

# SACH BRO.'S

JACKSONVILLE,

Wholesale & Retail

- DEALERS IN -

**Dry Goods,  
FASHIONABLE CLOTHING!**

AND ALSO IN

**Groceries!  
Provisions,  
Liquors & Tobacco**

**New Goods!  
New Goods!!  
New Goods!!!**

IMMENSE RECEIPTS

- AND -

**Grand Display  
OF NEW  
FALL & WINTER  
Goods,**

- AT -

**SACHS BRO.'S**

WE take pleasure in announcing to the public that we have just received a larger, more fashionable and better selected stock of

**FANCY AND STAPLE  
DRY GOODS  
CLOTHING,  
BOOTS AND SHOES,**

BONNETS,  
HATS,  
SHAWLS,  
EMBROIDERIES,  
DRESS TRIMMINGS,  
RIBBONS,  
NOTIONS,  
ETC., ETC.,

than any ever before brought to this market.

**Groceries!  
Groceries!!  
Groceries!!!**

WE have just opened the best and largest stock of

**Groceries!  
PROVISIONS!  
Wines and Liquors,  
CIGARS & TOBACCO.**  
EVER OFFERED HERE.

**OUR MOTTO,  
"QUICK SALES--SMALL PROFITS"**

we feel confident, will guarantee to us the continuance of the patronage with which our customers have hitherto favored us; and the addition we have now made to our former line of trade will, we hope, secure to us the balance of the trading population of this town and vicinity, to all of whom we promise prompt and polite attention.

Please call and convince yourselves.  
SACHS BROS.  
All sorts of marketable Produce taken in exchange for goods.  
Jacksonville, Oct. 20, 1862.

# Semi-Weekly Sentinel.

BY OVERLAND TELEGRAPH.

New York, 21st.—A Key West letter, dated January 13th, states that 25,000 men accompanied the fleet sent to recapture Galveston.

New York, 22d.—The Times' Washington special says the Senate Committee on Indian Affairs decided to report favorably in regard to the plan for colonizing and concentrating the various Indian tribes in the Northwestern States, and extinguishing the titles to their lands.

Washington, 22d.—The verdict of the Court Martial in the Fitz John Porter case was approved yesterday by the President, contrary to former reports. The Court found him guilty of the charges preferred, and he was accordingly cashiered and dismissed from the service.

New York, Jan. 24th.—The Express says: On Wednesday last, Gen. Wool issued orders to the commanding officers of the whole militia to report to him the number of each corps ready for duty. Orders were received quietly. Some of the commanders of the Second Division responded by presenting their reports; others refused flatly, on the ground that Governor Seymour was the Commander of the militia of the State. This new order created considerable excitement in military circles. The prevailing opinion is that it embodies the design of the National Administration to place the militia under their control.

Zanesville, O., 24th.—The snow crushed in the roof of the market house today, killing several persons and wounding many others.

Washington, 24th.—The Secretary of the Navy received a dispatch from Cairo yesterday, which says: I have just received a dispatch from Memphis, written by an acting General on board the United States steamer Black Hawk, at the mouth of the White river, as follows: "We have taken St. Charles. We captured two eight-inch guns, ammunition, and 200 fuzils. At Osage, we captured a quantity of arms, ammunition, and some prisoners."

New York, 25th.—We have New Orleans dates to the 14th. The news from Mexico is of a highly important and exciting character. The French communication between Vera Cruz and Orizaba is completely cut off by Mexican guerrillas. It is reported that the French had been repulsed and driven back from before Puebla, with terrible slaughter. Berthier's vanguard, 4,000 strong, was completely surprised by 8,000 Mexican cavalry. Two thousand French troops were killed and wounded. Several of their officers were captured with the loss and dragged off. French prospects look bad. They can get no supplies from the country, and are surrounded by a most determined enemy.

Smallpox, in the most malignant form, has broken out at Vera Cruz.

Washington, 25th.—A dispatch dated Headquarters Army of the Potomac, represents everything quiet this morning.

Headquarters, Army of the Potomac, Jan. 26th.—This morning, Burnside turned over the Army to General Hooker. The following is Burnside's address to the army: "By direction of the President of the United States, the Commanding General this day transfers the command of this army to Major General Hooker. The short time that he has directed your movements has not been fruitful of victory, or the advancement of our lines, but it has demonstrated an amount of courage, and patience, and endurance, that, under more favorable circumstances, would have accomplished grand results. Continue to exercise these virtues. Be true in your devotion to your country and the principles you have sworn to maintain. Give the brave and skillful General who has been identified with your organization, and who is now in command, your full and cordial support and co-operation, and you will have success. To the General, my prayers are that God may be with you, and grant you continued success until the rebellion shall be crushed."

It is understood that Franklin and Sumner have been relieved of their commands of the right and left wings of the grand division of the Army of the Potomac. The names of their successors are not known, nor is it known who takes Gen. Hooker's place. Burnside and most of his staff were allowed 30 days' leave of absence.

New York, Jan. 26th.—The steamer Broadman, from New Orleans, 17th, has arrived. The U. S. ship-of-war Brooklyn, a company with six other Federal steamers, were off Galveston. They saw a steamer in the offing, and the steamer Hatteras got under way to speak to her, and when within hailing distance asked who she was, and received in answer, "Her Majesty's ship-of-war Spitfire." The commander of the Hatteras lowered a boat to go aboard when the Spitfire fired a broadside into the Hatteras. The Brooklyn got under way, but night coming on, she gave up the chase, and on returning found the Hatteras sunk in nine fathoms of water. The officers of the boat had no further participation. The steamer was doubtless the pirate Alabama.

The Times' Washington dispatch says a conference was held yesterday, in which Secretary Stanton and several eminent

Senators and Representatives participated. During the conference, political matters of very grave importance were determined upon. That a change in Administrative policy will be the result is regarded as certain, even if it occasions official changes in important places. The Secretary of War has notified Congress that he is making such changes in his Department as will relieve him of the necessity of having more than one Assistant in future.

New York, 28.—Special dispatches state that a list of more than eighty army officers has been prepared, who are to be dismissed from the service, for violating the army regulations by the use of improper language in referring to their superiors.

A letter in the Herald States that the acting master of the gunboat Hatteras, who was ordered to board the strange steamer off Galveston, says that he had not shoved off a ship's length before the Alabama poured in her first broadside, which was immediately replied to by the Hatteras. This occurred at dark. As the first broadside was exchanged, both vessels steamed ahead, side by side, exchanging broadsides as fast as the guns could be loaded and fired, and within a short distance of each other. He says the cannonade lasted thirty minutes, when he heard the sound of musketry. By hard pulling he came again in sight of the vessels and found them stopped, with the Alabama alongside the Hatteras, blowing off steam. He said he heard cheering from the Alabama, proving that the Hatteras had been carried by boarding. Deeming it best not to be taken prisoner, he returned in the direction of the squadron, and was picked up.

Washington, 28.—A scene occurred in the Senate yesterday, owing to a lively discussion. Sanbury, of New Jersey, spoke disrespectfully of the President, and was taken into custody by the Sergeant at Arms. He displayed a revolver and threatened to shoot the Sergeant at Arms. Charges have been made that Simon Cameron attempted to bribe a member of the Pennsylvania Legislature, by offering \$20,000 for his vote in the late Senatorial contest. The matter is to be investigated by the Senate.

Washington, 28.—In the Senate, Clark of New Hampshire, offered a resolution expelling Sanbury for disorderly and turbulent conduct. Sanbury said he neither acknowledged or disavowed what is charged. Let proof be made to the Senate, and let the Senate act according to its own judgment.

Cairo, 18.—Steamer from Memphis has arrived. Troops are being daily transported to M. Linn's Bend, just above Vicksburg.

New York, 28.—Exchange, 169 and 170. Gold bullion fell to 53.

Headquarters, Army of the Potomac, Jan. 27th.—General Hooker has issued an address to the army, in which he says, he enters upon the discharge of his duties with a just appreciation of the responsibilities since the formation of the army, he has been indebted with its history; he has shared with the soldiers its glories and reverses—with no other desire than the relations might remain unchanged until its destiny should be accomplished. He adds: "In the record of your achievements is much to be proud of; and, with the blessings of God, we will contribute something to the renown of our arms, and to the success of our armies. To secure these ends, the cheerful and zealous cooperation of every officer and soldier will be required. Intelligence and valor the enemy is our inferior. Let us never hesitate to give him battle wherever we can find him."

New York, Jan. 27th.—The Northern Light has arrived. Gold unsettled at 54 and 55.

A special dispatch to the Times, says Gen. Couch succeeds Sumner, and General W. N. Smith succeeds Franklin.

The Tribune's correspondent says that upon General Butler's arrival at New Orleans, he will resume command of the Gulf Banks will be ordered to Texas at the head of a sufficient force for the purpose of assisting the Union men in that State.

San Francisco, Jan. 28.—Advices from Marquette, state that the wreckers have discovered the locality of the Golden Gate's treasure, but cannot get it on account of the tremendous surf. It cannot be recovered unless a bulkhead is built to keep off the breakers.

Private telegrams announce the rate of insurance on treasure from San Francisco to London, has advanced one per cent. Only sixty cents is offered for legal tender notes.

Arrived, steamer Sauter, from the South.

TOO SMART.—We know of a man in a certain Western city who was very fond of ducks, but, on account of the number he bought at market, he was not infrequently troubled with tough ones. One day, wishing for a goodly number, he went to the poultry dealer and said that he was an afflicted boarding-house keeper—that his boarders were ravenous, especially when things were young and tender. "Now," said our character, with a wink, "I want you to pick me out all the old ones—all the tough ones—you've got." The delighted dealer finds do difficulty in picking out a number of tough ones. "Are these all the ready tough ones you've got?" "All!" was the reply. "Then," said our epicure, "I'll take all the other lot, if you please!"

# One Hundred Volunteers Wanted

For Company "G,"  
To Serve Three Years, unless sooner Discharged.

**\$100 Bounty**

Will be paid after two year's service, or sooner if the war is ended.

THE Company will consist of one Captain, one First and one Second Lieutenant, one First Sergeant, one Quartermaster Sergeant, one Commissary Sergeant, five Sergeants, eight Corporals, two teamsters, two Farriers or Blacksmiths, one Saddler, one Wagoner, and seventy-eight privates. Total, One Hundred enlisted men.

RATES OF PAY:  
First Sergeant (per month)..... \$20 00  
All other Sergeants..... 17 00  
Corporals..... 14 00  
Farriers or Blacksmiths..... 15 00  
Privates and Buglers..... 13 00  
For each horse furnished..... 12 00

In addition, the men will be furnished with clothing, subsistence, quarters and medical attendance. The allowance for clothing is three dollars and fifty cents per month. When an enlisted man draws less than his yearly allowance of clothing, he will be entitled to the difference in money. The men will be enlisted as privates. After being mustered into the service of the United States, the appointment of non-commissioned officers will be made.

Enrolling Office at Jacksonville.

Enlisted men will be sent to Camp Baker, in small parties, at Government expense, to be drilled and mustered into the service of the United States, when arms and clothing will be furnished them.

WM. M. HAND, Recruiting Officer.  
Jacksonville, Jan. 28, 1863. Jv287

# CARD.

WE beg to inform our friends and the public in general, that we have on hand and are constantly receiving from our senior partner, residing in Paris (France), by every steamer, a large and choice selection of French goods, consisting of—

Beavers, Ondules, Doeskins,  
FANCY CASSIMERES,  
Velvet, Cashmere and Silk Vestings,  
Of the newest styles. Also,  
Furniture Plushes, Effined Cloths,  
FRENCH HATS,  
Hatters' Plushes, Trimmings,  
Etc., Etc., Etc.

M. LANZENBERG & CO.,  
626 Clay and 631 Montgomery st.,  
San Francisco.

M. LANZENBERG,  
18 rue Neuve St. Eustache, Paris (France).

Country orders received and promptly attended to, and also orders for all parts of Europe. d e 13m3

# M. A. BRENTANO

Is daily in receipt of a large assortment of

Groceries & Provisions,  
LIQUORS, WINES, CORDIALS,  
HARDWARE, GLASSWARE,  
And all kinds of

MINING TOOLS.

He recommends his large, new stock of

CIGARS & TOBACCO,  
MATCHES,

STATIONERY, CARDS,

Toy and Fancy Ware.

And a great many other articles too numerous to mention, all of which he will sell LOW FOR CASH,

Or in exchange for COUNTRY PRODUCE.  
Jacksonville, August 23, 1862.

# EAGLE MILLS!

THE undersigned, present owner of these Mills, would notify the public that he has secured the services of an experienced miller, and will furnish the

Very best article of Flour in exchange for wheat, at the following rates, to-wit: For each bushel of good wheat, thirty-six pounds of flour, two pounds of middlings and eight pounds of bran.  
ALLEN F. FARNHAM,  
Jacksonville, Dec. 23, 1862. Jf

# U. S. Assessor's Notice.

THE assessment under the U. S. Excise Laws of the United States, for Division No. Nine of Collection District of the State of Oregon, having been completed, the Assessment Books will be open for inspection to all interested, until the Eleventh Day of February, 1863, at the counting room of Sachs Brothers, C. W. SAVAGE, Assistant U. S. Assessor 9th Division of Collection District of the State of Oregon.  
Jacksonville, Jan. 28th, 1863. Jan284

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons indebted to me by note or Book account, to pay the same to my agent, Joseph Jacobs, on or before the 15th February, 1863; otherwise the same will be placed in the hands of an attorney for collection.  
JESSE ROBINSON,  
Per Joseph Jacobs,  
Eagle Mills, January 23d, 1863.

# RYAN, MORGAN & CO.

Dissolution Notice.

THE FIRM OF RYAN & HINDE has been dissolved, by mutual consent, this day.  
P. J. RYAN,  
E. HINDE,  
Jacksonville, Jan. 8, 1863.

# Copartnership Notice.

THE undersigned have this day associated themselves together, for the purpose of conducting a general merchandise business, in Jacksonville, Oregon, under the firm name and style of RYAN, MORGAN & CO.  
P. J. RYAN,  
E. S. MORGAN,  
E. HINDE,  
Jacksonville, Jan. 8, 1862.

P. J. RYAN... E. S. MORGAN... EDWARD HINDE.

# RYAN, MORGAN & CO.

- DEALERS IN -

**Groceries,  
LIQUORS,  
DRY GOODS,  
CLOTHING,  
BOOTS & SHOES,  
Hardware,  
HATS AND CAPS,  
FANCY GOODS,  
Fine Japan and other  
Teas,  
Paints, Oils and Glass,  
Crockery & Glassware,  
DRUGS & MEDICINES  
IRON AND STEEL,  
MINERS' TOOLS,  
TOBACCO,  
Produce,  
CARPENTER and COOPERS' TOOLS,  
And other Goods suited to  
the wants of the Public**

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**CALL TO SEE US.  
RYAN, MORGAN & CO.  
Jacksonville, Jan. 8, 1863. Jan284**