

The Oregon Sentinel.

\$4 PER ANNUM, IN ADVANCE.

JACKSONVILLE, SATURDAY, APRIL 22, 1865.

VOL. X.—NO. 14

First Premium
Awarded by the Mechanic's Institute Fair, San Francisco, September, 1864.

R. LIDDLE & CO.,
Sporting Emporium,
418 Washington st., (near the Post-office.)
San Francisco.

GUN & RIFLE MAKERS,
and
Importers of all classes of Sporting Tackle.
Constantly on hand guns from the first makers in London, viz: William Greener, William Moore, Moore & Harris, Redfern, (Jolls & Son, and all other makers. Also the best stock of American Rifles, Pistols, Carbines and the Pacific Coast, viz: Colt's, Sharps, Smith & Wesson's, Remington's, and all the latest patents of Pistols, Sharps, Wesson's, Ballard's, Spencer's and Henry's Patent Breech-loading Rifles.

THE OREGON SENTINEL.

ISSUED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING.

B. F. DOWELL, Proprietor.

Subscription—For One year, in advance, Four Dollars; if paid within the first six months of the year, five dollars; if not paid until the expiration of the year, six dollars.

Advertisements—One square (10 lines or less), first insertion, Three Dollars; each subsequent insertion, One Dollar. A discount of fifty per cent will be made to those who advertise by the year.

I. O. O. F.—Jacksonville Lodge No. 10, holds its regular meetings on every Saturday evening except the first Saturday of each month, and on Friday before the first Saturday of each month, at the Masonic Hall. Brothers in good standing are invited to attend.

ORANGE JACOBS, N. G.
NEWMAN FISHER, R. Sec'y.
Trustees.—J. M. Sutton, Wm. Ray and S. J. Day.

WARREN LODGE NO. 10, A. F. & A. M. holds their regular communications the Wednesday Evenings on or preceding the full moon, in JACKSONVILLE, OREGON.

JOHN E. ROSS, W. M.
C. W. SAVAGE, Sec'y.

G. JACOBS, F. F. RUSSELL,
JACOBS & RUSSELL,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS
AT LAW,
AND SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY,
JACKSONVILLE, OREGON.

E. F. DOWELL,
AT LAW,
JACKSONVILLE, OREGON.

Will practice in all the Courts of the Third Judicial District, the Supreme Court of Oregon, and in Yreka, Cal. War Scrip promptly collected. Oct. 18.

J. H. STINSON,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR,
ALBANY, LINN COUNTY, OREGON. Oct 22 1/2

G. W. GREER,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
JACKSONVILLE, OREGON.

J. S. HOWARD,
SURVEYOR & CIVIL ENGINEER,
JACKSONVILLE, OREGON.

Residence near the South end of Oregon street. January, 2, 1864

Office at his residence on Oregon street

DR. L. S. THOMPSON
OFFICE
CITY DRUG STORE,
RESIDENCE
Opposite the County Jail.
Jacksonville, Ogn. Dec 24 1/2

W. G. T'VAULT,
Attorney and Counsellor
AT LAW,
JACKSONVILLE, OREGON.

Office at residence on California Street. All business entrusted to his care promptly attended to. Jan 1 1/2

PETER BRITT,
PHOTOGRAPHIC ARTIST
IN PREPARED
TO TAKE PICTURES
IN EVERY STYLE
OF THE ART.
WITH ALL THE
LATEST IMPROVEMENTS.

If Pictures do not give satisfaction, no charges will be made. Call at his new Gallery, on the hill, examine his pictures, and sit for your likenesses.

DR. A. B. OVERBECK.
Dr. Overbeck would announce to the citizens of Jackson county and vicinity, that he has returned to Jacksonville and resumed the practice of medicine. He will always be found at his old stand, the Overbeck Hospital, unless absent upon professional business. He would respectfully solicit a renewal of former patronage.

Dissolution Notice.
THE undersigned has this day withdrawn from the firm of Thompson & Davis, and will continue the practice of Medicine, Surgery and Obstetrics, in Jacksonville and vicinity, and solicits a share of the patronage. Office at his residence at the old Murry Hoemstead.
T. L. DAVIS.
Dec. 13th, 1864 Dec 17

FUN AND FROLIC
MAY DAY FESTIVAL

LOUIS HERLING has concluded, for the benefit of those who wish to roam over the romantic hills of Poor Man's Creek, on May Day, to give a Grand Ball on the 1st of May. All his ingenuity will be employed to make those comfortable, who will favor him with a call on that evening. A general attendance is solicited.
February 17th, 1865. mah 1 1/2

Veterans & Recruits.
THE last Legislature gives a bounty of \$150 to each recruit in the regiment now being raised. It also voted

Five Dollars per month extra pay to each person belonging to the cavalry regiment enlisted three years ago. These amounts are to be paid in State Bonds. Those wishing these bonds would do well to call on
JACOBS & RUSSELL,
Jacksonville, Jan. 12, '64. Jan 1 1/2

SONG.

Life is but a fleeting dream
Care destroys the zest of it;
Swift it glideth like a stream—
Mind you make the best of it!
Talk not of your weary woes,
Troubles, or the rest of it;
If we have but brief repose,
Let us make the best of it!

If your friend has got a heart;
There is something fine in him;
Cast away his darker part.
Cling to what's divine in him.
Friendship is our best relief—
Make no heartless jest of it;
It will brighten every grief,
If we make the best of it.

Happiness despises state;
'Tis no sage experiment,
Simply that the wise and great
May have joy and merriment;
Rank is not its spell refined—
Money's not the test of it,
But a calm, contented mind,
That will make the best of it.

Trusting in the Power above,
Which, sustaining all of us
In one common bond of love
Bindeth great and small of us,
Whatever may befall—
Sorrows or the rest of it—
We shall overcome them all,
If we make the best of it.

BY OVERLAND TELEGRAPH.

(REPORTED EXCLUSIVELY FOR THE SENTINEL.)

Lincoln and Seward Assassinated!

New York, 13th.—A letter from Goldboro, dated the sixth, says there was the greatest enthusiasm in Sherman's army ever the fall of Richmond. It is reported that the Union inhabitants of Raleigh have made a demonstration of joy in spite of the rebels. Sherman's army was under orders to move prior to the news of the fall of Richmond.

The Poets special says although Seward suffers severely, he has been able to dictate his dispatches to our Ministers abroad. In those dispatches he takes the ground that the war is over and the rebellion crushed. He also expresses foreign governments that it is expected the rebel pirates will no longer be allowed to enter foreign ports. It is stated that information has been received at the French Embassy, of the dangerous illness of the Emperor Napoleon.

Nashville, April 5th.—Governor Brownlow was inaugurated at the Capitol at ten o'clock. His inaugural was lengthy and patriotic. Both Houses unanimously ratified the Constitutional amendment.

Philadelphia, 13th.—A special from Washington to the Press, says Grant is here in consultation with the President. His headquarters hereafter are to be in Washington. Lee visits Johnston's army to stay bloodshed. He is truly penitent. He proposed to Grant that if generous terms were offered him, he would himself go to Johnston and urge him to surrender. Grant is understood to have met this proposal in the spirit in which it was made.

It was finally decided that Grant would proceed to Washington to urge upon Lincoln to stop all recruiting, and to issue an amnesty proclamation or in lieu thereof, make it known that he would deal in a liberal manner with the soldiers and people of the South. Meantime, Lee would visit Johnston in person.

To Gen. Dix: The Department, after mature deliberations and consultations with the Lieut. General, upon the results of the recent campaigns, has come to the following determination, which will be carried into effect by the appropriate orders, to be issued immediately: 1st, To stop all draft ing and recruiting in the loyal States; 2d, To curtail the purchase of arms, ammunition, and quartermaster and commissary stores, and reduce the expenses of the military in its several branches; 3d, To reduce the number of Generals and staff officers to the actual necessity of the service; 4th, To remove all military restrictions on trade and commerce, as far as may be consistent with the public safety. As soon as these measures can be put into operation it will be made known by public orders.

(Signed) STANTON.
Col. Gamble, commanding the Union forces at Fairfax Station, received a message from Mosby, in which the latter says he does not care for Lee's surrender, that he is determined to fight as long as he has a man left.

New York, 13th.—The Commercial's special says it is currently reported that Stanton will resign as soon as peace is declared.

The Herald's Richmond special of the 11th, says Jeff. Davis, Hunter and Thompson have long contemplated the formation of a trans-Mississippi Confederacy, to be composed of Arkansas, Texas, West Louisiana and such discontented Mexican States as might join them.

The 29th ult. says that a bitter feeling exists between the French and Austrian troops in Mexico. Numerous quarrels have taken place between them, growing out of the recollections of the Austrian and French war.

Nashville, 11th.—To Gen. Thomas: The following is just received from General Howard, at Semerville: Men who have come directly through from Selma, report that the place was captured by Gen Wilson's forces, on March 22d. Forrest and Rodda, with their entire commands, were captured. Our men dismounted, charged the intrenchments and carried all before them. They also report that Montgomery was captured.

City Point, 12th.—To Stanton: Lynchburg surrendered yesterday to a Lieutenant of Griffin's command. Grant has ordered McKenzie, with his brigade of cavalry, to occupy the place and take care of public property.

New York, 11th.—A severe fight took place in Fairfax county, Va., between some rebel troops sent out by Lee before the evacuation of Richmond and a portion of our troops in that vicinity. The rebels were defeated and dispersed.

Philadelphia, 11th.—The Bulletin's Washington special says an engagement with Mosby's Guerrilla's took place last night, fourteen miles from this city, and the guerrillas were badly beaten.

New York, 13th.—Advises from Vera Cruz to April 1st, and from Mexico to March 28th. State that about 12,000 French and Austrians are on the way to Sonora. Emigrants from the United States to Mexico suffer terrible on their arrival in that country. There is no hope of their doing well.

Marquette April 15th.—To Oregon Sentinel: President Lincoln was shot through the head at Ford's Theater, in Washington last night. Secretary Seward was simultaneously stabbed in his back. The President died at 7:22 A. M. to day. Reports are contradictory about the time of Seward's death, placing it about nine this morning.

Further Particulars In Regard to the Death of Lincoln and Seward.

Washington, 14th.—President and wife visited the theater this evening, for the purpose of witnessing the performance of Our American Cousins. It was announced in the papers that Gen. Grant would be there, but he took the late train to New Jersey. The theatre was densely crowded, and everybody seemed delighted with the scene before them. During the 3d act and while there was a pause for one of the actors to enter, a sharp report of a pistol was heard, which merely attracted attention, but suggested nothing serious, until a man rushed to the front of the President's box, waving a long dagger in his hand, exclaiming, "See Semper Tyrannus," and immediately leaped from the box, which was in the second tier, to the stage beneath, and ran across to the opposite side, making his escape, amid the bewilderment of the audience, mounted a horse and left.

The excitement was of the wildest possible description. There was an abrupt termination of the performance, and a rush towards the President's box, where cries of "stand back and give him air" were heard. On hasty examination, it was discovered that the President had been shot through the head with a pistol, above and back of the temple, and that some of his brain was oozing out. He was removed to a private house opposite the theatre. The Surgeon General of the army, and other surgeons, were sent for, to attend to his condition.

On an examination of the box, blood was discovered on the back of the cushioned rocking chair in which the President had been sitting. A common single pocket pistol was found on the carpet. A military guard was placed in front of the private residence to which the President had been conveyed. An immense crowd was in front of the premises, all deeply anxious to learn the condition of the President.

While the excitement at the theater was at the highest, reports were circulated that Seward had been assassinated. On reaching this gentleman's residence, a crowd and a military guard were around his doors in the same manner as at the President's.

The attacks at the theater and Seward's house took place at about the same hour, 10 o'clock, p. m., this showing a preconcerted plan to assassinate these gentlemen. Vice President Johnson is in the city; his headquarters are guarded.

About ten o'clock a man rang the bell, and the call having been answered by a colored servant, he said that he had come from Seward's family physician with a prescription, holding up a small piece of folded paper, and urging in answer to a refusal that he must see Seward. Although

repeatedly informed that he could not enter the chamber, he pushed the servant to one side, and walked rapidly towards the room, and was met there by a gentleman, of whom he demanded to see Seward, making the same excuses which he had to the servant.

What further passed in the way of colloquy is not known. The man then struck Lincoln on the head, inflicting the skull.

The assassin then entered into the chamber of Mr. Seward, and rushed upon the Secretary who was lying in bed, and inflicted two or three stabs in the chest, and two in the face. He bled profusely. The assassin escaped before an alarm could be sounded.

The number of prisoners captured from the beginning of the campaign is over 20,000, aside from those who surrendered and were paroled.

SEWARD STILL LIVES.

New York, 15th.—All places of business are closed. The streets have assumed a sombre hue, the public places, offices, and banks being draped in mourning.

Chicago, 15th.—Dispatches have been received from almost every city, town and hamlet in the North. The news of the murder of the President and the attempted assassination of Seward has been received with profound feelings of sorrow, and a solemn sadness pervades all circles.

Toronto (C. W.), 15th.—The news of the assassination of President Lincoln and Sec. Seward has caused a profound sensation here. The flags of the Custom House, American Consulate and the shipping in the harbor, as well as all in the city, were displayed.

Halifax, 15th.—The Governor had appointed to-day for giving his assent to the bills passed, with the usual ceremony, but on the receipt of the news of the death of the President, Parliament adjourned. The flags on the Government House, Citadel, American Consulate and on all vessels in port, were placed at half mast. Deep sympathy pervaded the minds of all friends of the Union. The blockade runner, Col. Lamb, was gallily decorated with flags, which were ordered down by the naval authorities.

Washington, 15th.—Official communication was sent to Andrew Johnson this morning, stating that in consequence of the sudden and unexpected death of the President, his inauguration should take place as soon as possible. Johnson replied that it would be agreeable to have proceedings take place at his rooms in the Kirkwood House. Chief Justice Chase repaired to the appointed place, in company with Sec. McCullough, Atty Gen. Speed, P. P. Blair, Montgomery Blair, Senators Poote, Ramsey, Yates, Stewart, Hale, and Representative Farnsworth, of Illinois. Oath of office was administered at eleven o'clock in a solemn and impressive manner. Johnson received kind expressions from the gentlemen present, many of which showed an earnest sense of the responsibility which so suddenly devolved upon him. He made a brief speech, saying the duties of office are made, and I will perform them, leaving the consequence with God. I feel I shall need your support. I am deeply impressed with the solemnity of the occasion and the responsibility of the office I am assuming. Johnson appeared to be deeply sensible of the high hopes that were centered in him. His manner was solemn and dignified. It is probable President Johnson will issue his first proclamation to the American people to-day. It is expected, though not definitely determined upon, that the funeral of President Lincoln will take place Thursday next.

New York, 13th.—Herald's Goldboro correspondent says: There is a report from Raleigh that Vance will call the N. C. Legislature together to repeal the secession ordinance.

Herald's special says the President yesterday revoked the passes to Hunter, Leitch and other leading men, to visit Richmond. He was willing to have a convention held, but did not want it controlled by those men.

New York, 15th.—News from every point shows the most intense feeling of hatred against secession sympathizers. There has been no serious outbreaks. A sympathizer in Washington was shot by a soldier, for expressing joy at the death of Lincoln. George Wells was arrested and confined for rejoicing over Lincoln's death. Another man, who expressed secession sentiments—a Wall street broker—was about to be hung on a lamp post when he was rescued by the police. Three rebel prisoners were hung at Indianapolis, for expressing gratification at the success of the assassins. The universal feeling seems to be to deal justice to the rebel sympathizers.

Sorrow is pictured on all countenances at the events that occurred in Washington last night. The grief of all good men was everywhere apparent at the demise of the President, and when the state of affairs

was known, all flags were placed at half-mast. The people appear perfectly horrified, and the utmost rage is felt toward all known secessionists and rebel sympathizers. It had been Mr. Stanton's intention to accompany Mr. Lincoln to the theater, and occupy the same private box, but the press of business detained him.

San Francisco, 5th.—The city was quiet last night. The troops from the Presidio and Alcatraz, together with the militia, were stationed on guard nearly all night, and are patrolling the streets to-day. There are over three thousand men under arms. All the secession sheets having been destroyed or placed under guard by the military authorities, there is no other tangible object on which to wreak popular vengeance. The people are quiet to-day.

Beriah Brown of the Press skeddaddled to San Leandro yesterday afternoon. He would certainly have winked out had he remained here.

There is scarcely a building in the city that is not draped in mourning. Appropriate services are being held in the churches. There will be little or no business transacted to-morrow.

New York, 15th 11 P. M.—The city is in tears and the nation in mourning, but the country still lives. The tender sympathies of the late lamented President can no longer shield traitors from just reward; mercy must give place to justice. The ghosts of the thousands treason has made, must be appeased, "An eye for an eye, and a tooth for a tooth."

The Post's special dispatch says: That the messenger of the State Department, who was in attendance on Sec. Seward, is dead. Mr. Seward is in a very precarious position. Another dispatch says his wounds are believed not to be mortal, but has lost much blood. No arteries are cut. Mr. Fred. Seward's skull is badly fractured in two places above the temple. He is insensible, and fears are entertained that he will not recover. Among letters found in Booth's trunk tending to criminate him was one apparently from a lady, supplicating him to desist from the plans in which he was about to engage. Booth had played several times at Ford's Theater, and was well acquainted with its exits and entrances. The time was inauspicious, and the wire was not ready to be sprung.

The Washington Intelligence's extra says: The evidence obtained renders it highly probable that the person who attempted to murder Mr. Seward, is John Survall, of Prince George County, Maryland. About midnight two men crossed the Annacosta Bridge: one gave his name as Booth, and the other as Smith. The latter is believed to be Survall. It is evident that the scope of the plot was intended to embrace the Vice President and other prominent members of the Administration, who were particularly injured after, and their precise locality acquired, but in their cases the plan was miscarried.

Chicago, 15th.—A telegram this afternoon, from J. W. S. says that Sec. Seward's life is gashed, but his throat is not cut. He is saved himself by rolling from his bed.

Washington, 15th, 3 P. M.—Official notice of the death of the President was given by the heads of the Departments this morning to Andrew Johnson, Vice President, on whom by the Constitution devolves the office of President. Mr. Johnson, upon receiving this notice, appeared before the Hon. S. P. Chase, Chief Justice, and took the oath as President of the United States, and assumed its duties and functions at 12 o'clock.

The President met the heads of the Departments at a cabinet meeting at the Treasury Department. Among other business, the following was transacted: First, the arrangements for the funeral of the President were ordered; 2d, to the several Secretaries, as far as they are related to their respective departments. Second, Wm. Hunter was appointed Acting Secretary of State during the disability of Mr. Seward, and his son, Frederick, Assistant Secretary. Third, the President formally announced that he desired to retain his present Secretaries of the Departments as his Cabinet, and they should go on and discharge their respective duties in the same manner as before this deplorable event that had changed the head of the Government. All business in the Department is suspended to-day. The surgeon reports the condition of Mr. Seward unchanged. He is doing well. No important change in Fred. Seward's condition. The murderers have not yet been apprehended.

Signed, E. M. STANTON.

THE DUTCHMAN'S "BONY."—Clon, you reckonemaher dat little black bony I pyed mit the hellah next yeek?
"Yah, vos of him?"
"Noings, only I gets shoected burdy pa2."
"Say!"
"Yah. You see in the vrest place he ish plint mit boie legs, unt ferry lame mit one eye. Den you gets on him he rases up heint and kicks up before so vursus as a chack mule. I dinks I dake him a little rite yesterday, unt no sooner I gits striddle his pack he gommense dat vray; ahust so like a vako pecan on a post stream; unt ven he gits tone, I vas so mixed up mit ebery linka, I vints mizeelf sitting around packwards, mit his tail in mine hants ver do pride."
"Vell vot you going to do mit him?"
"Oh, I vixid him better as chum up. I hitch in do cart mit his dull vrest his best ought to be; den I gife him about a dozen outie mit the hellah cart; he starts to go, pot so soon as he sees in cart before him he make packwards. Den I dakes him out, clink him de rite vray, unt he goes rite off shant of good as anypody "bony."

J. J. KNOWLTON & CO.,
ADVERTISING AGENTS,
NORTH EAST CORNER OF
Montgomery & California Streets.
(Opposite Wells, Fargo & Co's)
SAN FRANCISCO.