

WAR SQUIBS.

A correspondent from Ashland, who is ashamed of his name, and signs himself H, winces over Capt. Kelly's private letter which was published in the SENTINEL. This writer is probably a quasi deserter from Capt. Kelly's Company, and he vents his spleen by writing against the propriety of any volunteers being enlisted to punish the Indians. Great men and little contemptible squirts like H, have always differed. It's reasonable they should. Governor Grover, Gen. Ross, Col. Green and Gen. Wheaton all think Capt. Kelly and his Company necessary. After all these were in the field Governor Booth of California thought another Company necessary, and we are informed the citizens in the vicinity have since organized another Company, under Capt. I. D. Applegate, and that General Wheaton of the U. S. Army wants all of them, to prevent the Indians from attacking the settlers. Keep quiet, Mr. H., or we will publish your name and acts. The editor of the Times ought to have had more sense than to have published your growl.

BOB SMALL AND THE WAR.

The Hot Creek correspondent of the San Francisco Chronicle calls Hon. Bob Small a rough, uncouth ranchman, and accuses him of killing two Indian children in the first fight with the Indians on Lost River. The whole statement is maliciously false. Mr. Small was in the battle, and we have it from the best authority that he killed one buck Indian, and wounded another, and that only one child was killed in the whole battle, and it was killed by an accidental shot from one of the soldiers. Major Jackson's order was to spare the squaws and children, but they were all together.

This malicious correspondent also accuses Mr. Small of being "filled with whisky." Everybody who is acquainted with him knows this to be false. Mr. Small was never known, in this community, to have been drunk. He is a sober quiet good citizen; a gentleman and a polished scholar; notwithstanding he is engaged in a business. The stock business has been profitable in this county for the last twenty years, and many of our best citizens are engaged in the business.

We opine the correspondent of the Chronicle is one of the Californians who encouraged the Indians to stay off the Reservation and to violate their treaty with the Government, and one of those who gave Jack and other lawless Indians passes and recommendations to go where they pleased. Such accusers deserve to be treated like Indians.

If the Californians had not encouraged these Indians to remain off the reservation, and have given them recommendations and free passes to go where they pleased, it is probable they would have gone on the reservation peacefully.

THE TRIBUNE EDITOR.—Wm. Orton, Esq., President of the Western Union Telegraph Company, has bought a controlling interest in the shares of the N. Y. Tribune Association, and consequently can use his pleasure as to who shall act as editor. Colfax seems to be out of the ring since the new management took possession, and the following dispatch reveals the latest phase of the affair has assumed.

CHICAGO, Dec. 21.—A New York special says the last report with regard to the Tribune is that Orton has tendered the chief editorship to Hon. James G. Blaine, Speaker of the House of Representatives. It is said that Mr. Blaine was Mr. Orton's first choice, and that negotiations with Colfax were due to Sinalair. Blaine has the proposition under advisement.

The Tribune establishment, exclusive of the real estate, is valued at \$1,000,000.

PREMIUM LIST AND ADDRESSES.—We are in receipt of a neatly printed and nicely bound pamphlet, by E. M. Waite of Salem, containing a full list of Premiums awarded at the Oregon State Fair of 1872, and the addresses of the officers, for which we extend our thanks.

A WORD TO THE WISE IS SUFFICIENT. We all know the sad results of bronchial affections, of coughs, of colds and of whooping cough. There may be cured with WETZEL'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY. Thousands of testimonials tell us of the cures it has performed.

GREAT FIRE IN PORTLAND.

The Heart of the City Burned.

About half past 9 o'clock on Sunday morning last a fire broke out in the city of Portland, which for a time bid fair to consume the entire northern half of the city; but a change of wind enabled the firemen, aided by the citizens, to get the fire under control, and by nightfall all danger was passed. The telegraph spread the news at the instant the fire started, and as soon as possible Fire Companies from Vancouver, Salem and Albany, hastened to the relief of Portland; the most distant even arriving in time to be of service in checking the spread of the fire.

It appears that some Chinamen were heating pitch for the purpose of caulking the floor of a wash house, on the East or river side of Front street, near Morrison. They allowed it to ignite and boil over, and thus started the fire, which soon spread to the adjoining buildings, and aided by a strong wind, soon got beyond the control of the Fire Department. It was unchecked until all the property on both sides of Front street between Morrison and Washington streets, a space of two blocks in the heart of the business portion of the city, was consumed, besides destroying and damaging property adjacent to a great extent. The district burned embraced some of the oldest and heaviest business firms in the city, as well as some of the largest and most costly business houses. Several persons were severely injured by the falling walls, some it is thought fatally. None are reported killed. But one fact is demonstrated, which has before been thought doubtful, says one of the city papers, which is, that Oregon fir wood will burn. The Oregonian of the 25th foots up the loss at \$411,170, on which there is an insurance of \$111,000, leaving a net loss to citizens of over \$300,000. But this will be a very small drawback on the energy of that young and prosperous city. Already are preparations being made to rebuild, while those who saved any portion of their stocks, or had sufficient means to begin anew, have reopened in other localities. And the injury, great as it is, seems likely to prove of permanent benefit in the future, as steps are being taken to remove the Chinese wash and pest houses from the business portion of the city, and to distribute them to a locality of less danger from their carelessness, as also to prevent the erection of any more wooden buildings on the burnt district.

But the most desirable improvement suggested is that of securing the river side of the burnt district for use by the city as a wharf. Heretofore there has been no open frontage on the river except street endings, and in many instances even they were blocked up by woodpiles, lumberricks and rotting wharves, giving to strangers approaching by river an impression of disgust which the real benefits of the place did not always succeed in removing.

TO-DAY.—The Christmas Number of To-day, the popular illustrated weekly, of which Dr. Dio Lewis is the editor, has just been issued. It is one of the most brilliant and effective periodicals ever published in this country. It contains twice the usual number of pages; and these are filled with choice stories, interesting sketches, delightful humor, spicy material from Dio Lewis, Christmas music and poetry, and unusually attractive general reading suitable to the festive season. Several authors of reputation are represented, among them, Edmund Yates, T. S. Arthur, J. D. Stockton, Christian Reid, Jean Ingelow, Max Adeler, and others. The number is rich in exquisite illustrations, drawn by some of the best artists in the country, and executed by one of the most skillful engravers in the profession. It is published by Maclean, Stoddard & Co., Philadelphia, Boston, New York and Cincinnati, and a fine chromo is sent to each subscriber for one year.

THE NEW YORK ARGUS.—We are in receipt of No. 1 Volume 17 of this popular and really entertaining journal, full, as usual, of all kinds of choice reading, for the family or the public reading room. It is a formidable rival of the Ledger, and in every way its peer. It is published by C. P. Sykes, New York City, to whom you can send your address and \$2 and he will send you the Argus for one year, and our word for it you will never regret the investment if you are in search of good reading matter.

THE RUSSIAN MISSION.—Judge Orr of South Carolina has been appointed to and has accepted the Mission to Russia.

LETTER FROM ARTHUR LANGELL.

By courtesy of Hon. N. Langell of this city we are permitted to publish the following private letter from his brother Arthur Langell, who lives in Langell Valley:

LANGELL VALLEY, Dec. 13, 1872.

DEAR BROTHER: I am now ready to give you a statement of what has occurred hereabouts, concerning the late Indian outbreak.

On Thursday, Nov. 28th, I left home and went to Yainax that night. Mr. Fields, expressman from Fort Klamath, had just reached there. He told me that he was on his way to Fort Warner for troops. This gave me a hint that something was going on, and as soon as morning came (Friday, the morning of the fight) I started for Linkville, 40 miles distant, arriving at that place Friday afternoon. I had not been there long when Ivan and Oliver Applegate reached there from the fight. Up to this time Lost river and Langell valleys, as also the southeast end of Tule lake, had not been apprised of the battle, and the citizens were yet unaware of any danger. Ivan Applegate came to me and entreated me, for God's sake, to go to Clear lake and inform Jesse Applegate of the fight. As soon as my horse was fed, and I had obtained supper for myself, I started for Langell valley and Clear lake, arriving there Saturday morning at three o'clock. As I passed through Langell valley I warned all of what had taken place, and urged them to collect together and defend themselves. I then passed on to Clear lake. On my way I met Henry Applegate and told him what had happened, he having, up to that time, heard nothing of it. I then returned home and made things ready for defense, in case the savages should choose to pay me a visit. On Sunday morning I mounted my horse and rode down to the lower end of the valley, to see if things there were in readiness for a fight. I had not been there long when Ivan Applegate, with a party of eight men, came up. They asked me to go with them to Clear lake, to see if Jesse Applegate was all right, and I went with them. We reached there Sunday night, found all things right, and the next morning started for Tule lake, to help the settlers there, should we find them in need of any assistance.

When we reached there we found Mrs. Brotherton and her three children entirely alone. The Indians had killed seven persons within one mile and a half of her house. We then harnessed up two of the saddle horses, hitched them to a little wagon and started for Maj. Jackson's camp, with her and the children. We reached there in safety. The Major is a perfect gentleman. He sent his Lieutenant with teams and secured all of her available property, and afterwards sent the family to Link river, according to promise. We then started back to Clear lake, and when we reached the Brotherton house we left five men to hunt for the seven dead bodies. They have all been found except two—Miller, and a sheep-herder whose name I do not know. [Those two bodies were subsequently found and buried.—ED. SENTINEL.]

I am very fearful that Henry Blecher and his men are killed. He was at Mr. Brotherton's house on the evening of the day the battle occurred, and his cattle were at the South end of the lake, on his way to Big Valley. Just below his camp a man was shot. He was herding cattle for Lewellan, and was found within one mile and a half of Brotherton's house, he having ridden seventeen miles from where he received the wound. This we learned by tracking his horse from the corral to where his body was found.

I will now try and give you some idea of the fight. Captain Jack and his band were camped on the West side of Lost river. This camp contained all of the leading Indians, such as Scarface Charley, Black Jim, and others. Major Jackson marched down upon them and made a grand surprise. He talked with them nearly an hour and a half, and some of them had given up their arms. Scarface Charley came out of his tent with his gun, and was rolling up his sleeves. The Major ordered Lieut. Boutelle, with six men, to arrest Charley. The order had but just been given when Charley shot at the Lieutenant and the fight began, and was kept up till past noon. The Indians made their way around the southwest end of the lake to the cave. One soldier was killed in the fight and a number wounded. One horse was shot dead with an arrow. The number of Indians killed is not known. No citizens were killed on the West side. There was also a small camp on the

East side of the river to which eight citizens had gone to try and get the Indians to surrender and give up their arms. They had given up several guns when the fight commenced on the other side. This small band was the one that did the murdering. Six Indians killed the four Boddys, and eight were in the party that killed Brotherton and his two boys, and also four others.

The Indians came up to these people in a friendly manner, talked with them, and then deliberately shot them down. Wm. Nuss was riding along the road, when two Indians approached him, put their guns against him and fired.

They last seen of the Indians was on the mountains between us and Tule lake.

Your Brother,
ARTHUR LANGELL.

WAR RUMORS.

Rumors are in circulation of more outrages lately by the Modocs. It is rumored, and there seems good reason for believing its correctness, that a supply train going from Fort Klamath to Gen. Wheaton's headquarters on Lost river, was attacked by the Indians, on Saturday last, near the Natural Bridge, and that two soldiers were killed and four wounded in the fight; also that the volunteers had gone to the relief of the train. This information comes from Mr. Heckathorn, one of the volunteers from here, who took sick and was compelled to return, and while resting at a house on the way heard the rumor, but supposing the particulars would precede him by express he paid little attention to the matter.

Another rumor is that a herder, in the employ of Mr. Langell, together with two men not identified, had been killed; that the herder was attacked at the corral, and being armed with a Henry rifle, had evidently made a vigorous resistance, as pools of blood were found at various places near the corral, and he succeeded in getting six miles away before they killed him. Though the report may be true, as no time is given, it is possible it may have been done at the same time the other murders were committed, as that valley was not searched for several days after the battle.

We had confidently anticipated the reception of some definite news concerning the condition of affairs in that region, but we are compelled to put the paper to press with only such information as we have given.

One of the noteworthy men in the new Congress is Hon. William Crutchfield, of the Third District of Tennessee. He is the man who, listening to Jeff Davis' speech at Chattanooga in 1861, when he was on his way from the United States Senate to the Presidential chair of the Southern Confederacy, denounced Davis as a traitor and liar. Davis moving to resent the insult, Crutchfield drew a revolver, and it is said, that but for the interference of the bystanders, Crutchfield would have killed him. The new Congressman carried a district that ordinarily gives 1,000 to 2,000 Democratic majority by a Republican majority of 1,000. He is described as a man of large means, plain in his habits, full of good humor and liberal-hearted.

OVERLAND MONTHLY.—Messrs. Carmany & Co. have sent us the January number of this most excellent of publications. We have not had time, since its receipt, to more than glance through it, but have seen and read enough to warrant us in saying that this number is no way inferior to its predecessors. Any encomium from us would be simply a work of supererogation, as the face and matter of the Overland are as familiar and fondly admired as any household pet, on this coast.

THE MORMON TROUBLE.—We find the following among the late dispatches: NEW YORK, Dec. 21.—At Washington it is thought that the polygamy problem will soon be settled by the administration. Delegations in the interest of Brigham Young in that city who recently came from Utah, are working with less hope to avert the coming storm. President Grant has recently expressed a determination to put an end to Mormon institutions. After the holidays the necessary laws will be presented to Congress.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.—The most powerful existing medicine for the cure of female complaints. Fifty years' experience, incontestably prove these remedies unrivalled for the disorders incidental to the softer sex. No family should be without them. They may be taken by young and old, as they will restore health when every other means prove unsuccessful. 25 cents per box or pot.

GOAT ISLAND AGAIN.—The Goat Island project is again up before Congress with a much fairer prospect, says the telegraph, for the success of the Railroad monopoly than before.

The Great Pictorial Annual.

Hostetter's United States Almanac for 1873, for distribution gratis throughout the United States, and all civilized countries of the Western Hemisphere, is now published and ready for delivery, in the English, German, French, Norwegian, Welsh, Holland, Swedish, Bohemian and Spanish languages, and all who may wish to understand the true philosophy of health should read and ponder the valuable suggestions it contains. In addition to an admirable medical treatise on the causes, prevention and cure of a great variety of diseases, it embraces a large amount of information interesting to the merchant, the mechanic, the miner, the farmer, the planter, and professional man; and the calculations have been made for such meridians and latitudes as are most suitable for a correct and comprehensive NATIONAL CALENDAR.

The nature, uses, and extraordinary sanitary effects of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the staple tonic and alterative of more than half the Christian world, are fully set forth in its pages, which are also interspersed with pictorial illustrations, valuable recipes for the household and farm, humorous anecdotes, and other instructive and amusing reading matter, original and selected. Among the Annuals to appear with the opening of the year, this will be one of the most useful, and may be had for the asking. The proprietors, Messrs. Hostetter & Smith, Pittsburg, Pa., on receipt of a two cent stamp, will forward a copy by mail to any person who cannot procure one in his neighborhood. The Bitters are sold in every city, town and village, and are extensively used throughout the civilized world.

New Advertisements.

DR. L. DANFORTH HAS LOCATED IN JACKSONVILLE AND OFFERS HIS PROFESSIONAL SERVICES TO THE PUBLIC. Office—On California street, opposite J. Ryan's store, the room formerly occupied by Dr. Ganung. RESIDENCE—On Third street, opposite and west of the Methodist Church. December 28, 1872.

NOTICE.

PAY UP! PAY UP! HAVING SOLD OUT OUR ENTIRE INTEREST in the firm of Sachs Bros., all who are indebted to us by note or book account are respectfully requested to pay up without delay. LIP SACHS, JACKSONVILLE, Dec. 28th SAM. SACHS.

ROBEY & BROTHER, CORNER OF CALIFORNIA AND OREGON STREETS, JACKSONVILLE.

A LARGE STOCK OF STAPLE DRY GOODS!

CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES, GROCERIES, LIQUORS, CUTLERY, CROCKERY, ETC.

WILL BE SOLD AT reduced prices. June 25, 1868. Jan. 1, 1873.

Farm to Rent! JOHN ORTH DESIRES TO RENT HIS farm of 275 acres, on the Ashland road, two miles east of Jacksonville. The farm has on it a good house and barn; with 100 acres under cultivation, and will be rented on reasonable terms. For further particulars inquire at the butcher shop of (23915.) JOHN ORTH.

PETER BRITT, Photographic Artist, JACKSONVILLE, OREGON.

Ambrotypes, Photographs, Cartes de Visite, DONE IN THE FINEST STYLE OF ART. Pictures Reduced OR ENLARGED TO LIFE SIZE.

New Advertisements.

NEW YEAR BALL! A GRAND BALL Will be given by Louis Horne, ON NEW YEAR'S EVE, AT THE JOY U. S. HOTEL, JACKSONVILLE.

Good supper and music will be provided. Tickets, \$4 00. WM BOYER, CALIFORNIA STREET, First Door West of White & Martin's.

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS, Fruits, in Season; PLAIN AND FANCY CANDIES ETC., ETC., ETC. Produce taken in Exchange. GIVE ME A CALL. Jacksonville, Dec. 14, 1872.

ST. JAMES HOTEL, RE-OPENED ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN, Cor. Penna. Ave. and 6th St., WASHINGTON, D. C.

THIS HOTEL HAS BEEN CLOSED since April last, and has, during the past summer, undergone the most thorough renovation. It has been refurnished with elegant, Walnut Marble Top Furniture, Spring Beds, Velvet and Brussels carpets throughout. The furniture and appointments have been manufactured to order expressly for this house and are equal in style and durability to any European Hotel in the country. The rooms are arranged en suite and single, and will be rented from \$1 00 to \$5 00 per day (including private parlors).

A spacious Ladies' and Gentlemen's dining room, Gentlemen's restaurant, lunch and refreshment saloons are conveniently arranged, where all meals will be served to order. A liberal discount will be made to those desiring to remain by the week or month. WOODBURY & DUREN, Dec. 14, 1872 Proprietors.

WE WILL SEND "WEEKLY OREGONIAN" TO ANY NEW SUBSCRIBER, TO JANUARY 1st, 1874, FOR \$3.00.

Money may be paid to our agents or remitted MOST DIRECT TO KAMLET & WATSON, Oregonian Publishing Co., PORTLAND, OREGON.

Public Notice. THE UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE for LINKTON LAND DISTRICT in the State of Oregon, will be open for the transaction of business, at LINKVILLE, Oregon, on Thursday, January 16, 1873.

Given under our hands this 30th day of November, 1872. By order of the Commissioner of the General Land Office, GEORGE NURSE, Register. GEORGE COSS, Receiver. [4444.]

Dissolution Notice. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE partnership heretofore existing between D. Cronmiller and M. Shannon was dissolved by mutual consent on the 11th day of October, 1872. DAVID CRONMILLER, Jacksonville, Dec. 7, 1872.

BLACKSMITHING. QUICK SALES Small Profits. DAVID CRONMILLER & CO., AT THE OLD STAND OF MILLER & SHANNON.

Are prepared to do Blacksmithing of all kinds, and will also keep constantly on hand all kinds of iron, steel, horse shoes and horse nails, Bolts, Buggy Clips, Dee Flats, and everything in the blacksmith's line for sale cheap for cash, and will sell for cash only. Jacksonville, Nov. 29, 1872.

J. G. WALL, Forwarding and Commission MERCHANT, CRESCENT CITY, CALIFORNIA.

MARK your goods, care of J. G. W., Crescent City; send bills of lading and shipping receipts for all of goods sent; freight and charges payable in Crescent City, on delivery of goods.

My warehouse consist of two brick and one stone building. Assuring my patrons that no pains will be spared in looking to their interest, I ask for a continuance of their past favors. J. G. WALL, Crescent City, March 2, 1872.

Notice. ACCORDING TO AN ORDER MADE AT the last term of the County Court for Jackson county, Oregon, sealed proposals for building a bridge across Applegate Creek, on the conformity with plans and specifications on file, will be received at the office of the County Clerk until 12 o'clock, M.

On Monday, January 6, 1873. The time for the completion of the bridge is extended to September 1, 1873. The County Court reserves the right to reject all bids. F. DUNN, County Clerk. Jacksonville, Dec. 5, 1872.