

THE OREGON SENTINEL.

JACKSONVILLE, OREGON.

SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 2, 1864.



"TO THE EFFICACY AND PERMANENCY OF YOUR UNION, A GOVERNMENT FOR THE WHOLE IS INDISPENSABLE."—Washington.

THE ISSUE.—The National Union Committee have laid down the following distinct platform as the issue of the forthcoming Presidential contest:

THE UNCONDITIONAL MAINTENANCE OF THE UNION, THE SUPREMACY OF THE CONSTITUTION, AND THE COMPLETE SUPPRESSION OF THE REBELLION WITH THE CAUSE THEREOF, BY VIGOROUS WAR AND ALL APT AND EFFICIENT MEANS.

UNION NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT,

ABRAHAM LINCOLN,

Subject to the decision of the National Union Convention.

STATE TICKET.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE,

J. H. D. HENDERSON,

OF LANE COUNTY.

FOR STATE PRINTER,

H. L. PITTOCK,

OF PORTLAND.

For Presidential Electors.

JAS. E. GAZLEY, of Douglas county.
H. N. GEORGE, of Linn county.
GEORGE L. WOODS, of Wasco county

JACKSON COUNTY TICKET.

For Representatives,

THOS. CROXTON,
B. F. MYER,
O. JACOBS.

For Sheriff,

C. W. SAVAGE.

For Clerk,

WM. HOFFMAN.

For Commissioners,

JOSEPH SATTERFIELD,
JOHN S. LOVE.

For Assessor,

F. B. SPRAGUE.

For Public Administrator,

O. D. HOXIE.

For Surveyor,

J. S. HOWARD.

For Coroner,

L. S. THOMPSON.

For Treasurer,

E. F. RUSSELL.

For District Attorney,

B. F. DOWELL.

Keep it before the People.

That the Union candidate for Congress is in favor of putting down the rebellion and preserving the Nation; and that the Democratic candidate is not in favor of putting down the rebellion, and is therefore willing to consent to a dissolution of the Union.

Keep it before the People.

That the Union candidate for Congress is in favor of maintaining the Constitution of the United States at the point of the bayonet, against foes abroad or traitors at home; and that the Democratic candidate is opposed to punishing and putting down the infamous traitors at the South, who are trying to destroy the Constitution and break up the Government.

Keep it before the People.

That J. H. D. Henderson is in favor of enforcing the laws of the United States and maintaining the Stars and Stripes over every foot of American soil; while James K. Kelly is opposed to enforcing these laws in the Southern States, in the only way they can be enforced at present, and is opposed to planting that noble old flag on

Fort Sumter, unless the chivalry will agree to it without any fighting.

Keep it before the People.

That Mr. Henderson is running on a platform which is opposed to nullification and secession; while Col. Kelly is running on a platform which favors both of these damnable heresies.

Keep it before the People.

That Mr. Henderson runs on a platform which submits to the Supreme Court of the United States on all constitutional questions; while Col. Kelly runs on a platform which abrogates the Supreme Court, and makes a State Convention the judge of an act of Congress, thus allowing any State the right to declare the Constitution violated, and the Union dissolved—from whence came Jeff. Davis, the Southern Confederacy, and all the blood, slaughter, tears, groans, widows, orphans and crimes of the present rebellion.

Keep it before the People.

That Henderson is in favor of sending the negroes out of the country, while Kelly is in favor of keeping them in it as slaves, to curse the nation from now until kingdom come.

Keep it before the People.

That Henderson is on the side of Abraham Lincoln, the Union, the Constitution and the crushing out of the rebellion; while Kelly is on the side of Jeff. Davis, the Southern Confederacy, the extension of slavery, disunion and damnation to the nation founded by Washington and his noble comrades, and endless troubles, taxes, and wars to every man woman and child now living in the United States, or that may be hereafter.

Rally, then, Union men! Rally, and bring every vote to the polls in time in favor of the whole Union ticket. You have no time to lose. Get to talking—talk to your neighbors—talk to everybody, and convince them that we are right.

Democratic Platform.

We publish this week the platform of the Oregon Copperhead Democracy. It is in every sense of the word a Secession. Anti-Union concern. They adopted the Secession Nullification Resolutions of 1798-9 of which the following is one.

Resolved, That the several States composing the United States of America, are not united on the principles of unlimited submission to the General Government, but by compact under the style and title of a Constitution for the United States, and of amendments thereto, they constituted a General Government for special purposes, delegated to that government certain definite powers, reserving each State to itself the residuary mass of right to their own self-government, and that whenever the General Government assumes undelegated powers, its acts are unauthorized, void, and of no force; that to this compact each State acceded as a State and is an integral part; that this Government, created by this compact, was not made the exclusive or final judge of the extent of the powers delegated to itself; since that would have made its discretion and not the Constitution, the measure of its powers; but, that as in all other cases of compact, among parties having no common judge, each party has an equal right to judge for itself, as well of infractions as of the mode and measure of redress.

What does that mean? It means nothing more nor less, than that each State Legislature or Convention has the right to sit in judgement on the acts of Congress, and make them (a State or States) the final judges of the constitutionality of any act of Congress. Taking this resolution as authority, the South Carolinians nullified the Acts of Congress in 1832, and seceded. And upon this authority, every Southern State which has seceded, has founded its rights. According to the Democracy of Oregon, our State Legislature has a right to nullify the "Greenback" Law, without any reference to the Supreme Court of the United States; and according to Oregon Democracy South Carolina had the right to judge of and nullify the acts of Congress, and if so they have the same right to nullify the Constitution itself, and secede from the Union. With this record, deliberately made by themselves, how can these Copperhead chaps any longer deny that they are in favor of Secession, and dissolution of the Union? How can they any longer claim that they are in favor of the Union? They cannot blow hot and cold at the same breath, and equally impossible is it for them to be Union men while standing squarely on a Nullification, Secession platform.

But this is not the only evidence of dis-

loyal sympathy with the rebels and traitors of the South. In their third resolution they very mildly "condemn the action of those States which have placed themselves in rebellion against the Government;" but reserve their vials of wrath for President Lincoln, whom they "condemn and denounce as a usurper and tyrant." Any man with a spark of honesty and a grain of common sense can see through that. They couldn't have been persuaded to denounce Jeff. Davis or his rebellion. Nobody ever heard a Constitutional Democrat do that. Never! Has anybody ever heard or read of the Democratic papers or stamper in Oregon, denouncing the butcheries of white and colored soldiers at Fort Pillow or Plymouth? Never! If Colonel Kelly should dare to express a single sentiment of disapprobation at these horrible and savage murders committed by the rebels, his party would egg him. In accepting his nomination, Col. Kelly has literally sold himself to the devil. But the anti-Union feeling is further disclosed by the action of the Convention on a resolution offered by Mr. Caton, but which has not been published in the Copperhead papers. Here it is:

Mr. Caton moved to strike out the 3d resolution and insert:

Resolved, That this Union has not been dissolved, and that whenever the rebellion in any seceded State shall be put down and subdued, either by force of Federal arms or by the voluntary submission of such State to the authority of the Constitution, then such State shall be restored to all its rights and privileges as a State of this Union under the Constitution of such State, including the right to regulate, order, and control its own domestic institutions according to the Constitution and laws of such State, free from all Congressional or Executive control or dictation.

The amendment was rejected; yeas 11, noes 76. The vote on rejection was made unanimous.

Mr. Caton's resolution was certainly as harmless as any Constitutional Democrat, who was not a rebel, could have desired; but it was contemptuously voted down.

Voters of Oregon, the issue is presented. If you vote for Mr. Henderson, you vote for the preservation of the Federal Union, the maintenance of the Constitution signed by George Washington, and the enforcement of all Constitutional laws over every foot of American soil; but if you vote for Jas. K. Kelly, you cast one vote for the South Carolina doctrine of Nullification, one vote for the right of a State to destroy the Union, and one vote in favor of Jeff. Davis and his infernal conspiracy. Choose ye!

Speech of Gen. E. L. Applegate.

At the Union County Convention, held here last Saturday, by a formal vote, Gen. Applegate was unanimously invited to address the Convention on political subjects. In the afternoon he responded to the invitation, and addressed the Convention for about two hours.

Of Mr. Applegate's speech it is absolutely impossible to speak justly or correctly. He must be heard to be appreciated. He went back into the past and turned the lamp of his historical knowledge upon men and things as they existed when our Government was founded, and exposed to full view the real cause of our present troubles, viz: the State Rights Monarchist doctrine, of a Confederation of State sovereignties, instead of the people's government for the citizen. With a mastery hand he followed this doctrine, as taught by the French emissary Genet, as disclosed by the nullification resolutions of 1798-9 (and now adopted by the Oregon Copperheads), and openly and unblushingly advocated by John C. Calhoun, Jefferson Davis, on down, down, down to Joe Lane and James O'Meara. He clearly exposed the absurdity, inconsistency and treason of attempting to ingraft any such doctrine into our Republican form of government; and forcibly, and with powerful effect, appealed to his audience to crush out the treasonable monster, as they would crush the poisonous "copperhead" that crawled at their feet. The substance of this speech was strikingly novel and entirely original; while the manner of its delivery was perfectly inimitable. Without attempting to be eloquent, he was truly so. He told none of your common-place anecdotes, nor even an anecdote of any kind. He has a power of approaching his audience in this direction, above and beyond the relation of any mere yarn—his humor is natural, always inspired by the occasion, and perfectly irresistible. His speech was not

manufactured from dainty bits from the newspapers, or war speeches of the day, but it was the philosophic application of the principles of our Government to the momentous issues of the present; and in this respect the speech would challenge the admiration of the ablest statesman of the nation.

Gen. Applegate has a peculiar ability. He is such a man as is met with only once in a life time. His mind runs as naturally to political economy, and affairs of governments and nations, as did that of Shakespeare to poetry; and on the subjects our Oregon-made man is a philosopher and a statesman of no mean abilities. Being eminently qualified to write a political history of his country, for the use not only of his own time but for the many millions that will come after us, it is a sacred duty to his country to do so. Such a work from his pen would be a living, speaking monument to his genius, long after Senators and Presidents have been forgotten. Ably qualified to shine and do giant service in the legislative halls of the nation, his influence should not be neglected or discarded.

Appeal of the Ladies Sanitary Aid Society to the People of Oregon.

At a meeting of the Ladies' Oregon Sanitary Aid Society, held at Portland April 22d, the following address to the patriotic citizens of Oregon and Washington Territory was adopted:

From late reports of the Sanitary Commission we learn the necessity of a regular, certain income to enable them to execute the work they have undertaken. In view of the fact we would recommend to the friends of the cause the following resolutions:

Resolved, That we recommend the Churches and the Congregations of the State of Oregon and of Washington Territory to take collections for the Sanitary Commission or Christian Commission once every month.

Resolved, That we recommend all other Societies, Associations and regular assemblies to take collections for this purpose once a month.

Resolved, That we suggest the expediency of an organized Sanitary Aid Society in every township, which Societies shall have a Central Committee at the county seat of each county, which Committee shall receive the funds collected by the several Societies and transmit the same to the Agent of the Commission (Hon. A. Holbrook) at Portland. And we would further suggest that the collections in different parts of the State be taken at such a time in the month, that they may be received by the Agent in Portland previous to the close of the month—thus enabling him to publish a monthly report of the contributions of the State and Territory.

In order to carry these resolutions into practice, and accomplish the purpose of creating a fund which may be relied upon to defray the expenses of this great charity of the age, we appeal to all pastors to present the subject of the foregoing resolutions to the proper authorities in their several congregations, and where there are no Sanitary Aid Societies organized, to suggest the matter to the ladies of their congregations. We also appeal to the presiding officers of "all other Societies, Associations and regular assemblies" to present the subject to the various bodies over which they preside, and to act as agents of the Sanitary Aid Society in receiving the donations of their various Societies.

And lastly, we appeal to every woman, cherishing the memory of the brothers who shared her childhood's happiness and griefs, and through her youth was to her the model of manliness and worth—who reveres the gray hairs of her father, or rests in womanly weakness upon the strong arm of her husband, feeling that if he was taken from her, life could be no longer bright, or—who looks with the pride that none but a mother can know, upon a son dearer to her heart than her own life-blood, to remember what our sisters on the eastern slope have been called upon to sacrifice,—and the many homes whose strength and pride have been freely given at their country's call.

And while our hearts are filled with joy that our loved ones are all here with us, let us prove our sympathy with those who offer their lives at the Country's altar, by using our utmost endeavors to send to them the means of ameliorating the condition of the sick and wounded, and in so doing, not only serve the cause of humanity, but aid our Country's cause, by adding to the strength and efficiency of the force in the field, and also receive to ourselves the greater blessing, as it is more blessed to give than to receive.

MRS. O. B. GIBSON, Vice Pres.
MRS. A. C. GIBSON, Secretary.

NEW TO-DAY.

Settle Up.

ALL those knowing themselves indebted to the firm of Fisher & Brown, or who have bought at the Dardanelles are requested to call at the store in Jacksonville, or their notes and accounts placed in the hands of the proper collection.

FISHER & BROWN.
Jacksonville, May 7, 1864.

20 TEAM

Wanted

To haul Flour to

HUMBOLDT

Owyhee

Apply to WM. J. ALLEN
Jacksonville, May 7, 1864.

Summons.

IN the County Court of the State of Oregon for the county of Josephine.
Calvin Baine, Plaintiff vs. —
Defendant.

To the above named defendant: I hereby summoned and required to appear in said Court, on the fifth day of July, 1864—to be begun and the town of Korberville, in said county, to answer the complaint of the said plaintiff against you in said Court, and to file judgment against you for the sum of Fifty dollars, with interest thereon, from the first day of June, 1859, until paid, together with disbursements of this suit if it be found against you.

B. F. DOWELL, Atty for Plaintiff.

Summons.

IN the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for the county of Josephine.
S. W. Sawyer, Plaintiff, vs. E. J. K. S. D. Northcutt, & W. W. Northcutt, doing business under the style of E. J. Northcutt & Brothers, Defendants.

To the above named defendants: I hereby summoned and required to appear in said Court, on the first day of next term, thereof, to be begun and the town of Korberville, in said county, on the 4th Monday in October, 1864, the 24th day of said month, and to answer the complaint of the Plaintiff against you in said Court, or to be taken for confessed, and the Plaintiff take judgment against you for the sum of \$1,208, with interest thereon from day of —, 18— until paid, and disbursements of this suit, and premises mortgaged by the said S. W. Sawyer, and W. W. Northcutt, to the said E. J. Northcutt & Brothers, will be sold to pay the same, and the will issue therefor, as at law, and the will be foreclosed, except as an error of law.

B. F. DOWELL, Atty for Plaintiff.

Summons.

IN the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for the county of Josephine.
S. W. Sawyer, Plaintiff, vs. Peter Francis Coleman, M. D. L. Coleman, Holcomb and Wm. Edmonson, Defendants.

To the above named defendants: I hereby summoned and required to appear in said Court, on the first day of next term, thereof, to be begun and held at the town of Korberville, in said county, on the 4th Monday in October, 1864, the 24th day of said month, and there answer the complaint of the Plaintiff against you in said Court, or to be taken for confessed, and the Plaintiff take judgment against you for the sum of \$353 52-100, with interest thereon from day of —, 18— until paid, and disbursements of this suit, and premises mortgaged by the said S. W. Sawyer, and W. W. Northcutt, to the said E. J. Northcutt & Brothers, will be sold to pay the same, and the will issue therefor, as at law, and the will be foreclosed, except as an error of law.

By order of the Court.
B. F. DOWELL, Atty for Plaintiff.