

# The Oregon Sentinel.

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JACKSONVILLE, SATURDAY JANUARY 9, 1864.

VOL. VIII—NO. 88.

**S--T--1860--X.**  
**DRAKE'S PLANTATION BITTERS.**  
They purify, strengthen and  
They create a healthy app  
They are an antidote to clasp water  
and diet.  
They overcome effects of dissipation and  
late hours.  
They strengthen the system and enliven  
the mind.  
They prevent miasmatic and intermittent  
fevers.  
They purify the breath and acidity of  
the stomach.  
They cure dyspepsia and constipation.  
They cure diarrhoea, cholera and cholera  
morbus.  
They cure liver complaint and nervous  
head ache.  
They are the best bitters in the world.  
They make the weak man strong, and are  
exhausted nature's great restorer. They are  
made of pure St. Croix Rum, the celebrated  
Calisaya Bark, roots and herbs, and are  
taken with the pleasure of a beverage, with-  
out regard to age or time of day. Particu-  
larly recommended to delicate persons re-  
quiring a gentle stimulant. Sold by all  
Grocers, Druggists, Hotels and Saloons.  
P. H. DRAKE & Co., New York.  
25y SMITH & DAVIS, of Portland, Agents.

**DR. L. J. CZAPKAY'S**  
**Private Medical and Surgical Institute,**  
SACRAMENTO STREET,  
Below Montgomery, opposite Pacific Mail S. S. Co.'s  
office, San Francisco.  
Established in 1854, for the Permanent Cure of all  
Private and Chronic Diseases,  
AND THE SUPPRESSION OF QUACKERY.

Attending and Resident Physician.  
DR. L. J. CZAPKAY, M. D.,  
Late in the Hungarian Revolutionary War; Chief  
Physician to the 20th Regiment of Honveds; Chief  
Surgeon to the Military Hospital of Pest, Hungary;  
the late Lecturer on Diseases of the Genito Uri-  
nary Organs, and Diseases of Women and Children,  
and Honorary Member of the Philadelphia College  
of Medicine.  
Particular attention paid to the treatment of  
Diseases of Women and Children.  
Office hours—From 9 A. M. to 9 P. M.  
Communications strictly confidential. Perma-  
nent cure guaranteed or no pay. Consultations, by  
letter or otherwise, FREE.  
DR. L. J. CZAPKAY, San Francisco.

**To the Afflicted.**  
Of all diseases, the first great cause  
Springs from neglect of Nature's laws.

**SUFFER NOT WHEN A CURE IS GUARANTEED**  
In all Secret Diseases, Self-abuse, nervous debility,  
syphilis in all its stages, strictures, gleet, gravel,  
diabetes, diseases of the kidneys and bladder, mercurial  
rheumatism, scrofula, piles in the bowels and  
anus, diseases of the lungs, throat, nose and eyes,  
ulcers upon the body or limbs, cancer, dropsy, epilep-  
tic fits, St. Vitus' dance, and all diseases arising from  
a derangement of the sexual organs, such as nervous  
trembling, loss of memory, loss of power, general  
weakness, dimness of vision, with peculiar spots ap-  
pearing before the eyes, loss of sight, weakness,  
dyspepsia, liver diseases, eruptions upon the face,  
pain in the back and head, female irregularities, and  
all improper discharges of both sexes. It matters not  
from what cause the disease originated, however long  
standing or obstinate the case, recovery is cer-  
tain, and in a shorter time than a permanent cure  
can be effected by any other treatment, even after the  
disease has baffled the skill of eminent physicians,  
and resisted all their means of cure. The medicine  
prescribed are pleasant and without odor, entirely  
vegetable, causing no sickness, and free from mercury  
and balsam. During twenty years' practice in Eu-  
rope, the Atlantic States and California, I have re-  
sued from the jaws of death many thousands who, in  
the last stages of the above mentioned diseases, had  
been given up to die by their physicians; which war-  
rant me in promising to the afflicted, who may place  
themselves under my care, a perfect and speedy cure.  
Private diseases are the greatest enemies to health, as  
they are the first cause of consumption, scrofula and  
many other diseases, and should be a terror to the  
human family. A permanent cure is scarcely ever  
effected, a majority of the cases falling into the  
hands of incompetent persons, who not only fail to  
cure the disease, but ruin the constitution, filling the  
system with mercury, which, with the disease, hast-  
ens the sufferer into a rapid consumption. But should  
the disease and treatment not cause death speedily,  
and the victim marries, the disease is entailed upon  
the children, who are born with feeble constitutions,  
and the current of life corrupted by a virus which  
betrays itself in scrofula, better, ulcers, eruptions,  
and other affections of the skin, eyes, throat and  
lungs, entailing upon them a brief and tedious suffer-  
ing, and consigning them to an early grave.  
SELF-ABUSE is another formidable enemy to  
health, for nothing else in the dread catalogue of dis-  
eases causes so destructive a drain upon the system,  
drawing its thousands of victims, through a few years  
of suffering, to an untimely grave. It destroys the  
nervous system, rapidly wastes away the energies of  
life, causes mental derangement, prevents the proper  
development of the system, disqualifies for marriage,  
society, business, and all earthly happiness, and leaves  
the sufferer wrecked in body and mind, predisposed  
to consumption and a train of evils more to be dread-  
ed than death itself. With the fullest confidence, I  
assure the unfortunate victim of self-abuse that a  
permanent and speedy cure can be effected, and with  
the abandonment of ruinous practices, my patient  
can be restored to robust and vigorous health.  
Irregularities, and all diseases of males and females  
are treated on principles established by twenty years  
practice, and sanctioned by thousands of the most re-  
markable cures. Medicines, with full directions, sent  
to any part of the State, Oregon, Nevada and Wash-  
ington Territories, by patients communicating their  
symptoms by letter. Business correspondence strict-  
ly confidential. Address—  
L. J. CZAPKAY, M. D., San Francisco.  
The Doctor offers free consultation, and asks  
no remuneration unless he effects a cure. Je20m3p

**EAGLE MILLS!**  
THE undersigned, present owner of these  
mills, would notify the public that he  
has secured the services of an experienced  
miller, and will furnish the  
**Very best article of Flour**  
in exchange for wheat; at the following  
rates, to-wit: For each bushel of good  
wheat, thirty-six pounds of flour, two  
pounds of middlings and eight pounds of  
bran.  
ALLEN F. FARNHAM,  
Jacksonville, Dec. 25, 1862.

**WILLOW BABY WAGONS** at  
BRADBURY & WADE'S.

## THE OREGON SENTINEL.

ISSUED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING.

HENRY DENLINGER, Pub'r and Prop'r

**SUBSCRIPTION**—For One year, in advance,  
Four Dollars; if paid within the first six  
months of the year, five dollars; if not paid  
until the expiration of the year, six dollars.  
**ADVERTISING**—One square (10 lines or  
less), first insertion, Three Dollars; each  
subsequent insertion, One Dollar. A dis-  
count of fifty per cent will be made to those  
who advertise by the year.  
Legal Tenders received at current rates.

**ADVERTISERS.**  
By application to Postmasters and Mail  
Carriers, you can learn that the Semi-weekly  
OREGON SENTINEL has by far a larger circula-  
tion in the counties of Southern Oregon  
and Del Norte county, California, than any  
other paper. This fact should commend the  
SENTINEL to you as a superior medium for  
advertising.

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transact any business concerning this pa-  
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**I. O. O. F.—Jacksonville Lodge**  
No. 10 holds its regular meet-  
ings on Friday of the first  
week in each month, and on  
Saturday of each intervening  
week, at the Masonic Hall, at  
8 o'clock P. M. Brothers in good standing are invited  
to attend.  
SILAS J. DAY, R. Sec'y.  
Trustees—Jas. M. Sutton, Henry Denlinger and  
Geo. B. Dorris.

**Warren Lodge No. 10, A. F. & A. M.**  
HOLD their regular commu-  
nications the Wednesday Evenings on  
or preceding the full moon, in JACK-  
SONVILLE, OREGON.  
ALEX. MARTIN, W. M.  
H. BLOOM, Sec'y.

**OREGON CHAPTER NO. 4,**  
OF  
**ROYAL ARCH MASONS,**  
JACKSONVILLE, OREGON.  
Will hold its regular communications on the  
First Saturday Eve. of Every Month.  
All sojourning Companions in good  
standing are cordially invited to attend.  
G. W. GREER, H. P.  
L. SACHS, Sec'y.

**JACOBS & RUSSELL,**  
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS  
AT LAW,  
AND SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY,  
JACKSONVILLE, OREGON.  
Office opposite the Court House.  
All business committed to their care will  
be promptly attended to. July 29, '62.

**DOUTHITT & FAY,**  
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS  
AT LAW,  
AND SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY,  
JACKSONVILLE, OREGON.  
Will practice in the Supreme and other  
Courts of this State. March 4, '63.

**R. B. MORFORD,**  
ATTORNEY AT LAW,  
JACKSONVILLE, OREGON.  
Will practice in the several Courts of  
the First Judicial District, and in the  
Supreme Court. October 29, '62.

**B. F. DOWELL,**  
ATTORNEY AT LAW,  
JACKSONVILLE, OREGON.  
Will practice in all the Courts of the Third  
Judicial District, the Supreme Court of Ore-  
gon, and in Yreka, Cal. War Scrip prompt-  
ly collected. Oct. 18.

**J. GASTON,**  
(Successor to Reed & Gaston)  
ATTORNEY AT LAW,  
JACKSONVILLE, OREGON.  
Special attention given to collection  
cases. June 10, 1863.

(By appointment.)  
**GEORGE B. DORRIS,**  
NOTARY PUBLIC  
FOR JACKSON COUNTY.  
Office with B. F. Dowell, Esq.

**JOHN PRINTING** neatly executed at the  
SENTINEL OFFICE.

**What is the Use.**  
What is the use of trimming a lamp  
If you never intend to light it?  
What is the use of grappling a wrong  
If you never intend to fight it?  
What is the use of removing your hat  
If you do not intend to tarry?  
What is the use of wooing a maid  
If you never intend to marry?  
What is the use of buying a coat  
If you never intend to wear it?  
What is the use of a house for two  
If you never intend to share it?  
What is the use of gathering gold  
If you never intend to keep it?  
What is the use of planting a field  
If you never intend to reap it?  
What is the use of buying a book  
If you never intend to read it?  
What is the use of a cradle to rock  
If you never intend to need it?

**GENERAL BURNSIDE**—Gen. Burnside is  
still in the field, although the *Providence*  
*Journal* announces that he is coming home,  
and it is stated, without contradiction, that  
he had asked to be relieved. If it be true,  
all loyal hearts will hear it with sorrow,  
and follow him into the retirement which  
his health demands with the warmest pray-  
ers and good wishes. From the moment  
that the country first saw him upon the  
battle-field of Bull Run it watched him  
through the glorious campaign in North  
Carolina, in the fiery storm at Fredericks-  
burg, at the head of the column which  
brought hope and life to the faithful hearts  
among the Tennessee mountains, and in all  
scenes and events, whether fortune frowned  
or favored, it has seen the same single-  
hearted devotion, the same bravery, the  
same soldierly skill, the same purity, fervor  
and honor, and breathes its benediction,  
which history will delight to repeat and  
prolong—"Well done, good and faithful  
servant!" What thwarting jealousies and  
official hostility he has had to encounter  
none of us can say. The day at Freder-  
icksburg is the darkest in his record. Yet  
when the story of that day shall be faith-  
fully written, we do not believe that Gen.  
Burnside will be found guilty. Like all  
leaders, however, he knew that he was to  
be judged by success, and when his second  
great movement was thwarted by the  
weather, he did not hesitate to ask to be  
relieved. He has had no party to portray  
him as a martyr, but his character and con-  
duct secured his readiness to take any post  
of duty and fill it like a hero. His arrest  
of Vallandigham seemed at the time hard-  
ly wise; but he was wiser than his critics,  
and it is to him we owe the historic proof  
that a popular Government, in the stress  
of actual war, may stop the mouth of an  
enemy of free speech without endangering  
the great principle of free speech itself.  
The howl that followed the arrest, and  
which pretended to resent a blow at a fun-  
damental right, was merely the cry of a  
faction disappointed in their hope of de-  
stroying every fundamental right whatever.  
The tried and true soldier goes home.  
Home to his family, to his friends, to the  
little State in which he lives, and which  
loves and honors him. The little State  
has the proud right of claiming some of our  
greatest names as hers. But as she calls  
the roll on which those of Greene and  
Perry shine, she will not forget the later  
luster of that of Burnside.—*Harpers'*  
*Weekly.*

At the dinner-table of a hotel, somewhere  
in Ohio, not long since, a "green 'un," un-  
able to resist the cravings of his appetite,  
pitched into a dish of rice before him. A  
waiter politely informed him it was intend-  
ed for dessert, and that he had better eat  
something else first. Greeny replied: "Des-  
sert be d-d; I don't care if it's a wilderness;  
good, and I'm going to eat it!"  
Confederate currency has so depreciated  
that the Richmond people say, "If you go  
to the market, you have to take your mon-  
ey in the basket, and to carry home your  
beef in the pocket-book."

**AN ELOQUENT APOSTROPHE**—At the  
ratification mass meeting, held in Virgi-  
nia City, N. T., on Saturday evening, Dec.  
19th, after referring to the right of suffrage  
and paramount allegiance clauses of the  
Constitution, Henry Edgerton said:

"In the name of my country I indorse  
both those sections of the Constitution. In  
the name of the Constitution of the United  
States I declare that it is right. Upon  
the authority of every great expounder of  
the Constitution, North and South, I de-  
clare that it is a sound exposition of con-  
stitutional law. In the name of the noble  
dead—I pause to pay them tribute. Ye  
saints in Heaven, ye shall live forever in  
the grateful affections and remembrance of  
your country. Ye shall descend to immor-  
tality, the martyrs of liberty and the her-  
oes of the Republic. The gory hand of  
treason could rob you of country and of  
life, but it cannot deprive you of that  
crown of glory with which your deeds  
have bound your brows. Your day of  
vengeance shall not long be delayed.  
Slowly but surely and brightly it shall  
break. Three hundred thousand of your  
surviving countrymen are to-day pouring  
forth from the forests and prairies of the  
loyal North and West, and they go forth  
to shame by immortal deeds the deep-  
damnation of your taking off, and to avenge  
your offended shades with heaps of bloody  
sacrifice. Your spirit has descended upon  
them. Your genius and that of America  
shall wield the sacred sword, and one her-  
oic band after another shall wield the de-  
perate steel. This night they press for-  
ward eager to seize the helm as it drops  
from your dying hands, and they swear  
that the flames of war shall burn over your  
ashes until that banner [pointing to the  
old flag] floats in triumph over the whole  
broad domain. [Applause.] Upon that  
banner is inscribed the oath that the war  
shall wage with all its horrors until the  
Genius of Liberty, with the scattered  
trophies of our destiny in her hands, shall  
stand upon the banks of the Potomac, one  
hundred stars in her diadem, broken  
chains beneath her feet and the olive branch  
of peace extended to the whole earth.  
[Enthusiastic and prolonged cheers were  
here given.]

**A PLEASANT PLACE FOR WITNESSES**—  
The *Grass Valley National* tells the fol-  
lowing:

"A gentleman from over the mountains,  
who had a conversation before leaving Vir-  
ginia with one of the attorneys in the Pond  
and Real del Monte case, which was tried  
last week at Carson, assures us that that  
was one of the highest old trials ever known  
in the Territory. The witnesses, who were  
numbered by scores, were all provided with  
masked batteries in the shape of navy re-  
volvers, derringers, and 'Arkansas tooth-  
picks,' and 'no foolishness' appeared to be  
the watchword with all. Interested parties  
found it necessary several times to smuggle  
their witnesses out of town, lest the afore-  
said witnesses might not be in a good con-  
dition to again testify if found by the 'par-  
ties of the second part.' When one witness  
on the stand was testifying rather 'strong,'  
or with too apparent preciseness of the de-  
tail to suit the other crowd, the court room  
resounded with the musical tick of pocket  
pistols cocking, until, with a slight imagina-  
tive stretch, a bystander might suppose  
himself in a large clock store."

The *Dayton Journal* says that General  
Steedman said, at the banquet given in his  
honor at Toledo, the other day, "that in  
1860, just prior to the Presidential election,  
he had an interview at Detroit, with Steph-  
en A. Douglas. General S. said to him:  
'You have known Mr. Lincoln intimately;  
what is your opinion of him as a man?'  
Mr. Douglas replied: 'He is an honest man  
and a patriot; the country will be safe in  
his hands.'" The distinguished gallantry  
of General Steedman at Chickamauga en-  
titled him to the proudest honors his fellow-  
citizens could confer upon him.

Thirty printers and editor were among  
the killed at Chickamauga.

**DIDN'T KNOW HIS OWN BABY**—A citi-  
zen of Jamaca Plains, L. I., went to an-  
swer a ring at the door at the request of  
his wife, where he found nothing but a  
basket. On removing the cover a beauti-  
ful little child appeared, some five months  
old. The lady screamed, a lady visitor  
took up the baby, and found a note pinned  
to its dress which charged the gentleman  
with being its father, and imploring him to  
support it. A rich scene ensued between  
the injured wife and indignant husband,  
the latter denying all knowledge of the little  
one, and asserting his innocence. The  
friend interfered, and at last the wife was  
induced to forgive her husband, though he  
stuck to it like a Trojan that he had always  
been a faithful husband. Finally the lady  
very roughly told her husband it was  
strange he did not know his own child, for  
it was their own mutual offspring, which  
had been taken from the cradle for the pur-  
pose of playing the joke.

**THE RIVAL CANDIDATE**—A correspondent  
sends the following, which is very good—  
none the worse that it has appeared before  
in substance in the magazines. That time  
the scene was laid in Lower Mississippi.  
Very likely it happened in several places.  
Politicians are very much alike.

Another candidate came upon "a poor  
white man," who had a vote to give, if he  
did have to do his own milking. The can-  
didate, Jones, asked him if he should hold  
the cow, which seemed to be uneasy, and  
the old man consenting, readily, he took her  
by the horns and held fast till the opera-  
tion was done.

"Have you had Robison (his rival) around  
here lately?" he asked. "Oh yes! He's behind  
the barn, holding the calf!"

**THE HORRORS OF LIBBY PRISON**—A letter  
from a Prisoner in the Libby Prison, pub-  
lished in the *Pittsburg Chronicle*, says: The  
basement of the building is divided off into  
cells, dungeons, more properly speaking, the  
dungeons are used to confine officers who in  
the least break the prison rule, such as ask-  
ing for more food, looking out of the win-  
dows, talking to the guard, attempting to  
escape, etc. An officer who has been confined  
there three weeks invariably comes out with  
his shoes and clothing mouldy, and has alto-  
gether more the appearance of corpse  
than a living man. A part of the basement  
is used as a slave pen, and every day we can  
hear the cries of the poor creatures as  
they are brought there to be whipped by  
their worse than savage masters. A few days  
ago five women were given one hundred  
lashes each for selling bread to our soldiers  
as they were marching through the streets  
on their way to Danville. At the present time  
there are twelve thousand Union soldiers in  
this city as prisoners.

**ARIZONA**—The *San Jose (Cal.) Mercury*  
thus accurately describes the new Territory  
of Arizona, to which a few broken-down  
California adventurers resorted a short  
time before the war, from which to obtain  
Congressional berths and favors: "Take a  
large dry-goods box, fill it half full of sand,  
and put in a few rough stones, throw in an  
armful of 'Cactus' and a thimble-full of  
water in one corner; put in a horned rat-  
tlesnake, a horned toad, a lizard, a taran-  
tula, a centepede, a scorpion, and a wild  
thistle, then take a bird's-eye view of it,  
and you have in a miniature a fair descrip-  
tion of the beautiful, fertile Arizona, at  
least the greater portion of it."

"We all of us should be ready to make  
sacrifices," said Mrs. Partington solemn-  
ly as she heard that a neighbor's son had  
been drafted, "if I had a hundred sons I  
should be willing that every one of 'em  
should be exempt." What a patriotic  
glow her cheek assumed! How her eyes  
flashed through her glasses! What a mean-  
ing there was in her tone! but Ike, who  
knew the dictionary significations of the  
word "exempt," laughed.

A handsome young lady being asked if  
she ever gave a kiss, replied: "No—but I  
quite often have one stolen."