

THE SENTINEL

SATURDAY, - - - AUGUST 23, 1873.

H. KELLY, EDITOR

Republican State Convention.

A Republican State Convention for the State of Oregon will be held at the city of Albany, Thursday, the 11th day of September, 1873, at 2 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Member of Congress, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Hon. J. G. Wilson, and for the transaction of such other business as may be deemed proper.

The several counties will be entitled to Delegates in such Convention as follows:

Table listing delegates from various counties: Benton, Baker, Clackamas, Columbia, Clatsop, Carry, Coos, Douglas, Grant, Jackson, Josephine, Lincoln, Lane, Marion, Multnomah, Polk, Tillamook, Umatilla, Union, Wasco, Washington, Yantahl.

Total number of Delegates, 97

The Committee recommend that the several counties hold their Primary Elections on Saturday, August 23d, and their County Conventions on Saturday, August 30th, for election of Delegates to the State Convention.

C. W. PARRISH, Chairman State Rep. Com. B. W. WILSON, Secretary.

The Wheat Crop.

There is but little doubt that the wheat crop of Jackson and Josephine counties is by far the largest ever raised in these counties. The inquiry with the farmers is, what are we to do with our grain? The mill men are reluctant about buying, and it is too expensive to freight it to distant markets with no other facilities than the stage wagon.

Those who have grain to sell feel the want of a railroad, while those who wish to buy prefer to have it as they are. But every man of common sense, without he be controlled by selfish interests, will readily admit that we are in great need of some mode of transporting our surplus products to market. The farmers are the ones that are interested more than any other class in securing the advantages of a railroad, and they should see to agitating the question upon every corner, and cease not their exertions until they succeed in securing a road.

With the aid of a railroad it would not be long until the farmers, through their agents, could sell their wheat in San Francisco or some other distant market and realize for it the highest attainable price. Nearly all the farmers who farm on a large scale in the great grain-growing States of the West ship their own grain to New York or Liverpool, and by their agents dispose of it to their best advantage, thus saving to themselves the large profits made on their grain by speculators and middlemen.

And this is not all the advantage they derive from the railroad facilities of transportation. They are also enabled to purchase their goods and merchandise for the year at the lowest cash prices in the great cities of the East, thus making the transfer doubly pay them.

But if the farmers stand back and wait till some one moves for them in the matter, they can rest assured that they may wait for all time to come before they will realize any of the advantages that properly belong to them.

It is to the interest of speculators to keep the country in as backward a condition as possible. Hence they will strenuously oppose all improvements that tend to relieve the farmer from embarrassment. It is a duty that the farmers first owe to themselves to see to securing either railroad or water communication with all parts of the world, and both where it is possible; and after that has been accomplished, to see that no exorbitant prices are charged for transporting their products.

There is no doubt but that freights can and will be regulated by legislation. The power is in the hands of the farmers to regulate the same, and if they fail to do so, they are in fault.

A destructive fire occurred in Portland Maine, recently, in which the loss sustained was about \$500,000; insurance amounts to about \$200,000. Portland Me., and Portland, Ogn., are together in their bereavement. The last named has, however, been much the heaviest sufferer.

The Albany Democrat, the first paper in the State of its politics, has entered its ninth volume.

Crescent City Items.

CRESCENT CITY, Aug. 16, 1873. Pomeroy, Hall & Co have a large, fine steam saw mill at Crescent City, which cuts about thirty-five thousand feet of lumber per day. There is also another saw mill cutting a-out half as much. They are working about one hundred and twenty five hands.

The Hassler, of the U. S. Coast Survey service, is now at Crescent City surveying the harbor and the coast of Point St. George. It has been in the vicinity about a month. Commander S. C. Johnson is commanding the vessel, and the surveying party is also under his charge.

The Chief Engineer, Wm. M. Rodes, is ransacking at Mr. N. Tacks, at the low divide near the copper and chrome mines.

The copper mines are not at present being worked, but they are taking out large quantities of chromium and sending to Crescent City and shipping thence to Baltimore. This is the only company in the United States which manufactures paints from chrome. There are only four or five companies of the kind in the world. One of them is in England; and probably two or three in the German Empire. There are vast quantities in this vicinity, and if the Baltimore company could get a breakwater at Crescent City, enabling them to load sails that would double the force and thence to Baltimore, they would enlarge and extend their business; but what they now take out is loaded here, reloaded at San Francisco, Panama and Aspinwall, and unloaded at Baltimore. This makes it cost high by the time it reaches the factory at Baltimore. Hence the high prices of paints all over the United States.

B. F. D.

Convert it into Bacon.

If it pays the farmers of the Umpqua Valley to convert their grain into bacon, where the grain is selling from ten to fifteen cents per bushel higher than it does in Rogue River Valley, why will it not pay for our farmers to convert their grain into bacon? Bacon is always higher here than it is in the Umpqua Valley—enough higher to pay for freighting it over the hills with profit.

If it pays the farmer of the Umpqua Valley to fatten hogs, it would certainly pay the farmer of Rogue River Valley better, with the low price of grain and a home market for bacon. The farmers cannot claim that there is no market for bacon in Jacksonville, because it is a fact susceptible of proof that our merchants have, during the present season, purchased thousands of pounds from the Umpqua Valley.

It is doubtless true, as many will urge—and hence the necessity of a railroad—that no considerable amount of bacon could be sold in our own market, but the farmers have no right to complain about market until they have supplied their own neighborhood. The secret of success is to have more to sell than you have to buy. The income should keep ahead of the outlay.

THE "DEMOCRATIC PARTY AND ITS ALLIES."—A telegraphic dispatch says that the New York World has a double-leaded editorial on "The Democratic Party and its Allies." The article begins thus:

The natural allies of the Democratic party at the present time are two more or less imperfectly organized bodies of citizens, namely: Liberal Republicans and the Farmers' Granges. The true thing to do is to encourage the other organizations, but resolutely to maintain the Democratic standards of political doctrine; for, unless Democracy can be again made a living conviction in the public mind, reforms of government will be never made more than skin-deep.

Another instance of the Democracy trying to use the Republican farmers of the country as a stepping stone to power. Let farmers be cautious about introducing politics into their organizations.

THE PRIMARIES.—Every one who can should attend the Primaries to-day. Especially do we urge this duty upon Republicans. To-day is the only time the masses will have any say in choosing a Congressional nominee, and they should see that delegates are elected who will be true to their interests.

ATTENTION is called to the able opinion of Attorney General Williams in the Carl Vogt extradition case, published on our first page. No one, unless he be a prejudiced political bigot, can refrain from admiring the scholarly ability and great research by which this decision is characterized.

Liberal Democracy.

The Democrats and Liberals of Ohio recently tried to organize a new party. The platform is very much like the principles the Republicans have been contending for the last several years, and endorses negro suffrage and the different Amendments to the Constitution. The Washington Republic has the following in reference to Mr. Groesbeck when that gentleman was asked to name the hybrid arrangement:

Groesbeck's response to his Ohio friends, when asked to name the new party, or rather to disguise the old party under a new name, was pathetic in the extreme. "Call it the Liberal Democracy," said the bland old gentleman; "the new organization should be the joint work of Democrats and Republicans, and both should be equally at home in it—neither the guest of the other." If Mr. Groesbeck had stopped there we might have thought him honest in his advice; but in his eagerness to put himself forward as a Democrat, he revealed the insincerity of the words he uttered. He said: "I am a Democrat, but I should be pleased to see the Democracy move out of its old organization and into a new one. You will not succeed unless you do. It may be that they will refuse and prefer to tarry where they are for the balance of the century, and until they can fix the meaning of the resolutions of '98. If so, I suppose I shall tarry with them. After all, I like them, and I like the old political homestead; I confess it is somewhat dilapidated; there are no banners upon its walls, and no victorious shoutings are now heard within, but it is a home still, and I shall not leave it until it is pulled down." From this we infer that the Democracy must do without Mr. Groesbeck until the dilapidated old homestead which covers him in its folds is blown or torn down. He seems ready to advise others to leave the old homestead; but loath himself to vacate the bannerless walls whence the untimely shouts of Democracy have departed forever. "I shall not leave it until it is pulled down." Brave old fellow! Glad, in one breath, "to see Democracy move out of its old organization into a new one," determined to do otherwise than "tarry until it is pulled down," about his ears. Call it Liberal Democracy." He might have said with truth: "Call it anything you please, but don't ask me to move into it. I would rather be a termite, working alone among the deserted ruins of Democracy, than a devoted member of the Governor of Ohio under the new party which I advise you to form." This is probably what Mr. Groesbeck means. He knows that a third party, or a new party, formed out of the rejected material of the last Presidential election, would show even less strength than the one led by the unfortunate Greeley, and for this reason he prudently declines the nomination tendered him for Governor. If we mistake not, Mr. Groesbeck is but one of thousands of the land who are willing to favor some combination of political forces strong enough to defeat the Republican party, but are unwilling to risk a personal sacrifice in the aforesaid combination. It is possible they are wiser than the crowd they advise.

SENATOR MORTON.—The Washington Chronicle, of July 31st, says: The habitue last winter of the galleries of Congress and the corridors of the hotels would hardly identify, with the pall, leaden-skinned, premature decrepit man who then tottered through the aisles of the Senate Chamber, with feeble gait, and supported by crutches, the vigorous, rosy-cheeked, and healthy Senator from Indiana, who walked into the Ebbitt House yesterday morning, aided only by a slight walking stick. Seated at a table last evening, over which a brilliant jet of gas threw a strong light, bringing into view every lineament of his face, Mr. Morton struck the many visitors who called on him with utter astonishment at his changed appearance. His hair, which was always of a jet-black color, has gained a glossy hue, and his eyes sparkle with intensity that speaks volumes for the recuperative powers of the hot springs of Arkansas, where he resided as a patient for several weeks. The paralysis of his lower limbs, once so painfully apparent, has been conquered to such an extent that, while there is a perceptible halt in his gait, the locality of the trouble is confined almost wholly to the right foot.

THE PORTLAND PAPERS assert that the reports about the small pox in Portland are exaggerated. Perhaps so. But the fact that they tried so hard to cover the matter up would seem to give some weight to the thought that the disease is much worse than they are willing to admit. From the numbers who have been exposed to it, it will be indeed fortunate if Portland escapes a fearful scourge of the pestilence.

THE AGRICULTURAL Department reports that the probable wheat yield for 1873 will be two hundred and twenty million bushels.

FATHER HAYCINTE is making preparations to revisit the United States, accompanied, of course, by his American wife.

ROUGH ON OLD "SUNSET"—In April last, while the Hon. S. S. Cox was making a flying visit to the scenes of his boyhood in Ohio, he attended church, as all good Coxes do on Sunday, and he listened to a sermon from the following text: "As a servant earnestly desireth the shadow."—Job, chapter 7 verse 2. The venerable preacher began by saying he had seen a picture illustrating the text, which represented a slave looking towards the west, waiting for the end of the day's work. It was entitled "Longing for Sunset." How he "improved" that text! He called on the worthies of both Testaments: pictured Jacob's longing for Joseph, and old Simon's desire to go, "since his eyes were made glad." He impressed the thought that life was a struggle, and no man should desire to go. "Work was to be done. And yet we should look and long for 'sunset.' When the heart breaks and sorrow is too painful, and suicide tempts, and the soul longs for 'sunset,' we should remember that sunset is only the vestibule of sunrise." But how he perorated! "When the river is passed, the swollen flood passed, and heaven attained, there will be unshadowed joy, for there is no 'Sunset in heaven!'"

MIND AND BRAINS.—The brains of idiots have usually been found quite small—often less than half the ordinary weight, and in some instances less than one fourth. But in a list of crania contained in a recent work by Dr. Flint, one idiot is shown to have had a brain that weighed 54.33 ounces; two others had brains weighing little more than 48 ounces; the brain of another, of "the lowest degree of intelligence," 45.56, and that of one "below the condition of a brute," 44.3 or less than four ounces below the normal weight of the human brain. The cranial cavity was measured by Morton in 623 instances; the largest, 114 cubic inches, was that of a German; the smallest, that of an Australian, only 58 cubic inches.

CURE FOR SMALL-POX.—A great discovery has been made by a surgeon in the British army in China, in the way of an effectual remedy for small pox. The mode of treatment is as follows: When the preceding fever is at its height, and just before the eruption appears, the chest is rubbed with croton and tartaric ointment. This causes the whole of the eruption to appear on that part of the body to the relief of the rest. It also secures a tall and complete eruption, and this prevents the disease from attacking the internal organs. This is now the established mode of treatment in the English army in China, and regarded as a perfect cure.

APPLICATION have been made to Governor Dix, and a petition signed by some of the most prominent men in New York, to grant young Walworth a pardon. The proceedings have been kept very quiet, and General Dix has written to Judge Noah Davis, asking him to transmit to him a copy of all the testimony, letters and records in the case.

THE Official Gazette of Nicaragua announces the termination of the labor of the United States exploring expedition for the canal route, under charge of Captain Lull, who says his labors have ended with the most brilliant results, and he will be able to show that this is the best route yet.

THE SOUTHERN CLAIMS COMMISSION.—All the claims presented to the Southern Claims Commission, sitting at Washington, have now been numbered and registered. The number is 22,295. The aggregate claimed is something in excess of \$56,000,000.

THE Mormon elders are making war on the postage-stamp style of bonnets and the enormous bustles which the Saintesses persist in sporting.

Long John Wentworth owns seven thousand acres of land within twelve miles of the Chicago Court House.

H. F. JOHNSON. P. A. HEARN.

JOHNSON & HEARN

SUCCESSORS TO

RAUSCH & Shaw and Comstock & Martin,

FORWARDING AND

Commission Merchants,

REDDING, CAL.

Mark your Goods Care of J. & H.

By close attention to business we hope to merit a continuation of the patronage heretofore extended to the old firm.

Redding, October 5 1873

J. G. WALL,

Forwarding and Commission

MERCHANT,

CRESCENT CITY, CALIFORNIA.

MARK your goods, care of J. G. W. Crescent City; send bills of lading and shipping receipts for all of goods sent; freight and charges payable in Crescent City, on delivery of goods.

My warehouse consist of two brick and one stone building.

Assuring my patrons that no pains will be spared in looking to their interest. I ask for a continuance of their past favors.

J. G. WALL, Crescent City, March 2, 1872.

To Mill Men and Machinists.

We have for sale at this office a considerable quantity of

TYPE METAL,

which is suitable for all purposes where Babitt Metal is used, and in many cases is preferable. It will be sold in any quantity required.

SPRING OF 1873.

GREAT ASSORTMENT

Just opened at

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS

SACHS BROS.

TEMPLE OF FASHION,

Consisting in part of

LADIES FLATS AND RIBBONS.

DRESS GOODS,

Among which are

GRENADINES, IRISH POPLINS, PIQUES,

FRENCH AND AMERICAN LAWNS,

JAPANESE STRIPES AND ORGANDIES.

Fancy Goods

Of all descriptions

OUR SPECIALTY.

—ALSO RECEIVED—

A LARGE STOCK

Of Gents' Clothing and Hats.

Call and see our New Goods. Will show them to you with pleasure.

SACHS BROS.

N. B.—A Good Stock of Groceries and Household Furnishing Goods on hand at low prices.

May 5, 1873. H. E. C. BROOKS.

O BURN & BROOKS

California Street, JACKSONVILLE.

WILL KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND a full assortment of

DRUGS & MEDICINES,

Also a full assortment of WATCHES, CLOCKS AND JEWELRY.

H. S. OSBURN will give his particular attention to the Drug Department.

H. S. OSBURN will attend to the repairing of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, &c.

Proposals for Forage

—AT—

CAMP HARNEY, OGN

CHIEF QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE DEPARTMENT OF THE COLUMBIA PORTLAND, Oregon, July 22, 1873

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office and at the office of the A. A. Q. M., at Camp Harney, until 12 M., August 25, 1873, for the delivery of forage during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1874, of

200,000 lbs. Barley, sacked, moist or less

200,000 " Oats, " " "

200,000 " Hay, " " "

Proposals must be in triplicate, with copy of this advertisement attached, and accompanied by a guarantee, signed by two responsible parties, that they will enter into bonds for the delivery of the supplies should the contract be awarded to the bidder.

Blank proposals can be had on application at this office. B. N. BATCHELDER, Major and Quartermaster, Chief Quartermaster. n264

NOTICE.

PERSONS OWING DR. L. DANFORTH by note or account will please come forward and pay the same. I will not refuse any kind of grain or flour, as I wish to concentrate my means this Fall and Winter.

L. DANFORTH, Jacksonville, August 2, 1873. n264

EUREKA MILL.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE ENGAGED an Experienced Miller, and having thoroughly fixed up their Mill with the latest improvements; are now prepared to manufacture Flour equal to any in the State. 36 lbs. Flour, 2 lbs. Shorts and 8 lbs. Bran, will be given in Exchange for 60 lbs. of good Merchantable Wheat.

All orders left with T. T. McKenzie, or at his Office in Jacksonville, will be promptly attended to. McKENZIE & AMY, Jacksonville, July 25th, 1873. n253

I. O. O. F.

JACKSONVILLE LODGE No. 10, I. O. O. F., hold its regular meetings on Saturday evening, at Odd Fellows' Hall. Brothers in good standing are invited to attend. JOHN A. BOYER, N. G. T. T. McKENZIE, Secretary.

Trustees: E. J. DAY, ED. SMITH, JOHN HILGER.

BLANKS! BLANKS! BLANKS!

Every description of Legal and Commercial Blank for sale at this office. Blanks not kept on hand will be printed to order on short notice, in as good style as in any office on the coast. Send in your orders.

OUR COLUMN.

KEEP YOUR MONEY AT HOME

PATRONIZING

"HOME INSTITUTIONS!"

NEAT! CHEAP!

THE SENTINEL

OFFICE

IS PREPARED TO

JOB PRINTING

OF ANY KIND

MANNER SUPERIOR

To and Cheaper than

ANY JOB OFFICE!

SOUTHERN OREGON.

LEGAL B ANKS

On Hand or Printed to Order.

ON SHORT NOTICE.

POWER JOB PRESS

A SPECIALTY

Of such Printing as

INVITATION HANDBILLS, BUSINESS CARDS, FANCY PLACARDS, VISITING CARDS, LABELS, CHECKS, ETC., ETC.

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