



"TO THE EFFICACY AND PERMANENCY OF YOUR UNION, A GOVERNMENT FOR THE WHOLE IS INDISPENSABLE."—Washington.

JACKSONVILLE, OREGON.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, . . . MAY 6, 1863.

Union Leagues.

These voluntary associations, designed to strengthen and consolidate the Union sentiment in the country and aid the Administration in its efforts to preserve unimpaired the territorial integrity of the Government established by our revolutionary sires, are particularly the objects of the hatred and denunciation of the sympathizers. In this they are consistent. No Union man expected them to pursue a different course. Nothing practical, which has for its object the suppression of this wanton rebellion, and the restoration of the Union, will ever receive their support, or escape their denunciation. Federal victories are belittled, rebel successes magnified, and every manifestation of loyalty to the Government vilified as another development of Abolitionism. The Knights of the Golden Circle, an avowedly treasonable organization, is passed by in silence by these remarkable patriots. They have no denunciations for them. O, no! And why? Because a man never denounces and vilifies his friends—those who are laboring for the same common object. Like the guilty sentinel who sleeps betimes upon his watch, they hear a foe in the rustle of every leaf, and have a presentment of retributive justice in every organization having for its object the suppression of the slaveholder's rebellion. These demonstrations are but the alarms caused by the shadows which evening events cast before them. Let this rebellion be crushed out by the military power of the Government, and the term "sympathizer" will but faintly express the odium which they are laboring to earn for themselves in their country's darkest hour. They may succeed, in the tumult of a gigantic rebellion, in covering up under the name of Democracy their sympathy for traitors in arms against the best Government in the world, but the stern logic of events, and the cool and unimpassioned judgment of their compeers will strip away this deceptive integument, and brand them with the infamy forever. So may it be.

When thieves preach honesty, and libertines expatiate on the necessity and moral value of virtue, the upright and good instinctively look to their safes, and lock their doors. Such talk, by such men, is the preliminary strategy to a fresh assault and greater diligence in the work of ruin. What shall we think when traitors, and especially their sympathizers, become the special custodians of the Constitution, and babble continually about constitutional rights violated? For treason, which is the highest, clearest and blackest violation of that sacred instrument, they have no language of denunciation, and for traitors no decided hatred, but rather a petting, palliating acquiescence. But if a sympathizer is imprisoned for a week or month in some fort, and the writ of habeas corpus suspended, the souls of these pure patriots are fearfully exercised over the unheard of violation of the Constitution.

The Hesperian has entered upon its 10th volume, considerably improved upon its former neat appearance. The talented Mrs. E. T. Schneek, on account of impaired health, has been compelled to resign her charge of the magazine. It is now ably edited by Rev. J. D. Strong and his lady, Mrs. M. D. Strong. Hereafter, while the fashions will receive as careful attention as before, the primary object will be to produce a literary magazine fully equal to any in America. The Hesperian has long been a welcome favorite with the ladies, and we hope continued success may attend it.

I. O. O. F. ANNIVERSARY AT YREKA.—

The celebration of the 44th anniversary of the I. O. O. F. at Yreka, on the 27th ult., which was attended by a small delegation from Jacksonville, was a brilliant success; not, however, from any imposing ceremonies or gorgeous display, but by the universal satisfaction felt and expressed by all who participated in the festivities, whether within or without the Fraternity. The oration by E. Steele, Esq., was a fine display of thought, comprising much useful information for the Fraternity, and interesting matter for all. The poem, by Mr. Whalley, abounded in poetical wealth, and proved its author to be a poet of no ordinary ability. We hope soon to see the publication of both oration and poem.

The Ball given at night in the spacious Hall of the Odd Fellows, was all that the most fastidious could have wished. Friendship beamed from every face, "save when the side-long glance" of some fair maiden toward her happy swain made Friendship blush away his mantle, and show beneath the deeper emotions of Love. [Nixon, is "that what's the matter?"—Ed. Sex.]

Supper time came, and we repaired to the dining room to discuss the rich viands laid in store for us by Mr. Corley, the gentlemanly proprietor of the Union Hotel. (Long may he wave!) After supper we returned to the Hall, each heart more buoyant with mirthfulness. Not until the morning light began to dim the lesser stars, and the hum of business was heard in the streets, did the melodies of the band die away and the dancing cease. It was then the first shadow of sadness was felt. "We part," were the ominous words which cast the shadow.

During our stay we found the citizens of Yreka the best of good fellows. It seemed to be their chief desire to make the visitors from the various parts of the country comfortable and happy. He who cannot review this life back to childhood by a series of pleasant reminiscences is truly a miserable man. Such a man with miserly grasp hoards up the dross and wastes the gold, remembers the sorrows and forgets the pleasures. With him a week's lamentation is the fault of some petty disappointment, while his joys are but the ephemeral interruptions of sorrow, that—

"Like a snow-drop on the river,
A moment white, then lost forever."

When our "trembling limbs and wrinkled brows admonish us that the weight of years is upon us," and we turn to review the many little gems of memory left on the path of life, we anticipate a thrill of pleasure when we recount the incidents of the celebration of the forty-fourth anniversary of I. O. O. F. at Yreka.

JACKSONVILLE DELEGATION.

APACHE INDIANS.—The First California Volunteers have been making a clean sweep of the murderers of the Oatman family, Chas. M. O'Brien and hundreds of others. In February last, by long and rapid night marches, eighty men of the 1st C. V. completely surprised a party of several hundred Indians. Not one of the red devils were left to tell the tale. These Indians have for many years been a terribly dreaded scourge to the towns on the Mexican border, in Sonora and Chihuahua (Chi-wa-wa).

GREENBACKS.—James T. Glenn has received greenbacks from Fort Lapwai, Captain Mathew's company, for the following persons: O. Jacobs, \$500; John S. Miller, 450; W. R. Ish for R. M. Hutchison, 575; L. J. C. Duncan, 140; Daniel Hopkins, 195; J. T. Glenn for Hamlin, 200; Wm A. Tulle for B. Minor, 200; Wm Bump from F. E. Robinson, 80; Samuel Stickle from J. Die, 80. Total, \$2,420.

The people of the Ashland neighborhood, in this county, will have a meeting at the Ashland school house, on the 9th of May, Saturday next, for the purpose of organizing an independent company of militia, by the election of Captain and 1st and 2d Lieutenants. Hon. J. C. Tolman is appointed presiding officer. Notices have been posted for several days past.

RELIGIOUS NOTICE.—Rev. M. A. Williams will preach in the M. E. Church, on Saturday next, at 11 o'clock, a. m.; also on Sabbath next at the same hour, at which time communion services will be held, and the customary collection taken up.

Mr. E. S. Morgan, of the firm of Ryan, Morgan & Co., started from this place for San Francisco last week. When he returns look out for a splendid stock of spring and summer dry goods.

Mr. E. C. Sessions and Mr. M. Brennan returned on Monday last. Unexpectedly and unfortunately they both still suffer single wretchedness, not having improved their time and opportunities as well as did Mr. L. Sachs.

Overland Emigration to the Pacific.

Washington, April 24, 1863.—From all appearances we must conclude that the emigration to the States and Territories of the Pacific coast will be very large during the coming season. The action of Congress upon many important interests of those regions has had the effect to direct public attention more than ever to the new Territories of the Pacific slope, especially, Idaho being now quite prominent in the minds of many whose yearnings are directed Westward. The longer this harassing civil war lasts, the more deeply seated and unconquerable becomes the desire to emigrate to those half-imagined climes which the artist has limned with wonderful power in Leutze's painting of "Westward the course of empire takes its way." The glowing skies, peaceful scenes, abundant fruits, glorious scenery and climate and youthful freshness of California make up an ideal painting in the minds of many restless people who pine and sigh for a glimpse of the Golden Land. War, with its multitudinous evils, has induced them to look more desiringly towards the Pacific, and hence there will be during the opening season a great wave of emigration breaking across the plains which lie between the Missouri, the Rocky Mountains and the Peaceful Ocean. Most of those will be in families who take their household goods and effects with them and will become permanent settlers in the new Eden of their hopes. Congress appropriated \$30,000 for the protection of the Overland Emigrant route, of which \$10,000 will be used on the northern route, and the remainder will be placed at the disposal of Captain Crawford, of Oregon, who is now here, and proposes to fit out an expedition for the protection of the emigrants on the North Platte route, and will start from Omaha, Nebraska, about the 20th of May next. Captain Crawford has performed this service for the Government for the last two years, and his plan is to enlist about fifty mounted men for the trip, and to precede the last installment of the emigration, keep the Indians in awe as he passes along the road, fall behind the last feeble hands of emigrants and urge them on, supplying the destitute and assisting the broken-down and unfortunate, and thus guarding from attack those defenseless and often improvident and careless people. Ten thousand dollars was left from the appropriation of last year; consequently Captain Crawford has 30,000 at his disposal this year, and will doubtless make good use of it for the benefit of those people who so much need the aid of the Government, and who are generally, I am sorry to say, unthankful, for the assistance so extended to them. The other expedition will be under the charge of Captain Pick, who will leave Fort Abercrombie, Minnesota, about the first of June, and will lay his course due west for Idaho, taking with him a large party of people who promise to settle in that new Territory. Captain Crawford's route will be along the North Platte, keeping north of Salt Lake and crossing the Snake river near old Fort Hall, thence into the Boise country and to Walla Walla. It is noticeable that the character of the emigration to the Pacific coast is likely to be that of families rather than that of mere adventurers and explorers; all of which promises well for the country in which settlements are to be made.

NEW TO-DAY.

Notice.

To all whom it may concern.—to my patrons, friends, and the public generally: There being in circulation false reports in regard to my sobriety, and propriety of conduct, both in a moral and professional point of view, and having been unable, by dint of persevering inquiries, to trace those false rumors to their source, I very reluctantly resort to this method of refutation: Rumor says, 1st, That I am "addicted to drinking." To prove which, she says that I buy bottles and cans of whisky daily or weekly. Now, the latter is the only fact connected with the rumor. I have bought brandy enough in the last two years to kill six or eight men if used as a means of intoxication. I presume that I have bought from Fisher & Brother, alone, enough to kill three or four men, if taken down the throat, in the above mentioned time. But the question is asked, What does he do with it? I answer, that is my business, and no body's else. That I have not used it as a beverage but to a limited extent, is sufficient for those not acquainted with me and my profession. And that I have not lugged around dram-shops, or visited unmentionable places (except on professional calls), is also a fact to which it is unnecessary to advert. Rumor says, 2d, That I am "addicted" to opium—narcotized, demoralized, and victimized by its use—rendering me unfit to attend to my professional and social duties. Now, in regard to the latter rumor, I would (if it were not almost offering an insult to one-fourth of the families within fifteen miles of Jacksonville) ask them to refute the aspersion. But I hurl the vile aspersions back into the viler throats of those who uttered them. To many who may be unacquainted with me, there may be circumstances connected with my department which to them may seem strange, but as a man, I have my peculiarities, for which I am not accountable to the community, so long as I discharge my duties in the various relations of life. If I have offended any of my friends, in thus noticing these calumnies, the only apology I have to offer is, that self respect,

and the good opinion of those who would not lend a willing ear to falsehood or detraction, forced me to the measure. Hereafter, I hope to be able to treat such slanders with silent contempt. With best regards to friends, and silent contempt for enemies, I subscribe myself the community's most humble servant. G. W. GUERIN. Jacksonville, May 6, 1863.

M. A. BRENTANO IS NOW SELLING AT COST His stock of Provisions, FAMILY GROCERIES, ETC., ETC. All who wish to obtain BARGAINS will do well to call, as it is absolutely his intention to dispose of said stock and CLOSE BUSINESS BY THE First Day of June Next. Jacksonville, May 6, 1863.

Notice. THE undersigned gives notice that from and after the first day of June next, five cents per ton on all goods left in store, which are subject to sales. DUGAN & WALL, Crescent City, April 30, 1863. may6tf

G. W. GRIFER, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Office at his Residence on Oregon St. JACKSONVILLE, OREGON.

Where all those knowing themselves indebted to him, on note or book account, will please call and settle up, or their account will be placed for collection in the hands of my attorney. My old patrons will still find me, as ever, ready to attend to my professional duties. May 6, 1863. may6tf

COUNTY COURT, of Jackson county, May Term, 1863. In the matter of the estate of JOSEPH G. DRES, dec'd.

Notice is hereby given that S. P. Taylor, administrator of said estate, has filed his petition, praying for an order to sell the real estate belonging to said deceased; all persons interested in said estate are notified to appear in said Court, on Wednesday, the 3d day of June, 1863, and show cause why an order for the sale of said real estate should not be granted. By order of Hon. J. C. Tolman, Co. Judge. WM. HOFFMAN, Clerk. May 4, 1863. may4w

Selling Off! AT COST! AND GOING NORTH.

H. Bloom Offers to sell his entire stock of MERCHANDISE AT COST, WITHOUT RESERVE

All those desiring Bargains should call immediately, as he will close out forthwith. All who think that they have heretofore paid too much for Goods, should call at H. BLOOM'S STORE and get even.

COME ONE, COME ALL Now is Your Time — TO GET —

Bargains As he positively intends SELLING OFF AT COST Jacksonville, March 28, 1863.

Notice. WE have this day sold our stock of merchandise to Mr. MAX MULLER. From our friends and patrons we would solicit for Mr. MULLER a continuance of their liberal patronage. J. A. BRUNNER & BRO. Jacksonville, July 12th, 1862. 27 FLOUR AND PRODUCE taken in exchange for Merchandise, at July 19.—27 MAX MULLER'S.

BRADBURY & WADE, JACKSONVILLE.

Wholesale & Retail — DEALERS IN —

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, BOOTS & SHOES, FANCY GOODS, HATS AND CAPS.

GROCERIES, PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, LIQUORS, Tobacco & Segars, PRODUCE,

HARDWARE, GLASSWARE, QUEENSWARE, WOODENWARE,

MINERS' TOOLS, All of which will be sold at low prices, for CASH, or desirable PRODUCE.

ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF SUMMER GOODS AT REDUCED RATES. To make room for FALL STOCKS.

A Choice Selection of the Best Teas Ever offered in this market, embracing varieties of Black, Green & Japanese. In bulk, papers and caddies, at prices to suit the most particular.

JUST RECEIVED, A FRESH INVOICE OF

PICKS, PANS, SHOVELS, RUBBER BOOTS, BLASTING POWDER AND FISH HAY and MANURE FORKS.

Agricultural Tools For Sale at Cost:

20 Steel-point PLOWS, complete, of various sizes; 16 cast Plow-points; 2 sets extra steel Mould-Boards, Points and Land Sides; 2 patent Straw-Cutters; 6 large Iron Kettles, for farm use.

The above will be exchanged for flour at the market price. BRADBURY & WADE, Jacksonville, Oct. 23, 1862. 34tf

PHENIX HOUSE.

BRADBURY & WADE

THE CITIZENS OF PHENIX AND VICINITY

Will find it to their advantage to purchase of us, as we shall keep on hand a good supply of

FANCY AND STAPLE MERCHANDISE!!

FOR SALE AT JACKSONVILLE PRICES.

We will take all descriptions of Produce that can be disposed of without a loss. BRADBURY & WADE, Phoenix, Oct. 30th.