

SATURDAY MORNING, Dec. 3, 1870.

Legislative Honors and Profits.

During the entire period of Republican ascendancy, in Oregon, positions in our State legislature, in either House, were esteemed exceedingly unprofitable, and it was with difficulty that men of suitable material could be found, who would undertake its arduous duties, with the certain knowledge that after exercising the highest degree of economy in their private expenditures, their remuneration from the State would be deficient to pay their actual expenses during the session.

"Legislative honors" were possible, but legislative profits were not in those days of sound and unpretending integrity to be anticipated.

It was reserved for some of the regularly nominated and duly elected Representatives of the infallible "Bed Rock" Democracy of this county, in the essentially Democratic legislature of 1870, to dissipate this old fogy notion, and show the people that a position in the legislature may be made even more profitable than honorable.

That the late Democratic legislature was rank with corruption cannot be denied. We have Fay's testimony in regard to the corruption of Burnett and Wells, from this county, and although this charge was made by him on the stand over two weeks ago, the accused are resting as easy under the imputation, as if their "standing in the Democratic party" alone were enough to place them above suspicion of bribery and corruption.

Did they not vote for every Democratic lobby scheme that came up before their House, and did they not also vote for the expulsion of every Republican whose seat was contested by his Democratic competitor, no matter what his majority before the people might be?

And ought such a "standing" as this to be either lessened or, impaired, even by proof that its happy possessors got two thousand dollars apiece more than their regular mileage and per diem?

And now at this day comes the Oregon Herald, more fierce and vindictive than ever in its attacks on Mr. J. D. Fay since his public exposure of the corrupt means employed by the Kelly ring to secure to its candidate the caucus nomination.

Fay first humiliated the Herald and Col. Kelly by pledging him fast in his own handwriting to support the Williams amendment; and now he adds a still further cause of grief to that ring by showing by strong inference that money as well as pledges were freely dispensed to secure Kelley's nomination.

Fay was an eye-sore to the Herald clique. He added "humiliating conditions" to Kelley's election, besides making the purchase of Burnett and Wells necessary to secure his nomination in the Senatorial caucus.

All this hidden corruption is now leaking out in this "family jar" between Fay and the Herald, and it shows conclusively that there is no such thing as honesty or patriotism in the Democratic party.

If the people of this State have any interest or pride in their prosperity at home or their reputation abroad, they must make up their minds to do without the services of these gentlemen, who in their mutual recriminations have shown themselves wholly unworthy of being entrusted with the management of public affairs.

A CHALLENGE.—We are informed that "Joe" Wells—"Chicken pie Joe"—says, if Fay will come up to Ashland and make his "chicken-pie" speech, he will show up the other side of the matter, and make Fay think his "chicken-pie" isn't a circumstance. We think it would be highly proper for Mr. Wells to do so, and if Mr. Fay should decline to make his appearance at Ashland, we think Mr. Wells should make the showing anyhow.

FOR SALEM.—Henry Klippel, Sheriff, and J. N. T. Miller and Capt. Ballard started for Salem with Thomas Brown, sentenced for 5 years for arson, and B. S. Howe and Chas. Hayden, sentenced six years each, for larceny in Benson's store, last October; on last Tuesday morning's stage. By the same stage the Deputy Sheriff of Siskiyou county, Cal., took the notorious Portland robber Shultz back to Multnomah county for trial. At least he had a man in tow, who exactly suited the description of this notorious outlaw.

State News.

The Herald says that on the morning of Nov. 27th a young man named George Bowman fell overboard from the steamer Wagon when between Springfield and Watts, on the Willamette river. He was drowned.

MURDER.—The Oregonian learns from Astoria that, last week, an old man was murdered at Astoria by two soldiers from Fort Stevens. The old man's name was Harrington, he was about 60 years. The murderers were arrested, and are now confined in the Astoria jail.

CORRECTION.—SMALL POX.—The W. Farmer says: "We were in error last week in stating that Mr. Purvine, in Polk county, had died of small pox. He is alive and well, and has not had the disease. It was a young man named Ernest who died with it. We learn from Mr. P. that another of the same family, Newton Ernest, died of small pox on last Thursday morning. He was about 22 years of age. Three more members of the family are down with the same disease, and two more, the father and mother, have recovered." Also: "Mrs. Davenport, wife of Hon. T. W. Davenport, of this county, died at her residence, near Silverton, last Monday. Her disease was small-pox, which she contracted from her husband some weeks since, and which, in her case, had assumed its worst form."

The Mountaineer says: "Hon. J. B. McLain, member of the last legislature from Baker and Union counties, has been confined for the last three weeks, at Umatilla, with the small-pox, contracted at Salem. He is now rapidly convalescing. His wife, who came from her home to nurse him, has been taken down with the same loathsome disease. No other cases have been reported in this section."

The Statesman says that a meeting of the School Land Commissioners will be held to arrange for making titles to school lands sold. This has not been done for the last two years, as no provision had been made for clerical force."

SAD ACCIDENT.—The Roseburg Ensign says that a boy named James Beckly was shot through the hand by a Mr. Senior, who was hunting, and mistook the boy for a wild animal. The hand was badly torn.

The Albany Register says: "Our mechanics are all busy as bees. Our saw mills, running to their fullest capacity, are unable to supply the present demand for lumber. Business of all kinds has greatly improved within the last two weeks, and indications are very favorable for a brisk winter season. All this is chargeable directly to—of course not to Holladay's "crushing monopoly," the Oregon & California Railroad, oh no!—but to the war in Europe!"

LITERARY.

SCRIBNER'S MONTHLY.—We have received the second number of a new monthly, bearing the above name. It is printed on handsome, large type, is profusely illustrated, and contains a large amount of excellent reading matter. Published by Scribner & Co., 654 Broadway, New York.

THE Illustrated Annual of Phrenology and Physiognomy contains a large amount of instructive reading, and is well worth the price asked for it; 25 cents. Published by Samuel R. Wells, 339 Broadway, New York.

PETERS' MUSICAL MONTHLY has come to hand. It is decidedly the best and cheapest musical publication in the United States. Published by J. L. Peters, 559 Broadway, New York, at \$3 per annum.

OVERLAND MONTHLY.—The November number of this excellent monthly contains, as usual, numerous well written and excellent articles, and we hope that it will meet with the success it so richly merits. Published by John H. Carmany & Co., San Francisco, Cal.

HEARTH AND HOME.—This paper, always an excellent family paper, has since its change of proprietors, been still further improved; and we would advise our readers to subscribe for it in preference to the New York Ledger, the New York Mercury, and other similar publications, containing principally fictitious, silly love-stories. The Hearth and Home furnishes a large amount of good wholesome reading, is finely illustrated, and is, in every respect, worthy of the patronage of the reading public. Published by Orange Judd & Co., 245 Broadway, New York, at \$3 per annum.

Another Case of "Rat-hole."

The Portland Bulletin says: "During the years in which Portland progressed slowly and steadily, merely from the force of circumstances, and because her splendid natural advantages pushed her onward, notwithstanding the blighting effects of the soulless monopoly of the Oregon Steam Navigation Company, by whose policy the trade with Eastern Oregon and Idaho was being constantly diverted from this city to California, and despite the apathy to engage in or aid any public work on the part of the capitalists so called; in all those years we never heard that anybody intended to make of Portland a "rat-hole." Even after Mr. Holladay completed the first section of twenty miles of his railroad, nothing was said of Portland becoming a "rat-hole." But when the rottenness and corruption of the old West Side Company, managed as it was by the capitalists so called, Ladd, Reed, and Co., became exposed to the public, and the transfer of the property of the old Company to another Company was accomplished, then it was discovered that Portland was to be made a "rat-hole," and that Ben Holladay was the power who was to make it so. The Herald was the Columbus of the astounding discovery. It has veered and wobbled a good deal upon the subject, and appears to be yet undecided by what particular process the "rat-hole" is to result. One day it will assert that by not bringing the Willamette Valley Railroad to Portland, Mr. Holladay will make this city a "rat-hole," and the next day it as stoutly asserts that it will be a "rat-hole" if the road shall come here. Next, the same gifted seer who has discovered the whole thing declares that it is by building up East Portland the "rat-hole" here is to come to pass, and in the next burst from him he proclaims that in spite of all Mr. Holladay can do at East Portland he can never make of Portland a "rat-hole."

To prove that those who invest in real property in this city do not repose any faith in the "rat-hole" theory of our neighbor, we might instance the many sales of real estate in every portion of the city, at constantly advancing prices. And in the portion of the city now most interested in the new ferry enterprise of the Oregon and California Railroad Company, property seems to have suddenly taken a very material rise in value. As an instance we copy from the Oregonian this:

"Mr. Davidson (the real estate agent) has the old distillery property at North Portland, for sale, and he informed us that since Ben Holladay began to build of a "rat-hole," near by, the saleable quality of the property has gone up. He has been offered \$15,000 for it, half cash down and the other half on time; but he declines to take that sum, confident that he can do much better. The demand for lots situated in the lake, now covered with water, which a year ago could hardly be given away, are now in brisk demand at prices which would have astonished the natives, not longer ago than three or four months. The owners are crying "bully for the rat hole."

WHEAT is quoted in the Portland market at 95¢ per bushel. In this market it is dull at fifty cents. If these figures we have an illustration of the drawback under which we labor in consequence of our lack of communication, Portland is on the highway of commerce, and the Oregon farmers get one dollar a bushel for their wheat. Walla Walla is thirty miles from the river, and our farmers get but fifty cents for their wheat. The other fifty cents is the tax they pay for lack of cheap means of transportation. The railroad will remedy this, and enable Walla Walla farmers to get fair prices for their produce.—Walla Walla Statesman.

The Vital Statistics of California

Show that periodical fevers and acute and chronic disorders of the stomach and bowels, are among the most prominent and fatal diseases in this State. Disobedience to the laws of health, as regards diet; the use of pernicious stimulants; and the wear and tear of business excitement, and of "fast life" generally, have much to do with the prevalence of these maladies in our cities; while in the interior, and especially in the gold-yielding districts, they are chiefly due to malaria, unwholesome water, and the exposure and privation incident to life in new settlements and mining camps. Now it is a fact that it is as possible to protect the human system against these maladies, as to assassinate and thieve. Strengthen the vital organization with HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, and it becomes capable of resisting the active principle of epidemic or endemic disease, as a fire-proof safe is of resisting the action of combustion. This is the experience of thousands who have remained unscathed by malarious disorders in the sickliest seasons, while their neighbors, who neglected to tone and regulate their systems with this unequalled medicinal stimulant have fallen thick and fast around them. Weakness invites disease. Vigor repels it. Help nature to fight the good fight with infection, whether it be in the air, the water, or the soil, with this matchless preparation—a compound of the rarest vegetable extracts with the purest of all diffusive stimulants.

Late Telegrams.

LONDON, Nov. 25th.—Feeling in financial circles at this hour may be fairly called panic. There is no doubt but that the Russian Government is very firm in her demands.

Formal surrender of Thionville occurred this morning. Town has been burning since Tuesday. Duke of Mecklenburg is urging immediate advance on the French army of the Loire. Skirmishes have already occurred between outposts of Neuville and Mezieres in Department of the Loire. Moehles from Amiens have been repulsed by Prussians. Flight of French very disorderly.

BERLIN, Nov. 25th.—Parliament asks for one hundred million thalers, to bring the war to an end. The Berlin press says the signs are that the war is nearly at an end. Hundreds of the regular French troops who form a part of the garrison of Paris, are daily offering to surrender, and all else they are starving. All except those who are sick, are turned back by the Germans.

LONDON, Nov. 26th.—A telegram coming from all other authorities has just been given to the public here, announcing that Paris is still confident, and that there is subsistence in the city for two months and a half, bread for eight months, and wine and brandy for a year. Telegram says further, that French are erecting additional defenses on all sides.

LONDON, Nov. 27th.—The German plans for the investment of Orleans have fallen into the hands of the French. Fighting occurred on Friday. The garrison of New Belfort made another sortie, and were driven back. An engagement occurred near Beavix. The French drove the enemy back with bayonets. The German loss is very heavy. It is reported that Chateau Dan was taken by the Germans. Neuville has been bombarded. The World's special claims a victory for the French troops at Vendonne on Friday. Prussians failed in their attempts to turn French left wing.

LONDON, Nov. 27th.—Prussia offers to mediate between England and Russia. The Queen of England is resolved to prevent war if possible, and a conference of Powers is expected.

TORONTO, Nov. 28th.—Battle all Sunday between Villers and Salenx, near Amiens. French maintained position up to half-past 4, when Villers was abandoned before superior numbers and artillery of Prussians. French were beaten at Boves, but at Dury maintained their position. Three thousand Germans were engaged.

LYONS, Nov. 28th.—Garibaldi in marching last night from Pasques, vigorously attacked outposts of Prussian rifles. Aid coming to the latter, Garibaldians were repulsed with great disorder, abandoning arms, etc. Gen. Werder to-day overtook the rear guard near Pasques, by taking a circuit around Blomheris. French lost 350 killed and wounded. Prussians lost 15. It is said Menotti Garibaldi commanded two thousand men. Seventy cannon were captured by the capitulation of Laforie. Southern forts around Paris maintained a lively fire throughout Saturday night. In reconnoitering at Orleans, the Tenth Prussian corps encountered the Twentieth French corps, and drove it from the position at Sadone with serious loss. On Saturday, several French companies attacked the Prussians, and were repulsed with loss of forty French. German loss trifling. The French General was captured.

REGULAR TRAINS.—The O. & C. Railroad having been completed to Jefferson, eight miles from this city, on the Santiam river, it is announced that trains will commence making regular trips from that point through to Salem the first of next month—next Thursday. As a sufficiency of iron has been received, it cannot be many days are our city will be greeted by the shrill whistle of the first iron horse that ever invaded its precincts.—Albany Register.

BORN.

OVERBECK.—At Jacksonville, on Nov. 20th, to the wife of Dr. A. B. Overbeck, a daughter.

FISHER.—At Jacksonville, on Nov. 30th, to the wife of Newman Fisher, a daughter.

A CARD.

PHOENIX, OGN., Dec. 1, 1870.

Ed. SENTINEL.—Please permit me, through the columns of your paper, to return my sincere thanks to my late acquaintances and friends of Del Norte county, Cal., for the untiring energy they displayed in presenting to the citizens in this county my character and standing, for the past fifteen years, among them as a man and a citizen. Should a similar misfortune ever befall Robinson (the man who testified against me as no gentleman could) then indeed he would be unfortunate, as it would be madness for him to put his character at issue before any Court in the world.

3dec1. WESLEY MITCHELL.

A Family Sewing Machine, or a Silver Watch, given to every club of subscribers to ARNOLD'S MAGAZINE. Persons raising half a club have the choice of a set of Silver Forks, Table or Tea Spoons. Agents wanted, male and female. Large wages paid. Send for full particulars. Address FRANCIS & CO., care of Box 2021, San Francisco, Cal.

NEW TO-DAY.

CHRISTMAS PARTY!



Thursday Eve, Dec. 22, 1870.

L. J. White's Hotel, Rock Point

The undersigned will give a Grand Ball, at the day above mentioned. Good music, an excellent supper will be provided; and a good time generally may be confidently expected.

L. J. WHITE.
Rock Point, Dec. 3, 1870.

!!READ THIS!!

DRY AS A FISH!

LET HIM WHO IS THIRSTY CALL ON L. HENRY A. BREITBARTH, AT THE

Bella Union,

and he will be relieved. The undersigned has reduced the price of ALL drinks to 12 1/2 cents a drink. The League, Wagon & Co. are the sole proprietors of those formerly sold by Mr. L. J. White at 25 cents a drink. Fresh Lager always kept on hand. Bella Union, fifty points for the drinks.

HENRY A. BREITBARTH.
Jacksonville, Dec. 3, 1870, -tf

HOLIDAY PARTY!

L. HORNE, informs his friends and patrons that he will give a

CHRISTMAS PARTY.

On Monday Eve, Dec. 26th,

AT THE

UNITED STATES HOTEL.

The best of Music in the County has been secured, and every effort will be made to insure general enjoyment and comfort. The proprietor thanks the public for their past liberal patronage, and hopes to renew his obligation again.

L. HORNE.
Jacksonville, Nov. 29, 1870.

NOTICE

I hereby give to my wife, C. L. Lewman, all her right, title and interest in and to the land described in the following description, to wit: The N. W. 1/4 of N. E. 1/4 of S. E. 1/4 of Sec. 31, T. 37, S. R. 2 W.; The N. E. 1/4 of N. W. 1/4 of S. E. 1/4 of Sec. 31, T. 37, S. R. 2 W.;

Containing 39 acres; under the provisions of the act of Congress relating to placer mining lands.

Witness my hand, this 11th day of November, 1870.

JOHN PLATTNER.

ROSEBURG LAND OFFICE, OGN., November 14, 1870.

It is ordered by the Register and Receiver that the above notice in the mineral application of John Plattner be published for ninety (90) days in the OREGON SENTINEL, a weekly newspaper of general circulation, published at Jacksonville, Oregon.

W. R. WILLIS, Register, A. R. FLINT, Receiver, -26my30d

NOTICE

I hereby give to the undersigned, will apply to the Register and Receiver of the Land Office at Roseburg, Oregon, to enter the following described placer mining land, and to procure a patent for the same to wit:

The N. W. 1/4 of N. E. 1/4 of S. E. 1/4 of Sec. 31, T. 37, S. R. 2 W.;

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FOR SALE.

THE "UNION HOTEL"

At KERRYVILLE, Josephine county, Oregon, is for sale, on reasonable terms, the building is large and well furnished, and for any one who desires to "keep Hotel," it is an excellent opportunity to purchase.

Terms and particulars can be ascertained by applying to the undersigned, the present proprietor, W. A. LIND.

Kerryville, November 5, 1870.—4m

NOTICE.

TO JAMES A. HAYS, a donation claimant:

You are hereby notified that the affidavits of S. G. Taylor and Wm. M. Mathen have been filed in this office, alleging that you abandoned your donation claim under the Act of Sec. 2, and the Act of Sec. 1 of Sec. 3, in the N. E. 1/4 of N. W. 1/4 of S. E. 1/4 of Sec. 31, T. 37, S. R. 2 W., and that December 3, 1870, at 1 o'clock p. m., you had been filed upon for the bearing thereof at our office, and unless you appear and file evidence in support of your claim the same will be considered abandoned as alleged, and cancelled upon the books of our office.

W. R. WILLIS, Register, A. R. FLINT, Receiver.

Roseburg Land Office, OGN., October 27, 1870.

Flour! Flour!! Flour!!!

THE subscribers having purchased the Washington or Horwood MILL, are now prepared to make flour equal to any in the market. Farmers are invited to bring their wheat and are guaranteed satisfaction.

MCKENZIE & AMY.
Washington Mill, Aug. 7, 1869.



B. F. DOWELL,

Attorney at Law,
JACKSONVILLE, OREGON.

Will spend this winter in Washington, D. C.

AGENT FOR PROCURING

BOUNTIES, PENSIONS, ARREARS OF PAY,

Prize money, Pay for Horses, Steamboats and other property lost and destroyed while in the service of the United States, or in Oregon and Washington Territories in 1855-6, or California Indian Wars, and for Quartermaster's Stores or Subsistence Supplies taken for the Army; and for the prosecution of Claims of all kinds AGAINST THE UNITED STATES.

Ordinance and Quartermaster's Accounts adjusted, and Certificates of Non-Indebtedness procured for discharged officers.

Under this Act, all soldiers, or widows, children or parents of deceased soldiers, who received any Bounty prior to July 28, 1868, are entitled to \$50 or \$100 increased Bounty.

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