

Peter Britt,
Photographic Artist,
 JACKSONVILLE, OREGON.
Ambrotypes,
Photographs,
Cartes de Visite
 DONE IN THE FINEST STYLE OF ART.
Pictures Reduced
 OR ENLARGED TO LIFE SIZE.

RAILROAD SALOON
M. A. BRENTANO
CONDUCTOR,
 Various Liquors and Cigars always on hand.

THROUGH TICKETS
 12 1/2 CENTS.

NEW STATE SALOON.
 DRINKS 12 1/2 CENTS.
 The thirsty public are informed that PAPE & SAVAGE of the NEW STATE SALOON will quench their thirst with the most choice beverages to be found in Jacksonville for ONE BIT. We expect to lose money by it, but times are hard, and we cannot see people go thirsty.
 16 Oct 69 PAPE & SAVAGE.

DR'S BUSH & McALISTER,
DENTISTS,
 704, Market Cor. Kearny Sts.
 SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

DR. McALISTER, of the above firm, will visit Jacksonville sometime in August next, and will attend to all business in his line. He will give notice of the time of his return through the columns of this paper.

O. P. S. PLUMMER, M. D.,
Surgeon & Physician.

Having established my telegraphic headquarters at Jacksonville, I will spend a large portion of my time in your midst, and will attend to such surgical practice as may present, giving especial attention to the surgical treatment of female maladies.
 October 3, 1869—6m

DR. A. B. OVERBECK,
Physician & Surgeon,
 JACKSONVILLE, OREGON.
 Office at his residence, in the Old Overbeck Hospital, on Oregon Street.

DR. E. H. GREENMAN,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
 OFFICE: Corner of C & Fifth Sts.
 [at his residence.]
 JACKSONVILLE, OREGON.

He will practice in Jackson and adjacent counties, and attend promptly to professional calls. feb21f

DR. A. B. OVERBECK'S
BATH ROOMS,
 In the Overbeck Hospital,
 WARM, COLD & SHOWER BATHS,
 SUNDAYS AND WEDNESDAYS.

DR. L. DANFORTH,
Physician and Surgeon,
 HAS permanently located on the Fort Lane Ranch, two miles north of the Willow Springs, and offers his professional services to the people of Jackson and Josephine counties.

DOWELL & WATSON,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
 Jacksonville, Oregon.

DR. L. T. DAVIS,
 OFFICE—ON PINE STREET,
 Opposite the Old
ARKANSAS LIVERY STABLE.
 Jacksonville, Oregon.

PACIFIC UNIVERSITY,
 FOREST GROVE, - - - OREGON.

REV. S. H. MARSH, D. D. President.
 REV. H. LYMAN, A. M. Prof. of Mathematics.
 GEO. H. COLLIER, A. M. Prof. of Natural Science.
 JOS. W. MARSH, A. M. Prof. of Language.
 A. J. ANDERSON, A. M. Principal of Academy.
 MRS. A. J. ANDERSON, Proceptrix.

FOUR COURSES OF STUDY—Academic, Scientific, Collegiate and Ladies Collegiate. Music taught.
 Academy Year begins the Last Wednesday of July. College year begins the first Monday of August next.
 For particulars address S. H. MARSH.

Oregon Sentinel.

VOL. XV.

JACKSONVILLE, SATURDAY, MARCH 19, 1870.

NO. 9.

HERE WE ARE AGAIN

WITH
Lots of
NEW GOODS!

SACHS BRO'S
 HAVE JUST RECEIVED THE
 Finest and most Complete Stock
 OF

DRY GOODS,
 LADIES HATS AND CLOAKS,
 HOSIERY,
 CHILDREN'S SHOES,
 MISSES' SHOES,
 LADIES' SHOES,
 FANCY GOODS,
 CARPETS,
 CLOTHING,
 BOOTS,
 MEN'S AND BOYS' HATS,
 CROCKERY,
 GROCERIES,
 LIQUORS,
 TOBACCO, &c., &c.,
 And thousands of other articles too numerous to mention.

WE DON'T ADVERTISE
PRICES,

But will assure you, that we can and will sell Goods of all kinds

CHEAPER FOR CASH,
 Than anywhere else in this county.

NO MONEY
 is what we need, and Goods we MUST Sell.
 Call around to our Store on California street and see us.
 We will show you our Goods with pleasure.

SACHS BRO'S.
 We call your particular attention to our fine stock of Ladies', Misses', and Children's Shoes, also Men's Boots, which were made in San Francisco.
 Jacksonville, Oct. 9, 1869.

FRANCO-AMERICAN
HOTEL AND RESTAURANT,
 OPPOSITE THE

Odd Fellow's Hall,
 Jacksonville, Oregon.

Travelers and resident boarders will find

MADAME GILFOYLE'S
BEDS AND BEDDING
 Placed in first class order, and in every way superior to any in this section, and unsurpassed by any in the State.

HER ROOMS ARE NEWLY FURNISHED,
 And a plentiful supply of the best of every thing the market affords will be obtained for

HER TABLE.
 Hereafter, her House will be kept open all night, and square meals can be had at any time through the night. Orders prepared in every style, lunches etc. to be had. Stage passengers, and others, out late at night, can always find a good fire, hot meals, and good beds at the above restaurant.

No trouble will be spared to deserve the patronage of the traveling as well as the permanent community.
 Jacksonville, Dec. 25, 1869.

EAGLE BREWERY!
JOS. WETHERER Prop'r.

THE BEST OF LAGER BEER KEPT CONSTANTLY ON HAND; sold by the keg, gallon, or glass. Seeing is believing, give me a call and judge for yourself.
 Jacksonville, Jan. 15, 1870—4f

THE OREGON SENTINEL,

PUBLISHED
 Every Saturday Morning by
B. F. DOWELL,
 OFFICE, CORNER 'C' & THIRD STREETS.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

For one year, in advance, four dollars; if not paid within the first six months of the year, five dollars; if not paid until the expiration of the year, six dollars.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING:

One square (10 lines or less), first insertion, three dollars; each subsequent insertion, one dollar. A discount of fifty per cent. will be made to those who advertise by the year. Legal tenders received at current rates.

CHRONOLOGICAL RECORD
OF THE WAR FOR THE UNION,
 with a patriotic song, selected by
 B. F. DOWELL, Attorney, Jacksonville, Oregon—No. 2.

America—

My country, 'tis of thee,
 Sweet land of Liberty,
 Of thee I sing;
 Land where my fathers died,
 Land of the Pilgrim's pride;
 From every mountain side,
 Let freedom ring.

My native country! thee,
 Land of the noble free,
 Thy name I love;
 I love thy rocks and rills,
 Thy woods and templed hills;
 My heart with rapture thrills,
 Like that above.

Let music swell the breeze,
 And ring from all the trees,
 Sweet freedom's song;
 Let mortal tongues awake;
 Let all that breathe partake,
 Let rocks their silence break,
 The sound prolong.

1862.
 Sept. 7. Port Hudson, La. Com. Porter.
 7. Clarksville, Tenn. Col. Lowe.
 8. Near Poolesville, Md. Major Chapman.
 8. Lexington, Ky. Destruction of Government stores.
 9. Near Gauley, Va. 2d. Virginia Cavalry.
 9. Williamsburg, Va. Col. Campbell.
 9. Pleasanton, Hall, Mo. Col. Burris.
 10. Fayette, Va. Col. Siber.
 10. Poolesville, Md. Col. Farnsworth.
 12. At Dr. Williamson's, 7 miles from Baltimore, Md. Baltimore Police.
 12. Occupation of Frederick, Md. by Federal troops.
 12. Elk River, Va. Col. Lightburn.
 12. Bloomfield, Mo. Col. Boyd.
 13. Evacuation of Maryland Heights.
 14. Mountfordville, Ky. Col. Wilder.
 14. South Mountain, Md. Gens. Hooker and Ross.
 14. Burkittsville, Gap, Md. Gen. Franklin.
 14. Near Hagerstown, Md. Capture of rebel train of 60 wagons.
 14. Prentiss, Miss. burnt by Federal gunboats.
 15. Boonsboro, Md. Gen. Pleasanton.
 15. Franklin, N. C. Maj. Stetzel.
 15. Harper's Ferry, Va. Col. Miles.
 15. Near Cavetown, Md. Col. McReynolds.
 16. Sharpsburg, Md. Gen. McClellan.
 16. Dranesville, Va. 10th N. Y. and 1st Pa. Cav.
 17. Antietam, Md. Gen. McClellan.
 17. Gosse Creek, Va. Lieut-Col Kilpatrick.
 18. Pittsburg, Pa. Explosion of U.S. Arsenal.
 19. Dam No 4, Potomac River Gen. Pleasanton.
 19. Inka, Miss. Gen. Hamilton.
 20. Evacuation of Harper's Ferry, Va. by rebel forces.
 20. Owensboro, Ky. Lieut-Col Wood.
 20. Ahsby's Gap. Blue Ridge, Va. Col. R. B. Price.
 21. Shepherdsville, Ky. Col. Granger.
 21. Mumfordsville, Ky. Gen. McCook.
 23. Near Elizabethtown, Ky. Col. Ed. McCook.
 27. Augusta, Ky.
 29. Warrenton, Va. Gen. Stahl.
 29. Near Elizabethtown, Ky. Col. Kennett.

- Oct. 1. Shepherdsdown, Va. Gen. Pleasanton.
 1. Floyd's Fork, Ky. Gen. Sill.
 3-4 Corinth, Miss. Gen. Rosecrans.
 4. Near Franklin, N. C. Cap. Flusser.
 4. Near Hancock, Md. 54th Pa.
 4. Pau-Pan, Md. Col. McReynolds.
 4. Near Harlemlville, Ky. Lieut. Morris.
 5. Charlestown, Va. Captain W. P. Saunders.
 5. Iuka, Miss. Gen. Hamilton.
 5. Hatchie River, Miss. Gen. Ord.

6. Newtonia, Mo. Col. Solomon.
 8. Aldie, Va. Gen. Sigel.
 8. Near Perryville, Ky. Gen. McCook.
 9. Perryville Ky. Gen. Buell.
 10. Mercersburg, and Chambersburg Pa. captured by rebel troops.
 12. Occupation of Lexington.
 14. Capture of 70 rebels near Lawrenceburg.
 20. 7 miles East of Mansfield, Mo.
 50. Clarksville, Mo. Capt. Rogers.
 21. Lovettsville, Va. Gen. Slocum.
 22. Hedgesville, near Martinsburg, Va.
 22. Near Mansfield, Mo. Lieut-Col Stuart.
 23. Maysville, Mo. Gen. Blunt.
 23. Waverly, Tenn.
 23. Point Lick, and Big Hill, Ky.
 24. Morgantown, Ky. Col. Bruce.
 27. Snicker's Gap. Va. Gen. Pleasanton.
 27. Gallatin Pike, Gen. Negley.
 27. Fayetteville, Ohio, Gen. Herron.
 31. Mortville, Va. Stuart.

- Nov. 3. Rose Hill, Mo. Catherwood.
 4. Markham, Va.
 4. Ashby's Gap occupied by our cavalry.
 4. Lagrange, Miss. occupied by Gen. Grant.
 5. New Baltimore, Va.
 5. Near Nashville, Tenn.
 6. Warrenton, Va. occupied by McClellan's advance.
 8. Little Washington, Va.
 8. Gaines' Cross Roads.
 9. Near Moorefield, Va.
 10. Fredericksburg, Va. Cavalry.
 11. Fredericksburg, Va. Artillery.
 13. Holly Springs, occupied by our Forces.
 14. Garretttsburg, Ky. Gen. Grant.
 12. Fayetteville, Ark. Artillery.
 18. Rural Hill, Tenn.
 19. Suffolk, Va.
 20. Charleston, Va.
 28-29 Vicksburg, Ark.
 28. Cane Hill, Ark.

- Dec. 3. Winchester, Va. Gen. Geary.
 2. King George Court House Union cavalry suprid.
 6. Cane Hill, Ark.
 7. Prairie Grove, Ark.
 7. Hartsville, Tenn.
 7. Fayetteville, Ark.
 7. Ariel captured by the Alabama.
 8. Lake City Steamer, destroyed by the rebels.
 9. Rolling Fork Morgan's Guerilla band attacked.
 9. Laverge, Tenn.
 10. Plymouth, N. C. destroyed by rebels.
 10. Near Nashville, Tenn.
 11. Fredericksburg, Va. shelled.
 12. Near Suffolk, Va.
 12. Fredericksburg, Va. Artillery duel.
 13. Fredericksburg, Va. Gen. Battle.
 13. Kingston, N. C.
 13. Battle of Zuni.
 14. Yelville, Ark.
 14. James Island, N. C.
 15. Burnside's Army re-cross the Rappahannock.
 17. Baton Rouge re-captured.
 17. Goldsboro' N. C.
 18. Yazoo River, destruction of gun-boat Cairo.
 19. Accoquan Creek.
 19. Jackson, Tenn.

Letter from B. F. Dowell.
 WASHINGTON, D. C.,
 February 14, 1870.
 SHOO FLY!

While the general appropriation bill was under discussion in the House, last week, little Sunset Cox, of Democratic proclivities, and Gen. Butler, made a pass at each other, which much amused the House and spectators.

Cox ironically accused Butler of being an excellent general, very brave, and extremely economical, with noble, moral, hightoned principles.

Mr. Cox said, "It has been charged by the gentleman from Nevada [Mr. Fitch] that the gentleman from Massachusetts ran away from this Congress and from his guardianship of the interests of Virginia for the purpose of making money in his profession. I defend the member from Massachusetts. He never ran away. [Laughter.] He would not run away as a soldier and he would not run away as a statesman. He is always here when there is trouble. I say now, in his defense, that I believe his motion is made in perfect good faith. He would, if possible, save this small amount of mileage in the interest of this Republic. He loves the people of this country. He would not take mileage either in currency or in gold. He would stand by economy on this little matter. But why did he not stand by his colleague [Mr. Dawes] the other day on a matter connected with these large expenditures in the Navy and other Departments? Why do his political associates on the other side refuse to allow us information upon these matters when we propose to obtain it by resolutions of inquiry? More than that, I defend the honorable member from Massachusetts against

the insidious assault made on him by the gentleman from Illinois, [Mr. Farnsworth.] What does the gentleman from Illinois mean when he intimates that the gentleman from Massachusetts gets money outside of Congress? I would not stand it if I were the member from Massachusetts. [Laughter.] I think it peculiarly fortunate that the Democratic party, represented in an humble way by myself, can defend one who was formerly an honored and distinguished associate, who even went further than his party friends in standing by the cause of the South in perilous times. If there is one gentleman whom I love to defend more than another, not only in his military, but in his economical career, commencing with the Dutch Gap canal and running through all his conduct, connected as it is with his noble, moral hightoned principles respecting the policy of this Government, it is the gentleman from Massachusetts. [Great laughter.]

When Mr. Cox finished, all eyes were turned upon Mr. Butler. He arose, and said:

"At first I desire to get out of this all there is of argument to the prejudice. I have moved merely at the mileage and not at the compensation of members. I think any man who is fit to be here is fit to have \$5,000 for his service; and I do not know but more.

Why, sir, is the fact that I am able in my profession to earn something to help myself with used as an argument why the people should pay more than they ought to those who have no ability to earn anything elsewhere to take care of themselves? [Laughter.] Now, I desire to say further that I have no wish to cut down the salary of members. I state again that the mileage operates unequally and therefore unjustly, and if any gentleman will move for a fair sum to be appropriated to pay the actual expenses of members in travel I will consider whether I can vote for it. And I am glad on this great matter of economy—for here is half a million to be saved—there can be found no argument against it, either by the gentleman from Illinois or by any other member, than insinuations against me that nobody dare speak out loud. As to the vituperation of the member from New York [Mr. Cox] he will hear my answer to him by every boy that whistles it on the street and every hard-organ, "Shoo, fly; don't bodder me!" [Long-continued laughter and applause.]

MISCELLANEOUS.
 Mrs. Bickwell said in Detroit the other day that there are 15,000,000 women in America who wanted their rights, and were going to have them, with the aid of their 15,000,000 tongues.

Nothing of practical importance has transpired in Washington, during the week. The Housebill admitting Mississippi has been under discussion in the Senate all the week, without reaching a vote. The Senate will probably add the same conditions to this that are in the admission of Virginia.
 D. S. Thompson, of Oregon City, has a large contract for surveying the Nez Perce Indian Reservation, in Idaho. The Commissioner of the General Land Office will recommend that the appropriation for surveying the public lands in Oregon be increased \$15,000. Ben. Holladay left for New York last night. From there he intends to return overland to San Francisco. He is a practical, hightoned gentleman. He will be an energetic, useful citizen to Oregon.

WORK OF CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEE.
 The Senate Judiciary Committee met yesterday morning and heard an extended argument from the Bullock Georgia delegation; and subsequently accorded a hearing to the anti-Bullock delegation. Both were examined closely as to whether Messrs. Hill and Miller, United States Senators elect, could be elected to the present purified Legislature of Georgia, which developed the fact that Miller could and Hill could not.

Miscellaneous Items.
 A social glass to which ladies are addicted—The mirror.
 Barbers and carpenters are of the same trade—They are both shavers.
 Kosuth is writing his autobiography, which is to be published in six languages simultaneously.

In Johnson county, Kansas, corn is now being burnt as fuel, as it was once in times before the war.

At the conclusion of a tin wedding, in Hartford, the couple found a baby on the door step, which somewhat marred the harmony of the hour.

A Connecticut farmer recently killed a turkey that did not lay, and found inside of her eleven perfectly formed eggs, with perfect shells, and full size.

Correspondence.
 WASHINGTON, D. C.,
 February 18, 1870.

A BILL TO ABOLISH POLYGAMY.
 The bill to abolish polygamy was before the House yesterday, and will be continued to-day. The officers of the Internal Revenue Department of Utah are using their influence in favor of the bill. Brigham's refusal to pay his internal revenue taxes, will be made a strong point against the continuing of his pet institution, Mormonism. Those revenue officers before the Committee, have testified to some of the most astounding revelations, which if true, are more against the way polygamy is carried on under Young than polygamy itself.

Mr. J. H. Beadle, Editor of the "Utah Reporter," the only Gentile paper in the Territory, testifies that he believes that polygamy might be abolished. He stated in answer to a question, "What is the endowment house?" that it was a large building into which no profane gentile person was ever allowed to enter, but said there were three written accounts; one by Elder John Hyde, Jr. who preached mormanism six years in England, and on returning to Utah, became disgusted with it, and on getting out of the territory when sent on another mission, he apostatized. The second was from Mrs. Smith, the daughter of Silas Corey, of Cornellsville, N. Y. and the third, was by a lady, whose name he had forgotten. These accounts, only differing in detail, makes out that there are held in it exhibitions, dramatised, representing Adam and Eve in the Garden of Eden; the temptation of the Serpent, Adam transgressing, and the condition of man after Adam's transgression; the opposition among the different sects, and their errors; and represents that Peter, James and John, descended, and anoints Joe Smith and others to be their successors; then follows the initiation of the candidates into the four orders of the priesthood. For the violation of the oaths administered in taking these orders, for the first, the penalty is to have the heart torn out; the second, to have the throat cut from ear to ear; the third, to have the blood spilt upon the ground; and the fourth, to have the bowels slit across.

MORALS OF WASHINGTON.
 The excitement of "society" here for the past Sabbath has been unprecedented. The Philadelphia Sunday Mercury has thrown two "bomb shells into camp," which have set the people all agog. The writer of the articles in this paper is not certainly known, only surmised. Some say a man, some say a woman, and others claim that both sexes have had a hand in them. The articles charge gross immorality upon certain Senators, and upon certain ladies, who flourish at the National Hotel, and who figure extensively in fashionable circles. The writer, whoever he or she may be, has undertaken the task of purifying the moral atmosphere of Washington—a hopeless task. All capitals are slightly touched with moral taint, and it seems impossible to separate legislation from weak morals. This moral reformer's letters smack more of personal pique, than honesty of purpose. These exposures, if exposures they be, are calculated to harrow up personal feelings, but fall without good effect, and possibly with really bad effect upon society. The feeling of horror soon subsides, and the parties implicated move in society as brilliantly as ever.

PATENTS.
 The act of issuing patents is held to be no part of the official duty of the Secretary of the Interior. The primary application is to the Commissioner of the Land Office, and the Secretary has nothing to do with the matter except on appeal. The duty of signing and sealing patents is devolved on the President and certain officers prescribed by law, and is not the business of the Secretary of the Interior.

LABOR CONGRESS.
 The Labor Congress Address will be a decided improvement on its predecessors. It will take broader and more comprehensive grounds, throw off much of the crudities of the one dead men who naturally came like froth to the surface, in the beginning of all great movements. In a word it will be adapted to harmonize and unite all the clashing interests, organization and workers of all classes, in one great movement for the common good. This document has been prepared with great care, and will exhibit as a State paper, an ability equal to the demands of the hour and occasion. The labor and financial question, being prominent, are discussed at length, and I am informed that they have already prepared the draught of a bill designed to cover their plan.

The Address will contain a true statement of their views on Rights of labor, hours of labor &c., and declares fully in favor of a labor party, and against all old parties and party politicians.

LIFE.
 JOHN P. Hale, ex-minister to Madrid, is to have a public reception at Dover, (N. H.); and begin public life over again, by running for the State legislature.

A Wisconsin youth, sued for breach of promise, offered to compromise, by marrying the girl, if the Court would protect him from those other girls who had the same tender claims upon him.

A SHOEMAKER is wanted in Ely District, Nevada.