THE OREGON SENTINEL.

J. M. SUTTON, Editor.

TO THE EFFICACY AND PERMANENCY OF YOUR UNION, A GOVERNMENT FOR THE WHOLE IS INDISPENSABLE."—*Washington.*

JACKSONVILLE, OREGON.

SATURDAY MORNING, - - - NOV. 19, 1864.

List of Agents for the OREGON SENTINEL.

E. F. Russell, general agent for Oregon, and Idaho Territory.

L. P. Fisher	San Francisco	Cal.
J. J. Knowlton & Co	do	do
Thomas Davis	Applegate	Ogn.
T. R. Hill	Wilber	do
F. G. Birdseye	Rock Point	do
Thomas Crexton	Croxtons Diggins	do
Wm. Spicer	Jump-Off-Jo	do
Gov. Gibbs	Portland	do
D. M. Thompson	Albany	do
W. M. Evans	Althouse	do
Thomas Carr	do	do
Thomas F. Floyd	Kerbyville	Co
S. W. Sawyer	do	do
D. P. Anderson	Phoenix	do
D. M. C. Gault	do	do
A. Ireland	Myrtle Creek	do
Geo. L. Dean	Edenburg	do
Theodric Cameron	Union Town	do
James W. Watson	Roseburg	do
Miss Hattie Hunter	Rogue River	do
L. W. Sullins	Fort Klamath	do

Binger Herman, of Canyonville, General Agent for Douglas County.

Grand JUBILEE IN JACKSONVILLE.

At a public meeting, held in Jacksonville, on Tuesday, Nov. 15th, W. W. Fowler was chosen Chairman, and R H. Haines Secretary. It was

Resolved, That all Union men and ladies of whatever party, are invited to join in a jubilee, in honor of the election of Abraham Lincoln and Andrew Johnson to the Presidency and Vice Presidency of the United States, on Tuesday next, Nov. 22d, 1864, at six o'clock P. M.

On motion, a committee of seven was appointed on arrangements, as follows:

Max Muller, C C Beckman, John Bilger, Messrs. Wm. Babcock, R H Haines, Sam Hall and Todd Cameron.

On motion, the following were appointed as a committee on toasts: O Jacobs, Jas M Sutton, N Langell, Wm Kahler, F R Sprague, C Nye, A Rockafellow, I Constant, J Kellogg, J T Walker, of Pleasant Creek, and M H Drake.

On motion, N Langell was appointed Treasurer.

Resolved, That two short speeches be made in front of Max Muller's store, commencing at 7 o'clock.

Adjourned R. H. HAINES, Sec'y.

Committee of Arrangements met pursuant to notice, and decided to have the party in the McCully Brick, with supper at the Franco-American Hotel.

Max Muller was appointed a committee to procure a hall, and confer with Madame De Robeam in regard to supper.

R H Haines was appointed on music, Henry Duncan on fireworks, Sam Hall to arrange speakers' stand, R S Dunlap and N Langell to receive tickets, and R H Haines, D C Underwood, J M Sutton and W S Babcock floor managers and committee of introduction. The ball will commence at 8 o'clock.

PROCESSION.

The torchlight procession will start from the Court House at half past six o'clock and march through the principal streets, after which short addresses will be delivered by O. Jacobs and B. F. Dowell, in front of Max Muller's Store—ladies can over look and hear the speakers from McCully's Hall, opposite.

The lower portion of the McCully buildings will be comfortably fitted up as a reception and dressing room for ladies; a lady will also be in attendance upon them.

W. W. Fowler and Augustus Taylor, Marshals of the day.

All Glee Clubs of the county requested to attend.

Citizens of Jacksonville are requested to illuminate their houses.

THE ELECTION.—Freemen of America rejoice! The rebellion's doom is sealed Glory hallelujah! State after State in harmonious language, with overwhelming majorities say, "The Union it must and shall be preserved." Ohio, Kansas, New York Maryland, Connecticut, Pennsylvania, Massachusetts, Vermont, Maine, Rhode Island New Hampshire, Indiana, Wisconsin, Michigan, Illinois, Missouri, Minnesota, Tennessee, Iowa, West Virginia, Nevada, California and Oregon, have all declared for Freedom, the Constitution and the Union. There is a strong probability that the total majority will exceed four hundred thousand votes in favor of the Union party. "The voice of the people is the voice of God."

We have fought the good fight; we have kept the faith; henceforth, there is a crown laid up for us and our children Glory hallelujah! The Electors for Lincoln and Johnson are elected by overwhelming majorities in all the States, except Kentucky, New Jersey and Delaware. Little Mac has carried these three States by small majorities. He is the worst beat man that ever run for President. We also have a gain of 27 Congressmen; more than the Union majority during the last Congress."

Since the election:

"The report of the rebel Secretary of the Treasure very dolefully says they can only obtain $135 in currency (equal to $6 in specie) for $1,000 of Confederate bonds."

Therefore, it is clear that Jeff. Davis and McClellan are both bankrupt. Glory! glory hallelujah!

Southern Oregon--Its Prospects

The people of Southern Oregon have, during their brief history, encountered more than the ordinary dangers and vicisitudes of a frontier life. Twice have they been compelled to combat the treacherous savages in general warfare, in defence of all that was near and dear to them. Murder, rapine and fiendish barbarities are so intimately connected with her early annals that when future generations shall come to recount them, they can by no means envy the golden harvest reaped by the early pioneers. "Killed by Indians" is the epitaph written on the tomb stone of some "lost and loved" friend or relative from almost every household in this land of golden sunsets. Whithersoever we go along the public highways, or over the mountain passes we meet with some sad memorial of Indian carnage. Yet notwithstanding all this, when we look over Southern Oregon today, and see the advanced state of its improvements, we can scarcely realize that in the brief space of twelve years so much has been accomplished.

Where now stands the schoolhouse, the brightest gem of civilization, twelve years ago was seen the rude bark hut from whence the youthful warrior received his first lessons in the savage arts, and if a single spark of innate humanity slumbered in his young breast, it was extinguished by the first lesson imparted by a savage mother.

Where then stood the primeval village, land by the repository of its savage dead of a century, now stands the comfortable farmhouse and waves the golden grain in all the luxuriance of an opulant soil Villages, churches, workshops, and all the conveniences demanded by modern civilization, have sprung up with the rapidity of the mushroom, and now stand as prominent as the forest oak.

Shut off as we have been from the world, with no market for our produce but the mines; with no interest in common with other parts of the State to demand an interest in its legislation, we stand today with brighter prospects ahead than at any other period of our history. It is not unreasonable to predict that in five years from this time, in wealth and resources we will outrival any other portion of the State.

During the last summer new facilities for market have been opened to us, unexceled by any other part of the country. We have a wagon road completed to Canyon City, opening out the John Day country to our grasp, almost without competition. Col. Drew's late expedition to the Owyhee has developed one of the best routes ever discovered over the Sierras, thereby placing our produce of all kinds in direct communication with one of the best markets on the coast. From this time forth, not one pound of surplus produce will be left in the market. Our farmers cannot for two years to come furnish a sufficiency for the supply of these new markets—the Owyhee and John Day countries.

Nor as yet has there been any diminution in the yield of our own mines, but on the contrary, new developments are continually being made, particularly in copper. Heretofore it has been a universal prediction that Southern Oregon must go down at some day, and these predictions have driven capital from the country almost as fast as it was accummulated; but now a new field is open to capital. As soon as it becomes apparent that Southern Oregon has a permanent basis, we will see manufactories established, water ditches erected, and a thousand enterprises entered into, wherein capital may be safely invested.

There are many other things which tend to the interest of Southern Oregon—of which we will speak hereafter—that taken in connection with what we have already stated, are sufficient to warrant the most flattering results to our people for many years.

CIRCUIT COURT.—There were seven cases on the law docket and thirteen on the chancery docket, but nothing of a general nature. There were no jury trials. The following are all the state cases: Indictment for larceny, State of Oregon vs. Gilbert Crisman. Forfeiture against the securities for the non-appearance of the defendant, and an *alias* bench warrant ordered by the Court. State vs. Samuel Kelsey—assault with intent to murder. The defendant failed to appear and an *alias* bench warrant was ordered by the Court. State vs. Charles Wilson. Indictment for Larceny. The defendant plead guilty, and was sentenced to the penitentiary, by the Court, for one year.

This is the dullest term of the Circuit Court that has ever been held in this county. The law business plainly indicates that the lawyers, clerks and sheriffs will have to lookout for some other business to get the necessaries of life. Court commenced on Monday, and there being so little business, it adjourned last Thursday morning.

BY CALIFORNIA AND OREGON TELEGRAPH.

[REPORTED EXCLUSIVELY FOR THE SENTINEL.]

New York, 10th.—The *Commercial's* despatch says the President is already commenced the preparation of his message. Abstract reports of the various bureaus have been furnished. Nothing transpired respecting the views it will express. It is understood the President will recommend enactment of a law abolishing slavery everywhere in the U. S. immediately. Further rumored there will be a change in the Cabinet before next session of Congress. If the President is re-elected a new Sec'y of the Treasury must be selected, and possibly other changes be made.

Chicago, 11th.—Returns, not official from 81 counties in Illinois, give Lincoln 35,000 majority. Some Democratic counties to hear from. 9 Union, 3 Democrats elected to Congress 2 districts doubtful.

Albany, 11th.—sufficient returns been received to indicate beyond a doubt the success of the Union ticket in N. Y. by 5 to 7000 majority.

Army Potomac, 10th.—Returns from the army are nearly all in. Pennsylvania soldiers give 3,970 majority for Lincoln. Western regiments give small majority for Lincoln. Lincoln's majority in the combined armies before Petersburg and Richmond is 18,000.

New York, 11th.—Latest returns from counties in this state, nearly all official show a majority for Lincoln of 8,500. Fenton, over 9,000.

San Francisco, 14th.—Lincoln's majority in this State so far 17,000. Returns from Nevada thus far received give Lincoln 3,100 majority, with about 300 soldier votes to hear from.

New York, 12th.—Richmond *Sentinel* of the 9th says: A large fleet of iron clads is in the James river, below Dutch Gap. Union soldiers are not yet making any preparations for winter quarters. It is rumored that Grant contemplates a move on Wilmington by way of Weldon, and that he is already sending troops to the latter place.

The *Herald's* New Orleans correspondent says gunboats are watching the mouth of Red River for three very formidable rebel rams, which are expected to come down as soon as the water raises sufficiently.

Jeff Davis' currency has been almost entirely set aside by Texas rebels, and only gold or silver accepted. No news from Mobile. Gunboats shell the city three hours daily.

Chattanooga, 12th.—Arrival from the front reports that on the 7th, at daylight, the rebels attacked our pickets south of Atlanta, but subsequently fell back. The election on the 8th was quiet, and the result largely in favor of Lincoln. On the afternoon of the 9th, the enemy made an attack on Atlanta, throwing shells as far as Rolling Mills. Most desperate attack was made on southern roads. The enemy's artillery was within a hundred yards of our mortars, and their infantry and dismounted cavalry were within 200 yards of our men, when the latter, aroused from slumber, quickly manned the works and drove the rebels off. No Federal loss. The enemy finally retreated towards Macon. Our army is in excellent spirits, and well supplied with rations.

Washington, 11th.—*Evening Star* says: We deem it not improper to state that Sherman's army has been heavily reinforced and otherwise strengthened in cavalry. All dismounted men been remounted. The force under Thomas has been reinforced and strengthened, and is amply sufficient to insure that Hood can do no damage of consequence in Tennessee or Kentucky, which seems to be his aim. Sherman is operating with the other five corps in Hood's rear, and is already between him and any possible line of retreat south, when he shall see the necessity of so doing.

Cincinnati, 12th.—*Gazette's* Nashville dispatch denies the reported evacuation and burning of Atlanta and destruction of the Chattanooga railroad.

Washington, 12th.—A gentleman from the Valley, to-day, states that a large part of Sheridan's army is in the neighborhood of Winchester, while the enemy are at New Market, receiving reinforcements.

New York, 12th.—Herald's special says information received that the rebels in the Shenandoah, have been reinforced and are preparing to flank the position of Sheridan in order to threaten Penn's and Maryland. Sheridan is prepared for them. Despatches from the front represent the rebels some days ago, in force at Staunton, with the intention to move on our lines at once. 40 of Moseby's guerrillas disguised in our uniforms, yesterday attacked and captured a small train near Charlestown, belonging to Sheridans army.

New York, 12th.—From Little Rock, we learn that Col. White on the 23d after a fight of 4 hours captured an entire rebel train 35 wagons and 200 horses. This is probably one of the trains sent ahead of the main force by Price. Late Richmond papers contain proceedings of the rebel congress. Judiciary committee directed to inquire into the expediency of requiring citizens liable to do military duty, absent from the country not on public business, to return and assist in public defense, under pain of confiscation of property, disfranchisement after the war, and other adequate penalties. Also say Washington N. C. has been evacuated by the rebels.

Herald's Matamoras letter, of the 27th, says: Cortinas having become an Imperialist, has been sent on an expedition after his brother, who commands a band of guerrillas. Juarez is at Chihuahua with 2000 troops, said to be fortifying with a determination of standing a seige. Recently at a public dinner at Matamoras, one of Maximilian's officers gave a toast: "The Union of the Southern Confederacy, and Mexico." Which was received with great applause, and performance by the band of the "Donna Blue Flag.

Gold on the 5th, 2:40@2:45, advancing steadily reaching 2:59 on the 9th, closed on the 10th, at 2:31, on 12th, 2:44@2:45, depression on the 10th, attributable to heavy sales on Government account.

Wednesday's Dispatch.

New York, 12th.—*World* this morning acknowledges the defeat of Seymour and says "we have lost the state, both electorial vote and Governor."

Head Quarters Army Potomac, 11th.—On the evening of the 9th, a force of the enemy was discovered massing in front of our lines near Fort Steadman. Guns of the Fort opened, driving them to their works. Rebel batteries replied briskly but were soon silenced by our guns and mortars. The enemy seem determined to pursue the policy of shooting at every man they see; our men are forced to retaliate. Accordingly pickets in front of the 2d corps briskly engaged most of last night.

New York, 12th.—*Commercial's* Liverpool correspondent, says Sheridan has handsomely check-mated the movements of Early on our flank. He has sent them back and prevented the contemplated advance on the Baltimore and Ohio railroad. Washington dispatch says Gen. Banks it is said will soon take charge of the Navy Department; the same correspondent says he has reasons to believe the course to be adopted with reference to the infringement of Brazillian Sovereignty, capture of the Florida, will be substantially, the transmission of a despatch stating that our Government will consent to receive, and give favorable consideration any propositions Brazil may make. A letter to the *Post* mentions several instances of similar conduct by Great Britain, and thinks no trouble can come in the Florida case. Lord Lyons is lying very ill with the typhoid fever. Also says Richmond papers are greatly exercised over Lincolns election Hood is said to be marching on Chattanoga. The rebels are confident Grant is preparing for another battle.

Cape Race, 12th.—The Nova Scotia Liverpool, 34 arrived. It was thought the steamer Laurel, from Liverpool transfered her crew, arms and ammunition to the steamer New Alabama off Madeira. The London Herald denounces the capture of the Florida in indignant terms. *Times* says the capture of the Florida in a harbor of a friendly State, simply an act of piracy.

San Francisco, 15th.—The launching of the Comanche was successfully accomplished yesterday and was witnessed by thousands of persons.

S. F., 16th.—Gold on the 14th, 2:44 a 2:46 Legal Tenders to-day 45.

Portland, 15th.—Returns from Grand Round Valley including all the precincts in the new county of Union show 140 maj. for McClellan. Walla Walla precinct gives 95 maj. for McClellan. Far as heard from Baker county gives 141 maj. for McClellan. Wasco county, 61 Democratic majority.

Thursday's Dispatch.

New York, 13th.—*Herald's* special says Banks has been in consultation with the President to-day. It is reported in Administration circles that there is a strong probability of his being assigned to the portfolio of the Secretary of War. Stanton is understood to be so ill that he was unable to be at the War Department during the past week.

It is reported that Hancock, in consequence of his wounds, will be relieved of the command of the 2d corps, and assigned to the command of the Department of Washington, Gen. Augur succeeding him in the army of the Potomac. Delegation from Quakers in England, who came to this country to attend the yearly meeting of Friends in Baltimore and North Carolina, were refused admittance in the rebel lines.

Herald's special correspondent, with Sheridan, says it is stated several regiments of old Maryland line, whose time of service recently expired, have enlisted in Mosby's command, which by reason of numerous accessions, now numbers 1,500 to 2,000 Mosby is sufficiently recovered from his wounds to take the field. Sunday *Mercury* has what purports to be a translation from the Bahia papers, relative to the capture of the Florida. It says after the capture of the vessel, she was tied to the Wachusett, whose commander at once prepared for sea. The crew and small guns of the Florida were removed to the Wachusett. Some of the engineers were removed to the Wachusett to prevent her escape. As she was going out the people gathered on the shore, and the batteries were leveled at her. Some of the men on the Wachusett fired revolvers at the shore, which increased the excitement.

The *Mercury* says the residence of the American Consul at Bahia was mobbed by the people and our Minister compelled to put to sea, having virtually been driven out of the Empire. The Brazillian authorities were compelled to call out the army to suppress the riot.

New York, 14th.—Richmond *Examiner* says it is reported that 30 iron clads, with a number of torpedo boats and transports recently arrived at City Point. Many intelligent officers are confident there will soon be a great battle along the whole line below Richmond. The time depends on the completion of the Dutch Gap canal. It is the opinion that Sheridan will join Grant in the assault on the lines of Richmond and Petersburg.

Governor Brown, of Georgia, in his message, says: I am satisfied that a large majority of the people of this State, disapprove of many acts of policy of the administration of the Confederacy. We should keep constantly in view the great principles upon which we entered into the unequal contest, and rebuke every encroachment upon them by our own government. We have made fearful strides since the war began, towards a tyrannical government with unlimited powers. He advocates State sovereignity, and the right of each State to negotiate terms of peace. In regard to guerrillas he says: Bands of deserters from our armies, and small bodies of cavalry belonging to the Confederate service, are constantly robbing and plundering our people. He recommends the passage of an act declaring all such outlaws, and authorizing citizens, whom they attempt to rob, to shoot them down or slay them any way in their power.

Marysville, 17th.—About three o'clock this A. M. a destructive fire broke out in the Marysville Theater on D, between 2d and 3d streets, entirely consuming that edifice with four stores underneath and adjacent; the south wall of the Theater building fell on an adjoining two story brick, completely demolishing it. The roof of a third two story brick adjoining on the south, and occupied on the lower floor by the California State Telegraph Company's office, and C. Pholards drug store was also partially burned. The building and contents was greatly damaged by water. A brisk north wind prevailed at the time of the fire, and it was only by the most strenuous exertions of the fire department, a still greater conflagration was prevented. Entire loss cannot be less than $50,000.

LISLE LESTER'S DRAMATIC READINGS.—This talented young lady is to give one of her splendid Dramatic Entertainments in Jacksonville, on next Thursday, Nov. 24th as can be seen by her notice in another column. Miss Lester is the able Editress of the *Pacific Monthly* published at San Francisco. We hope to see an audience worthy of the occasion. Miss Lester has gained a reputation for her elocutionary power, excelled by but few. We take the following pen portrait from the *San Jose Mercury*:

"For the benefit of those of our readers who never saw the editress of the abovemagazine, we will say paranthetically, that she is a spunky little piece of femininity, weighing about 95 pounds, avoirdupois, and as chock full of good natured impudence and wit as 95 pounds of woman can well be. She is a brunette, not handsome, neither is she particularly plain; and at a rough guess, we should say that about 28 springs had passed over her head She is unmarried of course. He must be a bold man who would dare to storm the citadel of Lisle Leste's heart, fortified as it is with a columbiad at every embrasure, loaded to the very muzzle with chain lightning. We would sooner lead a forlorn hope over the fortifications of Richmond. We will say this for Lisle, however, that those who don't take the *Pacific Monthly*, don't know how many good things they miss."

RECRUITING.—Jackson County is required to furnish fifty-five men, as its quota to the new regiment just called for. It behooves every man of every party, to use his influence to procure these men. That there are that number of men who will volunteer willingly, we have no doubt. If such officers could be appointed as would be acceptible to them, or if it could be left to them to choose their own officers, we have no doubt, under favorable circumstances, fifty-five men may be raised in two months. To accelerate enlistments, we believe a very large majority of the tax-payers of this county would be willing for the county to appropriate an additional bounty of—say one hundred dollars. The county now being out of debt, with considerable money in the Treasury, this amount would not be felt. We believe that amount would, with the liberal bounties offered by the General Government and the State, secure all the men required without recourse to a draft. It is reasonable to suppose that there is not a man in the county who would not be willing to pay one, two or three dollars, rather than take the chances of his name being drawn from the wheel.

Died.

—In Sterlingville, about 10 o'clock, A. M., Nov. 18th, Wm. Staib; aged about 43 years. Was born in the Kingdom of Wurtinburg, Germany.

Born.

—In Jacksonville, Nov. 15th, to the wife of B. F. Reeser, a daughter.

READINGS!

LISLE LESTER.

WILL GIVE ONE OF HER CELEBRATED

Dramatic, Entertainments,

consisting of SERIO-COMIC, PATRIOTIC AND DRAMATIC READINGS,

At the COURT HOUSE, in JACKSONVILLE,

On Thursday next, Nov. 24th,

The reputation of LISLE LESTER as a public Elocutionist needs no complimentary notice—all award her the meed of the finest Reader on the Coast.

Among the Costume Readings to be given is a chapter from WIDOW BEDOTT, in antique dress. Also, the Beautiful Recitation of HIAWATHA'S FAMINE.

Doors open at 7 o'clock.

TICKETS, FIFTY CENTS

WHY WILL YOU BE SICK!

It is strange that so many persons will suffer for years with disease, when they can be so readily cured.

DR. A. BALL

has been established in San Francisco for ten years, and, during that period has not failed to effect a cure in a single case that he has undertaken.

Dr. BALL, after a study of forty years, has succeeded in compounding a medicine of PURELY VEGETABLE PREPARATION, that will cure the worst cases Gonorrhea, Gleet, Stricture, Syphilis, Impotency, Skin diseases, and all complaints arising from immoral practices in less time than by any other known process, WITHOUT INJURY TO THE SYSTEM.

Dr. BALL'S LADIES RELIEF, for the radical cure of Weakness and Irregularities, to which so many ladies of the Pacific coast are subject, owing principaly to the peculiarities of the climate, is the best preparation yet discovered by the Medical Faculty, as thousands that have used it can bear testimony.

Dr. BALL IS NO QUACK; he is a regularly educated physician of forty years standing, and has a diploma which he would be pleased to shew to those who may wish to see it.

Persons living at a certain distance, and sending a description of their complaint, can have their medicines put up in a package and sent by mail or express, in such a manner as not only to secure safety in transitu, but so that no person would suspect what are the contents.

References sent by mail to those who may wish to inquire as to the Doctor's ability before placing themselves in his charge.

☞ Address A. BALL, M. D., 328 Montgomery street, San Francisco.

☞ Consultations, either personal or by letter, FREE. Jy30m3

New! New!! New!!

KREUZER'S

NEW STORE,

Between New State Saloon and Bradbury & Wade's, Jacksonville,

IS STOCKED COMPLETELY WITH

Best Cigars and Tobacco,

FRESH CANDIES AND NUTS,

NEW TOYS & NOTIONS

Stationery,

FRESH FRUITS, ETC., ETC.

Mr. Kreuzer having purchased the new store one door south of Bradbury & Wade's, calls the attention of the public to his complete stock of smoking and chewing tobacco. Also to his various brands of cigars, from the common half-spanish to the most fragrant Havana. All sold at the most liberal prices.

You can be best supplied with any articles in his line, and save money, by giving him a call. December 18, 1863.

HOWE'S

THE

Standard Sewing Machine

OF THE

WORLD,

From which all others derive their vitality. All others pay license to Howe, Jr., the original inventor and patentee. These justly celebrated machines combine the desirable qualities of all others, and will sew cotton, silk or thread with equal facility—from the thickness of fine muslin to harness leather; they run light and rapid; make a neat lock-stitch, alike on both sides; never drops stitches; will gather and sew on at the same time. They are very simple, easily understood and managed; are durable, being of great strength and of perfect mechanism, upon correct and scientific mechanical principles.

FOR FAMILY USE

THE

LETTER "A"

Family machine has no equal. It does the entire range of work in the most approved manner. Price—$60 00, with fixtures complete; and with cap to cover the machine part, locking securely, $65 00.

Price of the "A," pearl finished machine, with cap, $75 00; Letter "B" light manufacturing machine, $65 00, and with cap, $70 00; Letter "C," heavy manufacturing, price $85 00; "D," cylander machine, $115; "E," large cylander machine, $140.

We also have for sale the Improved Little Giant machine—$20; the New England machine—$15.

DEMING & CO,
No. 5, Montgomery Street,
San Francisco,
Sole agents for the Pacific Coast.
San Francisco, Oct. 8, 1864. oct15m4

JUST RECEIVED

— AT —

Sachs Bros

ONE THOUSAND V'DS OF SUPERIOR

BLACK, DRESS

Silks,

Which will be Sold at a Great Sacrifice. SACHS BROS.

Dissolution Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the co-partnership heretofore existing between H. Judge and J. F. Zimmerman, in the harness and saddle making business, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. J. F. Zimmerman will receive all debts due the said firm, and also the debts due Henry Judge. Thanking our friends for the liberal patronage bestowed, we subscribe ourselves

HENRY JUDGE,
J. F. ZIMMERMAN.

The undersigned would also notify the public that he will still continue to do business at the old stand, and solicits a continuance of former patronage.

J. F. ZIMMERMAN.
Jacksonville, Oct. 1st '64. 4w