Oregon Sentinel.

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THE SENTINEL.

PUBLISHED SATURDAY MORNINGS

—BY—

B. F. DOWELL,

Cor. Third and C Streets, Jacksonville, Oregon.

Terms of Subscription:

One copy, one year (in advance)	$4 00
" " If not paid till the expiration of 6 mos.	5 00
" " If not paid till the end of the year	6 00
One copy 6 months—in advance	2 50
" " 3 " "	1 50

Rates of Advertising:

One square—10 lines or less—first insertion	$ 3 00
" " each subsequent insertion	1 00
" " 3 months	7 00
" " 6 "	10 00
One-fourth Column 3 months	20 00
" " 6 "	30 00
One-half " 3 "	30 00
" " 6 "	45 50
One Column 3 months	60 00
" " 6 "	90 00

PROFESSIONAL CARDS $20 A YEAR.

ALL BILLS PAYABLE QUARTERLY.

Yearly Advertising, and Transient Advertisements of irregular length, contracted for at Special Rates.

LEGAL TENDERS RECEIVED AT CURRENT RATES.

THE LAW OF NEWSPAPERS.

1. Subscribers who do not give express notice to the contrary, are considered as wishing to continue their subscriptions.

2. If any subscribers order the discontinuance of their newspapers, the publisher may continue to send them until all arrearages are paid.

3. If subscribers neglect or refuse to take their newspapers from the offices to which they are directed, the law holds them responsible until they have settled the bills, and ordered them discontinued.

4. If subscribers remove to other places without informing the publisher, and the newspapers are sent to the former direction, they are held responsible.

5. The Courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers from the office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, is prima facie evidence of intentional fraud.

6. The postmaster who neglects to give legal notice of the neglect of a person to take from the office the newspaper addressed to him, is liable to the publisher for the subscription price.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

E. F. DOWELL. H. KELLY.

DOWELL & KELLY,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

Jacksonville, Oregon.

ADDISON C. GIBBS,

COUNSELOR AT LAW, AND U. S. DIST. ATTORNEY.

PORTLAND, OREGON.

Will practice in all Courts of Record in the State, and pay particular attention to business in the United States Courts. [oct26.72ly

C. W. KAHLER. E. B. WATSON.

KAHLER & WATSON,

Attorneys-at-Law,

Jacksonville, Oregon.

OFFICE: Opposite the Court House.

WILL practice in all Courts of this State; obtain Patents for all classes of public lands, both mineral and agricultural; attend promptly to collections, and attend to all County and Probate business.

Jacksonville, June 17, 1871.

S. F. CHAPIN, M. D.,

JACKSONVILLE.

Physician and Surgeon.

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE,

RYAN'S BRICK BUILDING, 3d St.,

Between California & Main Sts.

G. H. AIKEN, M. D.,

Physician and Surgeon,

Jacksonville, Oregon.

OFFICE in the U. S. Hotel, Third Street

J. N. BELL, M. D.,

Jacksonville - - - - - Oregon.

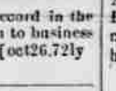
Will practice in the several branches of his profession. OFFICE next door to the New Drug Store

Jacksonville, Feb. 17 1872.

DENTISTRY.

DR. W. JACKSON DENTIST,

JACKSONVILLE.



All styles of Plate Work made, such as Gold, Silver, Platina, Aluminium and Rubber. Special attention given to Children's Teeth. **Nitrous Oxide (Laughing Gas) used for painless extraction of Teeth.** 42—Will visit Ashland annually on the 1st of March; also, Kerbyville on the fourth Monday in October.

42—Call and Examine Specimen Work.—62

OFFICE—Corner of California and Fifth Streets. Residence opposite the Court House. no'30 '72y1.

R. S. OSBURN. E. C. BROOKS.

OSBURN & BROOKS

California Street, JACKSONVILLE,

WILL KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND a full assortment of

DRUGS & MEDICINES,

Also a full assortment of

WATCHES, CLOCKS AND JEWELRY.

R. S. OSBURN will give his particular attention to the Drug Department.

E. C. BROOKS will attend to the repairing of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, &c. oct15, '72m3.

NOTICE TO QUARTZ MINERS.

Mr. R. F. L. Hallock,

AMALGAMATOR AND ASSAYER, of California, will inspect mines and machinery, and give general information on mining. Inquire of J. T. GLENN,

Jacksonville, Nov. 16, 1872tf.

WATCHES, ETC.

JOHN NEUBER

HAS JUST RECEIVED

A LARGE ADDITION TO HIS ALready well Selected Stock of

JEWELRY & SILVERWARE.

GOLD WATCHES & CHAINS, SILVER WATCHES & CHAINS, from the most celebrated MANUFACTURERS of America and Europe, which is offered to the TRADE at PRICES to SUIT THE TIMES.

—o—

A New lot of Eight Day and Thirty Hour Clocks.

AMERICAN, SWISS & WALTHAM WATCHES.

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry Cleaned and Repaired, and WARRANTED.

—o—

A LOT of Silver Plated Spoons, Knives & Forks, and Castors. Music Boxes, Accordeons, Guitars and Violins, Guitar and Violin Strings, the best in market.

—o—

A Large assortment of

Pocket Cutlery.

—o—

Just received a large lot of

Toys for Holiday.

—o—

Great assortment of Cigars, Pipes & Tobacco, Fine Cut for smoking and chewing, and all other kinds.

—o—

WILLOWWARE.

SPECTACLES OF ALL KINDS

—o—

Agent for Florence, Grover & Baker and Howe Sewing Machines. A Large assortment of SILK & COTTON THREAD. hand.

J. NEUBER.

Jacksonville, Nov4tf.

LIVERY STABLES.

"EXCELSIOR"

LIVERY STABLE!

On Oregon street, Jacksonville.

Manning & Ish, Proprietors.

Respectfully inform the public that they have a fine stock of

HARNESS, BUGGIES & CARRIAGES

and I am prepared to furnish my patrons, and the public generally, with as

FINE TURNOUTS

As can be had on the Pacific Coast. Saddle horses hired to go to any part of the country Animals

BOUGHT AND SOLD.

Horses broke to work single or double. Horses boarded, and the best care bestowed upon them while in my charge.

☞ *My Terms are reasonable.*

A liberal share of the public patronage is solicited.

MANNING & ISH.

Jacksonville, July 15, 1871.

UNION LIVERY,

Sale & Exchange

STABLE.

KUBLI & WILSON,

Proprietors.

THE proprietors have recently purchased the above well-known stand, situated on the corner of

California and Fourth Streets,

Where the very best horses and buggies can be had at all times, at reasonable rates. Their stock of roadsters cannot be equalled in the State.

HORSES BOARDED

On reasonable terms, and the best care and attention bestowed upon them while under their charge. Also

HORSES BOUGHT AND SOLD.

Being satisfied that they can give satisfaction, the proprietors solicit the patronge of the public.

Jacksonville, June 11. 1870.

HOTELS, ETC.

U. S. HOTEL,

JACKSONVILLE OREGON,

Corner of California and Third Sts.

L. HORNE, Proprietor,

BEGS LEAVE TO INFORM THE Public that he has the largest, best, and most commodious Hotel in Southern Oregon.

It is located in the central part of Jacksonville; Stages from the North and South leave regularly from the U. S. HOTEL.

The House has lately been re-painted, and renovated; the rooms are newly furnished, and well ventilated. The Bedrooms are supplied with *SPRING BEDS*, and every other convenience for the comforts of the guests.

BOARD AND LODGING

Can be had at reasonable rates, according to the room occupied.

THE TABLE

Will be supplied with the best the market can afford.

FAMILIES

Can find at this House rooms especially arranged for their comfort and convenience, as well as every attention and comfort usually found at a well kept Hotel.

A LARGE HALL

Is attached to the Hotel, for Balls, Meetings, Shows, &c., and can be had at reasonable terms.

Jacksonville, Oregon, Jan. 8. 1870.-tf

FRANCO--AMERICAN

HOTEL AND RESTAURANT,

OPPOSITE THE

Odd Fellow's Hall,

Jacksonville, Oregon.

Travelers and resident boarders will find

MADAME GILFOYLE'S

BEDS AND BEDDING

Placed in first class order, and in every Way superior to any in this section, and unsurpassed by any in the State.

HER ROOMS ARE NEWLY FURNISHED

And a plentiful supply of the best of every thing the market affords will be obtained for

HER TABLE.

Hereafter, her House will be kept open all night, and square meals can be had at any time through the night. Oysters prepared in every style, lunches etc. to be had. Stage passengers, and others, out late at night, can always find a good fire, hot meals, and good beds at the above restaurant.

No trouble will be spared to deserve the patronage of the traveling as well as the permanent community.

Jacksonville, Dec. 25. 1869 tf

TREMONT HOTEL,

And General Stage Office,

Main Street, - - - Red Bluff,

W. P. MATHEW, - - - - PROPRIETOR.

The Proprietor would respect fully announce to his friends and the traveling public, that he has taken this well known brick Hotel, and will at all times be ready to wait on all those who may favor him with the light of their smiling countenances.

The **Latch String** will always be out. The **Table** will be supplied with all the market affords, and prices to suit the times. The rooms are large and well ventilated, and new Spring Beds throughout. Stages arrive and depart daily, North. Call and see me.

Red Bluff, Cal. March2 1y

Latest from Europe!

EDWIN PEACOCK,

FRESCO,

AND

HOUSE, SIGN,

CARRIAGE AND ORNAMENTAL

PAINTER AND GLAZIER!

HAVING

PERMANENTLY LOCATED,

IN JACKSONVILLE,

Will be pleased to receive orders in any of the above branches of the business.

☞ Orders left at the New State Saloon will receive prompt attention. ☜

SHOP ON OREGON STREET, NEXT DOOR TO CRYSTAL'S BLACKSMITH SHOP.

[Dec 9, 1871ly]

Cattle for Sale!

ONE HUNDRED HEAD OF choice Beef Cattle can be had cheap for cash by calling on

ARTHUR LANGELL,

Langell's Valley, Jackson Co., Ogn.

August 24, 1872. m2

THE MAIL ROBBERS.

The Boise City *Statesman*, with the impudence of the devil and the ignorance of a jackass, publishes the following:

We publish to day a statement in regard to Thompson, Bramlette, White and Hanson, convicted of robbing the Canyon City and Dalles stage, at Antelope canyon last Summer. It appears that a new trial has been denied, and these prisoners have been sentenced to hard labor in the penitentiary for the [illegible] of their natural lives. The defendants have protested their innocence from first to last. We read all the testimony in the case as published in the *Oregonian*. The testimony was circumstantial in every particular, and not a fact proven but what might be put up against the defendants by the ingenuity of detectives, or those who had an interest in procuring a conviction. It looks a good deal as if the conviction was procured more through prejudice than a real desire to arrive at the truth. The Portland papers seem to be dumbfounded by any version from the defendants, except a protest of innocence. The *Oregonian* says each of the defendants expressed a hope that the mystery enshrouding the case would at last be unraveled, and the guilty parties brought to justice. This is poor consolation for innocent men, and if there is anything which enshrouds the case, which is generally conceded by those who judge from an impartial standpoint, it should have been unraveled before the defendants were subjected to condign punishment, or they should have been set at liberty. It is better that the guilty go clear, than that the innocent should suffer, and the press does a great wrong in submitting with so much stupidity to a verdict founded upon uncertain evidence.

Nine-tenths of all criminals protest their innocence when they hope for pardon. This is no reason why they are not guilty. The editor of the *Statesman* says he has read the evivence in the *Oregonian*. That paper did not pretend to give all the evidence; and if it was all given, is he a better judge of the guilt or innocence of the accused than twelve jurymen and the Judge? The truth is, there were many important facts shown the Judge and jury that have never been printed. The boots of Bramlette, which are unlike any that were ever made by mortal man, were shown the Court and jury. The shoes, and the tacks in the shoes of Hauson were shown the jury, and as good men as any in Oregon testified the boots of Bramlette and the shoes of Hansen in every particular fitted the tracks precisely. The pistol of Tompkins and Bramlette was found on the trail where these tracks existed, and the pistol was proven to have been in the possession of Tompkins by a man who worked for him only a short time before the robbery. He had no interest in the prosecution, and refused to come to the trial until brought by an attachment. Two estimable ladies testified they knew Tompkins' voice, and that he did the talking at the time of the robbery. Three witnesses for the prosecution and two of the defendants' witnesses testified to the commission of the robbery, and twenty-two witnesses testified to facts and circumstances which tended to show the prisoners were guilty of robbing the mail, beyond all reasonable doubt. Notwithstanding all this, this hired editor of the *Statesman* says "there was not a fact proven but what might be put up against the defendants," and that "it looks a good deal as if the conviction was procured more through prejudice than a real desire to arrive at the truth." It may look like prejudice to a hired editor who, without regard to truth, sends forth his opinions; but to the Court, jury, and spectators, who heard the whole trial, it looks like the real perpetrators of the crime were only getting their just dues.

The United States employed in this case more than ordinary care to elicit the truth. As soon as the Attorney General of the United States was informed of the robbery, he commissioned B. F. Dowell to prosecute the robbers, and gave him special instructions to take the usual oath prescribed for the regular U. S. District Attorneys, and to proceed to the neighborhood where the robbery was committed, and to ferret out the real perpetrators of the crime. Mr. Dowell took the oath, and immediately proceeded to the neighborhood where the crime was committed. He heard the statements of the friends and foes of the prisoners as to the facts and circumstances. He examined the tracks of the boots, shoes and horses, on the ground. He became satisfied that the prisoners now in the penitentiary were the realy guilty parties. Ex-Governor Gibbs, the regular United States District Attorney, heard all the evidence and he became satisfied they were guilty. Judge Deady heard all the evidence, and [illegible] jury are all satisfied they are guilty, to a moral certainty. Judge Hummason was also employed in the prosecution. He knows all the witnesses, and is perfectly satisfied of the prisoners' guilt. Mr. Dowell, Ex Governor Gibbs, Judge Hummason, and Judge Deady, have all had more than twenty years experience in the investigation of the acts and doings of criminals and witnesses. They are better qualified to judge of the guilt or innocence of these penitentiary birds than is the editor of the Boise *Statesman*.

It is true the most of the evidence was circumstantial; the confessions of Bramlette and the voice of Tompkins are positive and unequivocal evidence; and the wisdom and experience of ages attest the truth of the fact of circumstantial evidence—when proven by a large number of witnesses, as in this case—are more reliable than the direct evidence of one, or even two witnesses. One or two witnesses may swear falsely and deceive the Judge and jury, but a combination of circumstances cannot lie, and can scarcely deceive any Judge or intelligent jury.

It is obvious that all facts and circumstances which have really happened were perfectly consistent with each other, for they did actually so exist. The facts proven in this case show it impossible for these defendants to be innocent. Who could imitate Tompkins' voice? How could Bramlette tell the boots that were worn by the robbers when those boots were both made for the left foot, and one was worn on the right, without being present at the time the tracks were made? How could he tell the route they went unless he had been present? How could he tell the exact size of the horses' tracks unless these identical horses made the tracks? How could each nail in the shoes of Hansen precisely fit the tracks unless they were worn by the owner? These are known and ascertained facts, proven by more than a dozen disinterested witnesses. They so coincide and agree with the guilt of the prisoners as to render the truth of any other hypothesis, on the principles of reason and experience, exceedingly remote and improbable, and morally, though not absolutely and metaphysically impossible. When a fact is thus proven, without any other evidence the law says the guilt of the prisoners is established as a moral truth. This is all that has ever been required of judge or jury. Add to this the general very bad character of the prisoners, and all the other facts and circumstances that were proven, and no candid man ought to doubt their guilt.

The press in the vicinity of where these facts were proven showed more good sense in submitting, and remaining quiet, although friendly to the prisoners, than the Boise *Statesman* does to be hired to abuse them. If the *Statesman* means to deal fair, and to give the devil his due, we would advise him not only to read the account in the *Oregonian*, but also the account given in the *Herald*, which was published at the same time, and to note the difference; and also to examine the notes of the Judge, and then he will plainly see his own *stupidity*, and he may come to the conclusion that no wrong has been done by Judge, jury or press.

Several members of Congress, it is stated, have supplied themselves with copies of the civil service rules, and in answer to importunities for office from constituents mail a copy as a substitute for further answer or explanation. This expedient disposes of about nine-tenths of the annual crop of bores.

Fortune is said not to change men but only to unmask them.

BILLINGS' WIT AND WISDOM.

Kind fortune, teach thi servant humility, but let no sneak of an upstart outshine him in things that are stylish.

Give unto me morality copious; and may mi shirt kollars be stiffer than china and whiter than snowballs in winter.

Smile, thou goddess dear, at mi mustash, and may mi wisdom be grate—even unto like Solomon's.

Grant that i may a pattern be, worthy of all imitashun, and that i able may be tew wear a boot number 5 on these number 10 feet ov mine.

Fill me at [illegible] top with honor and [illegible], and [illegible] mi neckties mine enemies tew smite with sorrow and confushion.

Take away from me all vanity, but grant that my Sunday panterloons may fit me even az korn fitteth the kob.

Remove far from me, O gentle Fortune! all pride and vain ostentashun, but grant that my name among women may ever be spoken in acksents of gladness. Make mi heart to glisten with charity, but teach mi taylor and shumaker how to wait for their munny and be happy.

Let mi heart feast on the truth, but smile thou upon mi kork leg and periwig nobby.

Remove far from me all gluttony, but preserve mi appetite for toast with a quail on it in all its original buty.

Teach me tew shun all decepshun, but help me tew to marry a big pile at last, making some maiden or young wido happy.

Take away from mi heart all envy, but grant, kind Fortune, that mi hat kant be beat, nor the lavender tint ov mi gloves be exceeded.

Fill me with courage true and reddy, but if enny man offers tew smote me, give tew me the fleetness of venison and mi legs the speed of the roebuck.

Remove all the affektashun far from me, but enable me to keep up appearance, if i hav to cheat a little tew do it.

Take away out ov mi site all kinds of kunning, but teach me to keep a sekret, the grocer who sells me mi hair di.

Abuv all things with modesty shower me. Yes! make all dripping wet, but don't let me looze a good chance mi nu koat tew spread before the eyes of men filled with envy.

Make me at all times of the poor heathen thoughtful, at church not forgetting the plaiter to annoint with a 10 cent plaster.

Remove from me all gra hares and pimples, all bunyans and korn pestiverous, and grant that mi calfs still fatten on saw durst, and mi cheeks feed on plumpers, and mi harte ever bubble and bile over with mersy.

Teach me mi kane tew whirle so peculiar, and mi mustash tew twist into such long drawn out sweetness that all the people shall call me *Yung Purity*.

Smile thou! upon all hatters and barbers, all shirt-makers and gloviers, all perfumers and dentists, all wash wimmin and shu blaks, and forgive them the debts i may owe them, and kauze me tew weep over man and his menny misfortins.

Bless all maids of estate, all widdos with munny, all mothers of fashion with daughters tew marry, all good matches laying around loose, but chiefly giv me a conscience full ov aroma.

Lengthen out, kind Fortune, the days of mi unkle, but should he happen to slip away sudden, bow me down with sorrow bekuming.

Listen! dear Fortune, listen!—give me the style of heart breaking Adonis, let the virtews all seek mi acquaintanc, and feed with new fires exquisit the soltaire that burns on mi buzzum.

I will raise the an altar, kind Fortune, an altar az hi az a lamp post, if theze mi prayers are answered—Fare-well for the present—don't go back on Beau Bennett the beautiful!—*New York Weekly.*

A VERY IMPORTANT ENTERPRISE.—The Portland *Bulletin* of a late date says:

Every new branch of industry that is opened in our State marks a stage of progress. For a year past preparations have been making to put in operation at Salem a large establishment for the manufacture of agricultural implements and machinery. This establishment will go into operation at the beginning of the coming year. The arrangements that have been made are intended to be sufficient for the manufacture of $80,000 to $100,000 worth of implements and machinery during the year 1873. The importance of such an enterprise as this cannot be overrated. Under proper management it will grow to great proportions, and will constitute one of the most important manufacturing establishments in the State. It will be a great and beneficent enterprise for Salem, and its benefits will be felt throughout a large section of country.

Iron gravestones are much used in Texas, and are very popular with all who have tried them.