THE OREGON SENTINEL.

MARCH ....10th, 1866.

California and Oregon Mean Time.

California.

	SUN RISES.	SETS.
March 10th, - - - - -	6h. 20m. M.—	6h. 2m. A.
March 11th, - - - - -	6h. 18m. M.—	6h. 3m. A.

Day's Length, - - - 11h. 45m.

Oregon.

	SUN RISES.	SETS.
March 10th, - - - - -	6h. 21m. M.—	6h. 1m. A.
March 11th, - - - - -	6h. 19m. M.—	6h. 2m. A.

Day's Length, - - - 11h. 43m.

Clock fast, 10m. 14sec.
JOHN F. HOUCK.

Letter from Hon. Mr. Henderson.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 1st, 1866.

Ed. Statesman: You will doubtless feel and anxiety to know what course will be taken by Congress in reference to those States that have been in rebellion against the Government of the United States; and, as a matter of course, no one can tell at present what it will be; but from indications during the short time it was in session, I arrived at about the following conclusions, viz: First, that there will be no serious division among Union men, although there is a great variety of sentiment among them, and perhaps no two of them would agree in every particular, yet there is no fixed determination upon the part of any to have everything their own way or "sink the ship." There are probably not more than three extreme men in Congress, if there is a single one, who would rather see the Union party dissolved and defeated, and the secessionists and rebels in possession of the Government, than to yield any portion of his theory. As a matter of course, the true friends of the Government will make many concessions in regard to points of policy, rather than endanger the interests of the country by encouraging division among its friends. Senator Sumner and Wilson have taken *radical* grounds, but I do not believe they would persist in their peculiar views so far as to endanger the existence of the party that has saved our beloved country. As they know that the Union party in the Senate is strong enough to carry its points without their votes, they may still stand alone. Thad. Stevens, in the House, may do the same thing, as he knows the Union party is abundantly strong to do without his vote.

The Tennessee members, and, in short, all who can take the "Congressional oath," will be admitted to seats this session; but that oath will not be repealed until near the close of the present session, if then.

Amendments to the Constitution of the United States have been already introduced; one to have representation in Congress based upon the number of voters, instead of population in the States. This will certainly pass Congress at the present session, whether it will be ratified by three fourths of the States or not. Another, to secure to the blacks the right of franchise, I think it very doubtful whether this will pass or not. It may pass, with the view of letting the States, or rather the *people* of the States *decide* on the question for themselves. No doubt many would vote for such an amendment, not because they are disposed to refer the matter to the people.

We will be called to say whether the negro shall vote in the District of Columbia or not, in a short time, and, as the representative of the people of Oregon, it appears to me that consistency would say that I should vote against it, because we do not let them vote in our own State, and Oregonians, I presume, would not wish to force negro suffrage on other people while they are unwilling to take it on themselves, and especially as the people of this district have no vote in choosing their representatives. Whenever States establish negro suffrage at home, their representatives may consistently vote for it here. This reasoning appears to me to be correct.

Voorhees, of Indiana, one of the vilest Copperheads in Congress, introduced a string of resolutions in the House, just before the adjournment for the holidays, indorsing and eulogizing the President in the strongest terms, and pledging Congress to stand by and sustain him in his policy of reconstruction, which he unquestionably did, with a view to creating a division among Union men. And here is the hope of the Copperhead party—that is *division among Union men*; and if we are foolish enough to divide among ourselves, then they ought to beat us.

Although the President may have committed some errors (for to err is human), yet it would be infinitely better, according to my judgment, to bear with these than to divide the Union party, and thereby throw the Government into the hands of rebels and Copperheads. Between these there is a perfect affinity—they as naturally run together as drops of the same fluid.

While I advise union among Union men, I am far from favoring the abandonment of principle. The freedom of the emancipated slaves their right to "life, liberty and the" untrammeled "pursuit of happiness," the right of the Government to suppress insurrection and punish treason, can be surrendered under no circumstances. But at what particular time members from the States that have been in rebellion shall be admitted to seats in Congress—whether the negroes shall be at once admitted to the privileges of franchise, or whether they shall undergo some system of training first—are mere questions of policy, and should never be suffered to divide the friends and supporters of our glorious Union.

J. H. D. HENDERSON.

P. S.—Since writing the above, I learn that Senator Wilson has not taken the extreme ground that I thought he had.

J. H. D. H.

The New Code of South Carolina.

The following synopsis of the new Code of South Carolina, as reported by the committee appointed by its State Convention, will doubtless interest the members of our State Legislature, which is to convene at the Capital to-morrow:

"Persons of color are thereby defined to be all free negroes, mulattoes, mestizoes, freedmen and freedwomen and their descendants through either sex. Those, however who may have seven-eights or more of Caucassian blood are deemed and declared to be white persons.

"The rights and remedies respecting, persons or property, and the duties and liabilities under the law, whether civil or criminal, which apply to white persons, are extended to persons of color, except where modified by the regulations instituted.

"The first subject treated for is the relation of husband and wife. This relation is fully established and recognized. The evidence of its existence is declared to be cohabitation and reputation, or acknowledgement by the respective parties. Those who now live as such are held to be in legal marriage. Hereafter this which the law regards as a civil contract is required to be duly solemnized either by a Minister of the Gospel, the District Judge, a Magistrate or any other judicial officer.

"All children heretofore born are declared to be legitimate.

"The following are incompetent to contract marriage: Males under twenty-one and females under eighteen years of age, those who are paupers or a charge to the public, and apprentices or persons bound to labor or service by contract until the expiration of such apprenticeship or term of service or labor.

"The husband is forbidden under any pretext to abandon his wife, and in case he shall so do or fail to maintain her and his children, he shall, upon sufficient proof, be bound to service by the District Judge from year to year, and the profits of his labor applied to their maintenance. Such an abandonment renders the wife competent to engage for service and to have all the rights of an unmarried woman, except the right to re contract marriage. In case there should be two or more reputed husbands or wives, the parties are required to select and the ceremony of marriage is to be performed.

"The father is to support all of his children, whether they be born of one of his reputed wives, or of any other woman.

"The relations of guardian and ward are substantially the same as they now exist in this state."—*Atlanta Intelligencer.*

WASHINGTON, March 2d.

The Congressional Committee for the circulation of documents among the people have made arrangements for a most thorough diffusion of such documents as will put all questions connected with reconstruction fully and fairly before the country. It is charged that this Committee is bent upon sending only the most radical speeches, but the character of the men composing the Committee is a sufficient guarantee of the falsity of the allegation.

The Miscellaneous Appropriation Bill, as it passed the House, included the following: For the survey of public lands in California, $30,000; Oregon and Washington, 20,000 each; Colorado, $10,000.

NEW YORK TRIBUNE FOR 1866.

Our most momentous, arduous struggle having resulted in the triumph of American Nationality, the utter discomfiture and overthrow of Secession and Slavery, THE TRIBUNE, profoundly rejoicing in this result, will labor to conceive the legitimate fruits of this grand, benignant victory by rendering Liberty and Opportunity the common heritage of the whole American People now and evermore.

Discountenancing all unmanly exultation over or needless infliction of pain or privation on the upholders of the lost cause, it will insist on the earliest possible restoration of the Southern States to their former power and influence in our Union, on the basis of All Rights for All their People.

It will labor in hope to prove that the substitution of Free for Slave Labor must inevitably and universally conduce to the increase of Industry, Thrift, Prosperity and Wealth, so that the South, within the next ten years, must look back amazed on her long persistence in a practice so baleful as the chattelizing of Man.

It will labor for the diffusion of Common School Education, Manufactures, the Useful Arts, &c., &c., throughout every portion of our country, but especially throughout the sections hitherto devoid of them, believing that every good end will thereby be subserved and the interest of every useful and worthy class promoted.

It will urge the Protection of Home Industry by discriminating duties on Foreign Products imported, with a view to drawing hither the most capable and skillful artificers and artisans of Europe, and the naturalizing on our soil of many branches of production hitherto all but confined to the Old World, while it would strengthen and extend those which have already a foothold among us.

It will give careful attention to progress and improvement in Agriculture, doing its best at once to bring markets to the doors of our farmers and teach them how to make the most of the opportunities thus afforded them.

It will devote constant attention to Markets, especially for Agricultural Products, with intent to save both producer and consumer from being victimized by the speculator and forestaller.

And, giving fair scope to Current Literature, to the proceedings of Congress, and to the general News of the Day, it hopes to retain its old patrons, and attract many new to bear them company.

We rarely employ travelling agents, as so many impostors are habitually prowling in the assumed capacity of solicitors for journals. We prefer that our subscribers shall pay their money to persons they know and of whose integrity they are assured. Any friend who believes he will do good by increasing the circulation of THE TRIBUNE is authorized to solicit and receive subscriptions. Specimen copies will be promptly sent without charge to those requiring them, and we trust many friends will be moved to ask their neighbors and acquaintances to join in making up their clubs.

The Great Family Newspaper

NOW IS THE TIME TO SUBSCRIBE.

THE

N. Y. WEEKLY TRIBUNE

is printed on a large double-medium sheet, making eight pages of six columns each. It contains all the important Editorials published in THE DAILY TRIBUNE, except those of merely local interest; also Literary and Scientific Intelligence; Reviews of the most interesting and important new Books; the Letters from our large corps of correspondents, the latest news received by Telegraph from Washington and all other parts of the country; a Summary of all important intelligence in this city and elsewhere; a Synopsis of the proceedings of Congress and State Legislature when in session; the Foreign news received by every steamer; Exclusive Reports of the Proceedings of the Farmers' Club of the American Institute; Talks about Fruit and other Horticultural and Agricultural information essential to country residents; Stock, Financial, Cattle, Dry Goods and General Market Reports, making it, both for variety and completeness, altogether the most valuable, interesting and instructive WEEKLY NEWSPAPER published in the world.

The Full Reports of the American Institute Farmers' Club, and the various Agricultural Reports, in each number, are richly worth a year's subscription.

TERMS.

Mail subscribers, 1 year—52 numbers - - -	$2 00
Mail subscribers, Clubs of five - - - - -	9 00
Ten copies, addressed to names of subscribers	17 00
Twenty copies, addressed to names of subscribers	34 00
Ten copies, to one address - - - - - - -	16 00
Twenty copies, to one address - - - - -	30 00

An extra copy will be sent for each club of ten.

For clubs of twenty, two extra copies, or one copy of the Semi-Weekly, will be sent gratis.

For clubs of fifty, five copies, or one copy of the DAILY TRIBUNE will be sent gratis for one year.

Subscribers in Canada must send 20 cents each in addition, to pay U. S. postage.

THE NEW-YORK SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE, is published every TUESDAY and FRIDAY, and contains all the Editorial articles not merely local in character; Literary Reviews and Art Criticisms; Letters from our large corps of Foreign and Domestic Correspondents; Special and Associated Press Telegraphic Dispatches; a careful and complete Summary of Foreign and Domestic News; Exclusive Reports of the Proceedings of the Farmers' Club of the American Institute; Talks about Fruit, and other Horticultural and Agricultural information; Stock, Financial, Cattle, Dry Goods and General Market Reports, which are published in THE DAILY TRIBUNE. THE SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE also gives, in the course of a year, THREE or FOUR of the

BEST AND LATEST POPULAR NOVELS

by living authors. The cost of these alone, if bought in book-form, would be from six to eight dollars. If purchased in the ENGLISH MAGAZINES from which they are carefully selected, the cost would be three or four times that sum. Nowhere else can so much current intelligence and permanent literary matter be had at so cheap a rate as in THE SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE. Those who believe in the principles and approve of the character of THE TRIBUNE, can increase its power and influence by joining with their neighbors in forming clubs to subscribe for THE SEMI-WEEKLY Edition. It will in that way be supplied to them at the lowest price for which such a paper can be printed.

TERMS.

Mail subscribers,	1 copy, 1 year—104 numbers		$4 00
do.	2 copies, do.	do.	7 00
do.	5 copies, or over, for each copy		3 00

On receipt of $30 for ten copies, an extra copy will be sent six months. On receipt of $45 for fifteen copies, an extra copy will be sent one year. For $100, we will send thirty-four copies, and one copy DAILY TRIBUNE, gratis.

Subscribers in Canada must send 40 cents in addition, to prepay United States postage.

DAILY TRIBUNE,
$10 per Annum.

Subscribers in Canada must send $1 20 in addition, to prepay United States postage.

Terms, cash in advance.

Drafts on New York, or Post-Office orders, payable to the order of THE TRIBUNE, being safer, are preferable to any other mode of remittance. Address,

THE TRIBUNE, Tribune Buildings,
New York.

NEW ARRIVAL OF GOODS.

MESSRS. MULLER & BRENTANO

Would respectfully announce to the public of Jacksonville and vicinity, that they have received and are receiving a new and very fine selected stock of

Spring and Summer Drygoods,

Clothing, Boots and Shoes, and Groceries,

Which they will offer at very low prices. Ladies and Gentlemen call in and examine. No trouble to show goods.

MULLER & BRENTANO.

Jacksonville, March 28th, 1864. ap1tf

J. H. LASATER, W. H. LANGFORD.

LASATER & LANGFORD,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Walla Walla City, W. T.,

One door west of Kyger & Reese's Brick Store. jue3tf

FRANCO-AMERICAN HOTEL AND RESTAURANT,

Opposite the McCully Buildings, JACKSONVILLE OREGON.

--BY--

Madame Jeanne DeRoboam.

The Madame takes this method of tendering her thanks to the public, for the patronage which has hitherto been extended to her; and would respectfully solicit a continuance,

Her Tables, are always under her immediate control; and by her long experience in the business she feels confident that she will give entire satisfaction to all

Her Beds and Rooms, are fited up in the most comfortable style; suited to the accommodation of single occupants, or families. Her beds are always kept clean

....

MEALS WILL BE SET AT ALL HOURS.

....

Jacksonville, Oregon, January 14th, 1865. tf

Business Cards.

I. O. O. F. -Jacksonville Lodge No. 10, holds its regular meetings on every Saturday evening at the Odd Fellows' Hall. Brothers in good standing are invited to attend. NEWMAN FISHER, N. G.
HENRY DUNCAN, R. Sec'y.
Trustees,—J. M. Sutton., Wm. Ray and S. J. Day.

Warren Lodge No. 10 A. F. & A. M.
HOLD their regular communications the Wednesday Evenings on or preceding the full moon, in JACKSONVILLE, OREGON.
N. LANGELL W. M.
C. W. SAVAGE, Sec'y.

ORANGE JACOBS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR
AT LAW,
AND SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY.
JACKSONVILLE, OREGON.
Office opposite the Court House.
All business committed to my care will be promptly attended to. July 29, '62.

B. F. DOWELL,
ATTORNEY
AT LAW.
JACKSONVILLE, OREGON.
Will practice in all the Courts of the Third Judicial District, the Supreme Court of Oregon, and in Yreka, Cal. War Scrip promptly collected. Oct. 18.

T. T. CABANISS, M. D.
—WILL PRACTICE—
Medicine & Surgery
In Jackson and adjoining counties. Residence—in Jacksonville.

J. S. HOWARD,
SURVEYOR & CIVIL ENGINEER,
JACKSONVILLE OREGON,
Residence near the South end of Oregon street. January, 2, 1864
Office at his residence on Oregon street

DR. L. S. THOMPSON
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
JACKSONVILLE, OREGON,
Can be found either at the City Drug Store, or his residence, one door below the Express Office, prepared to give prompt attention to those requiring his services.
Jacksonville, Sept. 31st. dec23tf

PETER BRITT,
PHOTOGRAPHIC ARTIST
IS PREPARED
TO TAKE PICTURES
IN EVERY STYLE
OF THE ART,
WITH ALL THE
LATE IMPROVEMENTS.
If Pictures do not give satisfaction, no charges will be made. Call at his new Gallery, on the hill, examine his pictures, and sit for your likeness.

DR. A. B. OVERBECK.
Dr. Overbeck would announce to the citizens of Jackson county and vicinity, that he has returned to Jacksonville and resumed the practice of medicine. He will always be found at his old stand, the Overbeck Hospital, unless absent professional business. He would respectfully solicit a renewal of former patronage.

JAS. D. MIX. S. B. FARGO.
MIX & FARGO,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS
AT LAW,
WALLA WALLA, WASHINGTON TERRITORY,
OFFICE over Bank Exchange, Main Street, will practice in all the Courts of the First Judicial District, also the Supreme Court. Collections promptly attended to. All business entrusted to our care will receive prompt attention. ju3tf

S. B. FARGO,
NOTARY PUBLIC,
WALLA WALLA, W. T.
Will take acknowledgments of deeds—Protest Notes and deeds made out at short notice and acknowledged. jue3tf

Dissolution Notice.

THE undersigned has this day withdrawn from the firm of Thompson & Davis, and will continue the practice of Medicine, Surgery and Obstetrics, in Jacksonville and vicinity, and solicits a share of the patronage. Office at his residence at the old Murry Hoemstead.
T. L. DAVIS.
Dec. 13th, 1864 dec17tf

NOTICE.

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT, WHEREAS, my wife, Julia Ann, has left my board and bed, without cause or provocation, therefore, all persons are warned not to harbor or trust her on my account.
HENRY BAYLEY.
Kerbyville, Feb. 27th, 1866. ma3w2

GO TO THE CITY BOOK STORE and see their new books

GREAT

SPORTSMAN'S EMPORIUM.

THE undersigned respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has lately been in San Francisco, where he selected a fine assortment of fine and common rifles, shot-guns, revolvers of all different kinds, derringers of the latest patterns, and all kind of ammunition; such as, cartridges, powder, shot, also, powder-flasks, shot-flasks, hunting-bags, of every sort and size.

All orders will be filled with promptness, neatness, and dispatch. The manufactoring of new rifles will be done at the shortest notice, and in the most approved style.

Greatful for past patronage, I respectfully solicit a continuance of the same.
JOHN MILLER.
September 9th, 1865. tf

Happiness or Misery;

THAT IS THE QUESTION.

THE PROPRIETORS OF THE "MUSEUM OF ANATOMY AND SCIENCE," have determined, regardless of expense, to issue FREE (for the benefit of the suffering humanity) four of their most interesting and instructive LECTURES on MARRIAGE, and its disqualifications: Nervous Debility, Premature Decline of Manhood, Indigestion, Weakness or Depression, Loss of Energy and Vital Power, the great Social Evil, and those maladies that result from youthful follies, excesses of maturity, or ignorance of Physiology and Nature's Laws.

These invaluable Lectures have been the means of enlightening and saving thousands, and will be forwarded FREE on receipt of Twenty-five Cents in postage stamps, by addressing "Secretary Pacific Museum of Anatomy and Science, Pine Street, San Francisco."

Letters to be sent through Wells Fargo & Co. mar11y1 in's

LOGAN & THOMPSON'S

EXPRESS.

Semi-Weekly line of Stages from Jacksonville to Kerbyville and Waldo, Oregon. Leaves Jacksonville every

Monday & Thursday, 4 A. M

Returning, leaves Waldo every

Tuesday & Friday at 2 P. M

Through passengers will be furnished with good saddle-horses at Waldo, for Crescent City.
LOGAN & THOMPSON, Pro'r.
Oct. 28th, 1864 oct1tf

Notice.

WE take this method to inform the Public that their steam saw mill is now situated on Griffins creek about three and a half miles south east course from Jacksonville, and will have constantly on hand a good supply of lumber, all bills for lumber cut on short notice.

N. B. The name of the firm formerally doing business under the name of M. Miller & Co., has now dissolved as to Miller, and will hereafter do business under the name of D. H. Burroughs & Co., and all business transactions must be done with D. H. Burroughs.
D. H. BURROUGHS & CO.
January 27, 1866. jan27tf

TRY
WARD'S
PERFECT FITTING
—SHIRTS—
323 MONTGOMERY ST
SAN FRANCISCO
NEW YORK HOUSE
387 BROADWAY.

FRESH GARDEN SEEDS!

Just Received at the

CITY DRUG STORE.

THE FOLLOWING CATALOGUE of SEEDS.

Early Blood Beet, Long Blood do., White Sugar do., Mangel Wurtzel do., Long Orange Carrot, Early Horn do., Early York Cabbage, Early Oxheart do., Drumhead do., Flat Dutch do., Long Green Cucumber, Early Farm do., Ice Drumhead Lettuce, Butter, do., Fine Nutmeg Muskmelon, Large Cantelope do., Ice Cream Watermelon, Long White Parsnip, Pumpkin, Scarlet Turnip Radish, Long Scarlet do., Summer Scallop Bush Squash, Boston Mammoth, Winter Crook Neck do., Early Red Top Stirrup Leaf Turnip, White Dutch, do., Ruta Baga, do., Onion Seed; Havana Tobacco, Maryland, do., Virginia do., Pepper Assorted, Pepper Grass; Saffron; Sage; Angelica; Rue; Summer Savory; Thyme; Tansy; Black Locust and Honey Locust.

Most of the above seeds are sold by weight in quantities to suit purchasers. mch5tf

GO TO THE CITY DRUG STORE.

JEWELRY.
CLOCKS, WATCHES,
FANCY ARTICLES
AT
NEUBER'S NEW STORE!

Next Door to Sachs Bros.

J. NEUBER has stocked his new store with a large and valuable assortment of latest styles and patterns of

SPRING AND WEIGHT CLOCKS,
SILVER WATCHES,
DIAMOND JEWELRY,
PEARL, EMERALD, CAMEO SETS
Together with a splendid lot of other

JEWELRY,

Breast-Pins, Brooches,
Ear-Rings, Finger Rings,
Lockets, Buckles, Clasps,
Bracelets, Sleeve Buttons,
Necklaces,
Watch-Chains,
Chatelains
and Seals;

Also, complete sets of incomparable

Quartz Jewelry,

manufactured from the richest and most beautiful specimens of Gold Hill and Fowler quartz.

In addition to the above, may be found at his store the best qualities of TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY,

And, in short, a general variety of **Nick-Nacks & Fancy Articles** All of which will be sold at LOW PRICES and warranted.

REPAIRING.—Clocks, Watches and Jewelry repaired with promptness, and in a manner to guarantee satisfaction.

MAUFACTURED to order, any article of Jewelry, with neatness and dispatch.

Call and see his new stock, at his new store, on California street, next door to Sachs Bros., Jacksonville, Oregon.

Jacksonville, Dec 17, 1862. tf

Good News for Ladies!

MULLER & BRENTANO,

Agents for Grover & Baker's celebrated
Elastic Stitch Sewing Mach'e,

Have on hand a variety of these machines for trial and inspection.

TO these machines was awarded the first Premium at the State Fairs of New York, Indiana, Vermont, Ohio, Iowa, Illinois, Kentucky, Michigan, Pennsylvania and Oregon, over all opposition.

Call around, ladies, before purchasing elsewhere, and examine these machines.
MULLER & BRENTANO.
June 3d, 1865. jue3tf

Umpqua Academy!

THE Trustees of Umpqua Academy have thoroughly repaired the building, and it is now ready for school. The Winter Term of 22 weeks will commence Nov. 27th. The Spring and Summer Term, 1st Monday in May, 1866.

RATES OF TUITION Per Quarter:

Primary Department	$ 5 00
Secondary do	6 00
Higher English	7 00
Dead Languages, Drawing and Painting, each, extra	3 00
Music	10 00
Board in private families	3 00

T. F. ROYAL, Principal.
MR. CLARK SMITH, Ass't Teacher.

FLORENCE
Sewing Machine.

JOHN NEUBER would announce to the people of Jackson County, that he has procured an agency for this peerless machine, and will in a short time have a good supply on hand. This machine gathers, hems, embroiders and makes 4 different kinds of stitches.

Jacksonville, January 21st tf

$5,000

REWARD.

The undersigned would most respectfully call the attention of the public to their

NEW LIVERY
—AND—
FEED STABLE,

On Oregon Street, Jacksonville. We have a fine stock of buggies and teams, also a good supply of saddle horses, to let. We flatter ourselves that we have given satisfaction the past year, and are determined to do so the next. We solicit a living share of the patronage.

A good supply of feed constantly on hand. PLYMALE & ROSS.
Jacksonville, Dec. 24, '65 dec2tf

Summons.

IN the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for the county of Josephine.

Harriet Doake Plaintiff, vs. John Doake Defendant.

SUIT IN EQUITY FOR A DIVORCE.

To John Doake:

You are required to appear in said court, and answer the complaint of said plaintiff, filed against you, within ten days from the time of the service of this summons on you, if served within said county, or if served on you within any other county in this State, then within twenty days from the time of the service, or if served on you out of the State of Oregon, then it is ordered by Hon. P. P. Prim, Judge of said court, that publication be made for six weeks in the Oregon Sentinel prior to the second Monday in April, 1866.

And you are notified that if you fail to answer said complaint as above required, the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded therein, to-wit:

For a divorce from the bands of matrimony now existing between the plaintiff and defendant, and for the care and custody of the children of the marriage and for the costs and disbursements of this suit, and for general relief.

Given under my hand this 2d day of January, A. P. 1866. HARRIET DOAKE.
In proper person.