

THE OREGON SENTINEL

THE ATLANTIC NEWS.

BY CALIFORNIA AND OREGON STATE TELEGRAPH.

Telegraphed from York to Jacksonville expressly for the Sentinel.

[From the Sentinel Extra, Jan. 24th.]

Headquarters Army of Potomac, Jan. 22d.—Nothing of special interest has transpired within our lines for several days. The enemy appear to enjoy a similar state of quiet. Gen. John Sedgwick commands the army in the absence of Gen. Meade.

A party of one hundred guerrillas made a night attack on Col. Switzer's brigade of Ninth Army Corps, wounding five or six of our men. Eight dead rebels were left on the ground, the guerrillas having been promptly repulsed.

New York, 22d.—Ship Garibaldi came off southwest shore yesterday undamaged. She proceeds on her voyage to San Francisco the first fair wind.

The Times' special dispatch dated Washington 21st, says General Butler left yesterday for Fortress Monroe. He is hopeful that he will be able to release our prisoners at Richmond within a month. He will not recede an inch from the high ground he has taken with the rebel authorities.

An officer of Banks' command writes to a friend that, before the 1st of June the whole country west of the Mississippi will be clear of rebels in arms. Large quantities of cotton come within our lines from the plantations of Texas.

Petitions from Wisconsin strongly urge that a bill be presented to the House soon praying for the removal of a Judge of the U. S. Supreme Court, for bribery and corruption upon the bench of his circuit.

The World's special dispatch says the number of rebel refugees now passing through military lines is very great. A gentleman from Mississippi says the rebel conscription is being enforced, but that conscripts desert as fast as they are conscripted. Latest accounts from the rebel lines at New Orleans report that the rebellion cannot stand much longer. Their currency has become worthless, and planters hide away everything of value from the rebels.

Rumors says that Longstreet recently made a tender of an important contract to the General Government, involving the surrender of his forces; that an official was detailed to hold an interview with him and agree upon terms, and such terms were offered him that he declared that, rather than accept them, he and the people would fight to the last. We cannot say how much truth there is in this story.

A Democratic caucus last night passed resolutions instructing a committee to prepare an address to conservative people of the United States.

Washington, 21st.—It appears from a communication of the Commissioner of the Department of Agricultural Committee of State, that, in Commissioner's opinion, an ad valorem tax of twenty per cent. on leaf tobacco would destroy the export trade, which now gives us twenty millions revenue. He estimates our average crops at less than one-third the product of Brazil, and shows that the export of Brazil has increased seven-fold within the last two years.

New York, 22d.—The Herald's letter off Wilmington, N. C., 13th, declares the capture and destruction of blockade-runners Ranger, Bendigo and Hero. The Bendigo was run ashore, set on fire and shelled, but being an iron vessel, was comparatively unharmed. An attempt was made to tow her off by the Montgomery and Iron Age. The Montgomery stuck fast, but her powerful engines got her off. The Iron Age also got aground, and though two gunboats tried their best, she could not be moved. Her guns were accordingly thrown overboard, and she was set on fire and blown up. Her officers and crew were transferred to the new vessels. The Ranger was run ashore and set on fire by the Minnesota. One man was killed and one wounded in boats which boarded her, by rebel soldiers from shore. The Hero was destroyed in the same way. The Montgomery had been engaged several days in shelling rebel cavalry. A letter says the blockade-runners are being rapidly destroyed.

Dates to January 23.

[From the Sentinel Extra, Monday, 25th.]

New York, 22nd.—The Herald's Washington special says that it is probable that Gen. Schofield has been ordered to relieve Gen. Foster.

For the present, legislation on the gold question has been abandoned, the Secretary of the Treasury not deeming it expedient to recommend further restrictions.

A steamer having Nassau dates to Jan. 16th, with particulars of unsuccessful chase of blockade-runner Hansa by the Vanderbilt. The former threw 70 bales of cotton overboard. The Vanderbilt gained on her fast, but she escaped by running inside of a reef. Several blockaders had arrived at Wilmington, one commanded by the noted Confederate Atter (?)

Cincinnati, 23d.—There were two ballots in the Kentucky Legislature yesterday for U. S. Senator. Guthrie will probably be elected.

Detroit, 22d.—Treadwell, one of the proprietors of the bank at Hudson, Michigan, absconded with \$30,000 belonging to the bank.

Washington, 22d.—Dispatches from Admiral Lee report the destruction of 21 blockade runners, within a short period, off Wilmington.

The estimated cost of the ship canal around Niagara Falls is \$55,000,000. In addition to this \$3,500,000 will be asked for the enlargement of the locks on the Oswego and Erie Canals; \$4,000,000 for the canal from St. Lawrence river via Lake Champlain to Albany; \$12,000,000 for the enlargement of the Illinois canal so that vessels of 600 tons can pass.

Question affecting the banishment of Vallandigham was before the Supreme Court to-day. It was originally *ex parte*. Vallandigham being the petitioner. A motion for a writ of *certiorari* to the Judge Advocate General. It was argued by G. E. Pugh for and by Judge Advocate in opposition.

New York, 23.—Herald's special says deserters arriving in our lines, say President's amnesty proclamation is creating a feeling in the rebel army which indicates its utter demoralization. Recruits and returning convalescents are daily swelling the ranks of our army.

A Havana letter reports arrival of the steamer Raphael at Mantanza, from New York. She is intended for a blockade runner.

A New Orleans letter says a light draught river fleet is fitting out for service. The correspondent thinks it and the troops returning from Attakapas are intended for combined advance on Uperedrive.

New York, 23d.—The Creole from New Orleans, Jan. 15, has arrived. Banks' proclamation was the chief topic. It was much commended by the loyal people. Grove's division had been ordered to Madisonville on Lake Ponchartrain. Another rebellion took place at Matamoros. Reize took charge of the city Jan. 14th. He had to resign next day, and the names of three persons were to be presented to the Supreme Government, from whom to elect a Governor. None of them are persons who have taken part in the pending invasion.

Baltimore, 23d.—In the Maryland House of Delegates, yesterday, a series of resolutions denouncing the President were laid over. Murphy Botto introduced resolutions providing for the expulsion of any member who uses disloyal language.

Harrisburg, (Pa.), 23d.—Judge Woodward's decision as to the unconstitutionality of the enrollment laws, and injunction restraining Federal officers from taking drafted men from the State, have been negated by a full bench, only two Judges dissenting.

Cairo, 23d.—The Little Rock Democrat of June 9th says a squad of Federals were attacked ten miles from there by McRae's force. One of the latter severely wounded.

New York, 23d.—A dispatch to the Post says Secretary Chase will fill orders for five-twenty received before notice was given that no more would be furnished. Fifteen million dollars in excess have been subscribed.

Baltimore, 23d.—The Richmond Whig of Jan. 11th says some southerners are apprehensive of an attack on Savannah, as part of the enemy's programme on the coast this winter. This is caused by certain recent movements at Hilton Head, which seem to indicate concentration of forces for that purpose. Another reason for this belief is that Savannah would constitute a base for the operations against the Confeds.

Nashville, 22d.—A meeting to-day of over 2,000 persons was held at the Capital, to consult upon the restoration of civil

Government in this State. Resolutions were adopted recommending the authorities of the Federal Government to secure republican government in rebellious States by appointing military Governments. Slavery was denounced as an evil in itself, and the cause of the rebellion; recommending the reorganization of State Government by Constitutional Conventions composed of Delegates pledged to immediate and universal emancipation; commending the integrity of Gov. Johnson, and recommending him to call said Convention.

Boston, 23d.—A correspondent writing from Newbern says information has reached there that a call has been made at Raleigh for a State Convention, for the purpose of seceding from their allegiance to the Southern Confederacy.

North Carolina papers continue to demand peace.

A country youth came to town to see his intended wife, and for a long time could think of nothing to say. At last a great snow falling, he took occasion to tell her that his father's sheep would be all undone. "Well," said she, taking him by the ear, "I'll keep one of them."

How to get rid of corn: Rub them over with toasted cheese, and, let your feet hang out of bed for a night or two, that the mice may nibble them. If the mice do their duty, the remedy will be sufficient.

LOVE & BILGER

California Street, Jacksonville.

DEALERS AND WORKERS IN

TIN, SHEET IRON, COPPER,

LEAD AND BRASS,

HAVE just received from the Atlantic States and San Francisco, a complete stock of everything in their line, and will keep constantly on hand an assortment of the best Tin, Sheet-iron and Copperware. Brass Pipes, Hydraulic Nozzles, Force Pumps, Chains, Lead Pipe, Hose, HARDWARE, CUTLERY; NAILS of all sizes:

Bar, Plate and assorted Iron; Paints, Oils, Sizes and Glass; All qualities of Powder; Shot of all numbers; Brushes of every variety, etc., etc.

Stoves.

Also, always on hand, a large lot of stoves of assorted sizes. "Buck's Patent Cooking Stove," and the "New World Stove," the two very best and approved patterns in the world. Parlor, Office and Cabin Stoves, fancy and plain, constructed on latest fuel-saving plans. Boilers, Kettles, Pots, Pans, and everything connected with these stoves, warranted durable and perfect.

All articles sold by them or manufactured, WARRANTED. Their work is made of the best material and of choicest patterns. Orders attended to with dispatch, and filled according to directions. In everything, their stock is the largest and best ever brought to Jacksonville, and they are determined to sell at low prices for cash. Call and examine their stock before purchasing elsewhere. (June 23, 1860-23. Agents for Halliday & Co's Wire Rope.

Administrator's Notice.

BY order of the County Court, in and for the county of Jackson and State of Oregon, I will sell to the highest bidder, at public auction, on the land claim of the late Michael Erly, deceased, at the mouth of Sam's Creek, two miles and a half above Dardanelle, on Tuesday, Feb. 9, 1864, between the hours of ten A. M. and four P. M., the personal property belonging to the estate of the aforesaid deceased. Terms of sale—gold and silver coin, down. EMERSON E. GORE, Jan 23rd 2 Public Administrator. Phoenix, Ogn., Jan., 22, 1864.

Administrator's Sale.

BY order of the County Court, in and for the county of Jackson and State of Oregon, I will sell to the highest bidder, at public auction, at the Ashland Mills, on Saturday, Feb. 6, 1864, between the hours of ten A. M. and four P. M., the personal property belonging to the estate of the late John Besson, deceased. Terms of sale—gold and silver coin, down. EMERSON E. GORE, Jan 23rd 2 Public Administrator. Phoenix, Ogn., Jan., 22, 1864.

EAGLE BREWERY!

By Joseph Wetterer.

"O, lager, sweet lager, bustin' lager beer, Now its praises we'll sing as the sweitzer comes in— Ein pfeif und ein Lager Beer!"

THE proprietor announces that the arrangements of his Brewery are so extensive and complete that he can defy all competition in Southern Oregon in making an A. No. 1 article of Lager Beer.

The large cellars of the establishment are always stocked with kegs of lager ample for the largest wholesale or retail demand. Call at the Saloon, on the upper end of Oregon street, test the beer, and leave your orders. Jacksonville, Oct. 24, 1863.

P. J. RYAN . . . E. S. MORGAN . . . EDWARD HINDE

RYAN, MORGAN & CO.,

ESTABLISHED FOR TEN YEARS.

- IN THEIR -

Two-story, Fire-proof Brick Store.

MEN'S DEPARTMENT UP STAIRS.

DEALERS IN

All Classes of Merchandise,

INCLUDING

DRUGS & MEDICINES

OREGON WOOLEN GOODS,

FINE BRANDIES,

WHISKIES,

WINES,

SYRUPS,

And BITTERS.

In which we can offer

Inducements to Saloons.

OUTFITS FURNISHED TO

Parties Going North.

AT VERY LOW PRICES.

We will SUPPLY TRADERS.

At a shade above San Francisco cost and charge.

We are a

Permanent Institution

IN THIS VALLEY.

We are

Able to Deal Liberally

With Good and Prompt Customers,

And will make it for the interest of such to deal with us.

Agents for the

ASHLAND MILLS

- AND -

Eagle Distillery & Flour Mill

We have

An Experienced Agent

RESIDING IN SAN FRANCISCO.

Enabling us to

DEFY COMPETITION.

We will pay the Highest Market Price for

WOOL AND HIDES.

We will take EVERY DESCRIPTION

-of-

PRODUCE

For which we can get a market.

We will keep replenishing our stock with

Fresh Goods Every Month

In the year that the roads are passable.

CALL AND SEE US.

RYAN, MORGAN & CO.

JACKSONVILLE, Nov. 21, 1863.

H. Bloom

Is Now Receiving

DIRECT FROM SAN FRANCISCO,

A Large and Well-Selected

STOCK OF

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

CONSISTING OF

Dry Goods,

CLOTHING,

GROCERIES,

ETC., ETC., ETC.

All for Sale at Extremely

Low Prices,

For Cash.

Grateful for past favors, he invites a general call.

Store on Oregon Street, in McCully's Brick.

Jacksonville, Oct. 24, 1863.

CHEAP FOR CASH

MAX MULLER,

- AT THE -

BRICK STORE,

Corner of Oregon and Main Streets,

Jacksonville,

HAS just received an addition to his former large and well selected Stock of

FANCY, STAPLE & SUMMER

DRY GOODS

CLOTHING,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Groceries, Liquors,

Cutlery,

Crockery, Mining Tools,

All at Reduced Prices.

ONE and ALL are invited to favor him with a call, as it costs nothing to show goods, and it is a pleasure to sell them at prices so low that none can complain.

Highest Price Paid for Produce in Exchange for Goods.