

SATURDAY MORNING, Feb. 3, 1872.

H. KELLY, Editor.

## Civil Service Reform.

Civil Service reform is being earnestly advocated and carried into practice by the Republican party. The Congressional Committee, who were appointed to investigate the different departments of civil service, are now actively engaged in the city of New York examining witnesses, for the purpose of ascertaining the official conduct of those who have had the Custom House of that city in charge. If there has been any fraud practiced in that department, we hope the committee will detect it, and bring the guilty parties to a speedy and just punishment. When they get through with that department, we want them to go through each of the other departments, and leave none without first giving them a thorough overhauling, with a determination of ferreting out every species of fraud and corruption. When the members of that committee shall have performed the duty assigned them, we shall expect and demand a just and impartial report of their proceedings. We want nothing covered up and kept secret, nor any political favors shown, nor favors of any kind, when the interest of the people is jeopardized. The people have a right to know what the present party in power is doing, what it has been doing, and what it proposes to do.

We believe that the present committee will be thorough in its work, just in its decisions, and deal fairly and impartially with all concerned. But if the members of that committee should prove unfaithful in discharging the important duties that have been assigned them, let them be discharged, and a committee appointed that will perform its duties to the satisfaction of every honest and fair-minded man. The highest aim and object of every true patriot is to keep purity and justice in power, not parties. It was patriotism that placed the members of the present administration in power. Hence their tenure of power depends upon their purity, and not upon the numerical strength of any party. Party times have passed with the American people. Parties continue to rule isolated sections of the country, but no longer rule the American people as a nation. And the time is fast approaching when party prejudice will cease to have a foothold in the Union; it is now confined to a few dark corners, that are corroding with corruption, soon to vanish by the irresistible power of intelligence. The sooner the office holders learn that the great mass of the American people are determined that no one shall retain his office that is not worthy, the better it will be for all concerned. We hope that there will be no one who will prove himself so weak as to try to avoid the most scrutinizing and searching investigation for fear that there may be developments made that may reflect upon the Republican party. If the Republican party has been doing wrong it deserves punishment, and the sooner the punishment is meted out to it, and the people know who the guilty parties are the better, so that they may be put out of office and better put in their places. There are men who will act honestly and we will have them; men whose noble souls are too much in sympathy with the right to be sticking over party names; men who cannot be bought nor sold; men who can look upon every member of the 40,000,000 as their peers in every privilege and right belonging to the government, whose rights they hold equally sacred with their own. We have had sad experience by allowing Administrations to slide along without being investigated. If the Democratic Administrations had been earnestly investigated we would in all probability have avoided the late civil war, and saved a million lives besides billions of our treasury. But it was allowed to slide along without investigation, until the over-stock of corruption burst the government over our heads, and our chief executive officer had become so prostituted that he saw no way to prevent it; the treasury was robbed and pillaged right under his nose, and armies forming to stab the nation to the heart, and yet no one under this Democratic Administration had the courage to interfere to stop robbery and bloodshed. The virus of crime had so penetrated every arm of

the Administration that it felt of its own rottenness, destitute of the moral courage to even say that it had the right to protect itself. It had become so cowardly, by following an uninterrupted chain of crime, that the chief executive went skulking out of Washington, swiveling that he had no power to coerce the traitors into obedience. Again, for further warning, we are but to look at the Democracy of New York, that has culminated in the great Tammany swindle, robbing the people of the State of millions of their hard-earned earnings, besides throwing a cloud of infamy and disgrace over the whole country, which it will take years to remove.

There is no danger of the people ever returning to the Democratic party; that is a foregone conclusion. The Democratic party has shown itself incapable of ruling a State, much less a nation. The members of the Democratic party have established two facts: that no one will attempt to dispute; that is, their tenacity of hanging on to a government until it becomes entirely bankrupt and ruined, before they discover their inability to manage the governmental affairs; and their unparalleled coolness in dropping the government after it is ruined, folding their arms, and proclaiming they have no power to save it, leaving it to those they slandered and maligned to gather up the ruins and restore order.

But forbid that the Republican party should ever come to such a disgraceful end. Hence we say investigate; if there are faults let them be found out before the government is ruined. The people are interested in a just and equitable administration more than they are in parties.

## Comprehend the Situation.

It is for the interest of every State to send men to Congress that have influence with the party in power. While we of the Pacific States have been quarreling and wrangling over dead issues, that haven't been and can not be of any earthly interest to us as a State, the Eastern States have been sending men to Congress that are in popular favor with the ruling power, and the consequence is, the Eastern States have been favored with most everything they have asked for in the shape of Congressional legislation. If they want railroads, they ask the Government to assist them in building them, and aid is immediately granted; if they want their harbors improved and their rivers cleared of obstructions, they ask an appropriation for that purpose and get it. The Eastern States, with a clear insight as to what their real interests are, have dropped the past and are making the best of the present. They fought the great issues of the past as they came up, nobly and manfully; but when they passed they dropped them and turned their attention to those of the present. As the great political issues that have agitated the minds of the people have been finally settled, our present interest is that of home improvements. We want our State improved, and we want all the aid that we can possibly obtain from the General Government to assist in improving it. We want railroads; we want our rivers and harbors improved. Our State is in its infancy and comparatively poor; we are unable to carry on these great improvements without aid from the government. How shall we obtain this aid? We cannot reasonably expect to obtain it by sending men to Congress who are known to be opposed to the party in power; men who are looked upon as favoring secession; men who are slandering and vilifying the present administration; men whose record connects them with those that did all they could to destroy the government, and only failed for the want of power. We had better by far send men that were known to be open and defiant rebels, who had the courage to take the field and stake their lives upon the success of their cause. Such men will be looked upon as having courage, and as having been in earnest in the cause they advocated. Every rebel that took the field looms high in moral worth above the treacherous, cowardly copperhead of the North, who did all he could in growling and urging on the rebellion, but carefully keeping out of danger, in the estimation of every union man. The open and brave rebel will get ten favors shown him in Congress where the copperhead cannot get a shadow.

But if we expect to be successful in obtaining aid, we must send men to our national assembly who have a

clean record, and who are known to be true to the government; men who stood by the government when the sky was dark and the cloud of destruction hovered near, when the grim monster death was knocking at every door of our Union. It's most natural for the government to aid those States that reciprocate the favor, and leave those unaided that show by word and deed that they are incapable of appreciating favors, and have done nothing for the government that entitles them to any aid.

The government judges us by the men who we choose to represent us. Every election is a record for or against us in the eyes of the government. If we prove ourselves to be unworthy children, by electing men to office whose character for patriotism and loyalty has been suspected, we must not complain if we are not aided, but take the blame home to ourselves, where it properly belongs.

## Put Him Out.

As the County Commissioners meet next Monday, we renew the urgent call of the public to put that man Fay out of the Grand Jury room. Put him out. The proceedings of the Grand Jury have been made public for the last two years. Put him away from that Grand Jury room, and let's see if we can't have the deliberations of the Grand Jury kept from the public until their decisions are made.

## Sinking Slowly.

Diseases that progress rapidly to a crisis are not the only ones to be dreaded. Canker or dry rot does not blast a tree as suddenly as a stroke of lightning, but unless arrested it destroys it as certainly; and in like manner chronic debility, although it does not kill with the swiftness of yellow fever, is as sure to sap the springs of life eventually as any acute disease, if not checked by invigorating medication. There is something inexpressibly touching in the spectacle of premature decay. Languor, pallor, emaciation, depression of spirits, and a distaste for exertion, are its ordinary symptoms, and they should be promptly met by tonic treatment. The best invigorant and exhilarant that can be administered in a case of this kind is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. The stimulating principle of the preparation rouses the dormant energies of the system, and the strengthening and regulating properties give a permanent and healthful impulse to the vital forces thus brought into play. The failing appetite is reawakened, the process of digestion and assimilation are quickened, the quality of the blood is improved, the secretions become more natural, and every organ that contributes to the nourishment of the body undergoes salutary change. By these means the repair of the physical structure is effected and its health and vigor restored. In no class of diseases has the beneficent operation of the Bitters been more marked and striking than in those characterized by general debility and nervous prostration. Ladies afflicted with these ailments find in this most wholesome of all tonics and correctives the safest and surest means of relief. It is strong to restore and powerless to injure. Such is the uniform testimony of "clouds of witnesses."

During our interview, the American Consul at Bangkok, presented the King an elegant assortment of his medicines from Dr. J. C. Ayer, of Lowell, Mass., for the use of the Court. He explained to his majesty their origin from the great chemist and their uses. The Cherry Pectoral for coughs—the Sarsaparilla for eruptive diseases and the Ague Cure for the fevers that are so fatal in this hot country. The dangerous condition of a favorite wife in the palace with one of the disorders these medicines cure, gave him special interest in these products of medical skill; indeed, these medical marvels interested him more in our country than all the other attentions we had shown him.

The Fever and Ague Horn. In fever and ague districts the "shakes" of the community—at the time when Quinine was in vogue, were sometimes summoned to their doses by the sound of a horn; but since Dr. Walker's CALIFORNIA VINEGAR BITTERS have superseded that dangerous drug as a specific for intermittent and remittent fevers, no such remedies are needed. The victims come of their own accord to receive their rations of that agreeable and matchless remedy, and in a few days a perfect cure is effected. This mighty antidote is literally extinguishing periodical fevers, dyspepsia and bilious complaints, throughout the length and breadth of the land,

## ACROSTIC.

BY FRANKLIN.

Janus faced and Janus eyed,  
A model thing to steal and hide—  
Morbid lust and lecherous fire  
Exude to brand this thief and liar,  
Slipping o'er his filthy track  
Down till the devil takes him back.  
Fiends of hell will rush to meet him,  
And goblins damned around him crawl.  
You're mine—Bellechab will greet him,  
The damndest, meanest thief of all.

## MR. EDITOR:

I acknowledge that most of the above words (to avoid harsh criticism in these hard times) were stolen from Edgar Poe's soliloquy on the putrid carcass of a scow-eyed, red-mouthed, rumguzzling Irishman, whose filthy remains were hauled out of town on the Fourth of July, and left unburied, to waste its sweetness and taint the air—poetic words, stolen from Longfellow, I believe, but illustrate my idea, that the stench from that putrid carcass still continues to make stinking times. Having succeeded in stealing nearly all the words for the above poem from the authors in our language, I yet attempt to steal a tune for it; its measure seems well adapted to the tune of the "Babe in the Woods," "That's what's the matter with Hannah," or any of those old familiar tunes.

UP AGAIN.—Mr. Obenohain, the gentleman who had his left hand and part of his arm amputated a few weeks ago, called at this office on Thursday of this week. We are pleased to announce to his many friends that his arm has healed and that his general health is improving rapidly.

## DIED.

WETTERER.—In Jacksonville, February 1st, 1872, Fredericka Mattheia, daughter of Joseph and Fredericka Wetterer, aged 8 months and 2 days.

## NEW TO-DAY.

## NOTICE.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.  
ROSENBERG, OREGON, Jan. 24, 1872.  
NOTICE is hereby given that C. I. Burton has this day, and affidavit, alleging that the S. E. 1/4 of the N. W. 1/4 and N. W. 1/4 of N. E. 1/4 of Section 31, Township 34 S., Range 5 W., is more valuable for mineral than agricultural purposes, and having been purchased at private entry by Barrett Ramsey, on the 5th of September, 1871, it is hereby ordered that a hearing be had to determine the facts as to the mineral or non-mineral character of the land, at this office on the 6th day of March, 1872, at 1 o'clock P. M.

V. M. R. WILLIS, Register,  
B. HERMAN, Receiver.

## NOTICE.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.  
ROSENBERG, OREGON, January 25, 1872.  
Complaint having been entered at this office by S. C. Taylor and W. M. Matthews against James A. Hays, alleging non-residence and entitling them for four years on his donation claim in Sections two and three, Township 38 S., Range 1 W., in Jackson county, Oregon, with a view to the cancellation of said entry; the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 11th day of March, 1872, at 1 o'clock P. M., to respond and furnish testimony, concerning said alleged abandonment.

V. M. R. WILLIS, Register,  
BINGER HERMAN, Receiver.

A NEW MEDICAL  
Discovery!THE GREAT  
Liver King,

A Vegetable Substitute  
FOR CALOMEL!

It has long been needed, more especially on the Pacific Coast, a remedy for inactivity of the Liver.

The Superiority of the Liver King over any other remedy introduced consists in the following:

1. It operates upon the Stomach and Liver and not upon the lower bowels.
2. It is pleasant to the taste, and does not produce nausea of the stomach.
3. It is purely vegetable, and does not injure the system like mineral remedies.
4. It can be given with ease to children, which in itself will make it popular as a family medicine.
5. Persons of delicate constitution who cannot take pills, will hail it with joy.
6. It is perfectly harmless, and can in no wise injure you, and persons who are troubled with

Liver Complaint,  
Dyspepsia, Rheumatism,  
Sick Headache,  
Dizziness of the Head,  
Drowsiness,  
and a train of indigestible diseases arising from a deranged Liver will find relief in its use.

FOR FLAVORING EXTRACTS.  
KEBINGTON & CO. ARE THE BEST.

J. B. WHITE. ALEX. MARTIN.

## WHITE &amp; MARTIN.

(SUCCESSORS TO JAS. T. GLENN.)

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

CALIFORNIA STREET,

JACKSONVILLE, OREGON.

NEW FIRM, NEW GOODS,

NEW PRICES!

LOW PRICES WILL WIN!

THE UNDERSIGNED TAKES PLEASURE

in notifying his friends and the public

generally, that he is now receiving and opening a very large and extensive stock of

STAPLE DRY GOODS,

READY MADE CLOTHING,

HATS AND CAPS,

CALIFORNIA AND SALEM

CLOTHS,

BLANKETS,

HOOP SKIRTS

ETC., ETC.

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Ladies', Misses' &amp; Children's Shoes.

I have, also, in connection with

the above, a very large and

extensive stock of choice

Groceries, Hardware,

Queensware,

Glass

ware, Cutlery,

Paints and Oils, also,

Window Glass, Nails, Iron

and Steel, Cast and Steel

Plows, Wooden and Willow ware,

I am ready to sell anything in my line at

the LOWEST CASH PRICE. Persons wishing

to buy goods, will find it greatly to their

advantage to examine my stock before purchasing

elsewhere, as I am determined not to be

undersold by any house in Jackson county.

Give me a call, and then judge for yourself

as to my capacity to furnish goods as above.

WHITE &amp; MARTIN.

Jacksonville, November 18, 1871.—if

THE TEMPLE

OF FASHION!

1871. 1872.

PRODUCTIONS OF

Sachs Bros.

The TEMPLE OF FASHION cannot be beat—

There's everything in kept nice and neat;

The latest fashions make a grand display—

Something new can be seen every day.

Dry Goods for Winter, Spring, Summer and

Fall;

Anything, everything, for which you may call,

Come in now and bundle up warm.

At least take a look, it will do you no harm.

Groceries, all kinds—we keep the best—

Please call in and give them a test.

Hardware, also, from a pin to a spike.

Queensware, all kinds, whatever you like.

Merchandise, in great variety and price,

Clothing, boots, shoes, all very nice.

Liquors, customers will not let waste.

Tobacco, such as will suit every taste.

Good syrup, just the thing for hot cakes,

You will eat so much your sides will ache.

Fine pickles, you may nip at by degrees,

And then a big bite of Limburger cheese.

But we say no more, come see for yourselves,

The fine stock of goods we have on our shelves.

The people all know it and say to each other,

If you want something good go to the store of

SACHS BROTHERS.

Jacksonville, Ogn. Nov. 4-11.

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

EDWIN PEACOCK.

FRESCO,

HOUSE,

SIGN,

CARRIAGE &amp;

ORNAMENTAL

PAINTER &amp; GRAINER.

HAVING PERMANENTLY LOCATED AT

Jacksonville, will be pleased to receive

Orders in any of the above branches of the

business.

Orders left at the New State Saloon will

receive prompt attention.

Shop on Oregon street, next door to Crystal's

blacksmith shop.

EDWIN PEACOCK.

Jacksonville, Ogn. Nov. 4-11.



A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK AL

ways on hand at the

## City Drug Store

BOOKS,

STATIONARY,

TOILET ARTICLES

AGENCY FOR THE

AGUE KING.

W. L. COWAN, Druggist.

GASOLINE OIL &amp; LAMPS

AT THE

City Drug Store.

Jacksonville, Sept. 10, 1870.

## SADDLE &amp; HARNESS

MANUFACTORY.

## HENRY JUDGE

HAS resumed his former business in Jack-

sonville, Oregon, on California street, next

door to A. Fisher &amp; Bro., and will keep con-

stantly on hand a general assortment of

SADDLES, HARNESS,

BRIDLES, COLLARS,

HAMES, Horse BLANKETS,

WHIPS, LINEN SHEETS &amp;

SPURS, HOODS,

CURRY COMBS &amp; HORSE BRUSHES

TRACE, BREAST,

HALTER &amp;

DOG CHAINS

and a large stock of

SADDLERY HARDWARE &amp; FINDINGS

All orders from a distance promptly at-

tended to.

Manufacturing to order, and repairing done

on short notice, and with the Best Material.

All articles in my line will be sold at a lower

Cash Price than ever before offered in Jack-

sonville.

Please Call and examine my STOCK

before purchasing elsewhere.

HENRY JUDGE.

Jacksonville, Ogn. Oct. 7, 71-1f

## JOHN NEUBER

HAS JUST RECEIVED

A LARGE ADDITION TO HIS AL

ready well Selected Stock of

JEWELRY &amp; SILVERWARE.

GOLD WATCHES &amp; CHAINS, SILVER

WATCHES &amp; CHAINS, from the most ce-

lebrated MANUFACTURERS of America

and Europe, which is offered to the TRADE

at PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

A New lot of Eight Day and Thirty Hour

Clocks.

AMERICAN, SWISS, &amp; ELGIN

WATCHES

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry Cleaned and

Repaired, and WARRANTED.

A LOT of Silver Plated Spoons, Knives &amp;

Forks, and Castors. Music Boxes, Accor-

deons, Guitars and Violins, Guitar and Viola

Strings, the best in market.

A Large assortment of

Pocket Cutlery.

Just received a large lot of

Toys for Holiday.

Great assortment of Cigars, Pipes &amp; Tobacco.

Fine Cut for smoking and chewing, and all

other kinds.

WILLOWWARE.

SPECTACLES OF ALL KINDS

Agent for Florence, Grover &amp; Baker and

Hove Sewing Machines. A Large assort-

ment of SILK &amp; COTTON THREAD

hand.

J. NEUBER.

Jacksonville, Nov. 4-11.