

The Oregon Sentinel.

\$5 PER ANNUM, IN ADVANCE.

JACKSONVILLE, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 29, 1863.

VOL. VIII—NO. 28.

G. W. GREER,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office at the City Drug Store,
JACKSONVILLE, OREGON. 41

E. F. RUSSELL,
NOTARY PUBLIC.
Office with H. F. Dowell, Esq., Third street,
JACKSONVILLE, OREGON. 29

ORANGE JACOBS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR
AT LAW,
AND SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY.
Will promptly attend to any legal
business committed to his care.
Office in Sentinel building,
JACKSONVILLE, OREGON.

JAMES B. FAY,
DOUTHITT & FAY,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS
AT LAW,
AND SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY.
JACKSONVILLE, OREGON.
Will practice in the Supreme and other
Courts of this State. March 4, '63.

R. B. MORFORD,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
JACKSONVILLE, OREGON.
Will practice in the several Courts of
the First Judicial District, and in the
Supreme Court. October 29, '62.

B. F. DOWELL,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
JACKSONVILLE, OREGON.
Will practice in all the Courts of the Third
Judicial District, the Supreme Court of Ore-
gon, and in Yreka, Cal. War Scrip prompt-
ly collected. Oct. 18.

Dan's Barber Shop.
Between Broadway & Wade's and El Dorado
Saloon, California street.

SHAVING, Hair-cutting, Shampooing, Cur-
ling and Hair Dyeing. Can hand and for
sale a genuine article of Fish's Hair Res-
torative, and Cristadoro's Excellent Hair Oil

PETER BRITT,
Photographic Artist,
Is prepared to take pictures in every style
of the art, with all the late improvements.
If Pictures do not give satisfaction, no
charges will be made. Call at his new Gal-
lery, on the hill, examine his pictures, and
sit for your likeness.

L. H. DEWEY,
Watchmaker and Jeweler,
Keeps constantly on hand a
fine assortment of Clocks and
Jewelry, which he offers for
sale at very low prices, for
cash. REPAIRING—Clocks,
Watches and Jewelry repaired with prompt-
ness and warranted. Shop on California
street, two doors west of Love & Bilger's.
Jacksonville, July 26, '62.

M. W. DAVIS, H. H. HAINES,

HAINES & DAVIS,
AUCTION AND COMMISSION
MERCHANTS,
Post Office Building.

REGULAR SALE DAYS,
Wednesdays and Saturdays.
CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED
Jacksonville, Feb. 11, 1863. Feb 11

EL DORADO SALOON,
P. H. LYNCH, Prop'r.
Corner California and Oregon Streets.

The Proprietor has just received from San
Francisco a choice assortment of fine
Wines, Liquors, Cigars,
ETC., ETC.

Drop in and test them. Dec. 19.

ALEXANDER BUSWELL,
—PRACTICAL—
BOOK-BINDER,
PAPER RULER, and

Blank-Book Manufacturer.
517 Clay and 514 Commercial streets,
between Montgomery and Sansome,
SAN FRANCISCO.

Binding of every description neatly
executed: Blank Books ruled and Bound to
any desired pattern. 24y

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons
indebted to me by note or Book ac-
count, to pay the same to my agent, Josiah
Jacobs, on or before the 15th February,
1863; otherwise the same will be placed in
the hands of an attorney for collection.
JESSE ROBINSON.

Per Josiah Jacobs.
Ragle Mills, January 23d, 1863.

BIBLES AND TESTAMENTS.—A
B supply, in various styles, on hand, and
for sale at costs and charges, at the depots
of the Jackson County Bible Society.
W. M. HOFFMAN, Depository.

HORSE BILLS neatly executed at
this office.

THE OREGON SENTINEL.

ISSUED EVERY WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.

HENRY DENLINGER, Pub'r and Prop'r

Subscription—One year, in advance, Five Dollars; Six months, Three Dollars.
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ADVERTISERS.

By application to Postmasters and Mail Carriers, you can learn that the Semi-weekly OREGON SENTINEL has by far a larger circulation in the counties of Southern Oregon and Del Norte county, California, than any other paper. This fact should commend the SENTINEL to you as a superior medium for advertising.

List of AGENTS, who are authorized to transact any business concerning this paper, in the name of the publisher:

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SPECIAL NOTICES.

I. O. O. F.—JACKSONVILLE LODGE No. 10, holds its regular meetings every SATURDAY EVENING, at their Hall (McCurly's Theater building), at 7 o'clock. Brothers in good standing are cordially invited to attend. JAS. M. SUTTON, N. G. GEO. B. DONNIS, R. Sec'y.

Warren Lodge No. 10, A. F. & A. M.
HOLD their regular communications the Wednesday Evening on or preceding the full moon, in JACKSONVILLE, OREGON.
ALEX. MARTIN, W. M.
H. BLOOM, Sec'y.

**OREGON CHAPTER NO. 4,
—OF—
ROYAL ARCH MASONS,**
JACKSONVILLE, OREGON.

Will hold its regular communications on the First Saturday Eve. of Every Month.
All sojourning Companions in good standing are cordially invited to attend.
G. W. GREER, H. P.
L. SACHS, Sec'y. Dec 8/47

HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Philadelphia, Penna.—
For the relief of the Sick and Distressed Afflicted with Virulent and Chronic Diseases, and especially Diseases of the Sexual Organs.

Medical Advice given gratis by the Acting Surgeon. Valuable Reports on SPERMATORRHOEA or SEMINAL WEAKNESS, and other diseases of the sexual organs, and on the NEW REMEDIES employed in the Dispensary, sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address
DR. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON,
Howard Association, No. 2 south Ninth st.,
April 26, 185y Philadelphia, Pa.

**Assay Office
AT SAN FRANCISCO.**

THE undersigned, having opened an Assay Office at San Francisco, would respectfully solicit the patronage of Merchants, Miners, Owners of Quartz leads and Mills, who may visit San Francisco, or who may remit treasure there.

We guarantee the correctness of our assays, and will make returns in Bars, or U. S. Gold Coin, within six hours after deposit. We also assay all kinds of Ores and Metals.

GREENBERG, ERLBACH & CO.,
521 Sacramento street, a few doors below What Cheer House, nearly opposite Pacific Mail Steamship Co's office, San Francisco.

GREENBERG, ERLBACH & GOLDSMITH,
Yreka, California.
GOLDSMITH BROTHERS & CO.,
Portland, Oregon.

H. GREENBERG, 1 San Francisco. A. GOLDSMITH, Yreka.
M. ERLBACH, 1 Jan 21/63

PAY UP.—All those indebted to me by notes or book accounts, will please call and settle immediately, or their accounts or notes will be handed to my attorney for collection. H. BLOOM.
March 18, 1862.

ILLUSTRATED PAPERS.—Harpers Weekly, Frank Leslie's, Yankee Notions, etc., regularly received and for sale at the VARIETY STORE.

BY OVERLAND TELEGRAPH.

[TELEGRAPHED TO THEM FOR THE SENTINEL.]

Saturday Night's Dispatch.

Louisville, 23d.—The Mansfieldville expedition to Celina, Tenn., has returned to Glasgow, having destroyed the town of Celina, 10,000 pounds of tobacco, 20,000 bushels of corn, a considerable quantity of groceries, and the boats used by the rebels in transporting supplies. The rebels admit a loss of nine killed. Col. Gordon, in command of the expedition, thinks that the loss was greater. The Federal loss is one killed and one wounded.

Washington, 23d.—General Gordon has reached here, and states that the Government engineer who is charged with the duty of inspecting iron-clads, reports that the day after the battle in Charleston harbor they were fit for immediate service. Mr. Worden, the Government agent to superintend the sale of lands at St. Helena, reports that not above a township has been sold, while the ferries, timber lands and the town of Beaufort were reserved for educational purposes.

The personal staff of General McClellan has been disposed of. The volunteer of fliers are to be immediately mustered out of the service. The officers of the regular army have been assigned to duty in their regiments.

Dispatches from rebel sources say that the batteries opposite Vicksburg opened on the 17th and 18th, with what result is not stated.

Cincinnati, 23d.—Intelligence has been received of the capture and destruction of the steamer Alambria by guerrillas on the Cumberland river. It appears that she grounded at Devil's Elbow, on the 13th, and before she could be got off guerrillas appeared, when the crew made their escape. The Steamer Hope also grounded near Island No. 18, and guerrillas were seen on her when the crew left.

New York, 23d.—The British steamer Gertrude arrived last night. She was captured on the 16th, off Harbor Island, by the U. S. gunboat Vanderbilt. After a chase of several hours she was towed to Charleston, but arriving there, found the port too closely blockaded, and was returning to Nassau when she was captured. Her cargo consists of gunpowder and military stores.

New York, 23d.—A special dispatch from Washington says the French Minister has received dispatches confirming the telegram from France, concerning the bombardment of Puebla. It states that the French had carried the first line of works around Puebla, and were confident of soon capturing the city, and that their communication with Vera Cruz is uninterrupted. Reinforcements and supplies were arriving daily. The French troops were greatly elated with their success.

Washington, 23d.—The Government has determined not to grant letters of marque and reprisal unless a foreign war should arrive.

The rebels have been reinforced within the last week. A new rebel encampment is visible this morning opposite Falmouth. On Tuesday a skirmish took place with the rebels above Kelly's Ford. We captured one Lieutenant Colonel, several Captains, and 34 privates. On Monday, while the artillery was being inspected by Gen. Hunter, near Falmouth, a cannon exploded, wounding four men, one dangerously.

Chicago, 23d.—A terrific tornado visited Grundy county, in this State, on Saturday last. It was first heard at the town of Moman, which it prostrated. From thence its course was plainly marked to the town of Mason. Houses were torn from their foundations and dashed to pieces. The largest trees were torn into fragments. Horses and cattle were scattered promiscuously about the fields. House furniture was carried a distance of half a mile.

St. Louis, 23d.—A special dispatch from Cairo says that the gunboats have destroyed the batteries at Warrenton, below Vicksburg. The fleet was at anchor at Carthage, on the 17th. General Grant was to go down the same day.

Washington, 23d.—L. D. Stykney, U. S. Tax Collector for Florida and South Carolina, has reported to the Government the absolute success of arming and organizing the slaves. He says the late expedition which took and held Jacksonville, Florida, was composed entirely of black troops. They held the post two weeks, and were engaged almost every day with superior numbers of rebels. Afterwards, the blacks were reinforced by white regiments. The 6th Connecticut regiment, by no means favorable to negro soldiers, had an engagement with the rebel cavalry and

artillery, when the former was supported by the 1st and 2d South Carolina blacks. After a severe engagement, in which the blacks were successful. This white regiment declared they had no further objections to negroes who showed such pluck. The former expedition up the St. Mary's river, by five companies of the 1st regiment South Carolina volunteers, furnished an equally conclusive evidence of the bravery of negro troops. Marching through a wood, they were attacked by the rebel cavalry. At the first discharge one man was killed and four wounded, but instead of retreating the blacks returned the fire, emptying twelve rebel saddles at the first discharge. The uniform opinion of all the officers is that the negroes, when brought under fire, need a check rather than urging.

Chicago, 23d.—Dispatches from Memphis have reports that more gunboats and transports have run the blockade at Vicksburg on Monday night, and are now below Warrenton. It is also reported that five boats have passed the batteries on the Yazoo, and are now above Harris' Bluff. General Grant's headquarters are at New Carthage.

New York, 23d.—James Ladd, a clerk in the Adjutant General's office at Washington, and I. Addison, chief clerk of the Pension Bureau, have been caught in the act of carrying rebel mails. The former has been in the War Department 30 years, and had access to all the important orders and movements. Both own farms in Maryland and keep up daily communication by means of carriages. The Rev. John Martin and his family, who live near them, has been the medium of communication. They have also been arrested and will be sent beyond the lines.

Cairo, 23d.—The rebels occupy the south side of the Coldwater river, and the Federals the north side.

A report was received here to-night of fighting in the vicinity of Corinth, but there is nothing definite.

Washington, 23d.—Dispatches from Com. Wilkes state that he was at Eluithera, one of the Bahamas, on the 16th, instead of having left Havana on the 11th. He makes no mention of having been pursued. The report to that effect is doubtless false.

New York, 23d.—Sterling, firmer at 163½; Gold firm at one 150½.

By Sunday's Stage.

Murfreesboro, 23d.—Refugees from oppression at McMinnville by the successful expedition of Gen. Reynolds having arrived at Readyville, Gen. Fraser telegraphs that they state that Reynolds took the town, capturing two railroad trains and wagons. Among the prisoners taken were Mrs. Jno. D. Morgan. The expedition has more important results, however, than those named. We shall have full details to-morrow. The Chattanooga Rebel of the 19th says dispatches from Jackson of the 15th have been received saying that an early attack is to be made on Vicksburg from opposite and below the city. For that purpose the Federals had placed eight gunboats on the night previous. A letter dispatch intimates that the rebels expect Grant to make a demonstration south from Corinth at the same time. The rebel dispatches confirm the abandonment of the rebel works at Centerville.

Andrew Ewing and W. Barrow are spoken of for Governor of Tenn.

The Banner mentions another raid into north Alabama by Federals; it says that no army was ever in better condition than Bragg's and that he is anticipating an early movement on the part of Rosecrans in connection with Gen. Grant's movement on Vicksburg.

Boston, 24.—A vessel Cape from Hattian of the first has arrived. It was reported that the Alabama chased two vessels ashore on Turis Island. One went to pieces and it was thought the other would be saved.

Newburn, 19th.—The rebels have abandoned their attack on Little Washington, giving it up as hopeless. The perseverance and pluck of the little garrison keeping at bay 17,000 rebels. This is without a parallel in war. Gen. Hickman's brigade has arrived from Port Royal.

St. Louis, 24th.—Governor Gamble has called four regiments of militia into the service for thirty days. Gen. Curtis has issued orders that no negroes shall be taken from the city without a special permit, in consequence of extensive kidnapping in this vicinity.

Dispatches from headquarters announce the arrival of McMill's command at Cape Girardeau yesterday. That place and Pilot Knob are now regarded as secure. The

rebels occupy Fredericksburg, 22 miles east of Pilot Knob.

New York, 24th.—The Post's Washington special says it is raining in torrents here, and the Potomac and Rappahannock are very high, the roads are horrible.

A late Richmond Examiner says the present campaign will sweep the Confederate debt to \$100,000,000.

A special Washington dispatch to the Times says a letter has been received, which states that within 24 hours after Gen. Thomas made a speech stating the intention of the Government to employ negroes as soldiers, 2,500 colored men were recruited in the vicinity. The greatest enthusiasm prevails among white settlers as this remarkable demonstration of military spirit by the negroes.

Fortress Mentor, 23d.—A flag of truce boat has arrived from City Point. Richmond papers of to-day contain telegraphic information from Fort Hudson of the rebels of the steamer Queen of the West and Diana. The former got aground in Grand Lake, La., and was blown up by a shell from the Federal gunboat Calhoun, the Diana was burned by the rebels. One hundred and six prisoners and seven commissioned officers were captured with the Queen of the West. Among the latter was Captain Turner, commandant of the rebel fleet. The force under Gen. Banks was beyond Franklin, April 15th, and marching on. Much interest was felt at Richmond in regard to matters at Suffolk. The papers admit a battery has been captured.

Nashville, 23d.—Orders have been issued by commanding officer at Nashville that citizens must take the oath of allegiance or go south within ten days.

Cincinnati, 24th.—West Virginia has been admitted into the Union by proclamation of the President. Matters in Kentucky are quiet. Barnsides' army is pushing on towards Cumberland Gap. It is now beyond Crab Orchard. It is now definitely known that the enemy have all fallen back to Knoxville, Tenn., and the forces of Peggam, Marshall and Breck are all with Jackson. Gen. Barnsides will take the field in a few days.

St. Louis, 24th.—In the action at Patterson, Mo., the rebels lost 40 killed and wounded, including two captains killed, Federal loss, 11 killed and 20 wounded. Patterson was burned by the Feds before being evacuated.

Washington, 24th.—J. S. Addison and Anthony Addison, arrested on charges of carrying letters to Rev. John Martin, who was detected in forwarding them, have been released from arrest, it being shown that it was an act of neighborly kindness. These gentlemen have for years been in the habit of taking home with them every night letters and papers addressed to neighbors, among whom is Rev. Martin.

Monday Night's Dispatch.

Chicago, 24th.—A Vicksburg letter of the 17th says, on the subject of the running of the batteries by eight gunboats: As each rounded the point, within easy range of the rebel batteries, they opened fire with bow and port quarter guns, throwing percussion shells; coming into close quarters, they fired broadsides of shrapnel and grape; after rounding the point, the Admiral's fleet closed up, his line of battle being one-half a mile in length, describing the inside of a semi-circle. The rebel guns fired a mile in length, and every battery was fully manned and rapidly served. The heavy row of Dahlgrens and Parrott explosive shells, intermingled with each other, made the earth and water tremble. The whole scene was sublime. There were over 200 guns of the heaviest calibre worked to the utmost capacity for over two hours. Huge bonfires were built by the rebels to light up the river, which was aided by the burning buildings fired by our shells. The conflagration of the Henry Clay lit up the scene over which hung a broad canopy of heavy smoke, such as only gigantic war can produce. Gen. Grant was on the Von Kluge, near a point above Gen. Sherman. In a yawl below and opposite the mouth of the canal was an enormous crowd of officers and soldiers who witnessed the battle. All the gunboats passed the batteries unharmed. The Benton received the heaviest fire. A shell exploded at Fort Dale, which killed officers and wounded forty-three men. It is now impossible to state loss. We have a large land force at below Vicksburg on the Louisiana shore. The canal is a success.

Murfreesboro, 24.—Gen. Reynolds, in the particulars of the McMinnville affair, states that the main mounted force, Col. Willys and Munty's commands arrived at McMinnville at 10 o'clock, a. m., taking the place entirely by surprise. The rebel force under Grimesy were in front of the town.

[Continued on third page.]