.

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