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OREGON SENTINEL

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PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

J. A. CALLENDAR, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
JACKSONVILLE, OREGON.

DR. GEO. KAHLER,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
JACKSONVILLE, OREGON.
Office in city Drug Store, residence on valley road next door to Beggs'.

G. H. AIKEN, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
JACKSONVILLE, OREGON.
Office opposite F. J. Ryan's store.

MARTIN VROOMAN, M. D.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
JACKSONVILLE, OREGON.
Office up-stairs in Orth's brick. Residence on California street.

P. JACK, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
(Formerly of Glasgow, Scotland.)
APPLEGATE, OREGON.
Office and Drug Store at the Drake farm on Applegate eight miles West of Jacksonville. Letters can be addressed either to Jacksonville or Applegate.

E. H. AUTENRIETH,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
JACKSONVILLE, OREGON.
Will practice in all the Courts of the State. Prompt attention given to all business left in my care. Office in Orth's brick building.

B. F. DOWELL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
JACKSONVILLE, OREGON.
All business placed in my hands will receive prompt attention. Special attention given to collections.

DR. J. M. TAYLOR,
DENTIST,
ASHLAND, OREGON.
Having permanently located at this place I am now fully prepared to do all kinds of dental work. Particular attention given to all manner of surgical operations in connection with my business, including cleft palates, etc. Charges reasonable.

WILL. JACKSON,
DENTIST,
JACKSONVILLE, OREGON.
TEETH EXTRACTED AT ALL hours. Laughing gas administered, if desired, for which extra charge will be made.
Office and residence on corner of California and Fifth streets.

BERTHOLD ROSTEL,
Asst: SURGEON of the German Army
—AND—
PROFESSIONAL HAIR-CUTTER,
IN ORTH'S BUILDING,
Jacksonville, - - - - - - Oregon.
The Treatment of Chronic Cases Made a Specialty.

A. C. GIBBS. L. R. STEARNS.
GIBBS & STEARNS,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS,
Rooms 2 and 4 Strowbridge's Building,
PORTLAND, OREGON.
Will practice in all Courts of Record in the State of Oregon and Washington Territory; and pay particular attention to business in Federal Courts.

BIG BUTTE STEAM SAW MILL
J. P. PARKER,
BIG BUTTE, : : : : : OGN.
KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND planed and unplaned Sugar pine lumber of the best quality.
EDGING, MOULDING, RUSTIC, SIDING, FLOORING, SHINGLES, ETC.
Lumber dressed to order on short notice and reasonable terms for those convenient to the Mill.
County Orders an Greenbacks taken at par.

CITY BARBER SHOP
AND
BATH ROOMS.
CALIFORNIA ST.,
Jacksonville, - - - Oregon
THE UNDERSIGNED IS FULLY prepared to do all work in his line in the best manner and at reasonable prices.
HOT OR COLD BATHS
Can be had at this place at all hours of the day.
GEORGE SCHUMPF.

THE ASHLAND
Wool Manufacturing Co.
Take pleasure in announcing that they now have on and, a full and select stock of
BLANKETS, FLANNELS,
CASSIMERES,
DOESKINS AND HOSIERY,
Made of the very best
NATIVE WOOL
And of which they will dispose at very reasonable rates.
Orders from a distance will receive prompt attention. Send them in and give our goods a trial.
ASHLAND WOOLEN M'F'G CO.

NEW LIVERY STABLE
BACK OF COURT HOUSE.
ISH & CATON,
Proprietors.
HAVING LATELY FITTED UP THE COMMODIOUS barn on the School House Flat and in the rear of the Court House. We are now fully prepared to attend to all business in our line with promptness and dispatch and at the most reasonable rates.
Fine Turnouts
The stable is furnished with the best animals and most substantial buggies; also a first class hack and saddle horses.
Horses boarded, and the best care bestowed on them.
Satisfaction guaranteed in every instance.
Give us a call and judge for yourselves.
R. ISH,
E. CATON.
July 14, 1880.

NEW ROUTE TO THE SEA
BY WAY OF THE
ROSEBURG & COOS BAY STAGE LINE.
THE UNDERSIGNED ARE NOW running a daily line of four-horse stages between Roseburg and Coos City making the through trip in twenty-four hours. Stages leave Roseburg every morning. Sundays excepted, at 6 A. M., and make close connection with San Francisco steamer twice a week. The time from Roseburg to San Francisco will be three days and through fare has been fixed at $14.50. Fare from Roseburg to Coos Bay $6.
CLOUGH & CARLL.

ASHLAND AND LINKVILLE
Express.
H. F. Phillips : : : : Proprietor.
I AM NOW RUNNING A DAILY LINE between the above points, leaving Ashland with coach on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, returning next day. On Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday of each week a buckboard will start from Ashland returning on the following day.
FARE, (each way).....$2.00.
Connection made at Linkville with hacks for Lakeview.

BLACKSMITHING!
DAVE CRONEMLLER.
BACK AT THE OLD STAND.
I AM NOW PREPARED TO DO ALL work in my line cheaper than ever, and in fact will do it cheaper than any other shop in Southern Oregon.
Give me a call and I will convince you.
DAVID CRONEMILLER.

PHOENIX DISTILLERY
AND SALOON.
Phoenix, - - - - Ogn.
J. L. HOCKETT, Prop.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAS TAKEN full charge of this business and is prepared to furnish the public with a first-class quality of Brandy, Wine and Cider. The saloon will always be supplied with the best of liquors and cigars. Oysters and sardines always kept on hand.
J. L. HOCKETT.

PURCHASING
Of every description made with promptitude and taste. Infants' clothing a specialty. References in all parts of the country. Circulars giving full information sent on receipt of stamp. Address Mr. or Mrs. J. A. Richardson, 24 Post Street, San Francisco, Cal.

The latest improved Sharp, Ballard, Remington and Winchester rifles, warranted to be the genuine article, at John Miller's. *

T. G. REAMES. E. R. REAMES.
REAMES BROS.,
CALIFORNIA ST.,
Jacksonville, - - - Oregon,
AHEAD AS USUAL
BY ADOPTING
A CASH BASIS!!
THE GREATEST REDUCTION
IN PRICES
—AND THE—
LARGEST STOCK
—OF—
GENERAL MERCHANDISE!
—THE—
GREATEST VARIETY
TO SELECT FROM IN
Any On Store in Southern Oregon or Northern California.
ALL FOR CASH!!
OUR STOCK CONSISTS OF
FALL & WINTER DRY-GOODS,
FANCY GOODS,
LADIES' DRESS GOODS, CASHMERES, AND DIAGONALS, SILKS, AND SATINS, BOOTS & SHOES, CLOTHING, ETC.,
LADIES' CAL., MADE CLOAKS
WE CALL THE ATTENTION OF THE ladies to the fact that we have now on hand the largest and best selected assortment of LADIES' DRESS GOODS and FANCY GOODS of every description in Southern Oregon, and we will henceforth make this line of goods our speciality and sell them at
Cheaper than the Cheapest.
To the gentlemen we will say, if you want A No. 1 SUIT OF CLOTHES you must go to Reames Bros. to buy them as we claim to have the best STOCK OF CLOTHING in Jackson county and will allow none to undersell us.
These goods were all purchased by a member of our firm from FIRST CLASS Houses in San Francisco and New York, and we will warrant every article and sell them as cheap for cash as any house in the county.
We also keep on hand a full stock of
CROCERIES,
HARDWARE, CUTLERY, GLASSWARE,
CROCKERY.
A FULL LINE OF ASHLAND GOODS
FARM AND FREIGHT WAGONS
Plows, Gang Plows & Sulky Plows.
In fact everything from the finest needle to a threshing-machine. Give us a call and judge for yourselves as to our capacity of furnishing goods as above.
The way to make money is to save it. To save it buy cheap. To buy cheap pay CASH for your goods and buy of
REAMES BROS.

DAVID LINN,
GENERAL UNDERTAKER,
AND DEALER IN
COFFIN TRIMMINGS.

COFFINS FURNISHED ON THE shortest notice and cheaper than at any other establishment in Southern Oregon.
Furniture of all kinds kept on hand or made to order.

MECHANICS'
PLANING MILL
—AND—
FURNITURE,
SASH,
BLINDS AND DOORS
—AND—
Moulding Factory,
ASHLAND, OREGON,
L. S. P. MARSH, Prop'r.
ALL KINDS OF PLANING, MOULDING, Turning, Circular and Scroll Sawing,
FURNITURE & ORNAMENTAL CARVING, ETC., DONE TO ORDER.
Furniture, Sash, Blinds, Doors and Moulding constantly on hand and made to order.
I will contract to design and erect all kinds o buildings. When desirable to those employing me, I will furnish all the material required for the construction of any building, ready for occupancy.

NOTICE.

LAND OFFICE AT ROSEBURG, OREGON, Sept. 3, 1880.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and secure final entry thereof on Saturday, October 9, 1880, before the Judge or Clerk of the court of Jackson county, Oregon, viz: Geo W. Apger, Homestead Application No. 2241 for the W ½ of SW 1-4 of Sec. 10, and N ½ of NW 1-4 Sec. 15, T 36 S, R 1 E, and names the following as his witness, viz: Arthur Pool, George Bush, Wilson Potter and John Potter all of Eagle Point, Jackson county, Oregon.
W. F. BENJAMIN, Register.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY VIRTUE of a Tax Warrant placed in my hands for the collection of delinquent Taxes, due Jackson County, State of Oregon, for the year 1879, and to me directed, I will on
Saturday, the 2nd day of October, 1880,
at 2 o'clock, P. M., of said day, at the Court House door, in the Town of Jacksonville in said State, and County, proceed to sell to the highest bidder, for cash in hand, the following described tracts or parcels of land belonging to Martha A. Crickett, for the payment of the Taxes thereon, together with the costs of levy and sale, to-wit: Lots No 3, and 4, Block, No. 3, in the Town of Phoenix, said lots and improvements were assessed to J. M. Crickett, together with other property. Balance due on Taxes from J. M. Crickett $6.60.
WM. BYBEE, Sheriff,
and Tax Collector for Jackson Co., Ogn.
Jacksonville, Ogn., Sept. 7, 1880.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY VIRTUE OF A WARRANT placed in my hands, for the purpose of collecting delinquent Taxes, due Jackson County, State of Oregon, for the year 1879, and to me directed, I will on
Saturday, the 2nd day of Oct. 1880,
at the Court House door in the Town of Jacksonville, in said State and County, proceed to sell to the highest bidder, for cash in hand the following described tract of land, belonging to J. J. Cook for the payment of the Taxes thereon, together with costs of levy and sale, to-wit: The NW 1-4 of Sec. 33, Township 36, 1 W. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, (amount of Taxes $15.)
WM. BYBEE, Sheriff
and Tax collector of Jackson Co. Ogn.
Jacksonville, Ogn. Sept. 7, 1880.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY VIRTUE OF A TAX WARRANT, duly issued out of the County Court, of the County of Jackson, State of Oregon, commanding me to collect the Taxes by demanding payment of the person named in such Tax-lists, and to make the same by levy and sale of the goods and chattles of the respective person named in such Tax-lists, and if none be found, then upon the real property, as set forth in said Tax-lists; In pursuance of said command, I have demanded payment of Wm. B. Daley by posting three notices in each precinct in said Jackson County, Oregon, naming the day and place, that I would meet the Tax payers to receive the same, and by a notice in the OREGON SENTINEL of March 24 '80. In obedience to said warrant, I have levied upon the following real property of W. B. Daley, to satisfy the sum twenty (20) dollars Taxes for the year 1879, to-wit: The E ½ of SW 1-4, and the SW 1-4 of the SW 1-4 of Sec. 2, and the NE 1-4 of the NW 1-4, and the NW 1-4 of NE 1-4 of Sec. 11, and the SE 1-4 of the SE 1-4 of Sec. 3, and the NE 1-4 of the NE 1-4 of Sec. 10, all in Township 36 South, Range 1 West, lying in Jackson County, Oregon. And I will offer the above described real property for sale or sufficient thereof to satisfy the above demand and costs of levy and sale at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash in hand, at the Court House door in Jacksonville, Jackson County, Oregon, on
Saturday, October 2, 1880,
at one o'clack, P. M. WM. BYBEE,
Sheriff of Jackson County, Ogn.
Jacksonville, Ogn., Sept. 6, 1880.

Hides Wanted.

The undersigned will pay the highest cash price for Beef Hides and will pay from 15 to 26 cents for Deer Skins. To be delivered at Nick Ficke's Butcher Shop in Jacksonville.
NICK FICKE.
PAT McMAHON.

SOUTHERN INTOLERANCE.

How J. H. Randall, the Greenbacker, was Driven Out of Town by Bulldozers.

From the Corning (Mo.) Herald, Greenback Paper.

A special dispatch from Washington contains a report of an article to appear in this weeks issue of the "National View," from J. H. Randall, known as the "Greenback Evangelist," giving an account of how he was driven out of a Southern town by a gang of young bulldozers and ruffians. The account proceeds as follows:

The Democrats finally began to disturb the Greenback meetings. At last, at a place with the remarkable name of Shubula, the Democrats decided that they could tolerate free speech no longer. At the closing meeting Randall reports one of the Democrats as saying this: "The Confederacy still exists, my friends, and Jeff Davis, the best friend we ever had, is yet our President, and devoted to our interests, and if Hancock is elected, and we have no doubt he will be, you will be paid for all the property you have lost through Radical rule, and you must stand by the Democratic party, for a Solid South will now give us the entire control of the general government, and we can redress all our wrongs." Mr. Randall had not proceeded far in his speech when he heard, "We don't want no damn Yankee to come here and talk to us; we had better shut him up." "But," says Randall, "he was pacified and and quieted by the disciplinary conduct of our friends. We had been talking about twenty minutes when the Shubula band, about 150 feet from the speaking stand, began to play, knowing that we could not be heard while it kept up. The interruptions continued so that the speech could not be heard.

Mr. Randall thus describes the subsequent proceedings:

"We walked into the business part of the village to find some water, and on our hunt passed through a group of young men, several of whom we at once recognized as players in the band we had particularly noticed that started the disturbance at the time of our speaking at Kizer Hill, and they at once recognized us and commenced with: 'There's that Greenbacker now, damn him;' 'Three cheers for Hancock;' 'God damn the Yankee Greenbacker, he ought to be killed;' 'Let's give him hell,' and some other phrases of a like character. We quietly passed on, said nothing, got our drink, returned back through the group to the team, being followed part of the way by these young men, yelling at us as they halted about fifty yards from our team. In about ten minutes a young man, well dressed and perfectly sober, separated from the group and came up to me, and we had, as near as we can remember, the following conversation:

M. B. D. (which means Mississippi Bulldozer)—"Is your name Randall?"

"Yes, sir."

M. B. D.—"Are you Randall, the great Greenback speaker?"

"I expect I am."

M. B. D.—"I have a note I was requested to give you; read it and give me your answer."

"Very well, sir."

We took the note written on a leaf torn from a pocket memorandum, and read as follows:

AUG. 1, 1880.—DEAR SIR: We will give you and your party, thirty-five minutes to pick up your duds and get out of this town.

Yours to death,
THE BOYS OF SHUBULA.

Mr. Randall—Do you mean to tell me that an American law-abiding citizen, on the way to attend to his business, cannot stay in this town to take the first train of cars going South?

M. B. D.—"We know you, and you can't stay; you must go to the next station."

Mr. R.—"Who gave this order?"

M. B. D.—"The Boys of Shubula. Your time it passing; you better get right along, or you'll catch hell."

Mr. R.—"You don't mean to say that they will lay rough hands on me, a peaceable citizen? Your citizens would not approve of any such conduct towards a peaceable, law-abiding citizen. Besides see what a reflection it would cast upon your town."

M. B. D. (going off)—"You better go out of here while you have a chance."

"We started directly for the group of bulldozers, making inquiries of persons we met where the marshal's house was; had it pointed out to us, but was told he was not at home. Noticing a man sitting under a store shed, near the railroad track, we went up and asked him if there was any protection there for a civil citizen, from an insulting and meddlesome mob. Then, turning to a group of bulldozers, five of whom were gentlemanly and well dressed, and sober, he said: 'I guess he won't do you any harm, boys; be-let him alone.' By this time there had gathered fifteen or twenty black men and two middle-aged white men. The M. B. D. said: 'You don't know what you say, nor who he is; we heard him yesterday.' Then turning to us he said: 'You're a white man with a black heart, come down here to divide the Democratic party, and we don't want and won't have no such damned men in the county.' The party who had served the note of warning to us followed up with: 'He's one of the trump cards of the Greenback party and yesterday he gave the Democrats hell. Damn him, we can fix him. We run things here.'"

The result was that Mr. Randall was escorted by the Democratic leaders to the railroad station and put upon the train, from which he addressed the violent crowd as follows: "I am sorry on your account that your conduct has been such toward me this day as to confirm me in the belief of all that has been said in other parts of the country about your treatment of men who honestly disagree with you, and reflects discreditably upon you. I shall take particular pains to air your conduct toward me throughout the whole country; not out of any ill-will towards you, but because it is not right for any people in any State to act as you have acted. You endanger, and by such conduct destroy personal freedom of thought, popular liberty, the foundation of all our institutions, and annihilate all honesty in elections. I expect to continue in this cause, and if way opens shall canvass this State for the Greenback ticket, for all parties in this country are going to be heard, and have the right not only to vote, but a right to have their votes counted, and the quicker you learn this and prepare to help it along by standing up here in Mississippi among yourselves it will be better for the whole country. We don't want to run your affairs here, but we want the same rights here that are assured to all United States citizens in every State in the Union, and that you can have in other States."

THE SOLDIER VOTE.

It is now more than likely that the Democratic managers who by nominating Gen. Hancock expected to catch the soldier vote will find themselves mistaken. Day after day facts are being elicited showing the manner of esteem Hancock was held by the soldiers under him during the war—facts, that if they prove in thing show that his tyrannical, not to say brutal treatment of his men on a multitude of occasions has estranged them in a manner that they will never forget. Soldiers know a general like a son knows his father. If their commander is kind and gentle, they love him. If he is brutal, filial affection dies out, and they merely obey him until the hour of relief comes. Gen. Thomas, the Grand Old Rock of Chickamauga, was a kind father. His soldiers were his children, and they loved him—loved him so well that whenever he led they begged to follow. If he chided it was with a high sense of duty, and punishment was administered with a firm hand but tearful eye. He was a soldier's idol, brave as a lion, tender as a woman, commander of an army, father of his soldiers.

Not so with Hancock. He was proud, arrogant, cold and brutal. His soldiers were not his children—they were his slaves. He never looked upon a private soldier with as much compunction as he did upon his horse or his dog. His brutal speech at the ford near Manasses—"Let the sons of b—s wade; it won't hurt them"—is a key to his character. It will be his epitaph. The defenders of the Union, who fought, like Cromwell's Ironsides, with Bibles at the saddle bows, will bury him beneath a mountain of votes and place his self-written epitaph as a protest and judgment, which has waited seventeen years for expression.

In looking up soldiers who had fought in the Second Army Corps under Hancock, a Journal reporter has found two men, Mr. Jerry Ward and Tom McKinley. The famous story told by the former, and published in the "Journal," has been published all over the Union, and hailed with delight by the men of the Second Army Corps. The following was elicited yesterday from the letter:

Mr. McKinley, in response to the question, "Did you fight under Hancock?" replied, "Yes, I was in Ringgold's cavalry from Pennsylvania, Second Army Corps."

"Can you substantiate the story told by Mr. Ward, in regard to Hancock's brutality?"

"Please don't ask me; I don't want to get mixed up in this business at all."

"It may be unpleasant, Mr. McKinley," replied the interviewer, "but truth might as well come out now as at any time. It must be brought out, however. I would like to know what you know about the circumstances."

"I think" said Mr. McKinley, "that Jerry didn't make it quite as strong as he might if he had wanted to. He didn't strike the nail full on the head."

"How was Hancock liked by his men?"

"He was very unpopular. His men did their duty without having their hearts in it. They followed him merely as a leader, and that was all. His men believed that he did not care for them at all. He had no respect for a soldier except as a machine to fight."

"How much of a soldier vote will he obtain?"

"None of the Second Army Corps worth mentioning, and far less than Tilden would have received. He won't receive one-fourth the soldier vote that McClellan received. The soldiers that composed the Volunteer army are not the kind of men to vote for a man. They vote on ideas and principles. The volunteers were men who took their Bibles with them, and read them. They were men who read the papers and thought. They knew as much about the war as the generals, and are the last men in the world to be led astray by enthusiasm for an officer when it comes to a question of voting.

"Wouldn't a popular general upon the Democratic ticket obtain a large soldier vote? Say for instance that Thomas or Sheridan were up in Hancock's place?"

"Don't mention them in the same breath with him," said the veteran of the Second Army Corps with an expression of disgust.

"But if such a possibility should come to pass?"

"The idea is too preposterous for consideration, and you had better drop it. Thomas and Sheridan could not under any circumstances be found in such company."

"But if they would?" persisted the interviewer.

"Well, yes, if you must have an answer; but I think that the most foolish question I ever heard. Thomas and Sheridan were idolized by their men while Hancock was hated."—[Kansas City Journal.

The Outlook.

Chairman Runnells, of the Iowa Republican State Committee, has been East as far as New Hampshire, and after five weeks' absence, has carried home most cheering reports to his party associates. The Desmoines "Register" thus reports him: "I feel well satisfied that we shall be able to confront the solid South with a solid North. From 1872 to 1876 our party had been steadily loosing srtength with every successive campaign. The tendencies in 1876 were all against us. Now the situation is entirely reversed. From 1876 until the present campaign we have been growing stronger every year. The party is more confident and more hopeful than it has been at this stage of the canvass in any presidential year since 1868. We have no factional differences. All are united and working together for success."

The Canada Pacific Railroad is to be built 2,000 miles, including 646 miles fron Lake Nipissing, to Thunder Bay. From Nipissing to Puget Sound the road is to be constructed at once. Two syndicates are said to have offered to do the work. One offer is $10,000 a mile and 50,000 acres of land. Rothschild, Erlanger and the Barings are said to be interested.