



"TO THE EFFICACY AND PERMANENCY OF YOUR UNION, A GOVERNMENT FOR THE WHOLE IS INDISPENSABLE."—Washington.

JACKSONVILLE, OREGON.

SATURDAY EVENING, - - AUGUST 15, 1863.

The dispatch of this evening contains not an item of important news.

L. E. V. Coon, who, it is reported, played a swindling "confidence" game with the Order of Knighthood, or Knight Templars, in this place, several years ago, has been appointed Probate Judge of Shoshone county, Idaho Territory, by Gov. Wallace.

TOBACCO.—We have specimen leaves of tobacco, raised by J. B. Wisley, on his farm beyond Rogue River. There is eleven leaves on one stalk. An average length of three feet by eighteen inches wide. Mr. Wisley has about one hundred plants of this kind.

IMPROVEMENTS.—The old frame building on the corner of California and Union streets, for many years used as jeweler and drug stores, have been razed, to give place to a fine building now being erected for C. C. Beckman and Dr. L. S. Thompson. This improvement will greatly add to the attractive appearance of our town.

Next Tuesday, is the Anniversary of the Jacksonville Lodge No. 10, I. O. O. F. The members of the Lodge promise an interesting order of exercises on the afternoon of that day, and cordially invite the public to attend. The Ball in the evening will be gotten up and managed in the best style.

The Teachers' Association met at Eugene City on the 5th inst., and elected the following officers for the ensuing year: President, A. C. Gibbs; Vice Presidents, B. Cornelius, E. A. Tanner and J. B. Underwood; Corresponding Secretary, T. H. Crawford; Recording Secretary, A. C. Daniels; Treasurer, E. B. Henderson; Executive Committee, C. T. Finlayson, A. C. Daniels, F. Stillson. The next annual meeting will be held on the first Wednesday of August, 1864, at Albany.

The late election in Washington Territory has resulted in the election of Cole, a War Democrat, as Delegate to Congress. There were three candidates for the office—Cole, Raynor (Union Administration), and Turney (Independent Union). There were 3,917 votes polled, of which Cole received 1,532; Raynor, 1,373, and Turney 93. Local matters and personal animosities prevented a fair expression of the Union sentiment as opposed to Copperheadism. Cole is said to be a Union man, opposed to the Administration; but, as the Secesh Democracy all voted for him, they, as a matter of course, expect favors at his hands. A decided majority of Union Administrative men were elected to the Legislature.

NEW TURN VERIES HALL.—The Society of Turn Veriens has become a thriving, permanent institution of our town. They now number twenty-four members, and have fitted up the old Gazette printing office, and in it placed a variety of apparatus upon which to exercise. The floor and ceiling of the hall have been taken out, and a large beam placed across the middle and upper portion of the room, to which are attached a swing and trapp. There is also a single and double parallel bar, clubs and dumb-bells innumerable. The hall is about 40 feet long by thirty wide. The ground floor is covered with saw-dust a foot in depth, so that when the amateur accidentally "bites the dust," he is not likely to be injured thereby. Turning is the most attractive amusement to be found in Jacksonville, and as all doctors agree that the exercise is very beneficial to the general health, we say, long flourish the Turn Verien Society of Jacksonville.

At Berrien, Michigan, a barrel of sorghum syrup was stored away some five years ago, and recently tapped, when the contents were found to be dry sugar.

EMIGRANTS.—A party of twenty or thirty emigrants, with six or eight wagons, arrived at Ashland one day this week. They came by way of Honey Lake and Yreka, at least one hundred miles out of the natural and proper line of travel to this valley—the Southern Oregon emigrant road, which is still blocked by murderous Indians. A majority of this party are from Missouri and other border States. One of them is a refugee from Texas. He there owned property worth \$2,000, and four negroes—husband and wife, and two boys—about ten years old. For refusing to sanction and co-operate with the Confederates in their treason, he was ordered to leave the State within a given time, under penalty of death by hanging. His property was taken from him, and six hundred dollars in Confederate scrip given him as an equivalent. The negro man, a powerful muscled fellow, was confiscated and taken away. Seeing many examples around him of the merciless manner in which the rebels carried out their threats, he left his home, and, after an immense deal of suffering, reached Missouri, and from thence over the plains to this coast. The negroes and boys are with him, having persistently refused to leave him. He tells the oft-repeated tale of the atrocious cruelties inflicted by the Confederates upon all who dare even to murmur at their fiendish crimes. Here, in Oregon, the Emigrant will find an orderly and law-abiding people, who, with their lives, if need be, will protect him in any legitimate occupation; but he will also find that, for having refused to aid the rebellion, he will receive but taunts and ridicule from a party who sail under the banner of Democracy. He is of that class who are not looked upon as their Southern brethren. Though a slaveholder, he preferred for himself liberty and Union to Slavery and Division, and is therefore a "vile Abolitionist," who cannot receive the sympathy of Oregon Democrats. It is all reserved for his persecutors.

ALL ABOARD!—TO SAN FRANCISCO IN TWO WEEKS.—Mr. S. G. Elliott, with his corps, are now between Jacksonville and Cottonwood, surveying the line of the Oregon and California Railroad. They are making rapid progress, and will be here in a few days. A respectable sum of money should be in the hands of the agents in this county to pay over to Mr. Elliott. Has it been collected. If not, see to it, that the subscription lists are at once circulated and a fair sum raised for this great enterprise. It requires no arguments to prove that a railroad connecting Southern Oregon,—with the rich soil of her valleys, her pastoral resources, the inexhaustible wealth in gold, silver, copper, iron, quicksilver, and paints, that are known to be hidden in her hills—with San Francisco, and thus give us the world for a market, would increase the value of property a hundred fold. Give us a railroad, and manufactures will spring up as if by magic—the hum of machinery will be heard all around us. We know of no portion of America so capable of sustaining a dense population as Southern Oregon. Let a railroad survey be made, and capitalists will not be long in learning that investments in a road from Portland to Marysville will ultimately return them large dividends, and we have reason to hope that Congress will aid the enterprise by donations of land, if our people bestir themselves and do their duty in the premises.

BANNOCK CITY.—"Walla Walla" sends us the following figures from Bannock City, in regard to the size and extent of that place: Stores—grocery, provision, dry-goods, etc.—87; Drugstores, 6; Dwelling houses—private—91; restaurants and boarding houses, 19; bakeries, 8; saloons, 19; express offices, 4; doctors offices, with doctors innumerable, 10; law offices, 5; meat markets, 6; jeweler shops, 3; blacksmith shops, 8; gunsmith shops, 2; boot & shoe shops, 4; saddler shops, 1; gin shops, 2; carpenter shops, 6; paint shops, 4; dram shops, 12; barber shops, 3; tailor shops, 2; breweries, 3; hall alleys, 2; livery stables, 2; fancy houses—fast women—10. Whole number of houses, 314. We have a street sprinkler that daily gives our streets the appearance of having been "out in the rain." Quite a number of sewing machines worked by fair women are actively engaged near the city. There is one steam and two water saw-mills, besides about fifty whip-saws. All together they cannot readily supply the demand for lumber. The prices here have not materially changed since my last writing.

At a festival of lawyers and editors, a lawyer gave as a toast: "The Editor, he always obeys the call of the devil." An editor responded: "The Editor and the Lawyer—the devil is satisfied with the copy of the former, but requires the original of the latter."

Letter from Soger Boy.

The following communication was dated Camp Excelsior, No. 14, Payette Plains, Lake Fork Payette River, June 29, 1863: *Ed. Sentinel:*—Proceeding from White-bird Ferry on Salmon River, the trail to Placerville and Bannock City becomes, like the path of life, a succession of ups and downs. Thirty-five miles of our march—to Little Salmon—entailed me forcibly of "Bonaparte crossing the Alps." The trail ascends and descends three times in this distance; and every where, around, above, beneath—on the dizzy height and in the sombre dell—there seems to breathe a spirit of majestic awe, lifting the soul from the stupendous grandeur of Nature to a solemn contemplation of the great First Cause. As we proceed up Little Salmon, the trail, for sixteen miles, becomes still more difficult; and in many places, as we marched along our "winding way," there was much to remind us of our mortality, and impress the mind with the utter folly of human pursuits and earthly aspirations. Ascending from Little Salmon, the route is over a steep ridge for eight miles, when it descends into Little Salmon Meadows, on Meadow Fork of Little Salmon. This is a beautiful valley, embracing something over a thousand acres of fine arable land, and is irrigated by Meadow Creek, which winds through it into the meadow fork to the eastward. The soil is of unsurpassed richness, apparently being covered with a luxuriant growth of blue-grass, red-top and clover. Passing through these meadows and over a low ridge, the trail descends to the bridge and ford at the crossing of the Meadow Fork; then proceeding up the left bank, in a Southern direction, the hills bend off to the right and left, and the broad, beautiful Idaho Valley opens before us—a green, tranquil plain embosomed in the hills. Truly does it merit the name, "Gem of the Mountains." The outlines are marked by the belt of snow that streaks the summit of the mountains that surround it. The side-hills are lined with dense forests of fir and pine to the margin of the valley on all sides, where it stretches out into a beautiful, broad savanna, covering an area of about twenty-five square miles. The rills and streamlets are almost innumerable that seem to leap from the "heart of the purple hills," and come gurgling down across the green-ward to mingle their waters in the Meadow Fork. These lend a rare charm to the otherwise sublime scene; and following them up to the foot-hills, elk, deer, bear and pine-beans are to be found; while geese, cranes and brook-trout are plenty in the streams toward the heart of the valley. The volaries of Nimrod here brought down a large elk and a fine buck, from which the whole command dined and were filled. What a savory dish with which to relieve the monotony of pork and beans.

Crossing Goose Creek at the southern verge of Idaho Valley, the route is over low ridges of gradual slope, S. S. E. for eight miles, to the ford of the Lake Fork of the Payette River. This stream is about the size of Applegate, and has its source among the Payette Lakes, one of which is only six miles distant to the eastward from our present camp. The Payette Plains extend from this lake to the west and southward along the Lake Fork for near twenty miles, and range from five to eight miles in width.

"Distance lends enchantment to the view" of this landscape scene; for there is one thing which distracts greatly from its loveliness the moment you arrive upon the borders. In spots there is to be found plenty of "sage brush," (well known to every voyager across the western plains) whose fragrance lingers in the olfactories of the emigrant associated with alkali dust and the putrid carcasses that strew the wayside.

We have marched one hundred and forty-four miles (estimated) from Ft. Lapwai, our course being southward and upward, until our camp has at last been designated by that lofty name *Excelsior*. Having attained the climax of our march, we expect to descend now until we regain the equilibrium where people vote and pay poll-tax.

To-day the main command is laid up for repairs, while a detachment is scouting to the westward, on the head-waters of Wiser River, and another to the eastward around the Lakes, in search of Snake Indians. Nez Perces who know the country are with each detachment, and woe to the Snake that may fall before them—his hair must adorn a Nez Perces' lodge, and the war-dance sound his requiem. Souka Boy.

Gen. Meade, the new leader of the Army of the Potomac, is the grandson of Geo. Meade of Philadelphia, an eminent Irish-American merchant, whose firm (Meade & Fitzsimmons) contributed, in 1781, \$10,000 to a fund for the relief of the famishing army of Gen. Washington.

We clip the following articles from the *Argus*, of the 10th.

Capt. J. M. Keeler, Provost Marshall for the District of Oregon, has arrived, and established his office over Moore's store, in this city. The business of Capt. Keeler, at present, is merely to enroll the names of all persons in the district subject to draft under the late act of Congress known as the Conscription law. We have no idea that a draft will be ordered on this coast during the present rebellion, but the threatening aspect of our relations with some foreign powers makes it imperative on the Government to be prepared for every emergency.

A company of militia has been organized in Lane county. The following is a list of the officers:

John Rowland, captain; A. Hannon, 1st lieutenant; S. P. Young, 2d lieutenant; James Pickett, orderly sergeant; R. Fox, 2d sergeant; Wm. Tweedale, 3d sergeant; J. W. Jordan, 4th sergeant; John Purdon, 1st corporal; John Foster, 2d corporal; E. N. Beach, 2d corporal; N. Wright, 4th corporal.

A son of F. Price, Polk county, aged about 13 years, was accidentally drowned in Salt Creek, Sunday week, while bathing.

A man named Peter Collins was drowned in Goose Bay about the last of July.

DISSENTIONS.—We are constantly receiving communications from the mining districts from dissatisfied fortune hunters, complaining of their many hopes deferred and the distant prospect of their real gain. That the mine was crusted with unemployed men is no doubt true, and we apprehend there will be much suffering among them during the coming winter. It is asserted that thousands of men can be procured in the Boise country who would gladly work for bare board; but mining operations are almost entirely suspended at this season, and even claim owners themselves are constrained to remain idle for lack of the water necessary to the development of their claims. Many of our acquaintances who, with a profound contempt for the insignificant drug-grocery and profits of trade, rushed to the Boise mines early in the summer, to pick up a few hundred pounds of stray gold dust, have returned, heavily laden—with creditors. They could not see that dust, but acknowledged to an extensive view of the elephant.—*Oregonian*.

The National Circus again performed to a large audience in our town, on Wednesday night.

NEW TO-DAY

List of Letters REMAINING IN THE POST OFFICE at Jacksonville, Ogn., Aug. 15, 1863.

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|-------------------|---------------------|
| Barnes Kinder | Huston Mrs A |
| Burnett John | Jonas Abner |
| Brown James | Klum C B |
| Banks James M | Law Jonathan |
| Bowen Henry | McMurry Thos |
| Cox Jacob | Mixed Tim |
| Crosby John | Morgan Miss Laritha |
| Caldwell Calahill | Old Mrs M |
| Caldwell James | Olsen Halvor |
| Grant George | Pelcha Jeremiah |
| Gistell C | Smith Sam H |
| Hendricks Joseph | Stout John |
| Hill Mrs Bell C R | Sturges A W |
| Hanson Geo G | Shaw W H |
| Hawkins Josh | White Julia Ann |
| Hays James | |

Persons calling for any of the above letters will please say they are advertised. S. E. HAINES, P. M.

EVANSVILLE HOTEL

RENTS!!

The above hotel, situated at EVANSVILLE, Jackson County, Oregon, near the Rogue River Company's bridge across Rogue River, with a Fine Garden, splendidly enclosed, and some land adjoining, will be for rent on and after the 1st day of October, 1863. The present occupant will dispose of some furniture to the incoming tenant. This is a most favorable opportunity for some good man to get into a good paying business.

Also, the T Vault Ranch adjoining said town, 500 acres of fine meadow, for rent at the same time.

Apply to Thomas Chavener, near the premises. THOMAS CHAVENER, August 14, 1863. aug14f

URGENT NOTICE.

Notice to Subscribers to Wagon Road.

ALL those who have subscribed money or other articles for the construction of the R. R. V. & J. D. Wagon Road, are requested to forward at once, or as soon as possible, their subscriptions. The work is now progressing, and money and supplies must be had or the work will necessarily stop.

JOHN S. LOVE, Pres.
H. Bloom, Sec'y.
Jacksonville, Aug. 5, '63. je271f

DENTISTRY

DR. F. G. HEARN,

Of Yreka, Cal., WOULD respectfully announce to the citizens of Jacksonville and vicinity, that he can be found at Herbold's office, nearly opposite Turn Verien hall, where he is prepared to operate in all the various branches of his profession. Teeth inserted upon Gold, Vulcanite, Amber, Cereolite, Silver and Cheoplasty, from one to a full set.

N. B. Dr. H. will remain in Jacksonville two weeks only. All work warranted. Jacksonville, Aug. 11, 1863. --aug11f

BRADBURY & WADE, JACKSONVILLE.

Wholesale & Retail —DEALERS IN—

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, BOOTS & SHOES, FANCY GOODS, HATS AND CAPS, GROCERIES, PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, Liquors, Tobacco & Segars, PRODUCE,

HARDWARE, GLASSWARE, QUEENSWARE, WOODENWARE,

MINERS' TOOLS, All of which will be sold at low prices for CASH, or desirable PRODUCE.

BRADBURY & WADE

ARE NOW RECEIVING A Large & Well-Selected STOCK OF **Spring & Summer GOODS, NEW STYLES DRESS** — AND —

Millinery Good

Fancy and Staple **Dry Goods** CARPETING, Oil Cloth, Wall Paper, MEN AND BOYS' Spring & Summer CLOTHING, HATS AND CAPS!

AND ALSO A Fine Assortment of **Ladies, Men and Boys' Boots and Shoes!**

OUR PHENIX AND ASHLAND Houses

Will be supplied with a Good Assortment —OF—

STAPLE AND FANCY GOODS Which will be sold at JACKSONVILLE PRICES.

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS at BRADBURY & WADE'S.

SAN FRANCISCO Woolen Mills—Blankets, Overshirts and Army Cloth, at BRADBURY & WADE'S.

STATIONERY & BLANK BOOKS at BRADBURY & WADE'S.

FINE CIGARS AND TOBACCO at BRADBURY & WADE'S.

WOOD AND WILLOW WARE at BRADBURY & WADE'S.

FINE TEAS at BRADBURY & WADE'S.

FAMILY GROCERIES at BRADBURY & WADE'S.