



"TO THE EFFICACY AND PRIMACY OF THE UNION, A GOVERNMENT FOR THE WHOLE IS INDISPENSABLE."—Washington.

JACKSONVILLE, OREGON.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, AUGUST 19, 1863.

Northern journals again report Knott's Fruit as killed.

"Soger Boy" has written us another interesting letter. See what he says of the Wagon road.

The District School for Jacksonville, Mr. Wm. Babcock, teacher, will commence a three months term on Monday next.

Captain Harris having resigned the Captaincy of Co. A, O. V., either Lieut. White, of company C, or Lieut. Bluehart, of company F, now Adjutant of the Regiment, will be called to fill the vacancy. Company A will be most fortunate in securing either of these gentlemen for their Captain.

FRUIT.—Mr. Jos. Satterfield, and Mr. J. H. Wisley, have again favored us with large melons.

Mr. Emerson E. Gore, gave us some fine free-stone peaches. They will not do for preserves, for the boys demonstrated that they would not keep—in a printing office.

COMPANY G, O. V.—Lieut. Hand, with his squad of recruits, arrived at Fort Vancouver, W. T., on the 7th inst., and all were mustered into service, in Co. G, on the 10th. John P. Noble had been commissioned Captain of this company by Gov. Gibbs; but he failed to pass the Examining Board, and the organization of the company was therefore effected as follows: Henry C. Sma'1, of Lane county, Captain; Wm. M. Hand, First Lieutenant; Patrick M'Guire, Second Lieutenant, and seventy-two enlisted men. Our best wishes are with Co. G.

AN EDITORIAL STREET FIGHT.—A fight occurred in Yreka, on the 15th, between Robert Nixon, of the Journal, and H. K. White, of the Union, resulting in serious injury to both. Nixon struck White with a club, when the latter quickly struck the former with a bowie-knife in the left shoulder, splitting the arm down almost to the elbow. Nixon fell, and White sprang upon him, and was only prevented from killing him by the quick interference of a bystander. An irrepressible newspaper conflict had been waged for a year or more between those editors, which, with White, had degenerated into filthy blackguardism of his contemporary.

CONNECTION.—The town edition of the SENTINEL, of Saturday last, contained one of those annoying mistakes which will sometimes occur. It was stated that sixteen soldiers had deserted from Co. C, Oregon Cavalry, since they had went out to the prospective Klamath Post. This error arose from misapprehension of a statement that sixteen men had deserted from Co. A, Capt. Harris, in the northern country. Several months since, four or five men deserted from Co. C, but the officers considered them no loss, as they were such worthless characters that the company is profitably rid of them. Many of the privates in Co. C are men of property and influence, and, as a body, no men are more trustworthy.

I. O. O. F. CELEBRATION.—In accordance with the previous announcement, the Odd Fellows yesterday celebrated the Anniversary of Jacksonville Lodge No. 10, I. O. O. F. The members and transient brothers, clothed in regalia, formed in procession at the Court House, about two o'clock, and marched through the principal streets of the town. The attendance was not as large as it was hoped it would be, but the public generally were evidently well pleased at their appearance. The exercises at the Court House were of an interesting character. O. Jacobs, Esq., delivered an address on Odd Fellowship, second to none we have ever heard, which was listened to with rapt attention by the large audience.

The day in the evening at the U. S. Hotel, was certainly one of the most pleasant that

was ever had in Jacksonville. The supper was gotten up in a style to elicit the admiration of all who were so fortunate as to partake of it. Excitement, pleasure and good cheer reigned supreme among the goodly company.

The celebration was, throughout, a gratifying success.

TITU NEWS.—There will be found under telegraphic head, in this paper, Eastern dispatches from the 9th to the 15th inst. The most important news is that the grand land and naval attack by General Gilmore and Admiral Dahlgren, was to have commenced on the 13th inst. Of the speedy and favorable result of that attack there is no divided opinion. Gen. Gilmore is without a peer in the art of artillery engineering. He it was who erected the batteries on Tybee Island, that, in eighteen hours after the firing of the first gun, compelled the rebel commandant to surrender Fort Polaski, one of the strongest fortifications in America. Then the most effective used was a James gun, throwing 24, 32 and 42 pound shot; now, Gilmore has in position 15-inch and 20-inch guns, that will throw from 400 to over 700 pounds! It is impossible that any fortification can long stand within reach of any such guns. If the attack commenced on the 13th, we think it safe to predict that the old flag now waves over Sumter and the deserted city of Charleston.

There are rumors, which we fervently hope are baseless, of an impending change in the command of the Army of the Potomac. Meade has been censured by prominent papers for not having vigorously followed up his great victory at Gettysburg. From all the evidence that has reached us, we are convinced that Meade and his noble army did more—in securing his position, after long and forced marches, and fighting a desperate battle of three days' duration, in which his whole force was engaged, and which resulted in a glorious victory—than the country had any right to expect of him. Meade will do. Let him alone. If any change is to be made, let Halleck, of Corinth fame, go into retirement. The country can better spare him.

How sad it must be to the Oregon Democracy to know that old Kentucky—once the home of the "pure patriot" and cherished pet of the "Chivalry," John C. Breckinridge—has given the "Negro Union Abolition" ticket a majority of 50,000! That State is about reconstructed.

Dispatches of date of 14th inst. are of but little importance. Gold in New York had declined to 24. T. W. Holmes, rebel Lieut. General in Arkansas, has died of delirium tremens.

Letter from "Soger Boy."

BOISE CITY, I. T., July 22, 1863.

Ed. Sentinel:—This juvenile city is situated upon the left or north bank of the river whose name it bears, forty miles from its confluence with Snake River, and forty miles from Bannock City, where the Walla Walla trail leaves Boise River for Bannock City and Placerville. The limits of the town extend to those of the military reserve upon which it is proposed to build new Fort Boise. The fort is to be located in the vicinity of the foot-hills and the town between it and the river, which is about two miles away.

As yet, is only a city in name. The forests that are to enter into its construction, and the mortar which is to cement its fair proportions, together with the population that is to inhabit it, all are in the the prospective, in the dim distance; the stately trees move as before; the soil that is to form the gigantic adobe for its foundation still bristle with wild rye and sage; the busy multitudes that are to people the embryo city and fill its streets with the hum of industry, unconscious of their destiny, still go on enacting the drama of life on different fields of labor. Yet the first of the few have gone forth, and "Sir Jeems" is their watch word. Already are the energetic proprietors of this city—that is-to-be heralding forth its name as a worthy candidate for the Capital of Idaho.

There has been about thirty wagons brought across the plains this season, principally from Iowa and Pikes Peak. They report having seen a great many small bands of Indians on the route, but few of whom were disposed to be troublesome. A large number of immigrants may be expected over this route; and if they stop out here as they did last year, there will likely be suffering before spring, if a hard winter should come upon the country. The hills are teeming with miners and prospectors, and, unless many of them leave before winter, there is not sufficient transportation in the country to bring supplies for all. The

water has dried up of late in nearly all the mining camps of this region, in consequence of which these places, lately so flush with good times, must become dull and inactive, and many of those who have not been successful will leave—in fact they are already starting for the mountains to prospect. And many are also starting for the older mining camps and valleys. Every valley that offers any promise of vegetation other than sage-brush, is being claimed and squatted upon.

I was much disappointed in the appearance of this country. I find none of the natural charms here that beautify the gay, green valleys of Payette. While those awaken the liveliest fancies, and ever enkindle the spirit of poetry, by the luxuriance of their foliage and flowers, and the grotesque beauty of their surroundings, this parched, sandy, waste-looking expanse stretches out dryly and sorrowfully into a blank uninteresting plain. There is too little of shade and streams—too much of sand and sage. If any devotee of the tuneful Nine should wander hither to strike his lyre, the songs he would invent (they would be sacred songs) would surely be highly seasonal. I cannot think this valley will produce vegetables or grain, except in the vicinity of the river, where the soil is moist and not so sandy. Sage-brush, lizards, rattle-snakes and scorpions, all these forbid the presence of the husbandman. Rogue River valley should have a share in the trade of this vast region, as I have before written, and I now feel warranted in saying that when it is established, this will be a lasting market. Come on with this wagon road—the enterprise will pay. Freight to this point is from 18 to 22 cents per pound. One cargo has been brought through at 16 cts., which is the lowest rates of the season. We are in receipt (via Salt Lake City) of the news of the battle of Gettysburg and the confirmation of the capture of Vicksburg. The latest news is now received by the Express from Salt Lake to Bannock City. It only requires five days to bring it over this route from Salt Lake City. A permanent line will soon be established, which will greatly facilitate communication to this region from the seat of war and elsewhere East.

Hurriedly etc. Soger Boy.

Wagon Road Meeting.

A Wagon road meeting was held at the Court House on Thursday, the 18th, pursuant to adjournment. Col. T. Vault in the chair; E. C. Sessions, secretary. The Finance Committee reported that the work was progressing finely, all the heavy grading having been completed, and the road finished to the summit of Flounee Rock.

Amount of subscriptions was \$2,666 15, of which \$1,499 90 had been collected, leaving a balance unpaid of \$1,166 25, of which amount it was thought \$900 could be collected; cash paid out, \$1,499 90; indebtedness for which the Committee were responsible, \$1,158 18; making total expenditures to date, \$2,658 08.

It being necessary to raise \$1,600 more in addition to the \$900 still due and collectable, in order to finish the road immediately, and upon the basis of the first estimate, (which amount is ample,) the ways and means for raising this amount were discussed at length, and \$600 more was subscribed upon the spot.

It was the unanimous wish of the subscribers that the road should be made free, but after careful investigation, it appearing plainly that the necessary subscriptions could be raised in no other manner, upon a vote taken, 65 shareholders present and represented, (a majority of the paid subscriptions,) unanimously decided to make it a Toll Road, with a Capital Stock of \$6,000, consisting of 240 shares of \$25 each, according to the articles of incorporation, thus protecting subscribers in the amount already expended, and securing the immediate prosecution of the work—the trustees were instructed to open the books of the Company, and authorized to issue stock to subscribers.

The election of permanent officers, and transaction of other necessary business, will be disposed of at a called meeting, due notice of which the Finance Committee will give, through the papers. E. C. S.

DENTISTRY

DR. F. G. HEARN, Of Yreka, Cal.,

WOULD respectfully announce to the citizens of Jacksonville and vicinity, that he can be found at Herbold's office, nearly opposite Turn Verien hall, where he is prepared to operate in all the various branches of his profession. Teeth inserted upon Gold, Vulcanite, Amber, Creolite, Silver and Cheoplasty, from one to a full set.

N. B. Dr. H. will remain in Jacksonville two weeks only. All work warranted. Jacksonville, Aug. 11, 1863. ang12uf

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS at BRADBURY & WADE'S.

NEW TO-DAY

EXHIBIT of the Receipts and Expenditures of the County of Douglas, for the fiscal year ending July 1st, 1863:

Table with columns for Receipts and Expenditures. Receipts total \$12,194 07. Expenditures total \$12,194 07. Balance over Expenditures \$12,194 07.

Financial condition of Douglas County July 1st, 1863.

Table showing financial condition: Balance of old indebtedness July 1, 1863, \$1,250 15; Add county orders outstanding, 1,420 30; Balance against Douglas County July 1, '63, \$ 909 91.

STATE OF OREGON, COUNTY OF DOUGLAS.

I, E. H. DEARBORN, Clerk of Douglas Co., Oregon, do hereby certify that the above is a true and correct statement of Receipts and Expenditures for the fiscal year ending 1st July, 1863, and of the financial condition of Douglas County at the date last above mentioned, in witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and official seal, this 12th day of August, A. D. 1863.

E. H. DEARBORN, Clerk of Douglas Co., Oregon, Per A. R. FLYER, Deputy Clerk.

The financial condition of the two counties at the time of consolidation, and the financial condition of Douglas County after consolidation.

Umpqua County, after all liabilities are provided for, still has a balance of cash on hand equal to \$277 00. Douglas County, on the 6th of July, 1863, is in debt \$103 91.

Umpqua County Report. Statement of the Financial condition of Umpqua County, Oregon, at the close of the year ending June 30, 1863:

Table with columns for Receipts and Expenditures. Receipts total \$5,662 13. Expenditures total \$3,343 93. Excess of receipts over expenditures \$ 2,318 20.

Present Financial Condition. Amount of County Warrants outstanding, at the close of the year, as ascertained by the County Order Book, in the Clerk's Office, \$ 764 12. County Funds on hand as exhibited by the County Treasurer, 1,001 72.

Surplus cash on hand \$ 237 00. Thus giving the exact condition of the Umpqua County Finances, at the time of the disorganization, ascertained by simultaneously counting the "money on hand" and "Warrants outstanding." Witness my hand and Official Signature this 1st day of July, 1863. L. L. WILLIAMS, Clerk.

BRADBURY & WADE, JACKSONVILLE,

Wholesale & Retail - DEALERS IN -

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, BOOTS & SHOES, FANCY GOODS, HATS AND CAPS, GROCERIES, PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, Liquors, Tobacco & Segars, PRODUCE, HARDWARE, GLASSWARE, QUEENSWARE, WOODENWARE, MINERS' TOOLS, All of which will be sold at low prices, for CASH, or desirable PRODUCE.

BRADBURY & WADE ARE NOW RECEIVING A

Large & Well-Selected STOCK OF

Spring & Summer GOODS, NEW STYLES DRESS - AND -

Millinery Good Fancy and Staple Dry Goods CARPETING,

Oil Cloth, Wall Paper, MEN AND BOYS' Spring & Summer CLOTHING,

HATS AND CAPS! AND ALSO A Fine Assortment of

Ladies, Men and Boys' Boots and Shoes!

OUR PHOENIX AND ASHLAND Houses

Will be supplied with a Good Assortment -OF-

STAPLE AND FANCY GOODS Which will be sold at JACKSONVILLE PRICES.

FAMILY GROCERIES at BRADBURY & WADE'S.