

THE OREGON SENTINEL

BY CALIFORNIA AND OREGON TELEGRAPH LINE.

TELEGRAPHED TO JACKSONVILLE EXPRESSLY FOR THE OREGON SENTINEL.

First Dispatch by Telegraph Through to Jacksonville.

January 22.

Fortress Monroe, 17th.—The Richmond Sentinel says "Yankee troops are being landed at Morehead City, N. C. We expect stirring times on the coast this winter. A Confederate quartermaster is believed to be a defaulter to the amount of half a million dollars."

Philadelphia, 20th.—In a letter of Secretary Seward to Minister Adams, the Secretary says the United States insists, and must continue to insist, that the British Government is justly responsible for damages which peaceful, law-abiding citizens of the United States sustain by the depredation of the Alabama, that vessel having been built and fitted out in British waters. The Secretary cannot, therefore, instruct Mr. Adams to refrain from pressing claims he has in his hands.

Chicago, 20th.—The State Senate yesterday confirmed Robert B. Swain as Superintendent of the Mint at San Francisco.

New York, 20th.—The Morning Star, from New Orleans, with dates to 12th, and Havana to 15th, has arrived. She was detained three days by Gen. Banks to carry dispatches. The blockade running schooner Isabel and Union arrived at Havana. The latter was chased to Havana by the gunboat De Sota. There was a report at Havana to the effect that the steamer Harriette Lane, from Galveston, with cotton, was expected. The propeller Boston, which was captured at the mouth of the Mississippi several months ago and taken to Mobile, has been made into a gunboat, by adding fifty feet to her length. She would be ready to run and make an attempt to capture some of the New Orleans mail steamers.

The occupation of Indianola, Texas, by Gen. Washburn is confirmed. The town of Mandeville, La., on the north side of Lake Ponchartrain, was captured without loss, and garrisoned by our forces.

Leavenworth, 19th.—Gen. Curtis was publicly welcomed by the citizens generally. Over 10,000 dollars worth of property was destroyed and many lives lost by cold weather on the Platt. Government freight trains still detained.

Cincinnati, 20th.—Ice broke up yesterday morning and destroyed the steamboat Tempest and a large number of coal barges lying at the mouth of the river. Loss, 30,000 dollars.

Yreka, 22nd, 10:25 a. m.—Heavy winds prevailing and raining.

Trinity Centre, Jan. 19th.—The Indians have attacked North Fork of Salmon, killed many persons and robbed many more. A messenger arrived here last night.

THE TELEGRAPH LINE COMPLETED TO JACKSONVILLE.—The long expected telegraph connection between this place and Yreka has at length been made. On Thursday last the wagon arrived in town tolling out the wire, which was rapidly stretched on the staunch poles by workmen under the management of Superintendent Whittlesy, and by evening the wire was attached to the battery in the office, located in the reception room of the U. S. Hotel. On yesterday morning we received the first dispatch sent over the wires to this place, which we publish in this paper.

ENROLLMENT IN DOUGLAS COUNTY.—We have been favored by Mr. L. L. Williams, Enrolling Officer of Douglas county, with the following information:

"Douglas county, according to my lists, enrolls 852, about 250 of which are of the class second.

"A recapitulation exhibits the following trades, professions, etc: Farmers and laborers, 686; mechanics and tradesmen, 70; merchants and clerks, 22; attorneys at law, 6; teachers, 4; physicians, 5; preachers, 9; m'ners, 34; stage drivers, 6; general stage agent, 1; hotel and saloon keepers, 5."

The Sacramento Bee has entered upon its fifteenth volume and eighth year. It is a paper that fearlessly and directly expresses its patriotic sentiments, and its exposures, from time to time, of the mawkish conservatism of the Confederate Democracy, are exceedingly refreshing. It has well deserved the good success it has won.

EXTRAS.—Having made arrangements with Superintendent Whittlesy for the regular receipt of telegraphic dispatches from Atlantic States and California, we shall daily print extras containing the war, Congressional and general news, which can be read by our patrons on the same day it is received in San Francisco and Sacramento. We have not yet ascertained the terms upon which we will be enabled to furnish extras, but shall inform the public as soon as we get fairly started.

LEAP YEAR.—This is leap year girls! But you know it, we suppose without being told. Maids of uncertain age have long been congratulating themselves upon the prospects of a "good time coming," and we should not be surprised if many a bashful bachelor awoke on New Year's morn with the self congratulation "we may be happy yet." If you have bashful lovers, girls, now is your time to put them to shame by talking sense to them—something they never did to you, we'll be bound.—San Andreas Register.

DARE the secession papers of Oregon rebuke the Jeff Davis Confederacy for their inhuman treatment of Union prisoners? Open your great tobacco stained whiskey traps and answer—if you dare.—Eugene Crusader.

A dispensation has been granted for the organization of a Masonic Lodge in Hancock City, I. T., to be called the "Idaho Lodge." It is said that the Fraternity number about 125 members in that region.

County warrants do not require a revenue stamp, as long as held by the parties to whom they are issued; but if endorsed and sold, they must be stamped.

OMENS.—Jeff Davis commences his last message with the word "grave," and Meminger closes his financial report with the word "succumb."

RETURNED.—Gen. E. L. Applegate and Indian Agent Rogers have returned from a visit to the Willamette Valley.

REV. P. M. STARR will preach in Jacksonville, to-morrow, at the usual time and place.

STARVING PRISONERS.—From Southern journals the information is derived that Foote lately introduced the following into the rebel Congress, which gives assurance to precious well authenticated information, that the rebels have been deliberately starving Union prisoners at Richmond:

Resolved, That said Committee be instructed to inquire whether there be any ground for the allegation made by the enemy, in formal official letters and otherwise, that the prisoners of war detained by us in custody have been refused adequate supplies of a wholesome and nutritious character, at any time, and report the result of the inquiry herein, in order that not a moment should be lost in vindicating the honor of our own Government in regard to this solemn and interesting matter, and that no plausible pretext shall remain for the mal-treatment of our own valuable soldiers now detained in Northern prison-houses upon the plea of needful retaliation.

In explaining and urging this resolution upon the Committee of the Whole, Foote said that his design was to investigate facts, and he had a few to offer; not to give information to the enemy, but to give information to this House, and to the country, that the honor of the country may be protected. A certain Commissary General, who was a curse to our country, had been invested with authority to control the matter of subsistence. This man, this monster, this Northrop, has stealthily placed our Government in the attitude charged by the enemy, and has attempted to starve the prisoners in our hands.

Here Foote read a letter from the Quartermaster for the prisons, Capt. J. Warner, addressed to Gen. Winder, and placed on the record of Colonel Ould's office, which stated that he (Capt. Warner) had, from the 1st to the 20th of last month, been able to obtain meat for the prisoners in a very irregular manner from the Department, and that for six days only of the period was he able to obtain a regular supply; for twelve days the supply was irregular and inadequate, and for eight days they got none at all. This Commissary General, who, he was told (continued Foote), was a sort of pepper doctor down in Charleston, and, he must say, looked as like a vegetarian as his practice would indicate, had actually made an elaborate report to the Secretary of War, showing that for the sustenance of a Yankee carcass a vegetable diet was the most proper

that could be adopted. He had other facts which he would bring forward, in addition to this, to show that this Northrop should be turned out. For the honor of the country he should be ejected at once. The vote was then taken on the resolution and it was lost.

SOCIETY, INFLUENCE OF EVIL.—I have often wondered how the fishes can retain their state, and yet live in salt water, since everything partakes the nature of the place where it abides, and of that which is around it. So it is with evil company, for besides that it blenisheth our reputation, and makes our thoughts evil though we be good, it also inclines us insensibly to ill, and works in us, if not an approbation, yet a less dislike to those sins to which our eyes and ears are continually inured. For this reason, by the grace of God I will ever shun it. I may have a bad acquaintance, but I will never have a wicked companion.—Bishop Hall.

Jacksonville Prices Current.

Reported for the Sentinel—Corrected Weekly.

JACKSONVILLE, Saturday, Jan. 23, 1864.

Flour, in qr. sacks, per 100	\$2 50
Corn meal, per 100	\$3 50 a 4 00
Wheat, per bushel	40 a 45
Barley, do	50 a
Oats, do	33 a 37
Chickens, per doz	\$3 00 a 4 50
Hay, do ton	15 00 a
Bacon, sides, clear, per lb.	16 a 20
do hams	20 a 22
do shoulders	16 a
do hog round	18 a
Beef, nett, per lb., retail	12 a
Pork do do	12 a
Lard leaf, in tins	16 a 20
Butter, fresh, per lb.	37 a 50
Cheese, per lb	33 a
Eggs, fresh, per doz	25 a 33
Potatoes, per lb.	1 a 2
Onions do do	5 a 6
Beans, white do	6 a
Green apples, do	4 a 6
Dried apples	25 a
Dried peaches, do	30 a 36
Coffee, do firm	40 a
Crushed sugar do	25 a 28
Brown sugar, do	22 a 25
Rice, do	20 a
Salt, do	10 a
Candles, do	50 a

LOVE & BILGER

California Street, Jacksonville, DEALERS AND WORKERS IN TIN, SHEET IRON, COPPER, LEAD AND BRASS,

HAVE just received from the Atlantic States and San Francisco, a complete stock of everything in their line, and will keep constantly on hand an assortment of the best Tin, Sheet-iron and Copperware, Brass Pipes, Hydraulic Nozzles, Force Pumps, Chains, Lead Pipe, Hose, HARDWARE, CUTLERY; NAILS of all sizes:

Bar, Plate and assorted Iron; Paints, Oils, Sizes and Glass; All qualities of Powder; Shot of all numbers; Brushes of every variety, etc., etc.

Stoves. Also, always on hand, a large lot of stoves of assorted sizes. "Buck's Patent Cooking Stove," and the "New World Stove," the two very best and approved patterns in the world. Parlor, Office and Cabin Stoves, fancy and plain, constructed on latest fuel-saving plans. Boilers, Kettles, Pots, Pans, and everything connected with these stoves, warranted durable and perfect.

EAGLE BREWERY!

By Joseph Wetterer. "O, lager, sweet lager, bustin' lager beer, Now its praises we'll sing as the sweitzer comes in— Ein pfeif and ein Lager Beer!"

THE proprietor announces that the arrangements of his Brewery are so extensive and complete that he can defy all competition in Southern Oregon in making an A No. 1 article of Lager Beer.

The large cellars of the establishment are always stocked with kegs of lager ample for the largest wholesale or retail demand. Call at the Saloon, on the upper end of Oregon street, test the beer, and leave your orders. Jacksonville, Oct. 24, 1863.

NOTICE TO SUPERVISORS. Supervisors who have not made their reports for settlement, are required to appear before the Board of County Commissioners for that purpose, at the regular session of the Board, commencing on the first Monday in February, 1864. By order of the Board. WM. HOFFMAN, County Clerk. Jan. 9, 1864.

RYAN, MORGAN & CO.,

ESTABLISHED FOR TEN YEARS.

— IN THEIR — Two-story, Fire-proof Brick Store.

MEN'S DEPARTMENT UP STAIRS.

DEALERS IN

All Classes of Merchandise, INCLUDING DRUGS & MEDICINES

OREGON WOOLEN GOODS,

FINE BRANDIES, WHISKIES, WINES, SYRUPS, And BITTERS.

In which we can offer Inducements to Saloons.

OUTFITS FURNISHED TO Parties Going North.

AT VERY LOW PRICES.

We will SUPPLY TRADERS.

At a shade above San Francisco cost and charge.

We are a Permanent Institution

IN THIS VALLEY.

We are Able to Deal Liberally

With Good and Prompt Customers,

And will make it for the interest of such to deal with us.

Agents for the ASHLAND MILLS

— AND — Eagle Distillery & Flour Mill

We have An Experienced Agent

RESIDING IN SAN FRANCISCO.

Enabling us to DEFY COMPETITION.

We will pay the Highest Market Price for WOOL AND HIDES.

PRODUCE

For which we can get a market.

We will keep replenishing our stock with Fresh Goods Every Month

In the year that the roads are passable. CALL AND SEE US.

RYAN, MORGAN & CO.

JACKSONVILLE, Nov. 21, 1863.

H. Bloom

Is Now Receiving

DIRECT FROM SAN FRANCISCO,

A Large and Well-Selected STOCK OF

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

CONSISTING OF

Dry Goods,

CLOTHING,

GROCERIES,

ETC., ETC., ETC.,

All for Sale at Extremely Low Prices,

For Cash.

Grateful for past favors, he invites a general call.

Store on Oregon Street, in McCully's Brick.

Jacksonville, Oct. 24, 1863.

CHEAP FOR CASH

MAX MULLER,

— AT THE — BRICK STORE,

Corner of Oregon and Main Streets,

Jacksonville,

HAS just received an addition to his former large and well selected Stock of

FANCY, STAPLE & SUMMER DRY GOODS

CLOTHING,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Groceries, Liquors,

Cutlery,

Crockery, Mining Tools,

All at Reduced Prices.

ONE and ALL are invited to favor him with a call, as it costs nothing to show goods, and it is a pleasure to sell them at prices so low that none can complain.

Highest Price Paid for Produce in Exchange for Goods.