

THE OREGON SENTINEL

JACKSONVILLE:
WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 25, 1880

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The action of the Republican Central Committee in basing the apportionment on the vote for Secretary of State is unprecedented and unfair. It should have been on Governor or Member of Congress, but as it is, it results in reducing the representation of Jackson county from eight to six and increases it in counties near Portland.

The "Golden Era," a non-partisan journal of San Francisco, is firm in the belief that Tilden is the strongest man in the Democratic party for the Presidential candidacy. If that party truthfully thinks Mr. Tilden defrauded out of the Presidency, and is honest in declaring that it is governed by the eternal principles of justice, he should be nominated; otherwise it will prove itself only a party of pretensions.

There is a strong suspicion that the Democracy frown upon the nomination of Grant by the Republicans, in order to secure him for the head of their own ticket. The party that endorsed McClellan with his military record, fell at the feet of Greeley with his abolition heresies unrepented, and worshipped Ben Butler with his pockets chock full of "stolen Southern spoons," could nominate the devil without any sacrifice of consistency.

"Silence gives consent." Last week we observed that a loud whisper indicated that our neighbor of the "Times" was after an important county office. As there is no denial, it will be taken for granted that we hit the nail square on the head. Bro. Nickell's noble and "selfish" devotion to the "undying principles of Democracy" will now be fully understood. We now learn that the slate is fully made up—everything cut and dried; but don't say any thing about it.

The Charleston "News and Courier," in speaking of presidential candidates, says: "Already there is a hint that E. B. Washburne of Illinois is the coming man, and we have no hesitation in saying that it would be harder to beat him than any other Republican who has been spoken of as the probable candidate. Mr. Washburne's character is without a stain. He has been out of the pool of politics for years, and he is enthusiastically admired by the German-Americans, who dislike General Grant."

It is curious to note the effect frequently produced by carelessness of expression. An exchange remarks with doubtful lucidity that "another man has come up missing." Now, if he has "come up" the fact must be known, and the man is by no means missing, unless he disappeared again immediately after coming "up." The same paper says, "Sheriff Fitch has gone to California with another insane individual," which certainly leaves the inference that the Sheriff was quite as crazy as his companion. This American language is indeed a singular mixture unless carefully mixed.

COURAGEOUS HONESTY.

The Sunday "Mercury" has the courage to express its contempt for the course of the Oregon Electoral steal, and for those Republicans who assisted in its perpetration. Speaking of W. Lair Hill, who, it is said, desires to be a candidate for the Supreme bench on the Republican ticket, it says: "Wherever he rises prominently before the public mind he is always in the attitude of defending wrong and cheating justice. The Oregon Electoral stealing is a striking instance. He, as the editor of the principal Republican paper, was bought outright with a price like Judas Iscariot, but unlike that much abused traitor he did not have the conscience to afterwards go and hang himself. So far from that he actually rises up and, with brazen effrontery, asks a Republican nomination for Supreme Judge." The Electoral business has been warmly defended and justified by every Democratic paper in Oregon, and if the course of the "Mercury" were adopted by the Democratic press it would reflect credit on them and add strength to their party.

REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION.

A Republican Convention for the State of Oregon is called to meet at Portland on Wednesday, April 21st, 1880, at eleven o'clock A. M., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Congress, three candidates for Presidential Electors, three candidates for Judges of the Supreme Court, Judges and Prosecutors Attorneys for each of the several judicial districts, and the election of six delegates to attend the National Republican Convention, and to transact such other business as may properly come before the Convention. The Convention will consist of 165 delegates. Jackson county is entitled to six delegates, Josephine county two, and Lake two.

THE WAY THE MONEY GOES.

As promised, Judge Day tries to explain some ugly facts, regarding the keeping of the poor in this county. He puts in the poor plea, that the bills heretofore charged the State for its patients have been paid at the rate of \$3 per day; that this county has, on several occasions, paid from \$3 to \$6 per day for its patients, according to the necessities of the case; and that a "private patient" has lately been paying at the rate of \$3 per day. Circumstances change and, ordinarily, mere precedent is the poorest of all reasons. His Honor probably remembers the day when he paid twenty cents a pound for beans, and twenty-five cents a drink for his whiskey in Jackson county. Is he fool enough to be governed by "precedent" when he can now buy the one for five cents and get a sly "nod" for ten? It is true that on several occasions patients have cost the county \$3 per head daily, but this is an exceedingly poor reason for a specific contract for an extraordinary price, under ordinary circumstances, and running two years beyond the official term of a majority of the court. His Honor says there has been a private patient in the hospital at \$3 per day. What has that to do with the question? If there is it is the "private patient's" private business, just as it is the private business of a lion tamer when he puts his head in the lion's mouth, whether he puts it in or keeps it out. Why does Judge Day withhold the information that in his institution there are two other private patients—one under a regular contract for "food, clothing, medical attendance, room, fire, nursing and tobacco"—at "six dollars per week"; another, under similar conditions at "seven dollars per week." It is presumable that the latter prices are remunerative, or the patients would not be admitted, and the shortness of Judge Day's memory in overlooking them is evidence of a sad infirmity. "County" patients are kept in this beautifully graded institution at \$2,000 per annum or an average of about \$4.90 each per week. Now, in the name of common sense, in the name of common decency, what justice or equity is there in charging the State \$21 per week for precisely the same service that is rendered to other parties for prices ranging from \$7 down to \$4.90 per week? Judge Day thinks the bargain a good one for the county. Probably it is, but it seems to have exhausted all his Honor's sagacity. How the Judge would admire the wisdom of a Jacksonville merchant who would sell a pair of boots to a townsman for \$6 and charge an Ashland neighbor \$21 for a pair out of the same lot! But what would he say to the Ashland victim? He would tell him he was robbed and advise him to repudiate the bill,—just what he fears Secretary Earhart intends doing with his. The fact that "snap judgment" was taken on the County Commissioners elect, who found this contract in existence, leaves a suspicion of an arrangement with the contractor to put in a bid that would secure the contract for the county poor and depend on Judge Day's generosity with the State's money, and it appears to have been successful. Should the county suffer any loss, by reason of the Secretary's refusal to allow the bills for \$800 now before him, we will show that Judge Day is alone responsible and we will dredge this crooked channel through which the people's money is flowing, to the very bottom.

CRESCENT CITY WAGON ROAD.

We have been permitted to see a letter from a gentleman in Crescent City to Mr. W. J. Winer of Waldo on the subject of the wagon road. It states that J. G. Wall has gone below to secure some aid in the enterprise, it is possible to do so; and that on his return an active canvass will be made and the largest possible amount of subscriptions obtained in Del Norte county. This is, at least, hopeful and the people of that county must bear in mind that if agitation fails now, it will be long before it can be renewed with any prospect of success. We believe that after all the subscriptions, available, have been secured; the company might put \$10,000 of toll scrip on the market running through five years, \$2,000 payable each year; which if sold at 90, 80, 70, 60 and 50, the latter for the most remote scrip would realize \$7,000 and be readily taken by merchants, farmers, teamsters and all who could use it. By this means a considerable sum of money could be assured, without crippling the road. We offer the suggestion as one that might be considered by those proposing to organize a company.

The "Junction Republican" observes: "Salem has a white elephant now. Its State House since the storm of Jan. 9th; the roof leaks like a sieve. The elements of nature are trying to get at those Democratic records and wash them out."

BADLY Muddled.

The "Times" is becoming perfectly reckless in its statements and really should be more careful lest they be discredited entirely. It says the fairness of the contract for keeping the county poor has not been questioned until the SENTINEL saw fit to do it. Does Bro. Nickell read? If he does, why will he detract from the Salem "Statesman" the credit due for first calling attention to what it thought a palpable fraud on the State? If he does, why will he make the foolish intimation that Messrs. Anderson and Magruder had anything to do with the contract when the SENTINEL and "Tidings" both stated that this contract was made before the present commissioners went into office and they, on finding the contract in existence, protested against it. The "Times" says we have a "County Physician." If we had he would understand the laws of hygiene, use more soap and water, and not oblige Grand Jurors, in the conscientious discharge of duty, to repeatedly denounce the County Poor House as "filthy" and have the fact go abroad to the discredit of Jackson county. We care nothing for the "contractor"—it is none of our business whether his name is Jones or Smith or Brown—it is the County Court that has to deal with him, and we say right here that the repeated protests of sworn officers against the institution under the immediate supervision of Judge Day, is a public disgrace; and we leave the "nut" to be cracked by his Honor, the editor of the "Times" and all others who choose to defend it. But the worst of all is the neglect of our neighbor to read his own paper, or his inability to understand what is in it: for in the same column in which he says that the two present County Commissioners are equally responsible with Judge Day, the latter acknowledges that the contract was made by a "former County Court." The SENTINEL is only sorry that it is not entitled to the credit of having unearthed this crooked little job.

HOP CULTURE.

We have frequently referred to the cultivation of hops as a profitable industry; and noticing that the article is now quoted at 25 to 32½ cents per pound in San Francisco, the subject is again in order. For several years the price has been low, but about as remunerative as anything else and notwithstanding depressing prices the area of hop yards in the Willamette valley has constantly increased. There is no better or more promising hop field in Oregon than Jackson county and certainly any product that will command from 15 to 35 cents per pound will bear transportation. The rich lands along the streams, easy of irrigation are well adapted to hops and we venture the assertion that an acre of land will produce twenty times the value in this product that it will in wool and give employment to more labor. Even the home market for hops would afford considerable employment but no one sees fit to engage in the business. The facilities for curing in our warm climate would give our product a preference over that of moister climates and we believe the culture of hops would be quite as profitable as wool growing and be without the many uncertainties incident to the latter industry. Will some of our farmers make a small venture? The "Willamette Farmer" can on application furnish the requisite information regarding price of roots, planting and cultivation.

Tennyson has written nothing worse than this:

Silently fall the dew drops
In the solemn eve-tide;
Ready a girl is getting
To take a buggy ride.

Soon will the maiden's lover
His arm around her slide,
While to his manly bosom
Her head will gently glide.

Savagely bites the mosquito,
Merrily bumbles the bee;
And all that the maiden sayeth
Is—once in a while—"Te-he!"

—EX.

BORN.

HURSH.—At Roseburg, Feb. 15, 1880, to the wife of E. G. Hursh, a son.
HOCKENJOS.—In Jacksonville Feb. 20, 1880, to the wife of John Hockenjos, a daughter.

FOR MARSHAL.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of City Marshal, at the ensuing election. I make no promises, but those who know me must judge of my qualifications for themselves.

Feb. 18th, 1880.

FOR MARSHAL.

The undersigned submits himself to the people of Jacksonville as a candidate for election to the office of Marshal at the ensuing town election.

FOR MARSHAL.

The undersigned announces himself as a candidate for Marshal at the ensuing town election.

K. KUBLI,

Odd Fellow's Building Jacksonville,
DEALER AND WORKER IN

TIN, SHEET IRON, COPPER, LEAD

Pumps,

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

NAILS,

A FIRST-CLASS STOCK OF STOVES

HARDWARE, TINWARE,

POWDER OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

Fuse and Caps,

WOODEN & WILLOW WARE,

ROPE, NAILS,

Paints, Oils, Varnish, Glass

CUTLERY, WIRE,

Shot, Brushes, Chains, Hose

ETC., ETC.

I have secured the services of a first-class Mechanic, and am prepared to do all repairing promptly and in superior style.

IN CONNECTION WITH THE ABOVE I am receiving and have constantly hand a full and first-class stock of

GROCERIES,

DRY-GOODS, GUN ROOTS, TOBACCO

READY MADE CLOTHING,

GLASSWARE, CROCKERY, &c.

Everything sold at reasonable rates.

JACKSONVILLE, Nov. 6, 1878.
Mrs. P. P. Prim. Miss Ella Prim.

ALL THE

Latest FALL & WINTER Stock

—AT—

PRIM'S MILLINERY STORE!

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A NEW stock of goods at our store, of Fall and Winter style, as follows:

HATS OF ALL STYLES,

PLUSHES, FEATHERS, FLOWERS,

JET TRIMMINGS,

Children's hoods & Waists,

CARD BOARD,

Velvets, Zephyrs, Needles.

We also keep the celebrated Centemeri Kid Gloves, Handkerchiefs, etc.

Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

Jacksonville, Nov. 26th, 1879.

GREAT

SLAUGHTER IN PRICES

—AT—

E. JACOBS' STORE

Oregon Street, Jacksonville

WHERE A COMPLETE AND

assorted stock of new goods has just been received, consisting in part of

CLOTHING,

DRY-GOODS,

GROCERIES,

FANCY GOODS,

BOOTS & SHOES,

SCHOOL BOOKS,

HATS AND CAPS,

TOBACCOS & CIGARS,

HARDWARE AND

CARPETS, TINWARE,

ALL KINDS PAINTS.

—ALSO—

WINDOW GLASS.

GROCERIES.

A FINE ASSORTMENT

—OF—

LADIES' HATS AND

FLOWERS, &c., &c.

In fact everything to be found in a first class stock of General Merchandise, which will be sold at prices

That defy Competition.

The highest price allowed for country produce.

Give me a call at my establishment in the Masonic building and be convinced that there is no humbug about this.

E. J. OBS

LARGE SALE!

Closing Out

—AT THE—

New York Store,

THE ENTIRE STOCK OF

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

AT COST ON ACCOUNT

OF DEPARTURE.

M. Mensor.

JACKSONVILLE, NOV. 5.

TO THE FRONT AGAIN!

WITH A

NEW STOCK OF GOODS

FRESH FROM

SAN FRANCISCO.

GEORGE W. ELLIOTT.

BEFORE LEAVING TO CALL THE ATTENTION OF THE public to the fact that he has just returned from San Francisco with a full stock of

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

Which he is selling at

PRICES THAT DEFEY COMPETITION.

—ALSO—

LADIES' FANCY GOODS

—OF—

EVERY VARIETY

Gents' and Boys' Clothing

—OF THE—

Latest Styles,

—AND AT—

Prices That Will Astonish the

PURCHASER.

MENS' AND BOYS' SHIRTS.

A full assortment from the finest to the most common.

Spectacles and Jewellery.

The finest lot of Spectacles and eye glasses ever brought to the market and Jewellery of every description.

MENS' AND BOYS' HATS

—THE—

VERY LATEST STYLE.

Call and be Convinced.

—OF—

KAHLER BROTHERS.

DEALERS IN

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

Cut nails, wrought nails, clout nails, lath nails, finishing nails, fencing nails, horse nails, and iron and steel horse shoes at John Miller's.

The best assortment of Rodgers and Westholm's cutlery in the market, at John Miller's.

Suits, worth \$15 for \$9, at the New York store.

ASHLAND HARNESS SHOP.

C. K. KLUM,

MANUFACTURER OF, AND DEALER IN

Saddlery and Harness,

ASHLAND, OREGON.

KEEPS A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF goods in his line of trade.

Ladies', Mens' and Boys' Saddles, a Specialty.

TEAM, BUGGY AND

PLOW HARNESS,

WHIPS,

ROBES,

DUSTERS

—AND—

HORSE BLANKETS.

—ALSO—

WINCHESTER REPEATING RIFLES (commonly called Henry Rifles) of model of 1866, 1873, and 1876.

Pistols, Cartridges, Etc.

Wheat taken at the Highest Market Rates in Exchange for goods.

E. C. BROOKS,

—DEALER IN—

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery,

SPECTACLES,

SCHOOL BOOKS, STATIONERY FANCY GOODS,

SHEET MUSIC, FIELD

GLASSES, VIOLINS, CITHERNS,

—HARPS—

AND STRING FOR THE SAME.

—ALSO—

DRUGS, MEDICINES, TOILET SOAPS AND

PERFUMERY.

NEEDLES AND BEST SPERM OIL FOR

Sewing Machines,

HE HAS SOLD OUT HIS stock of American Sewing Machines, a number of times, but has another lot of them on hand. This is the lightest and most rapid running, as well as durable machine there is made, and so simple that little girls five or six years old make their patch work on them.

This is the place to buy good watches, clocks and jewelry, and he will sell jewelry cheaper than any one.

Watches, clocks, jewelry and sewing machines cleaned and repaired at a reduced price.

DAVID LINN,

GENERAL UNDERTAKER,

AND DEALER IN

COFFIN TRIMMINGS.

COFFINS FURNISHED ON THE shortest notice and cheaper than at any other establishment in Southern Oregon.

Furniture of all kinds kept on hand or made to order.

SAN FRANCISCO

Cigar Store.

—AND—

NEWSPAPER STAND.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS OPENED a general variety store with Geo. W. Elliott on Main street, where he will keep a full assortment of cigars, tobacco, smoking articles, candies, stationery, cutlery and toys.

He invites the public to give him a call and assures all that they will call again.

Latest papers from the East always on hand.

JAKE MARCUSE.

LUMBER, LUMBER

AT THE MEADOWS.

IS NOW FULLY PREPARED TO FURNISH the market with every description of lumber of a superior quality. This mill is new throughout and furnished with the latest and most improved machinery, thereby ensuring the speedy fulfillment of all orders at most reasonable prices. Bills sawed to order with dispatch.

Give me a trial and I will prove what I say, for satisfaction is guaranteed in every case. JESSE B. THOMAS.

Table Rock, September 2d, 1879.

SETTLE UP!

ALL THOSE KNOWING THEMSELVES indebted to Inlow of the Eagle Pot Store, either by note or book account, must settle the same by January 1, 1880. All due notes and accounts not settled by that time will positively be placed in the hands of an officer of the law for forced collection.

H. T. INLOW.

HUNTER'S EMPORIUM!

JNO. MILLER, Prop.

JACKSONVILLE, OGN.

Winchester rifles \$25, revolvers \$2.50, derringers \$2, Collins' casted paws \$20, at John Miller's.

Fine ornamental clocks, at the New York store, at cost.

PIONEER