

The Oregon Sentinel.

25 PER ANNUM, IN ADVANCE.

JACKSONVILLE, WEDNESDAY, MAY 6, 1863.

VOL. VIII—NO. 30

I. O. O. F.—JACKSONVILLE LODGE No. 19, holds its regular meetings every **SATURDAY EVENING**, at their Hall (McCully's Theater building), at 7 o'clock. Brothers in good standing are cordially invited to attend. **JAN. M. SUTTON, N. G.**
Geo. B. BOND, R. S. C.

Warren Lodge No. 10. A. F. & A. M.
HOLD their regular communications the Wednesday Evenings on or preceding the full moon, in JACKSONVILLE, OREGON.
ALEX. MARTIN, W. M.
H. BLOOM, Sec'y.

OREGON CHAPTER NO. 4,
—OF—
ROYAL ARCH MASONS,
JACKSONVILLE, OREGON.
Will hold its regular communications on the **Third Saturday Eve. of Every Month.** All sojourning Companions in good standing are cordially invited to attend.
G. W. GREER, H. P.
L. SACRE, Sec'y. dec8-47

E. F. RUSSELL,
NOTARY PUBLIC.
Office with B. F. Dowell, Eq., Third street, JACKSONVILLE, OREGON. 29

ORANGE JACOBS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW,
AND SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY.
Will promptly attend to any legal business committed to his care.
Office in Sentinel building.
JACKSONVILLE, OREGON.

D. WM. DOUTHITT, JAMES D. FAY,
DOUTHITT & FAY,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW,
AND SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY.
JACKSONVILLE, OREGON.
Will practice in the Supreme and other Courts of this State. March 4 '63.

R. B. MORFORD,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
JACKSONVILLE, OREGON.
Will practice in the several Courts of the First Judicial District, and in the Supreme Court. October 29 '62.

B. F. DOWELL,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
JACKSONVILLE, OREGON.
Will practice in all the Courts of the Third Judicial District, the Supreme Court of Oregon, and in Yreka, Cal. War Scrip promptly collected. Oct. 18.

Dan's Barber Shop.
Between Broadway & Wade's and El Dorado Saloon, California street.
SHAVING, Hair-cutting, Shampooing, Curling and Hair Dyeing. A hand and for sale, a genuine article of Fish's Hair Restorative, and Castadora's Excelsior Hair Dye

PETER BRITT,
Photographic Artist.
Is prepared to take pictures in every style of the art, with all the latest improvements. Pictures do not give satisfaction, no charges will be made. Call at his new Gallery, on the hill, examine his pictures, and sit for your likeness.

L. H. DEWEY,
Watchmaker and Jeweler.
Keeps constantly on hand a fine assortment of Clocks and Jewels, which he offers for sale at very low prices, for cash. **REPAIRING**—Clocks, Watches and Jewelry repaired with promptness and warranted. Shop on California street, two doors west of Love & Bilger's. Jacksonville, July 26; 28

ALEXANDER BUSWELL,
—PRACTICAL—
BOOK-BINDER,
PAPER-RULER, and
Blank-Book Manufacturer.
517 City and 514 Commercial streets, between Montgomery and Sansome, SAN FRANCISCO.

Blinding of every description neatly executed; Blank Books ruled and bound to any desired pattern. 24-y

EL DORADO SALOON,
P. H. LYNCH, Prop'r.
Corner California and Oregon Streets.
The Proprietor has just received from San Francisco a choice assortment of fine
Wines, Liquors, Cigars,
ETC., ETC.
Drop in and test them. Dec. 10.

DAY UP.—All those indebted to me by notes or book accounts, will please call and settle immediately, or their accounts or notes will be handed to my attorney for collection. **H. BLOOM.**
March 18, 1862.

THE OREGON SENTINEL.

ISSUED EVERY WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.

HENRY DENLINGER, Pub'r and Prop'r

Subscription.—One year, in advance, Five Dollars; Six months, Three Dollars.
Advertisements.—One square (10 lines or less), first insertion, Three Dollars; each subsequent insertion, One Dollar. A discount of fifty per cent will be made to those who advertise by the year.

ADVERTISERS.

By application to Postmasters and Mail Carriers, you can learn that the Semi-weekly OREGON SENTINEL has by far a larger circulation in the counties of Southern Oregon and Del Norte county, California, than any other paper. This fact should commend the SENTINEL to you as a superior medium for advertising.

List of AGENTS, who are authorized to transact any business concerning this paper, in the name of the publisher:

L. P. Fisher, San Francisco; Wadsworth & Raynes, Yreka; Eber Emery, Ashland; S. C. Taylor, Placerville; W. W. Fowler, Applegate; R. S. Dunlap, Williamsburg; John R. Priddle, Kelseyville; A. B. McIlwain, Wald; R. J. Forbes, Wald; W. S. M. Evans, Altamont; Joel Thorn, Canyonville; A. R. Flint, Roseburg; Isaac R. Moore, Salem; J. B. Underwood, Eugene City; F. Charman, Oregon City; D. W. Wakefield, Albany; Benjamin Cook, Corvallis; J. H. Smith, Coquett City; Albert Doolittle, Happy Camp.

BY OVERLAND TELEGRAPH.

[TELEGRAPHED TO YREKA FOR THE SENTINEL.]

Saturday Night's Dispatch.

New York, 30th.—The *World* says: Yesterday the army under Hooker pursued with vigor the movement they had begun. Troops were crossing 12 miles below Fredericksburg, at Port Royal, which latter place will be recaptured as the scene of the recent raid across the Rappahannock, on pontoons, by two Federal regiments, who took the place by surprise on a foggy morning, capturing a number of horses and a quantity of stores.

Marblehead, 29th.—It is generally thought that rebel demonstrations yesterday were made for the purpose of forcing Rosecrans to concentrate his lines, leaving Vandorn and Wheeler at liberty with their cavalry to act on his flanks, and also to enable them, with a force North of Duck River, to defeat any attempt that might be made similar to the one on McMinnville. At present all efforts of the rebel cavalry on our flanks are futile.

A letter dated Chilapa, Mexico, April 16th, says on the 5th and 6th instants the French, after severe fighting and great suffering, retained a portion of the town. On the 7th, however, the Mexicans repulsed them with still greater slaughter, driving them at the point of the bayonet to Garita. The French are now fortifying themselves at Chulula. They suffered a most terrible loss.

Memphis, 26th.—Grant was at Carthage on Saturday. A dispatch from Milliken's Bend of the 24th, says: there are indications that forward movements will be the order of the day. Orders were received yesterday for the whole army to march, with six days' rations. Gen. Grant and staff have moved to the front.

Memphis, 26th.—Rumors of rebel reinforcements are confirmed by deserters, but the stories generally sound like exaggerations. Rebel commanders talk loudly and boldly of their intention to drive Rosecrans out of Tennessee. Their men carry get quarter rations of bacon, but plenty of meat.

Cairo, 1st.—The Marine Brigade returned to Fort Henry yesterday, from a reconnaissance up the Tennessee river. They went up as far as Eastport, destroyed mills and distillery, and skirmished with guerrillas. They report Gen. Dodge near Tusculuma, securing the country with cavalry. In skirmishing, eight rebels killed and one taken prisoner. Major White wounded. A large number of refugees were left at Paducah. By an arrival from Canton, Miss., we learn that a large number of troops were passing through Jackson, Ga., towards Bragg's army.

Sunday Night's Dispatch.

Chicago, May 21.—By mail from Washington, April 30th, it appears from reliable information by persons arriving from the Rappahannock, some very important changes took place yesterday. Hooker's forces crossed at Kelly's Ford. Pontoons were laid across the river two or three miles below Fredericksburg, and we held possession of these pontoons last night. The enemy formed a line of battle and

planted batteries on the heights, within our reach. In crossing, we lost one or two officers and 30 or 40 men killed and wounded. The advance crossed in boats, driving the enemy out of rifle pits, killing and wounding many, and took 100 prisoners, including several officers. These prisoners had arrived at Washington. Another informant says our left, 30,000 strong, crossed four miles below Fredericksburg, below where Franklin crossed previous to the first battle at Fredericksburg. They fought 12 hours, and drove the enemy out of their rifle pits and behind their entrenchments. Our force captured between 500 and six hundred prisoners. Many of the prisoners voluntarily came over to us, small squads having thrown away their guns and begged for food; other rebels, however, say they have plenty to eat. Our right wing crossed at Kelly's Ford. Stoneman's cavalry are reported to be somewhere near Fredericksburg. One corps remains at Falmouth, as a reserve.

New York, May 1st.—The *Tribune's* bulletin announces that Hooker's army crossed the Rappahannock at four places. The enemy were confounded, and we captured their pickets, reserves, etc. Five hundred prisoners were taken. The same account states that, on April 27th, the 11th, 12th and 13th army corps moved to Kelly's Ford, and reached there on the 28th. A brigade had been quartered at the Ford for the last two weeks. We crossed on pontoons, superintended by Gen. Howard. No enemy was found but a few pickets. Stoneman's cavalry crossed on the 29th. Reynolds' first army corp constructed a bridge in the face of the enemy's rifle pits and effected a crossing. The resistance was stubborn, but short. Our artillery fire was too severe for the enemy, who fled, leaving 67 prisoners from the 30th Ga. and 7th La. regiments. They report that Jackson is commanding the right wing. Couch's second corp was in the rear of Banks' Ford with full facilities for crossing. The corps which crossed at Kelly's Ford is moving towards Chancellorville, south of Fredericksburg.

Philadelphia, May 1.—We learn through official sources, that Hooker, with 50,000 men, had a battle with the rebels beyond the Rappahannock. We have no particulars, but the Union troops are victorious.

New York, May 2.—The *Tribune*, in addition to what was telegraphed yesterday, says: "Thursday morn the scene changed; movement down the river. Wednesday night the 3d army corps, which was at the four mile bridge marched up the river again, and joined the 2d at Banks' Ford. Early Thursday the 1st followed, and halted at the same place. There were three corps across the Rappahannock, marching straight on Fredericksburg, via Chancellorville, a small village three miles distant. That place and the point at Banks' Ford, with the road to U. S. Ford, opens communications with advancing columns; also six corps were in position to move directly on the rebels. Communications with seven corps still exist. They are beginning to cross below and assail the other flank of the enemy. It is believed by many that the rebels will evacuate Fredericksburg and fall back towards Richmond. Telegrams to that effect were received yesterday, but were based on the presumed necessity of a retreat, perhaps, as much as any information. If it is not true, so much the worse for Lee. He had no alternative but to march out of Fredericksburg, or fight, with a certainty of his whole army being defeated or captured. When probably next heard from, both the Virginia Central and the Richmond and Fredericksburg railroads will be severed. In this case, Lee must fight with what forces he already commands, for no reinforcements can reach him before Hooker falls on his retreating forces. We regard a great battle imminent, perhaps already fought.

Marblehead, May 1st.—Deserters from Kentucky, who left Stoneman's regiment this morning, report that Brockbridge advanced to Beech Grove and Harvey's Gap, on Manchester Peak. He states that an entire rebel force now occupies the position from Beech Grove through Water's Gap and Shelbyville. It is supposed the intention of Johnson is to hold all the gaps in face, Rosecrans concentrating all his forces. Little hope is entertained should Johnson make an attack. While dispatches report great activity on the part of the rebels, we must be silent regarding ourselves. It must not be supposed that Rosecrans is idle or unprepared.

A dispatch in the *Mobile Advertiser*, from Brownsville, Ga., dated April 21st, says the Federals captured the Malheur and Mobile road, thirteen miles from Columbus, Miss. Great excitement among the Unionists.

Cincinnati, May 2d.—Barnides received

dispatches last evening, reporting 5,000 of his army corps had crossed the Cumberland, below Somerset, Ky., on Saturday. They had several fights with rebels at Monticello; they captured the place, and are occupying it now. The losses not stated.

Nashville, 1st.—A cavalry expedition under command of Col. Campbell made a dash on a rebel camp this morning; enemy were surprised, 14 killed, 30 wounded. One rebel Colonel had 40 prisoners taken, also several horses captured. Federal loss not heavy.

Marblehead, 1st.—A dispatch in the *Mobile Advertiser* from Brownsville, Ga., dated April 21st says the Federals captured the Malheur and Mobile road 13 miles from Columbus, Miss. Great excitement has been caused by the Unionists.

New York, May 2d.—The *Herald* learns that Colonel Westcott from Fort Magruder made an infantry and cavalry attack on the enemy at Williamsburg and succeeded in driving the rebels two miles beyond the town. Our pickets are at present stationed there and ordered to maintain the place at all hazards.

By the arrival of transports from Newbern we have information that in that region, on the 20th, Gen. Palmer made a successful reconnaissance towards Kingstons, and returned after driving the rebels from their position behind the earthworks with 8 miles of that place.

Accounts which there are reasons to believe are reliable, state that in the recent raid to Morgantown, the rebels numbered 2,000, all cavalry, under guerrilla Jenkins, they shot Lieut. Genlind of the first Virginia loyal regiment, who was visiting his home on a furlough, and stole 50 horses and all available property. No women or children were molested. They went south on Tuesday after sending out foraging parties and stealing 100 horses and other property. There is reason to believe their object was to secure plunder and enforce the rebel conscription in West Virginia, and Pittsburgh, Pa.

There is great excitement to-day in consequence of reports from Morgantown, that the rebels defeated Colonel Mulligan at Fairmount and were returning to Morgantown in force, having received reinforcements from Beverly. This information is contained in a letter from Maj. Showmaker to Gen. Howe.

The 10 o'clock train to day brought Sergeant Boston of the Provost Guard, who went as far as Germantown. He states that the rebels number 4,000.

A special messenger arrived here last night from Greenboro 5 miles from Morgantown, with intelligence that Mulligan had attacked a small force under the rebel Jones and was getting the better of him when the army was reinforced by a large force, under Imboden, by the Evansville Pike and by Hennen, and by Indian Creek, so that Mulligan and his little force was nearly surrounded and had to retire.

New York, 1st.—The steamer *Eriasson* leaves to-day with two Ericsson's devils.

Money easy. Sterling firmer and a very moderate business at 65%. Gold opened firm at 51 1/2, and closed quiet at 50 3/4.

The *Tribune* has a letter from near Vicksburg, which asserts that one of the transports, the *Tigress*, was sunk in passing the rebel batteries on the 22d of April. She was breached below, near our works. The officers and crew all escaped. The other five got by safely.

Monday Night's Dispatch.

New York, 2d.—The *Tribune's* correspondent says an agent who left Fredericksburg on Wednesday evening, reports that the citizens of that vicinity are fleeing in every direction. It is believed the city will be shelled and all the property destroyed, as complete a panic prevails throughout the whole country. Stuart's whole cavalry were in Catpapper watching Stoneman. They have all been intercepted, so that if Gen. Stoneman leaves himself he will capture the whole concern. A brigade of U. S. Ford barely escaped, leaving all their camp equipment behind. Wheeler's brigade marched out from Fredericksburg, intending to check the advance of Hooker's army, but seeing the magnitude of the movement he ordered his brigade, which was partly stricken, back to the fortifications. Generals Lee and Jackson are in command at Fredericksburg. Longstreet was at Suffolk, and Hill and Pickens in North Carolina. Four brigades were three miles above the city with orders to fall back to rifle pits on the approach of Yankees. A train from Richmond falling to arrive yesterday, it is believed that the railroad has been cut, a portion of Federal cavalry having been sent out for that purpose. Troops from German's and

U. S. Ford are joined, and thus far all is well. The *Commercial Advertiser* says, We have received information on a source which we know are entitled to a degree of credit, which warrants the hope that Gen. Hooker has cut off the retreat of rebels from Fredericksburg, and they will be captured or destroyed. While some of our columns have crossed the Rappahannock, others yet remain before the city, and it is believed that General Stoneman's cavalry have got between the rebels and Richmond, and will cut off supplies, and arrest retreat in that direction. It is also understood that a strong diversion has been made from Suffolk in the direction of Richmond. It is by no means impossible that before the close of the week the rebel capital will be in the possession of Union troops. Steamer *Croak*, from New Orleans 23d, and Havana 27th, has arrived. General Banks occupied Opelousa on the 20th, Washington on the 21st, and resting for a day at the latter place, cavalry being mounted as fast as horses could be procured.

Reports from Vera Cruz to the 11th, state the battle of Puebla was becoming very bloody, and the losses on both sides very heavy.

The *Charleston Mercury* admits a loss, at Grand Lake, La., of 100 prisoners, two rams, four transports and three gunboats.

Late rebel papers contain dispatches from Jackson to April 23d, which says the Federals reached Senatobia on the 20th, and sent a detachment to cut the telegraph at Sands. They ran off horses and wagons, and subsequently retired after having accomplished their purpose. A large force of Federal cavalry was within 12 miles of Houston on the 19th, designed to destroy the Central Railroad at Winona and Duck Hill.

In the fight at Fernando we had one Major, one Captain and seventeen privates killed, and about fifty wounded.

A dispatch to the *Charleston Mercury* says the fight at Tusculuma, reported a few days ago, was a desperate hand to hand encounter, in which 66 Federal prisoners were taken.

The cargo of the steamer *Peter Hoff* was examined to-day, but nothing of a contraband nature discovered.

Philadelphia, 2d.—The latest intelligence from Western Virginia is that Major Howeler's command, 5th Virginia, 600 men, with four pieces of artillery, arrived at Pittsburg on special train from Uniontown, at one o'clock this morning. They left immediately for Wheeling. Military authorities seem convinced that Wheeling is the object of attack, and troops are being concentrated there.

It is stated that in the fight at Fairmount Mulligan had 200 men taken prisoners, but brought off his artillery. The rebels at that place are said to be 2,000 strong, and a large force also occupies Morgantown. It is rumored that a number of bridges on the Baltimore and Ohio railroad have been destroyed.

Murphy & Allison's immense car factory, with all its valuable machinery, was destroyed by fire this morning. The loss exceeds one million dollars.

Chicago, 2d.—Memphis dispatches to the 30th of April say Ferguson's cavalry, which started from West Tennessee, penetrated into central Mississippi, and threatened Columbus. This dispatch confirms the reported destruction of 20 miles of Mex. Central Railroad. The rebel Chalmers is after Grierson, and another Federal force is after Chalmers.

The *Jack-on* (Miss.) *Appeal* of the 24th, characterizes the Federal raid as exceedingly daring. The *Appeal* professes to have intelligence from Ark. that the rebels are rapidly strengthening, under Kirby Smith and Sterling Price, and will soon give Unionists trouble in Missouri.

The *Mobile Advertiser* of the 1st, says of the raid into central Mississippi, those movements of the Federals through meridional and southern railroad communications. We consider the news highly important.

New York, 2d.—Money easy; Sterling moderate 64 1/2 @ 65 1/2; Gold lower, closing 49 1/2 @ 50.

We have received from J. W. Sullivan, proprietor of "the cheapest book, stationery and novel establishment on the Pacific coast," a file of late *Kaliforn* newspapers and periodicals. For fourteen years Jerry Sullivan has been up and ahead of rival establishments of San Francisco in furnishing late publications. Send to J. W. Sullivan, News Agent and Bookseller, San Francisco, for any book, paper or periodical you may desire.