



"TO THE EFFICACY AND PERMANENCY OF YOUR UNION, A GOVERNMENT FOR THE WHOLE IS INDISPENSABLE."—Washington.

JACKSONVILLE, OREGON.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, - SEPT. 2, 1863.

A steam saw mill has been sent to the vicinity of the proposed Klamath Fort.

LATEST.—Dispatches by this evening's stage contradict the report that Sumter and Wagoner are occupied by Federals. Rebels still hold Wagoner. Gilmore had ceased firing on Charleston.

Good.—The Statesman has become satisfied that Vallandigham is a traitor, and repudiates him. We would be pleased to learn that Senator Harding had come to the same sensible conclusion.

CONSOLING TO THE FAITHFUL.—The Toronto (Canada) Globe, gives assurance that Vallandigham "shall receive the same protection that John Anderson, the fugitive slave from Missouri, received.

INDIAN ANNOYANCES.—Mr. John Thomas brings information to town that Packard and Griffin, who started from this county some time since for Washoe, over the mountains, when in the vicinity of Pitt River Mountain, were surrounded by Indians, and compelled to give 400 pounds of flour and cooking utensils, before being allowed to proceed on their journey.

Mr. J. W. Moore, a respected citizen of Lebanon, left his home on the 24th inst., to select a piece of timber in the Santiam bottom. Not returning for several days, a thorough search of the bottom was made for him by his neighbors, but no traces of him could be found. From circumstances related by the Democrat, it seem probable that he has committed suicide.

NEAR-SIGHTED.—T'Vault blows about a glorious "Democratic" victory in the one-horse village of Cairo, Ill., but says not a word about the results of the election in Kentucky—50,000 for the Union party. But, then, in charity we should recollect that copperheads are blinded by their own poisonous virus during dog-days. Old Arkansas is not an exception.

We hear that the famous old "Rogue River John" has paid Capt. Kelly a visit on the road to Klamath Lake, with the evident intention of creating trouble. If he "cuts up any of his didoes," it is not likely that he will be honored by being sent a second time to San Francisco. That temperate policy of dealing with murderous Indians is played out.

PERSONAL.—For a few weeks our town will miss the presence of Messrs. J. Gaston, and E. F. Russell, Esqs., and E. C. Session. The two former have gone to attend the Supreme Court at Salem. The latter has went to San Francisco, to exercise his good judgment and taste in the selection of a fall and winter stock of goods for Bradbury & Wade.

FRUIT.—Our farmers this year has been blest with an unprecedented crop of fine fruit this season. Apples, plums, peaches, pears, apricots and grapes, of the most choice varieties, are daily sold in our streets, at very reasonable prices. Mr. E. K. Anderson left a basket of pears, apples, plums and a watermelon, at this office, that we might judge of their merits. The fruit was of the best variety.

PROGRESSING.—Work on the R. R. V. & J. D. Wagon Road is progressing rapidly, and with a prospect that it will be open for the transit of wagons in two or three weeks clear through to the intersection of the Eugene Road. This week a drove of several hundred head of cattle, and also a team with a lightly-loaded wagon, will start over the road for the northern mines. All persons who have been out on the road unite in saying that, when completed, it will be one of the best and most easily traveled highways in the State.

MILITARY.—The citizens of Baker county have several times petitioned Governor Gibbs for a military force to protect mining settlements there from marauding and thieving Indians, who infest that country. Gen. Alvord, in reply to a letter from Gov. Gibbs on the subject, says he has not troops sufficient at his command to make an expedition against the hostile Indians, the body of the troops in the District being now in the field towards Fort Hall, for the protection of the incoming emigration. He says that if the six companies of cavalry called for by the Governor's Proclamation of January last had been raised, he would have been able to comply with the request for 150 men.

The Argus, commenting on Gen. Alvord's letter, sweepingly rebukes the newspaper press of Oregon, and the citizens generally for not having "urged and encouraged the enlistment of volunteers." To Southern Oregon the charge is unjust. The Sentinel, seconded the efforts of the loyal citizens generally in urging enlistments, and the results will show that we labored to some purpose. Companies A and D were recruited in Jackson county, and company F in Douglas, Josephine and Curry counties—three companies of ninety-six or one hundred men each. In addition, companies C and G have enlisted from twenty to thirty men in Jackson county. Thus you will see, Mr. Argus, that the counties named, containing about one sixth of the population of the State, have furnished near, if not altogether, one half of the First Oregon Cavalry Regiment. And these men have been sent to protect the emigration to northern Oregon, while at the same time the direct emigrant road to Southern Oregon is blockaded by hostile Indians. We agree with the Argus that it is a disgrace to the Northern Oregonians, as a people, that they cannot raise three or four companies of men for their own defence; and, we may add, it is grossly ungenerous in her newspapers to charge citizens in our portion of the State with a lack of patriotic duty, when it is mainly to the volunteer soldiers of Southern Oregon that she is indebted for protection to her borders and incoming emigrants.

THE FOREIGNERS.—The Jeff Davis hand-organ over the way, affects to be greatly exercised about the welfare of the foreigners. After predicting a general massacre of all the "good constitution Democrats," at "midnight," he now informs the foreigners that they are to be "garroted." Good heavens, what next! Is that the way it is done in Arkansas? While patting the foreigners on the back, he forgets to tell them that the Richmond Enquirer of July 16th, the leading organ of his party, speaking of those who were endeavoring to get exemption from Jeff Davis' mild and constitutional Democratic conscription law, says: "Then let anybody visit the neighborhood of General Winder's office. It is choked with crowds of cowardly wretches, calling themselves foreigners—Germans who were but too glad to get out from the tutelage of their grand dukes and serene highnesses—Irishmen who long ago renounced, with a malediction, their allegiance to Queen Victoria—all crushing one another in the race to show 'protections' from those very queens and serene highnesses, and so flying from the hand that sheltered them in utmost peril." The Arkansas emigrant forgets also to tell the foreigners hereabouts, that the Jeff Davis Confederacy has passed laws that will not permit any foreigner to vote or hold office in his dominion. He forgets to tell the foreigner, that the man he denounces as the tyrant Lincoln, has appointed foreigners to some of the highest posts of honor in the civil and military service of the United States. Oh, yes! he forgets everything but his animosity to the Government which protects him.

A CHANCE FOR RETALIATION.—In the event of a war which threatens between England and Japan, a fitting opportunity would thus be offered to Americans to retaliate in kind on England for the aid she has given the Confederates by fitting out the Alabama and Florida to prey upon our commerce. Our Government could recognize the Japanese as "belligerents," as Britain did the rebels, and then it would be "perfectly legitimate" for Americans to obtain letters of marque from the Tycoon, and plow the ocean in armed steamers to prey upon British commerce. That kind of privateering looks a good deal like piracy, but Johnny Bull will not see it in that light until Americans retaliate in kind.

California has been polling 30,000 majority for the Union ticket to day.

The News.—We have great and glorious telegraphic news in our paper of to-day. On the 25th Forts Sumter and Wagner were occupied by the Yankee troops. There are no details given of the manner of taking possession, but the information is positive, that the glorious "Banner of the Free" waves in triumph over those strongholds. The troops were jubilant over their success and the certain prospect of quickly reducing Ft. Moultrie. Our dispatches received here on Monday and Tuesday are void of news from Charleston. Interest is felt to know whether the Forts were carried by assault, or whether Gilmore's "Greek fire" compliments to Pierre Toutant de Beauregard induced him to order their evacuation. When Charleston is taken, Gen. Butler is to be placed in command. He will be about as acceptable to the Charlestonians as Greek fire.

The rebels appear to be quite successful in making sudden raids in small force, in that vicinity of the Potomac. They captured a couple of gunboats on the Rappahannock, army wagons, etc.

Jeff Davis has issued an Emancipation Proclamation, offering to the negroes who will fight for the Confederacy, not only their liberty, but fifty acres of land at the end of the war! Just think of it—Jeff Davis, the immaculate, turning Abolitionist, and knocking the "corner stone" from under the Confederate edifice! "Oh! what a falling off was there, my countrymen!" Half a million of free negroes as landed proprietors! "Democracy" sickens at the idea.

The news indicates that the great end is approaching. Charleston may even now be occupied by our forces. It is about the last place in the Confederacy that has been deemed impregnable. Mobile, Wilmington, and other points will soon succumb to the irresistible power of our invading armies. God speed the day when the last rebel shall lay down his arms and seek that peace which he can at any time find by a return to his duty as a citizen of the United States.

FOR BOISE.—OVER THE NEW WAGON ROAD. Mr. H. Bloom's pack-train, of thirty-nine mules, left our town yesterday for the Boise country. They were loaded principally with flour—an average of three hundred pounds to each animal. That quantity of flour could readily be bought in our valley at this time, for \$2.00 per hundred, cash. It will pay packers well to take it to Bannock City for \$15 per hundred. As flour in that country will undoubtedly continue for months to sell at from \$30 to \$50 per hundred, it will be seen that, without misfortune, Mr. Bloom's venture cannot fail to pay. We are informed that there will be nineteen men and sixty animals, all told, in company with the train. With ordinary caution, no trouble need be apprehended with Indians.

THE ENROLLMENT.—The Conscription Law requires an enrollment of able bodied men to be made in all the States. California is not excepted, and hence the order to enroll must include her. But a section of the Act declares those enrolled to be subject to a draft from and after the 1st of July succeeding the enrollment. On the Atlantic side the enrollment was ordered before the 1st of July, 1863, so that the draft might commence immediately after that date. It was so commenced. But in California the order to enroll was not issued until after the 1st of July, 1863, and therefore no draft can take place, under the law, until after the 1st of July 1864. It will thus be seen that even should a draft ever be ordered in the State it cannot be issued so as to take effect before the 1st of July of next year. The draft, therefore, is so far off in California that there is danger of the rebellion being crushed out before one can be ordered.

The above was clipped from the Sacramento Union. As the law applies in Oregon the same as in California, Copperheads and weak-kneed men generally need not skeddadle to British Columbia until after the June election.

INDIAN MURDERS.—The Auburn correspondent of the Oregonian, under date of 14th ult., says:

I hear of three parties that have been found murdered, no doubt by the Indians, on the Malheur to the south. One party of seven men on the California trail from Yreka to Eugene City, and some others found by prospectors. Several parties are unheard of that were coming from the Owyhee to this place, and no doubt many valuable lives have been lost this season, and this appeals strongly for aid from the military department, to protect miners and travelers in that part of the State.

The decrease of the blacks in New York, according to statistics, is so rapid that in forty years, at the same ratio, there would not be a single negro, mulatto or octoroon left. The North is neither a healthy nor a desirable home for the negro.

BEAUTIFUL PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS, for sale by J. ROW.

NEW TO-DAY
EXHIBIT OF
Receipts and Expenditures
—OF—
JACKSON COUNTY,
From June 30, 1862, to July 31, 1863.

COUNTY FUND—DR.

| | |
|---|--------------------|
| Amount of Warrants outstanding June 30th 1862, interest added | \$15,418 14 |
| Amount of Warrants issued from June 30th, 1862, as follows: | |
| Expenses of Courts and criminals | \$3,767 10 |
| Expenses of Jail | 1,612 31 |
| Expenses of Paupers and Insane | 3,573 30 |
| Expenses of repairs of public buildings | 80 50 |
| Expenses of roads and bridges | 919 71 |
| Fees and salaries of officers | 3,751 56 |
| Expenses of election | 313 60 |
| Expenses of revenue | 871 53 |
| Miscellaneous expenses | 522 12 |
| Total | \$39,834 87 |

COUNTY FUND—CR.

| | |
|---|--------------------|
| Amount of Warrants redeemed and canceled | \$12,498 40 |
| Balance warrants outstanding and interest | \$18,336 47 |
| Amount of cash on hand in Treasury | \$9,355 84 |
| Less Treasurer's percentage | 913 54 |
| Balance | \$8,442 30 |
| Amount due from Josephine county | 2,652 28 |
| Total | \$11,094 58 |

SCHOOL FUND—DR.

| | |
|--|-------------------|
| Amount received from former Treasurer | 1,180 72 |
| Am't rec'd from taxes | 1,396 28 |
| Am't rec'd from sale of estrays | 129 45 |
| Amount received from sale of school land | 470 88 |
| Am't rec'd from fines | 150 00 |
| Total | \$3,327 33 |

SCHOOL FUND—CR.

| | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|
| Am't paid School Districts, 1862 | \$1,062 56 |
| Am't paid School Districts, 1863 | 1,160 07 |
| Am't refunded on sale school land | 47 17 |
| Am't of Treasurer's percentage | 111 94 |
| Total | \$2,381 74 |

STATE TAX FUND—DR.

| | |
|--|-------------------|
| Balance in Treasury | \$945 59 |
| Am't rec'd from taxes | \$2,792 52 |
| Am't appropriated from sale Chinese licenses | 655 60 |
| Total | \$4,393 71 |

STATE TAX FUND—CR.

| | |
|--|-------------------|
| Am't of State Treasurer's receipts | 3,408 55 |
| Balance in treasury | \$ 39 17 |
| Treasurer's per centage \$138 12-100 paid out of county fund | |
| Total | \$3,447 72 |

HOSPITAL FUND—DR.

| | |
|---|-------------------|
| Am't rec'd from taxes | \$1,152 00 |
| Am't appropriated from sale Chinese license | 327 60 |
| Total | \$1,479 60 |

HOSPITAL FUND—CR.

| | |
|---|-------------------|
| Am't warrants redeemed and cancelled | 1,461 39 |
| Balance in treasury | \$ 18 39 |
| Treasurer's per centage \$58 82-100 paid out of county fund | |
| Total | \$1,508 17 |

WM. HOFFMAN, County Clerk.

NEW STORE,
NEW GOODS.
SACHS BROS'S
ARE NOW
Receiving and Opening
— AN —
ENTIRE NEW STOCK
— OF —
Fall and Winter Goods,
Direct from San Francisco, at their
BRANCH STORE.
— AT —
PHOENIX,
And are determined to
SELL AS CHEAP
AS ANY OTHER HOUSE IN JACKSON
County, For Cash.
SACHS BROS'S
Jacksonville, Aug. 29, 1863. aug29if

BEEF HIDES
WANTED.
We will pay the Highest Market Price for
0,000 DRY WELL-CURED BEEF HIDES
aug29im RYAN, MORGAN & CO.
WANTED.—Two good BOOT AND SHOEMAKERS and one TANNER. Apply at the Phoenix Tannery, Jackson county, Oregon. aug29if

BRADBURY & WADE,
JACKSONVILLE,
Wholesale & Retail
— DEALERS IN —
DRY GOODS,
CLOTHING,
BOOTS & SHOES,
FANCY GOODS,
HATS AND CAPS,
GROCERIES,
PAINTS, OILS, GLASS,
Liquors,
Tobacco & Segars,
PRODUCE,
HARDWARE,
GLASSWARE,
QUEENSWARE,
WOODENWARE,
MINERS' TOOLS,
All of which will be sold at low prices, for CASH, or desirable PRODUCE.

BRADBURY & WADE
ARE NOW RECEIVING A
Large & Well-Selected
STOCK OF
Spring & Summer
GOODS,
NEW STYLES DRESS
— AND —
Millinery Good
Fancy and Staple
Dry Goods
CARPETING,
Oil Cloth, Wall Paper,
MEN AND BOYS'
Spring & Summer
CLOTHING,
HATS AND CAPS!
AND ALSO A
Fine Assortment of
Ladies, Men and Boys'
Boots and Shoes!

OUR PHOENIX AND ASHLAND
Houses
Will be supplied with a Good Assortment
— OF —
STAPLE AND FANCY GOODS
Which will be sold at
JACKSONVILLE PRICES.
FAMILY GROCERIES at
BRADBURY & WADE'S.
STATIONERY & BLANK BOOKS
at
BRADBURY & WADE'S.
FINE CIGARS AND TOBACCO
at
BRADBURY & WADE'S.
WOOD AND WILLOW WARE
at
BRADBURY & WADE'S.
FINE TEAS at
BRADBURY & WADE'S.
WOOL AND HIDES BOUGHT by
RYAN MORGAN & CO.
PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS at
BRADBURY & WADE'S.