

TO-MORROW.
We can't recall the vanished past—
Nor on the future reckon;
The light-winged hours, flying past,
Us to embrace them beckon.
No more let folly shroud thine eyes—
Live while 'tis called to-day;
What if you setting sun should rise
To warm thy lifeless clay?
Life is not given—'tis but lent;
And thousands yet would borrow,
For past, for present, time mis-spent;
For a day of grace to-morrow.
O, day of hope! O, day of fear!
Foreboding day of sorrow;
That comest not—though ever near;
To-morrow, still! To-morrow.

RAPID GROWTH IN NORWAY.—In a valuable treatise on the vegetable productions of Norway, which has been published by Dr. Mueller, in connection with the Norwegian department of the Exhibition, some extraordinary facts are related respecting the influence of the long duration of light during the summer months on the growth of vegetables in the higher latitudes in Norway. At 70 degrees N., it was found that ordinary peas grew at the rate of three and a half English inches in twenty-four hours for many days in summer, and that some of the cereals also grew as much as two and a half inches in the same time. Not only is the rapidity of growth affected by the constant presence of light, but those vegetable secretions which owe their existence to the influence actinic force on the leaves are also produced in far greater quantity than in more Southern climates; hence the coloring matter and pigment cells are found in much greater quantity, and the colored part of vegetables is consequently deeper. The same remark applies to the flavoring and odoriferous matters, so that the fruits of the north of Norway, though not equal in saccharine properties, are far more intense in flavor than those of the South.

TO MAKE A GOOD YEAST.—Boil, say on Monday morning, two ounces of the best hops in four quarts of water, for an hour; strain it, let it cool down to a warm temperature, and then put in a small handful of salt and a half a pound of sugar; beat up one pound of the best flour with some of the liquor, then mix well together. On Wednesday add three pounds of potatoes, boiled and then mashed. On Thursday strain it and put it in bottles and it is ready for use. It must be stirred frequently while it is making, and kept near the fire; before using shake the bottle up well. It will keep in a cool place for two months, and is best at the latter part of the time. The beauty of this Yeast is that it ferments spontaneously, not requiring the aid of other Yeast, and if care be taken to let it ferment well in the earthen bowl in which it is made, you may cork it up tight when bottled. The quantity above given will fill four Seltzer-water bottles. The writer of the above recipe had used this Yeast for many months, and never had lighter bread than it affords, and never knew it to fail.

WASHINGTON CAKE.—Beat together one and a half pound of sugar, and three-quarters of a pound of butter; add four eggs well beaten, half a pint of sour milk, and one teaspoonful of saleratus, dissolved in a little hot water. Stir in gradually one and three-quarters pound of flour, one wineglassful of wine or brandy, and one nutmeg, grated. Beat all well together. This will make two round cakes. It should be baked in a quick oven, and will take from fifteen to thirty minutes, according to the thickness of the cakes.

SEED CAKE.—Beat one pound of butter to a cream, adding gradually a quarter of a pound of sifted sugar, beating both together; have ready the yolks of eighteen eggs, and the whites of ten, beaten separately; mix in the whites first, and then the yolks, and beat the whole for ten minutes; add two grated nutmegs, one pound and a half of flour, and mix them very gradually with the other ingredients when the oven is ready, beat in three ounces of picked caraway seeds.

SOFAS AND CHAIRS.—If the covers of sofas and chairs are dirty, they may be cleaned without being removed, by first washing them over with warm water and soap rubbed over them with a flannel; then, before they are dry, sponge them over with a strong solution of salt and water, in which a small quantity of gaul has been mixed. The windows of the room should be opened, so as to secure a perfect drying, and the colors and freshness of the articles will in this way be restored.

DOGGINETS.—Take three pounds of flour, one pound of butter, one and a half pound of sugar, set the butter fine into the flour; beat six eggs light, and put them in; add two wineglassfuls of yeast, one pint of milk, some cinnamon, mace and nutmeg; make it up into a light dough, and put it to rise. When it is light enough, roll out the paste, cut it in small pieces, and boil them in lard.

FRENCH JUMBLES.—One pound and a half of flour, one pound of sugar, three-quarters of a pound of butter, three eggs; dissolved one teaspoonful of soda in one-half cup of milk; add this, also one nutmeg, and roll out the dough, and cut into small cakes of any shape, and bake in a quick oven.

STOCK BREEDING.—We make the following selections from a practical address, delivered in 1864, by Rev. I. D. Driver, now of this city, before the Oregon State Agricultural Society:
It is very necessary to the successful breeder to keep his stock pure, and breed with a view of producing an animal for some definite purpose. By an injudicious cross, the quality sought after is frequently destroyed. And I know of no domestic animal where more care is necessary than should be exercised in the breeding of cattle.
As the ox is not used in agricultural labors as much as formerly, the principal objects in breeding cattle are to produce milk and beef, and as the qualities of the one are opposed to that of the other, it cannot be that fine beef cattle can be deep milkers. In the English dairyman's description of the milk cow, every mark by which a milk may be known, is unfavorable in the eyes of the butcher. This is but reasonable; for the deep milk must be a large feeder, as she never can give in substance more than she receives. Hence she must be, as the dairyman's mark expresses it, "Wide in her shoulders, and thin in her thighs." Her quarters must be light, otherwise they would convert the more substance into meat, and thereby lessen the quantity of milk; for it is impossible for the same substance to make meat and milk at the same time.
This view of the subject is confirmed by the Agricultural reports of 1862, from Maine. The report states that their farmers had bred beef for the Eastern and Brighton markets, cattle soon matured and easily fattened; and also that considerable attention had been paid to the breeding of fancy matched cattle, and their milking properties had been so much neglected that cheese became an article of import to that State.

The writer concludes by saying: "The two courses of breeding have had the effect of developing other qualities in the stock than their milking properties, and hence the race of deep milkers has become less prevalent than formerly. This has awakened the attention of some, and they are beginning to retrace their steps, and to breed for purposes of milk as well as for beef or looks."
We call the attention of Oregon farmers to the necessity of cultivating milk cows, believing, from observation that this, at the present time, is greatly neglected.
With these reflections, I shall now speak of horses.
The English blood horse has, according to some, been cultivated from the ancient stock of that country. Others derive him from a cross of the Arabian with the Barb. A noble animal has been produced, for traveling and sporting, but not for agricultural purposes. He is so formed in the nice adjustment of his parts, and the fine arrangement of his angles, giving ease and elasticity of motion, thereby superseding the necessity of heavy muscles, and dispensing with the necessary weight of the draft horse, but the collar will not favorably adjust itself to his thin and slanting shoulders. As he is intended for protracted exertions, his chest must be deep and somewhat flat, that the abdominal and intercostal muscles may act with the greater advantage in expanding it; and thus makes sufficient room for the play of the lungs. The agricultural horse has a round, full chest, formed for long continued exertions under an easy pace, but incapable of protracted pressing, for his round chest is incapable of the expansion of the deep flat one, from the simple fact that a circle cannot be expanded. He carries the muscle, which gives him the necessary strength and weight, and his shoulders are so formed as to give him superior advantage in the collar.
A foreign writer, in speaking of our horses says that "the race horse (or blood horse) has been most cultivated in the Southern States." (I quote from memory.) and we are satisfied the stock of race horses must always be confined to the sporting class of men. In the early history of Maine, a horse called Quick-silver, of pure Arabian and English extraction, was introduced, and for a while that class of horses attracted considerable attention, but not meeting the wants of an agricultural and manufacturing people, have been superseded by the Morgan and Messenger, which proved to be better adapted to the farmer's use, and better to convert the products of the farm into money. Let nothing that has been said lead to the inference that we deprecate high breeding, or pure blood; the reverse is true; Morgan and Messenger could boast of blood. Our object is to get farmers to breed with a view of producing not only fine but large horses, that will answer the demands of the farmer, rather than please the sportsman.

TO TAKE STAINS OUT OF SILKS.—Mix together in a phial two ounces of the essence of lemon, and one ounce of oil of turpentine. Grease and other spots in silk are to be rubbed gently with a linen rag dipped in the above composition.

CANNOKS.—Two cups of Indian meal, two of flour, one tablespoonful of molasses, a little salt, one pint of sour milk, one teaspoonful saleratus. Bake in rings or pan 20 minutes.

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1853. 1866.
CHARMAN & BROTHER!
STILL ON HAND!!
After Thirteen Years Experience!
IN BUSINESS IN THIS CITY!
Under the old Motto!
BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THEIR NUMEROUS CUSTOMERS that they have just received from San Francisco one of the largest and best selected stocks of goods ever offered in this market, consisting of
DRY GOODS, CLOTHING,
GROCERIES, HARDWARE,
QUEENS-WARE,
ALSO:
PAINTS, OILS, &c.,
Together with a splendid assortment
OF
BOOTS AND SHOES!
Of every description, all of the best quality and latest styles. Also:
HATS AND CAPS!
Of all qualities and styles, besides many other goods, too numerous to mention.
Gents and Ladies Furnishing Goods
Kept constantly on hand!
All of which we will sell at the very lowest price for cash, and we warrant satisfaction.

Country Produce taken in exchange for Goods!
Particular attention paid to Orders From the Country!
Also: to Consignments of Goods, and prompt Returns Made for the Same!
It is our intention to deal with those who favor us with their trade, in such a manner as to secure their confidence and continued patronage. Please give us a call at our new store, on Main street, Oregon City.
217
CHARMAN & BRO.

PATENT MEDICINES of all kinds, kept by
CHARMAN & BRO.
WALL PAPER, Window Curtains and Paper shades, kept by
CHARMAN & BRO.
FULL Assortment of rope, nails, etc., for sale by
CHARMAN & BRO.
TUBS, Buckets, Washboards, Keeler's Seives, etc.,
CHARMAN & BRO.
CARPET, Mattings, Rugs, &c.,
by
CHARMAN & BRO.

JOHN MEERS. 1866. H. C. MYERS.
J. MYERS & BROTHER,
Cheap Cash Store!
Under the Court House, in Oregon City.
Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, Clothing, Groceries, Hardware, etc., etc., which they propose to sell as cheap as any House in Oregon.
Oregon City, October 23, 1866. 217

E. B. KELLY,
DEALER IN
PRODUCE,
Seasonable Fruit,
VEGETABLES, &c.
ALSO:
FAMILY GROCERIES!
Comprising in part
SUGARS! TEAS! COFFEE!
Canned Sauces! Canned Oysters!
SPICES, PICKLES,
AND CASE GOODS IN GENERAL!
Particular attention is given to the Country Trade, by which I am enabled to furnish City Customers with a
Superior Quality of Butter, Fresh Eggs, Poultry, etc.

By strict attention to the retail trade only, I hope to merit a share of the public patronage. Store at the Post Office, Main street, Oregon City.
E. B. KELLY.

Mayer's Market!
IN MOSS BUILDING, MAIN STREET, Oregon City.
THE UNDERSIGNED WILL keep on hand all the varieties of fresh and cured meats:
POULTRY, VEGETABLES,
Corned Beef and Pork,
Bacon, Hams, Lard, Tallow, &c., &c., &c.
A liberal share of patronage is solicited, as I expect to keep as good an assortment, and at as good prices as the country affords, which will be delivered to purchasers at any reasonable distance in the city.
B. MAYER.

LOGUS & ALBRIGHT,
EXCELSIOR MARKET!
Corner of Main and Fourth sts., Oregon City.
TAKE this method of informing the public that they keep constantly on hand all kinds of fresh and salt meats, such as
BEEF, PORK, MUTTON, VEAL,
CORNED-BEEF, PICKLED-PORK,
HAMS, LARD,
AND everything else, to be found in their line of business.
LOGUS & ALBRIGHT,
Oregon City, November 1, 1866. 217

CHARLES HOPKINS,
Successor to G. W. Vaughn,
DEALER IN
Hardware
AND
CUTLERY,
IRON AND STEEL,
Blacksmiths', Miners' and Mechanics' Tools, Plows, Reapers, Mowers, Threshers and Agricultural Implements Generally.
No. 116 Front, Corner of Morrison st., Portland. 217

C. W. POPE & Co.
DEALERS IN
STOVES,
Pumps, Lead Pipe, Hose, etc.
AND MANUFACTURERS OF
Tin, Copper, and Sheet Iron Ware!
Main Street, Oregon City.
The subscribers would respectfully announce that they keep constantly on hand a good assortment of Cooking, Parlor, Air Tight, and other stoves, suitable to this market, which are being
OFFERED AT PORTLAND PRICES!
Our assortment in this line is large, and will be found to embrace almost any desired pattern including the
BUCK
HENRY CLAY,
HEARTHSTONE,
WESTERN EMPIRE,
GREAT REPUBLIC,
BLACK KNIGHT, &c.
Roofing and Jobbing of every description done to order, in a manner that cannot fail to suit patrons. In addition to the above may be found a good assortment of Hardware, Woodware, etc.
C. W. POPE & CO.
Oregon City, Oct. 1866. 171

RETURNED!!
RETURNED!
TO THE
OLD STAMPING GROUND,
S. ACKERMAN!
Wishes to inform his OLD FRIENDS, and the public generally that he has returned again to Oregon City, where has
JUST OPENED ONE OF THE LARGEST
STOCKS OF DRY GOODS!
Clothing! Boots and Shoes!
HATS AND CAPS!
Also a large and well selected stock of
GROCERIES!
Please give me a call. No trouble to
SHOW GOODS!
I will sell as cheap as the cheapest,
S. ACKERMAN,
Charman & Warner's old brick store, 171 Main st., Oregon City.
N. B.—All kinds of Produce bought.

Wm. BARLOW!
Dealer in
DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES!
Boots and Shoes,
Hats and Caps,
Crochery and Glassware!
Provisions, Cutlery, Stationery!
Tobacco, Yankee Notions, and all kinds of Country Produce!
At the old stand on Main street, two doors below the Woolen Factory Oregon City!

FARMERS
Will find him supplied with Sugar, Coffee, Tea, Shovels, Spades, and Hoes, Salmon, etc.
MECHANICS
Will find Saws, Hammers, Nails, and tools of all kinds.
LUMBERMEN
Will find Mill-saws, Cross-cut-saws axes, etc.
LADIES
Will find Dress Goods, Trimmings, Hoops, balms, shoes, and those beautiful buttons.
CHILDREN
Will find Toys, and EVERYBODY will find something to charm the eye, to minister to their wants, and afford them an opportunity to spend their money to good advantage.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION
Given to the requirements of the Country Trade. My facilities enable me to trade with farmers on liberal principles. Please give me a call, before purchasing elsewhere.
WM. BARLOW.
171

C. M. KESTER,
CLOTHIER!
(Main Street, Corner of Fourth.)
Oregon City.
THE SUBSCRIBER has established, at Oregon City, a
CLOTHING FACTORY!
Adapted to the purpose of Supplying the Trade with
OREGON MANUFACTURED GOODS!
In the line of
READY MADE CLOTHING!
Which will be furnished in Lots, at wholesale or retail, to suit customers. Having facilities to keep employed from
Thirty to Forty Operatives!

All orders can be filled on short notice.
C. M. KESTER.
Oregon City, October, '66. 171

Oregon Steam Navigation COMPANY.
THE STEAMERS
NEW WORLD, CASCADE,
OR WILSON G. HUNT,
CAPT. JOHN WOLFE, Commander.
Will leave Portland daily, Sundays excepted, at 5 o'clock A. M. for the Cascades, connecting with the steamers
ONEONTA Or IDAHO,
CAPT. JOHN MCNEELY, Commander.
For Dalles—Through in one Day!
THE STEAMERS
YAKIMA, WEB-FOOT,
TENINO,
OWYHEE,
SPRAY, or
NEZ PERCES CHIEF.
CAPTS. E. F. COE, C. FELTON, J. H. GRAY and THOMAS STUMP.
Will leave Celilo for Umatilla and Wallula on Monday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday of each week, at 5 A. M.

J. C. AINSWORTH,
President O. S. N. Co.
MONTICELLO ROUTE.
From and after Monday November 5th, 1866, until further notice,
THE STEAMER
JULIA,
Wm. Smith Master. J. T. Kerns-Purser.
Will make Tri-Weekly trips to Monticello, via Willamette Slough, leaving Portland every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 7 o'clock A. M.
Freight and Passage at Opposition Rates!
THE STEAMER
RESCUE,
ONLSON, Master.
CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAIL!
Will leave Portland for Monticello every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 7 o'clock A. M., via Lewis river.
J. C. AINSWORTH,
President O. S. N. Co.

ASTORIA ROUTE.
THE U. S. MAIL STEAMER
JOHN H. COUCH
Snow, Master.
Will leave Portland for Astoria and intermediate landings, on Monday and Friday of each week, at 9 o'clock A. M. Returning, will leave Astoria on Tuesday and Saturday at 6 A. M.
J. C. AINSWORTH,
President O. S. N. Co.

PEACE! PEACE!
TO THE POOR INVALID NOTHING IS more pleasing
CANCERS—One of the most torturing diseases on earth, conquered and eradicated without the use of instruments by DR. WM. HENLEY.
Ninety-ninths of the diseases prevalent in this climate are caused in the first place by colds and coughs, which if neglected, and the greatest preparations for the Cure of Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis or Soreness of the Chest, ever before offered to the human family, will remove in a few days.
References—Judge Marquam, Mr. DeWitt, store keeper, C. H. Hill, and many others.
Any person who has a cough, cold, croup, whooping cough, or any other ailment of the throat, chest, or lungs, will find relief in the use of Dr. Henley's Cough Remedy, which is sold at the corner of Jefferson and Fifth streets, Portland, or by addressing DR. WM. HENLEY, Portland, Oregon.

Read the Following:
October 15th, 1866
I would inform persons laboring under Cancer, that my wife has for a number of years had a cancer on her left breast, until the three years last past, when it commenced growing, slowly at first, but during the past summer its progress became more rapid. It was giving her considerable pain, when, on the 17th of last month she went under treatment by Dr. Henley of Portland. By his method of treatment the entire cancer was removed from the sound flesh, and on the 25th of the same month it came away without pain. The sore is fast healing up, and I hope a complete cure is effected. Her suffering for the first 24 hours under treatment was considerable. She has suffered but little since, and is now entirely free from pain. Dr. Henley: The above is at your service, to publish if you think proper. I direct to you and Mr. S. Henley, Portland, Ore., to be the first to get this please let him see it. If you do not know him please enquire. He is in the Legislature. Yours, &c.
HUGH GORDON.

THE PEOPLE'S FRIEND!
Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer!
Wonderful Cure of the Rev. D. L. Brayton, Missionary in India, who was straying from the fact that the person should place himself in charge of a physician unless he has strong proofs that the doctor is a regular graduate from some well respected Medical College. The number of medical humbugs in San Francisco is perfectly enormous; not more than two of the advertised physicians have a diploma. Dr. J. H. JOSSelyn, Resident Physician of the Electro-pathic Institute, 645 Washington street, is one of these, and is prepared at all times to exhibit his diploma.—Yreka Union February 10, 1866.

Persons seeking the Electro-pathic Institute, should be careful to remember the name and number. Electro-pathic Institute 645 Washington Street, San Francisco, Cal. All letters must be addressed plainly J. H. JOSSelyn, M. D., Box 1445, San Francisco Cal. All letters will be destroyed or returned, as directed by the writer. (2m)

Island Sugar and Molasses.
2,500 KEGS ISLAND SUGAR,
150 BBLs. ISLAND MOLASSES,
ex-Bark ELDRIDGE, and for
sale by
M'CRACKEN, MERRILL & CO.

THE Electro-pathic Institute,
645 Washington Street,
San Francisco, California.
J. H. JOSSELYN, M. D.,
Resident Physician.

THE DIRECTORS OF THIS CELEBRATED Medical Institute wish to thank the public for the generous manner in which they have sustained the Resident Physician, who has sustained the Institution since its establishment. It is now thirty years since the Institute was established, during that time there has been over thirty thousand consultations, and in all cases, where a disease was curable, a perfect and permanent cure has been performed. Malicious charlatans have opened traps in close proximity to the Institute, adopting similar names, hoping to attract the unwary; but their failure to do so is perfectly apparent—their business has not been effected in the least, but has gone on increasing its usefulness and profiting regular ratio. The Resident Physician has a careful study and experience within the last few years been successful in discovering new electric remedies which are far superior to any before used in the healing art, and he can warrant them to cure all cases for which they are used, or make no charges for services. They will be forwarded to any place in the Pacific States upon a receipt of a letter stating the disease with symptoms, the age and sex of the patient.
The Female medicine discovered and used by the Resident Physician, are the only remedies which are safe and have the electric current, and the large number of cases in which they have been used, is a guarantee of their success.
Great care should be taken in visiting the Institute, to remember the name of the Electro-pathic Institute, 645 Washington Street between Montgomery and Kearny streets. J. H. JOSSELYN, M. D., Resident Physician.

Below are a few of the opinions of the press in California which are submitted to the Public:
"ELECTRO-PATHIC.—The readers of this article are particularly requested to read the advertisement of the 'Electro-pathic Institute,' 645 Washington street, San Francisco, to be found in another column of this paper. The remarkable cures that have been effected here, by the use of the 'Electric Remedy,' in the hands of the Resident Physician of the Institute during the past six years, has gained for this establishment a reputation that has never been equaled by any medical establishment on this coast, in cases of female irregularities, especially Dr. Josselyn has gained an enviable reputation, and the spacious parlors of the Institute are constantly occupied by ladies suffering from their troubles.
Dr. Josselyn pays particular attention to the treatment of cases in the interior of the State, and upon receipt of a full description of the disease of which the applicant is so unfortunate as to be afflicted, accompanied with the real or a fictitious address, sends per Wm. L. Lingo & Co., mechanics, warrants to cure the disease, without the slightest injury to the system. He uses no mercury or mineral poisons. The remedies used are known as 'Electric' and 'Galvanic' and are of his own discovery. Persons placing themselves under the treatment of Dr. J. H. Josselyn may rely upon not only curing the disease, but also receiving a diploma from the Institute, which is a guarantee that upon his discretion and secrecy.—Red Bluff Independent January 24th, 1866.

Glad to Hear It.—For several months past Dr. J. H. Josselyn, for the last six years has been known as the Resident Physician of the Electro-pathic Institute, 645 Washington street, San Francisco, has contemplated retiring from his position for the purpose of visiting the Pacific States, and in one of the large hospitals in his native State, Massachusetts. The matter becoming known to a number of scientific gentlemen of San Francisco, who, desiring what a warrant to cure the disease, without the slightest injury to the system. He uses no mercury or mineral poisons. The remedies used are known as 'Electric' and 'Galvanic' and are of his own discovery. Persons placing themselves under the treatment of Dr. J. H. Josselyn may rely upon not only curing the disease, but also receiving a diploma from the Institute, which is a guarantee that upon his discretion and secrecy.—Red Bluff Independent January 24th, 1866.

THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST.—This adage will apply as well to the practice of medicine as to the purchase of merchandise. In the treatment of diseases incident to the human system, the most judicious practice is that particular line than any other physician on the Pacific coast. The Electro-pathic Institute is located on one of the most popular streets in San Francisco, and the patient reception of patients are fitted up in a style of magnificence never before attempted by any medical establishment on this coast, and the Institute is situated in the most desirable place in the city.—Mountain Democrat.

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