

SACHS BRO.'S

JACKSONVILLE.

Wholesale & Retail

DEALERS IN

Dry Goods,

FASHIONABLE CLOTHING!

AND ALSO IN

Groceries!

Provisions,

Liquors & Tobacco

New Goods!

New Goods!!

New Goods!!!

IMMENSE RECEIPTS

— AND —

Grand Display

OF NEW

FALL & WINTER

Goods,

— AT —

SACHS BRO.'S

WE take pleasure in announcing to the public that we have just received a larger, more fashionable and better selected stock of

FANCY AND STAPLE

DRY GOODS

CLOTHING,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

BONNETS,
HATS,

SHAWLS,
EMBROIDERIES,
DRESS TRIMMINGS,
RIBBONS,
NOTIONS,
ETC., ETC.

than any ever before brought to this market.

Groceries!

Groceries!!

Groceries!!!

WE have just opened the best and largest stock of

Groceries!

PROVISIONS!

Wines and Liquors,

CIGARS & TOBACCO.

EVER OFFERED HERE.

OUR MOTTO,

"QUICK SALES—SMALL PROFITS"

we feel confident, will guarantee to us the continuance of the patronage with which our customers have hitherto favored us; and the addition we have now made to our former line of trade will, we hope, secure to us the balance of the trading population of this town and vicinity, to all of whom we promise prompt and polite attention.

Please call and convince yourselves.

SACHS BROS.

All sorts of marketable Produce taken in exchange for goods.
Jacksonville, Oct. 20, 1862.

Semi-Weekly Sentinel.

BY OVERLAND TELEGRAPH.

[TELEGRAPHED TO YERKA FOR THE SENTINEL.]

New York, March 6th.—The *Herald's* advices from Port au Plati, St. Domingo, says that Capt. Pearson of the *Homburg* brig *Arzon* which arrived that morning from Matanzas Bay to complete her cargo, reports being overhauled by a boat from the *Albatross* off Cape Isabella on Feb. 19th. The Captain was merely asked where he was bound. The *Albatross* afterwards chased a Spanish steamer bound east, and brought her to by firing. Four steamers were observed passing east of Port au Plati harbor on the evening Feb. 19th.

A Washington special says there was a restricted session of the Cabinet on yesterday, and rumors of important changes of counsel had been received.

Nashville, 6th.—The enemy under Van Dorn had advanced again towards Franklin yesterday, and the Federal forces advanced eighty miles and drove the rebels back. The rebel loss 13 killed, the fight was renewed this morning; no particulars given. Reinforcements have been sent for Gen. Gilbert at Franklin which were sufficiently large to destroy or capture all Van Dorn's command. It is reported that about 1000 rebel cavalry are in the vicinity of Harpeth Shoals waiting to attack the steamers on the river.

Judge Trigg of the United States District Court has ordered that no Attorney, practitioner or any other person that should not take oath to support the Constitution, should be allowed to conduct cases in his Court.

Washington, 6th.—The President has signed sixty-two public acts, three private acts and forty-two joint resolutions, which have passed the session just closed.

It is believed that Ex-Speaker Crow has declined the appointment of Commissioner of Internal Revenue, Vice Boutwell, hence Joseph Lewis, of Pennsylvania, was appointed. Judge Wilnot and John Hickman will be appointed to vacant Judgeships. There is no good authority for the assertion that the President is about to call for a conscription of 600,000 men. When the call is made, it is believed it will not exceed 300,000, if it approaches that number. The numbers of pay masters waiting confirmation in the Senate, and who have been confirmed, it is ascertained will be equal to one for every regiment in the army, providing each was at a maximum of 1,000 men.

New York, 6th.—Gold at 51 premium.

San Francisco, 6th.—A private dispatch was received here to-day, which states that the publication office of the *Equal Rights Expositor*, at Visalia, was destroyed by a mob last night. Six convicts escaped from the State Prison by seizing the guards, since which nothing has been heard from them. Captain Charles Hempstead has been assigned to the duty as Commissary of the district of Utah.

Sacramento, 6th.—Nothing of general interest done in either House to-day. The bill allowing negro testimony, which passed yesterday, applies only to civil cases. One is now pending admitting their testimony in criminal cases, which excites much discussion.

Washington, 7th.—The President sent to the Senate to-day the names of Majors Rosencranz, Couch, Huriburt and Schneck to fill vacancies under the old law. The nomination of Judge Field, as Judge of Supreme Court, was reported favorably.

New York, 6th.—The Northern Light arrived from Aspinwall, bringing \$1,000,000 in treasure. She was convoyed by gunboat Connecticut. The *Past* has a story that the Northern Light was chased Tuesday morning last, off the Cape of Florida, by a propeiler, carrying a signal of distress, and subsequently gave chase to the Northern Light, continuing until a Federal war vessel lay in sight.

Gold continues excited, closing weak at 52. Sterling exchange 167½-170.

Washington, 6th.—Twelve deserters from the Army of the Potomac arrived here to-day. About seventy of them have been tried and convicted on court-martial, and are now on their way to the Rio Raps, where they will be punished with hard labor.

Washington, 6th.—With the return of good weather, the enemy made his appearance in great force on the Rappahannock. Hooker is on the alert. Nothing is positively known in regard to distant military operations. Notwithstanding rumors and positive assertions, that Gen. Butler and Fremont have been definitely assigned to high commands, it is probably not true that either had received an authoritative reply.

Cassius M. Clay was to-day renominated to the Russian Embassy, but his confirmation will be strongly opposed. The decision of the Supreme Court in the prize cases is looked for next week.

The President has sent the following nominations to the Senate: Stephen L. Field, of Cal., to be Associate Justice of Supreme Court; John A. Gurley of Ohio, for Governor of Arizona; Delegate Wallace of Washington Territory, for Governor of Idaho; and Sidney Edgerton of Ohio, Associate Judge of same Territory.

Fortress Monroe, 4th.—Colonel Spear, of the Eleventh Pennsylvania cavalry, captured a number of prisoners and drove the rest across the Blackwater.

Baltimore, 6th.—The Petersburg *Express*, Va., contains Charleston advices to Feb. 23, as follows: The latest advices from Port Royal state that the Yankee fleet now there, numbers 123 vessels, including three frigates and twenty gunboats. There are about 30,000 men collected there, and more expected.

New York, 7th.—The following rebel dispatches are published in the latest Richmond papers: Charleston, 4th, the enemy shelled Fort McCallister all last night, but have not renewed the attack this morning. Their vessels are still in the river. The fort is in good condition. The attack by three iron-clads commenced on the morning of the 3d, and continued all day. Only three persons were slightly wounded.

Washington, 9th.—Charleston advices report that the privateer *Retribution* had taken and burned several vessels, and had encountered an unknown whaler which showed fight, killing one person on the *Retribution*, and was sunk with all on board, by the privateer.

Gold in Richmond is quoted at 500 per cent premium, and it advanced forty per cent in one day.

Washington, 7th.—The London correspondent of this evening's *Republican* states that there are over fifty vessels afloat, laden with arms and munitions of war, designed to break the blockade. The names are given, and much importance is attached to the facts detailed.

Nashville, 6th.—Further details of the fight at Franklin, Tenn., have been received. Eight regiments of infantry with one battery of the 18th Ohio, and the 9th Pennsylvania and 2d Michigan cavalry, all under the command of Col. Coburn, of the 33d Indiana, advanced on Spring Hill, on the 4th. Several sharp skirmishes occurred during the day. Our troops camped four miles distant. On the 5th a movement of the rebels was apparent, and during some disorder in our line, the rebels suddenly opened on our men with three batteries from different points; at the same time the enemy also appeared on each flank in greatly superior numbers. An unequal contest was maintained with great determination, with heavy loss on both sides, and resulted unfortunately to our troops. A large part of the 33d Indiana and 19th Michigan, with most of their commissioned officers being captured. Our artillery and cavalry were successfully withdrawn. The rebels have laden back. Their force of infantry was heavier than ours. Van Dorn's force was estimated at 28,000.

New York, 7th.—The *Tribune* says that at the latest accounts the Alabama was at Cayman Islands, on the 6th of Feb. Owing to ships near, she had been ordered off by the authorities. Com. Wilkes, with four vessels, was outside blockading the Alabama. Gold, 84½.

San Francisco, 6th.—Exchange on New York yesterday 29 per cent discount; drafts payable in coin sold at from 5 to 6 per cent premium. Greenbacks firm at 80 cts.

CONTROLLING EVENTS.—"Circumstances!" exclaimed Napoleon Bonapart. "I make circumstances!" Beautiful self-conceit! Did he make Elba? Did he make Waterloo? Did he build the monument which "damns his fame" near Brussels, or create the rocky isle where, with his tyrant jailer, he was caged until he drooped and died? Fortune never insults us more than when she so intoxicates us with success as to make us boast that we create events, and are not their creatures; for she only designs it for our greater humiliation in the downfall she is preparing for us. Would Louis XVI have been the son of a goldsmith if he could have had his own way? Would Boris have been a peasant had he been consulted beforehand? No, no; we may coax circumstances a little, and shove them about and make the best of them; but there they are. We may try to get out of their way, but they will trip us up, not once, but many times. That's so, and it is quite idle in us to dispute it.

We tried to "make circumstances" ourself once, and we failed just as signally on a small scale as Napoleon I. on a larger one. We insisted on dressing up a baby girl as if it were a boy, and educating it in a social sense accordingly. We trowered it and called it a masculine name, compelled it to grow up to eschew feminine sports and addict itself to boyish ones. We had its hair parted on one side, put boots on its little limbs, taught it to handle toy-horses and guns, while it mocked at sewing needles and despised samplers. But *cut bone!* We returned home one day after we had departed, and lo! our boy-girl was nursing a secret doll and hemming a handkerchief! That settled the question in our mind. It was nature, not we, whose mandate controlled that little one's habits, fancies and impulses. The girlhood was intuitive—it was not the result of tuition. We could not with all our patience and will, make "circumstances." They would make themselves, despite of us.

What makes every one sick but those who swallow it? Flattery.

A man bought two fishes at market and brought home three. He brought home two mackerel, and one smelt.

What is the most indigestible supper? To bolt the street door just before going to bed.

What is the difference between forms and ceremonies? You sit upon forms and stand upon ceremonies.

If Pharoah had thrown a stone into the Red Sea how would it have come out? Wet.

D. WM. DOUTHITT, JAMES D. FAY,
DOUTHITT & FAY,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS
AT LAW,
AND SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY,
JACKSONVILLE, OREGON,
Will practice in the Supreme and other
Courts of this State. March 4, 63.

WILLANETTE RIVER STEAMBOATS!

THE UNION TRANSPORTATION COMPANY have a first class Stern Wheel Steamboat leaving Corvallis every Tuesday and Friday at 1 o'clock, p. m., arriving at Portland at 4 o'clock, p. m., next day. Persons leaving Jacksonville for Portland will save much disagreeable stage traveling by taking steamboat at Corvallis. We have also an irregular boat running above Corvallis, which passes down every week, giving three departures every week from Corvallis for Portland.

For any further information, address THEO. MYGANT, Sec'y Union Trans'n Co., Oregon City, Feb. 25, 1863. 2m

STATE OF OREGON, COUNTY OF JACKSON.—In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for the county of Jackson.

FIELDING T. HIBLER, assignee of Geo. F. Hibler, vs. SQUIRE D. HOWARD. Bill in Chancery for Foreclosure of Mortgage.

Whereas, in the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for the county of Jackson, Fielding T. Hibler, assignee of Geo. F. Hibler, complainant, has filed his bill in equity, to foreclose a certain mortgage set forth therein, on the following described tract of land, to-wit: Donation land claim number (48) forty-eight in township No. (36) thirty-six south, range (2) two west, containing (160 22-100) one hundred and sixty and twenty-two one-hundredths acres, lying and being in Jackson county and State of Oregon; and the said complainant, by his solicitor, having filed his affidavit, setting forth that the defendant, Squire D. Howard, is a non-resident of this State; that this suit is brought on a contract on a promissory note and mortgage of the said defendant to the said Geo. F. Hibler, assignor of the complainant; and that the defendant is interested in the event of this suit; Therefore, in the name of the people of the State of Oregon, you, the said Squire D. Howard, are notified to appear in said Court, on the 8th day of June, A. D. 1863, and answer said bill, or the same will be taken for confessed, and the prayer thereof will be granted by the Court.

By order of the Court, WM. HOFFMAN, Clerk. B. F. DOWELL, Sol'r for Compl't. mh7-8w

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT of the State of Oregon, for the county of Jackson.

Allen F. Farnham vs. John R. Bond, Jesse Robinson, Joseph Jacobs, John Barrett, Richard Barrett, D. E. Barrett, Robert Barrett, Catherine Kesling, Peter Kesling, James Barrett, and Isabella Ann Barrett. Bill in Chancery.

Whereas, the complainant has filed his bill in equity in the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for the county of Jackson, praying that the defendant, John R. Bond, be enjoined from prosecuting his suit at law against the complainant, and that the defendants, Thomas Barrett, James Barrett, and Robert Barrett, be required and compelled to make a good and sufficient title to the ten acres of land mentioned in complainant's bill; that all the deeds made to the said defendant, John R. Bond, be declared fraudulent and void, and that all the right, title and interest of the heirs of Margaret Barrett, deceased, be divested, and vested in the complainant. And it appearing from the affidavit of the complainant filed in this cause, that the defendants, John Barrett, James Barrett, and Isabella Ann Barrett, wife of said James Barrett, are not residents of the State of Oregon—

Therefore, in the name of the people of the State of Oregon, you, the said John Barrett, James Barrett, and Isabella Ann Barrett, are notified to be and appear in said Court on the Eighth Day of June, A. D. 1863, and answer the complainant's bill, or the same will be taken for confessed and the prayer thereof will be granted by the Court. By order of the said Court, [mh7-8] WM. HOFFMAN, Clerk. B. F. DOWELL, Solicitor for Compl't.

Notice to Holders Co. Orders.

STATE OF OREGON, County of Jackson.—Persons holding the following described County Orders are hereby notified to present the same for redemption:— Nos. 622, 623, 624, 625, 627—presented July 7th, 1855; No. 649—presented July 12th, 1855; Nos. 666, 667, 670—presented July 26th, 1855; No. 676—presented Aug. 7th, 1855; Nos. 682, 683—presented Aug. 13th, 1855; No. 809—presented 18th Aug., 1855; No. 811—presented 25th August, 1855; Nos. 832, 833—presented 7th September, 1855; No. 841—presented 8th September, 1855.

No interest will be allowed on these Orders after this date. E. S. MORGAN, County Treasurer. Per E. F. RUSSELL, Deputy. Jacksonville, Feb. 4th, 1863. feb4wtf

NOTICE.—The stock-holders of Rock Point Bridge Co. are hereby notified to meet at their bridge, at Rock Point on the 6th day of April, 1863, for the purpose of electing Directors, as required by the incorporation act dated October 14, 1862. J. B. WHITE. [march4 4w] DANIEL FISHER.

RYAN, MORGAN & CO.

E. J. RYAN, J. S. MORGAN, EDWARD HINDS,

RYAN, MORGAN & CO.,

— DEALERS IN —

Groceries,

LIQUORS,

DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING,

BOOTS & SHOES,

Hardware,

HATS AND CAPS,

FANCY GOODS,

Fine Japan and other

Teas,

Paints, Oils and Glass,

Crockery & Glassware,

DRUGS & MEDICINES

IRON AND STEEL,

MINERS' TOOLS,

TOBACCO,

Produce,

CARPENTER and COOPERS' TOOLS,

And other Goods suited to

the wants of the Public

— We shall aim to keep up a full and complete stock of fresh and desirable Goods, at all seasons of the year, and we can confidently say to our old friends and the public, that we intend to make it to their interest to deal with us.

CALL TO SEE US.

RYAN, MORGAN & CO.

Jacksonville, Jan. 8, 1863 Jan 14

TO THE FARMERS.

We shall hereafter take, in exchange for goods, all descriptions of produce that we can find a market for, at the highest market rates. RYAN, MORGAN & CO. Jan. 28, 1863.

We have constantly on hand and for Sale

CHOICE BACON,

HAMS, SIDES & SHOULDERS,

FRESH LARD,

POTATOES, BEANS,

BUTTER AND EGGS,

OATS,

FLOUR & CORN MEAL.

RYAN, MORGAN & CO.