



Republicanism Triumphant!

Connecticut and Rhode Island carried by the Republicans!

HARTFORD, CONN., April 6.—The Post announces election of entire Republican ticket, with exception of Governor.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., April 6.—Complete returns of State election announce Republican victory. Padelford (Republican) elected Governor; Senate stands 26 Republicans to 9 Democrats, House 51 Republicans to 13 Democrats.

The State Lands.

The Daily Oregon Herald of the 1st has a long article upon the condition of the "State lands," in which it arraigns the former Republican State administrations with much inattention and neglect in regard to the same, and claims the exact reverse for the present Democratic administration.

Seriatim it goes through with each class of lands in which the State has, or might have had an interest, but for nonfeasance of Republican authorities, and winds up with much flat adulation of the powers that be. The people of this State, we are willing to admit, will allow that their Democratic rulers have not been inattentive to the subject of the State lands.

We find a Democratic Legislature busying itself with the 500,000 acres of school land, \$200,000 of the proceeds of which it gave to the Oregon City canal and lock swindling enterprise, when another perfectly responsible company asked for the privilege of making the same improvements for \$125,000; and this swindle received the sanction of the Governor. Next we find that patriotic and incorruptible legislature engaged in a plundering scheme in regard to the swamp lands to which the State is entitled; and this also with the approval of our virtuous Governor. Now we do not doubt but that the same commendable attention will be bestowed on the other classes of lands mentioned in good time, unless the people of the State conclude to dispense with any further blessings of Democratic rule. There is only one reason against it, and that is some of the lands named, may not be loose enough to be got hold of with ordinary Democratic legislation. But if it is, it's a gone "goos."

The Oregon and California Railroad.

While much doubt and uncertainty prevails in regard to the Humboldt Branch of the Pacific Railroad, there seems to be no good reason to doubt that the main Oregon and California road will be built through the Umpqua and Rogue River valleys, and on into California, within a few years at the farthest. The exact period it will take to accomplish it, can of course only be conjectured, yet considering the rapidity with which such works are pushed to a consummation, in these times, we predict that 1873 will see the cars of the Oregon and California Railroad running regularly from some point in Rogue River Valley to Portland.

From several sources we learn that it is the intention of the Company to build 80 miles of the road this season, in addition to the section of 100 miles already nearly completed, which will bring it into the Umpqua valley. This will most certainly stick the Company for a road through this valley, to connect with the California end of the road, in a short time. The survey into the Umpqua valley, it is said, will be finished by the first of May next.

THE PACIFIC UNIVERSITY.—We have just received a catalogue of this institution of learning, for 1870-71. The catalogue itself is neatly and tastefully gotten up, and shows the University to be flourishing, both in the number and advancement of its students. The present term closes next month, when there will be a three months vacation. We do not believe there is another place in the State which offers so many advantages to students desiring a thorough collegiate education. It is located at Forest Grove, in Washington county, 22 miles west of Portland.

The Ditch.

While on the general subject of material improvements, a few remarks under this head may not be uninteresting. The result of the agitation of the ditch question has been, that last Saturday the requisite sum of money to defray the expenditures of the first survey was raised.

We have not yet received an official report of the subscriptions to this project, but hope to before we go to press. We are well satisfied, however, that the amount mentioned in last week's issue of this paper was subscribed and paid down to the parties circulating the subscription papers. During the canvass for money to make the survey, we heard several express their opinions of the impracticability of bringing a ditch into the higher diggings in this section, from Butte Creek. Most of them, however, contributed generously to the enterprise, thinking it as cheap a way as any to solve the problem. We hope to be able in a short time to lay before our readers something definite in regard to it. Some have suggested a ditch from the Klamath river, as one certain to furnish water enough for every purpose, and also to have elevation sufficient to work any known mining lands in the county. It might be well for some one who is well posted in the premises, to make some suggestions in regard to a ditch from Klamath river, before a survey is begun.

That this valley is bound to have more water than nature has allowed her, we firmly believe, and we do not think the advantages of a good water ditch can be overvalued. The working of the mines is only a temporary object of such an enterprise; when they are worked out and forgotten, a ditch which would furnish the valley with a sufficiency of water for agricultural and manufacturing purposes, would still continue to be one of the greatest benefits. Some seem to have imbibed the idea from the tone of the local papers of this place, that the ditch project is antagonistic to a railroad through this section. This is certainly a great mistake. We need them all, ditch, Humboldt Branch, and Oregon and California Railroad. They would all unite in making Rogue River valley the most prosperous part of the State.

Matters in and near Paris.

A telegram, dated Paris, March 31st, says: "All is consternation. The watchword of the Commune is 'Death to the Rich! Death to the Landowners! Death to Priests!' Decrees confiscating church property have been prepared. Denunciation of suspected individuals is made hourly, and many persons have been arrested. The guillotine will soon be erected, and many houses have been marked to doom the inmates thereof to that death. Drafts on the Treasury have not been paid either in Paris or Versailles. The Government has completed its arrangements for moving against Paris. Troops will march simultaneously with the Germans. Learning this, the Commune have resolved to march for Versailles to-night, with 30,000 National Guards, via Montreuil, where the infantry line is stationed. Overcoming or fraternizing these they will proceed to Versailles and disperse the Assembly. The German Government has promised, in case of a spread of the disturbance beyond Paris, to place the departments occupied by German troops in a state of siege, according to French laws."

OUTRAGES like that which occurred recently at Meridian Miss., resulting in the death of some six colored persons, and the expelling of Mayor Stargess, under promise not to return, are deplored by all classes. From reports that appear entirely trustworthy, it appears that disturbances are occurring in the Carolinas, Georgia, Mississippi, Kentucky, and Tennessee. Peace-abiding citizens in these States, whose lives and property are insecure from the depredations of disguised bodies of armed outlaws, call for protection. All irrespective of politics agree that ruffianism should be put down; but there is a diversity of opinion as to how it should be done. Influential conservative papers, like the Louisville Courier-Journal, importune State aid, and maintain that if existing laws were faithfully executed, murders and lawlessness would soon cease. Others believe the force each State can command insufficient for the purpose, and call upon Congress to take the matter in hand. Governor Alcorn has notified the Mississippi Congressional delegation that he is taking active measures to suppress outlawry in that State, and has ample force to do it.—Hearth and Home.

LETTER FROM B. F. DOWELL.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 24, 1871.

CONGRESSIONAL.—SOUTHERN OUTRAGES. The discussion on the Kuklux outrages has taken wide ranges. Both Houses have been discussing it for the last ten days. It has assumed a chronic form. Republicans are divided on what ought to be done. Democrats are united that it should be let alone, and that legislation would be injurious to the success of the Democratic party, and therefore injurious to the nation.

The President sent, yesterday, the following message to Congress: To the Senate and House of Representatives:

A condition of affairs now exists in several of the States of the Union rendering life and property insecure, and the carrying of the mails and the collection of the revenue dangerous.

The proof that such a condition of affairs exists in some localities is now before the Senate. That power to correct these evils is beyond the control of the State authorities I do not doubt. That the power of the Executive of the United States, acting within the limits of existing laws, is sufficient for present emergencies is not clear.

Therefore, I urgently recommend such legislation as in the judgment of Congress shall effectually secure life, liberty and property in all parts of the United States.

It may be expedient to provide that such law as shall be passed in pursuance of this recommendation shall expire at the end of the next session of Congress.

There is no other subject on which I would recommend legislation during the present session.

U. S. GRANT.

Washington, D. C., March 23, 1871.

A NEW DEMOCRATIC PARTY.

The Chronicle proposes a new plank in the principles of the Democratic party. It is the best joke of the season. It says:

"Since the war the Treasurer of the United States has been compelled to create a special fund to which moneys are charged, received from any individual whose conscience compels him to restore the value of anything stolen from Uncle Sam. This is called the 'Conscience Fund.'"

"It has been suggested in this connection that if the Democratic party should ever be troubled with any conscience they might take upon themselves to pay the national debt, for most of it was incurred, directly or indirectly, through their agency, and nothing less than paying the whole of it could relieve them of the load under which they stagger."

"We throw out this suggestion as a proper plank in their platform in the campaign of 1872."

THE VOLUNTEERS OF 1854.

So far we have been wholly unable to find the rolls, abstracts, and vouchers of the expenses of the Oregon volunteers of 1854, which we thought were sent to the Secretary of War years ago.

If they are not found soon I shall return to Oregon. I am weary of the fruitless search.

Intelligible at Last.

It affords us much gratification to observe that our suggestions a few weeks since, have not been lost upon the editor of the Roseburg Ensign.

It grieves us, however, that he should take them so unkindly. It struck us that he had failed to express his idea, and estimating a failure of this kind as nothing less than a public calamity, we kindly called his attention to the subject. There can be no doubt now however, after reading his quotation from the Bed Rock Democrat, as to his intentions in the article to which we alluded.

"Which is why I explain—that for ways that are dark," etc., etc. The said editor "is peculiar" and "And the same" "I am free to maintain."

"When this cruel war is over" They will never root again.

The Roseburg Ensign lends its columns to a fierce, intestine warfare between the hog and sheep raisers of Douglas county. They both seem to claim an exclusive right to Uncle Sam's pasturage. We have not yet been able to learn on which side of the controversy the editorial sympathies are enlisted, but from our acquaintance with the editor of that paper, we judge he has a most decided mutton-head.

CORRESPONDENCE.—Quite a lengthy and interesting correspondence from Douglas county, is crowded out this week for want of space. We glean from it, however, that there has been a good deal of irregularity and uncertainty in carrying the mails this winter; that the interest in the Bohemia silver leads has increased considerably, since there is a chance for getting a quartz mill up to test them; that the public schools of the county have run down, by reason of the employment, in many instances, of unqualified teachers; that the citizens of Douglas county are much pleased with the appropriation for the improvement of the navigation of the Umpqua river; and finally that the "SENTINEL" still flourishes in Douglas county.

Correspondence.

ROSEBURG, OGN., April 2, 1871.

Ed. SENTINEL:

John Beezley and John Perdue, who were lost in the Coast Range, on the 11th March, were found in an almost famished condition on the 25th ult., by a delegation of hunters from Cole's Valley.

It appeared they had become bewildered, and wandering about in the mountains for two or three days, they came upon the headwaters of Coose River, and not knowing what stream it was, they concluded to follow it down; and had reached a point within about twelve miles of the settlements, when they were overtaken by the party above referred to.

A great deal has been said about the navigation of the Umpqua River from this place to Scottsburg, during the past year. A joint stock steam navigation company has been organized and a splendid boat built for the purpose, and all have expected that several trips would be made, and freight landed at this point during the past winter, but while we have had a splendid stage of water for several weeks, yet we have not been able to note any steamboat arrivals, and the season being so far advanced we need not now expect any. As far as the past winter is concerned the navigation of the Umpqua has proved a failure.

The Oregon newspapers take considerable pride in referring to the ignominious dissolution of the Douglas county vigilance committee. According to public opinion the committee was organized for the purpose of ridding the country of the celebrated "Cow-catcher" of Myrtle Creek, who appeared to have far greater success in that line of business than any of his numerous competitors, but the result appears to have been the reverse from what was really expected, for instead of fleeing from the threatening wrath of the law, he assumed a defiant attitude, and now has unlimited control of the disputed territory, of which, before, he only claimed a part.

By referring to the Land Office statistics for March, it is found that the amount of land disposed of in Jackson county during that month is as follows:

Number of acres sold 7,222 15-100 " homesteaded 2,229 95-100 " pre-empted 4,418 90-100 Making the total number of acres 13,869 60-100

On the 1st of April (yesterday) Mr. A. R. Flint, retired from the office of Receiver, a position which he has creditably filled ever since 1864, and Mr. Binger Herman, his successor, entered upon the performance of his duties.

COMMUNICATION.—A lengthy communication, from East Portland, has been received, but although well written, it is nevertheless, "too long" for our columns. We learn from it that they have had severe and long continued rains in that section, and our correspondent, a former resident of this city, becoming poetical on the subject of rain, quotes the following:

"Rain still falls in dirge-like cadence, Chants the wind a woeful rhyme, That such bitter, bitter memories Haunts this drearful winter time."

He also says: "Ben Holladay has discharged all but a dozen or two workmen, and this leaves East Portland in the rain. Business of all kinds is paralyzed. Better times are anticipated on the opening of business in the Spring, if such an occurrence should happen. I hear it whispered among the timid ones that the Eastside road is about completed, and that Albany is the Southern terminus, and that the Westside now is to be the Moses' rod and swallow up everything else in the railroad line."

"Kalam is a riddle. Everyone seems to have doubts about its stability. It is certain that it will be a place of some importance while the road is being built. In all probability the Company will then take off its shoes and turn it out to grass."

We hope to hear from friend "Jim" again, but respectfully remind him of the old saying: "Brevity is the soul of wit."

Try Devens' Farrier's Friend.

THOSE who are afflicted with Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Gout, and Scrofula, should try Dr. S. G. Smith's "Aramiraculus," a cure guaranteed. It is claimed by this medicine that its curative powers are wonderful to experience. For Sale by W. B. Douglass, City Drug Store, Jacksonville, Oregon, and all dealers in Medicine.

15oct70ms E. D. WENBAN, Traveling Ag't.

NEW TO-DAY.

Notice to Teachers.

THOSE desiring to teach in the public schools of this county will please apply for certificates on any day prior to April 15th, as I expect to be absent from home for several weeks after that date. W. M. TURNER, County School Supt. Jacksonville, Oregon, April 8, 1871.

NEW TO-DAY.

MAY PARTY.

L. HORNE, informs his friends and patrons that he will give a GRAND BALL, Monday Eve, May 1, 1871, At the United States Hotel, Jacksonville.

The best of Music in the County has been secured, and every effort will be made to insure general enjoyment and comfort. The proprietor thanks the public for their past liberal patronage, and hopes to renew his obligation again.

L. HORNE. Jacksonville, April 8, 1871.

NEW MEAT MARKET.

Thilo Gasmann, BEGS LEAVE TO INFORM HIS friends and the public generally that he has opened a MEAT MARKET on California Street, opposite the U. S. Hotel, where may be found, at all times, the best of Beef

Mutton, Pork, Sausages, &c. &c. Jacksonville, Oregon, April 8, 1871.—tf

Nut-bearing Trees.

A RARE CHANCE. A limited supply of choice nut-bearing trees consisting of Walnut, Hickory, Chestnut, and Butternut, imported directly from the East, have been received, and may be had at R. S. DUNLAP'S, of this place. Jacksonville, Oregon, April 8, 1871.—tf

Office Chief Quartermaster.

PORTLAND, OGN., March 28, 1871. SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office up to noon of the 22d day of May, 1871, for the delivery at Military Posts in this Department of the supplies specified below, viz:

At Camp Harney, Oregon, 400,000 pounds of BARLEY, in sacks; 400,000 " OATS, " 500,000 " HAY; 45,000 " STRAW; 1,500 cords of Wood.

Fort Lapwai, I. T., 838 cords of HARD WOOD; 500 bushels CHARCOAL; 327,000 pounds OATS; 500,000 " HAY; 140,000 " STRAW.

Camp San Juan Island, W. T., 46,000 pounds OATS, in sacks; 62,000 " HAY, baled; 33,000 " STRAW, "

Fort Stevens, Oregon, 25,000 pounds of OATS, in sacks, 20 tons of HAY, baled; 3 " STRAW, "

Fort Klamath, Oregon, 275,000 pounds OATS, in sacks.

Fort Vancouver, W. T., 1,000 cords HARD WOOD; 600 bushels CHARCOAL; 412,000 pounds OATS; 582,000 " HAY; 170,000 " STRAW.

Camp Warner, Oregon, 800,000 pounds of OATS or BARLEY, in sacks; 1,000,000 " HAY, baled; 300,000 " STRAW, " 1,527 cords HARD WOOD; 2,000 bushels CHARCOAL.

Fort Boise, I. T., 800 cords Wood; 725 bushels CHARCOAL; 160,000 pounds BARLEY, in sacks; 200,000 " HAY; 50,000 " STRAW.

Fort Cape Disappointment, W. T., 51,000 pounds of OATS, in sacks; 66,000 " HAY, baled; 17,000 " STRAW, "

Fort Colville, W. T., 92,000 pounds of OATS; 120,000 " HAY; 24,000 " STRAW.

Proposals must be made in triplicate, giving the postoffice address of the bidder, with one slip of this advertisement attached. The price in coin must be expressed in writing as well as figures; and bids for Hay and Wood must state the kinds proposed to be delivered. The United States reserves the right to receive the whole or any portion of the supplies that may be contracted for, also, to reject any and all bids.

Proposals must be endorsed across the envelope, Seal-d proposals for furnishing supplies at the usual deposit of 5 per cent. by a certified Draft, on the amount of the bid, is required as a guarantee that bonds will be entered into if any award is made.

No average bid will be considered. The whole or any portion of the supplies may be bid for. R. S. SAXTON, Bvt. Brig. Gen'l and Q. M. U. S. A.

Chief Quartermaster's Office.

PORTLAND, Oregon, March 28, 1871. SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office up to noon, on Monday, the 15th day of May, 1871, for transporting Military Stores and Supplies over the following named routes:

From Dallas City, Oregon, to Camp Harney, Oregon, 300,000 lbs. more or less. Dallas City, Oregon, to Camp Warner, Oregon, 225,000 lbs. more or less. Wallula, W. T., to Fort Boise, I. T., 200,000 lbs. more or less. Camp Three Forks, Oregon, I. T., to Wallula, W. T., 200,000 lbs. more or less. Wallula, W. T., to Fort Lapwai, I. T., 200,000 lbs. more or less. Portland, Oregon, to Fort Klamath, Oregon, 200,000 lbs. more or less.

Bids will also be received for transportation of 75 tons, ship measurement, more or less, from San Francisco, Cal., to Asto in Oregon, and of thirty tons, more or less, from San Francisco in Port Townsend, W. T. The United States reserves the right to deliver the whole or any portion of the stores specified above to the contractor, and also to reject any and all bids.

Bids must be in triplicate—giving the post-office address of the bidder, and must state the price in coin per pound for land transportation, and per ton ship measurement for water transportation. The price must be expressed in writing as well as figures, and one copy of this advertisement must be attached.

The usual deposit of five per cent. by certified draft, in the amount of the bid is required as a guarantee that the bidder will enter into bonds if the contract is awarded him. Envelopes containing bids must be endorsed "Sealed Proposals"—and the name of the route plainly written across them.

R. S. SAXTON, Bvt. Brig. Gen. and Chief Qr. Master. 8ap6w

BE WISE TO-DAY.—This madness to neglect a cough or cold. Consumption may follow, and though Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry cures the latter disease, yet the former disappears at once under its influence.

A SCHOLARSHIP in the National Business College, at Portland, can be had on favorable terms by applying at the SENTINEL office.

MAY-DAY PARTY!



Monday Eve, May 1, 1871,

at

L. J. White's Hotel, Rock Point

Tickets, \$3.

The undersigned will give a Grand Ball on the day above mentioned. Good music and an excellent supper will be provided, and nothing will be omitted to secure the comfort and enjoyment of the guests.

L. J. WHITE, Rock Point, Oregon, April 1, 1871.

NOTICE TO MINERS.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned B. F. MYER, has been duly appointed, and bonds approved, U. S. Deputy Surveyor, of Mineral Claims in and for Mining District, No. 1, the said district being defined in extent as in public notice issued from U. S. Surveyor General's Office for the District of Oregon, under date of Oct. 30, 1870.

All persons desirous of entering mineral claims in said district under the acts of Congress approved July 22, 1866 and amendatory act approved July 9, 1870, must have the same surveyed by authority.

Mineral claims may be entered that are situated on unsurveyed lands as well as on surveyed lands. All communications addressed to me at Ashland Mills, Jackson Co., Oregon, will receive prompt attention, as I will give all assistance in my power to claimants wishing to avail themselves of the law authorizing the sale of mineral lands.

B. F. MYER, U. S. Deputy Surveyor, Dated at my Office, near Ashland Mills, Oregon, March 24, 1871.—tlap

FOR SALE!

A HEAVY FREIGHT WAGON, almost new. Will be sold cheap if applied for soon. A two horse farm wagon, not too heavy, will be taken in part payment. For further particulars enquire at the SENTINEL office.

\$650 Per Month!

NOW READY! The Most Wonderful Book of the Nineteenth Century.

A curious Book for curious People. A sensible Book for sensible People. A good Book for everybody.

PLAIN HOME TALK

AND

Medical Common Sense.

By E. B. FOOTE, M. D.

912 PAGES, 200 ILLUSTRATIONS. Price in extra cloth..... \$3.25 Price in Cabinet Library..... 3.75 German Edition..... 3.50

IF YOU WANT TO KNOW The effects of Sexual Abstinence; Prostitution; Continence on the one hand, and Vice on the other;

IF YOU WANT TO KNOW How to have healthy babies, how to keep them healthy; how to grow up healthy; and die only of old age;

IF YOU WANT TO KNOW All about common sense remedies; Electricity; Animal Magnetism; and who believe in it;

IF YOU WANT TO KNOW All about diseases peculiar to Women; (to Striped; to the Maiden, to the Wife and Mother);

IF YOU WANT TO KNOW Valuable hints to the children; how to overcome Heredity; how to become a father; how to become a mother;

IF YOU WANT TO KNOW All about diseases peculiar to Men; their nature and treatment; (impotency, seminal weakness, &c.)

IF YOU WANT TO KNOW All about the sexual organs; cause of their disease; their influence on development; on woman and civilization;

IF YOU WANT TO KNOW All about Marriage; its history, Polygamy, Monogamy, Polyandry and Free Love;

IF YOU WANT TO KNOW The philosophy of elopement; elopement in marriage; philosophy of child making; how to perfect marriage, and a thousand things never before published.

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NOTICE.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, ROSEBURG, OGN., March 13, 1871.

COMPLAINT having been entered at this Office by N. A. Young and John N. Young against Washington Bailey for abandoning his donation upon the N. W. 1/4 of Sec. 5 and N. E. 1/4 of Section 6, Township 26 S., Range 1 W., in Jackson County, Oregon, with a view to the cancellation of said entry; the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this Office on the 5th day of April, 1871, at 1 o'clock, P. M., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

A. R. FLINT, Receiver.

Stockholders' Meeting.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the stockholders of the Rogue River Valley Woolen Manufacturing Company will be held at Ashland, on Wednesday, April 26, 1871, for the purpose of electing officers for the ensuing year, and the transaction of such other business as may be necessary for the interests of the Company.

J. M. McCALL, Pres.

C. K. KLEIN, Sec'y.

Ashland, Ogn., March 21, 1871.—4w

GEC. H. DURHAM,

Attorney-at-Law, of FRONT STREET, PORTLAND - - - OREGON.