

SACHS BRO.'S

JACKSONVILLE,

Wholesale & Retail

- DEALERS IN -

Dry Goods,
FASHIONABLE CLOTHING!

AND ALSO IN

Groceries!

Provisions,
Liquors & Tobacco

New Goods!

New Goods!!

New Goods!!!

IMMENSE RECEIPTS

- AND -

Grand Display
OF NEW
FALL & WINTER
Goods,

- AT -

SACHS BRO.'S

WE take pleasure in announcing to the public that we have just received a larger, more fashionable and better selected stock of

FANCY AND STAPLE
DRY GOODS

CLOTHING,
BOOTS AND SHOES,

BONNETS,
HATS,
SHAWLS,
EMBROIDERIES,
DRESS TRIMMINGS,
RIBBONS,
NOTIONS,
ETC., ETC.,

than any ever before brought to this market.

Groceries!

Groceries!!

Groceries!!!

WE have just opened the best and largest stock of

Groceries!
PROVISIONS!

Wines and Liquors,
CIGARS & TOBACCO.

EVER OFFERED HERE.

OUR MOTTO,

"QUICK SALES--SMALL PROFITS"

We feel confident, will guarantee to us the continuance of the patronage with which our customers have hitherto favored us; and the addition we have now made to our former line of trade will, we hope, secure to us the balance of the trading population of this town and vicinity, to all of whom we promise prompt and polite attention.

Please call and convince yourselves.

SACHS BROS.
All sorts of marketable Produce taken in exchange for goods.
Jacksonville, Oct. 20, 1862.

Semi-Weekly Sentinel.

Congressional Summary.

Garret Davis of Kentucky offered the following singular resolution:

Resolved, That after it had become manifest that an insurrection against the United States was about to break out in several of the Southern States, James Buchanan, then President, from sympathy with the conspirators and their treacherable project, failed to take necessary and proper measures to prevent it; therefore he should receive the censure and condemnation of the Senate and the American people.

The resolution met with instant opposition, and was laid over.

Horse.—Blake of Ohio introduced an important bill, which provides for a system of postal money orders—similar to that used in England—which enables money to be sent through the Post Office in the form of a draft upon the Postmaster of the place where the transmitted draft is made payable. The bill was read twice and referred.

Schuyler Colfax introduced a bill for the relief of newspapers, being, in effect, the repeal of all duties upon printing paper of foreign manufacture. It was also referred.

Bennett of Colorado offered a bill to develop the mineral resources of the United States, providing for a commission of exploration, etc. Referred to the Committee on Public Lands.

Conway of Kansas offered a series of resolutions upon the conduct of the war, of a most ultra character. They were lost by a vote of 132 to 1.

S. C. Fessenden of Maine offered the following:

Resolved, That the proclamation of the President of the United States, of the date of 22d of September, 1862, is warranted by the Constitution.

Resolved, That the policy of emancipation, as indicated in that proclamation, is well adapted to hasten the restoration of peace; was well chosen as a war measure, and is an exercise of power with proper regard for the rights of the States, and the perpetuity of free government.

Upon this the yeas and nays were ordered with the following result: Ayes, 78; nays, 51.

The House also agreed to a resolution instructing the Committee on Ways and Means to inquire into the expediency of making provisions for the traveling expenses of Assistant Tax Collectors and Assessors, and to report a bill or otherwise.

On motion of Gurley of Ohio, the House passed a resolution calling for all correspondence between General McClellan and any department of the Government since the campaign of the Peninsula was undertaken.

The Committee on Territories was instructed to inquire as to the propriety of reporting a bill to establish a Territorial Government in the Salmon river mining region.

The House then having gone into Committee of the Whole on the State of the Union, Cox of Ohio obtained the floor and made a long and characteristic speech, denouncing the President's Message, the conduct of the war, our foreign policy and other Administration measures generally. At the close of this speech the House adjourned.

SENATE (Dec. 10th).—The President today sent a message to both branches of Congress, with a letter from General Butler, accompanying three swords, formerly the property of General Twiggs, and presented to that distinguished rebel by Congress, by the State of Georgia, and by the city of Augusta, Ga. These swords were found by Butler at New Orleans. The message and all accompanying matter were referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

The Minnesota Indian affairs came up in the shape of bills offered by Wilkinson of Minnesota, indemnifying the people of that State for damages sustained, and to remove the Sioux beyond the boundaries of the State. The bills were appropriately referred.

The Senate instructed the Committee on Military Affairs to inquire into the expediency of publishing the report of Lieut. Mulhan, who has constructed a military road from Fort Benton, on the Missouri river, to Walla Walla.

The Davis resolution censuring ex President Buchanan was taken up, and, after a brief discussion, tabled.

The resolution of Salisbury of Delaware, concerning the alleged illegal imprisonment of certain citizens of that State, then came up and was finally disposed of, being laid upon the table, by yeas, 29; nays, 12. Harding and Nesmith voted against it.

Horse.—The following resolutions, heretofore offered by Stevens of Pennsylvania, came up for consideration, under a special order:

Resolved, That the Union must be and remain one and indivisible forever.

Resolved, That if any person in the employment of the United States, in either the legislative or executive branch, should propose to make peace, or should accept or advise the acceptance of any such proposition on any other basis than the integrity and entire unity of the United States and their Territories as they existed at the time of the rebellion, he will be guilty of a high crime.

Resolved, That this Government can

never accept the mediation or permit the intervention of any foreign nation to this rebellion in our domestic affairs.

Resolved, That no two governments can ever be permitted to exist within the territory now belonging to the United States, and which acknowledged their jurisdiction at the time of the insurrection.

Wickliffe of Kentucky wanted to amend by adding that anybody who would favor the restoration of "the Union as it was and the Constitution as it is," should be guilty of a high crime.

Vallandigham offered his resolutions as to the conduct of the war, declaring that the war should be carried on without reference to slavery, etc.

Wickliffe offered his former amendment, and after some skirmishing, the whole matter was postponed for special consideration three weeks from to-day.

SENATE (Dec. 17th).—The business in this branch of Congress was not of special importance to-day. The Committee on Military Affairs reported a bill providing for the forfeiture of the pay of all army officers absent from service.

Nesmith of Oregon introduced a bill to establish a Branch Mint at Portland, Oregon. Referred to the Finance Committee.

The bill amending the Revenue Law, extending the time of penalty for not using revenue stamps to March 1, 1863, and providing for stamps for California and Oregon, was then taken up and finally passed.—*Special Cor. Sac. Union.*

Jacksonville Prices Current.

Reported for the Sentinel—Corrected Weekly.

JACKSONVILLE, Saturday, Jan. 24, 1863.	
Wheat, per bushel.....	\$1 00
Oats, do.....	50
Barley, do.....	50
Flour, in qr. sacks, per 100.....	4 00
Corn meal, per 100.....	\$3 1 a 4 00
Chickens, per doz.....	\$3 00 a 4 50
Hay, do ton.....	15 00
Bacon, sides, clear, per lb.....	14 a 16
do hams.....	20 a 22
do shoulders.....	12 1/2
do hog round.....	15
Beef, nett, per lb., retail.....	8 a 12
Pork do do.....	a 12 1/2
Lard leaf, in tubs.....	14 a 18
Butter, fresh, per lb.....	50 a 62
Cheese, per lb.....	25
Eggs, fresh, per doz.....	30 a 35
Potatoes, per lb.....	2 1/2 a 3
Onions do do.....	5 a 6
Beans, white do.....	7 a 10
Green apples, do.....	8 a 10
Dried peaches, do.....	30 a 37 1/2
Coffee, do.....	37 1/2 a 40
Crushed sugar do.....	28 a 33 1/2
Brown, do do.....	22 1/2 a 25
Rice, do.....	a 20
Salt, do.....	10
Candles, do.....	50

SPECIAL NOTICES.

I. O. O. F.—JACKSONVILLE LODGE NO. 10, holds its regular meetings every **SATURDAY EVENING**, at their Hall (McCully's Theater building), at 7 o'clock.

Brothers in good standing are cordially invited to attend. JAS. M. SURTON, N. G.
Geo. B. DORRIS, R. Sec'y.

Warren Lodge No. 10, A. F. & A. M. HOLD their regular communications the Wednesday Evenings on or preceding the full moon, in JACKSONVILLE, OREGON.
ALEX. MARTIN, W. M.
H. BLOOM, Sec'y.

OREGON CHAPTER NO. 4,
—OF—
ROYAL ARCH MASONS,
JACKSONVILLE, OREGON,
Will hold its regular communications on the **First Saturday Eve. of Every Month.**
All sojourning Companions in good standing are cordially invited to attend.
G. W. GREER, H. P.
L. SACHS, Sec'y. dec8:47

Special Notice.—All who know themselves indebted to the undersigned, either by note or account, will please call immediately and settle with E. F. RUSSELL (of Jacksonville, Oregon), Notary Public, who is fully authorized to receive and receipt for me. By so doing, you will confer a favor and save yourselves cost.
G. W. GREER.
Jacksonville, Og'n., Sept. 25th, 1862.

HEIMSTREET'S
Inimitable Hair Restorative.
IT IS NOT A DYE.

But restores gray hair to its original color, by supplying the capillary tubes with natural sustenance, impaired by age or disease. All insubstantial dyes are composed of *lanair caustic* destroying the vitality and beauty of the hair, and afford of themselves no dressing. Heimstreet's inimitable coloring not only restores hair to its natural color by an easy process, but gives the hair a

Luxuriant Beauty,
promotes its growth, prevents its falling off, eradicates the dandruff, and imparts health and pleasantness to the head. It has stood the test of time, being the original hair-coloring, and is constantly increasing in favor. Used by both gentlemen and ladies. It is sold by all respectable dealers, or can be procured by them of D. S. BARNES, Proprietor, New York.
Two sizes, 50c. and \$1. [cow24y]
SMITH & DAVIS, of Portland, Agents.

MASONIC NOTICE.
The Regular Communications of **WARREN LODGE**, No. 10, F. and A. M., Jacksonville, Oregon, for A. D. 1863, will be held on the following days, to-wit:

January 28.
March 4.
April 1.
April 29.
May 27.
June 24—Regular Semi-Annual Festival.

July 29.
August 26.
September 23.
October 21.
November 25.
December 23—Annual Festival on 27th.

The hour of meeting will be—from September to March, at half-past 6 p. m.; and from March to September, at half-past 7 o'clock, p. m. The brethren are earnestly requested to attend early, for work will be commenced at the appointed hour.

[Brothers will do well to save this advertisement for future reference.]

ALEXANDER MARTIN, W. M.
HERMAN BLOOM, Sec'y.
Jacksonville, Jan. 2d, 1863.

Assay Office

AT SAN FRANCISCO.

THE undersigned, having opened an Assay Office at San Francisco, would respectfully solicit the patronage of Merchants, Miners, Owners of Quartz leads and Mills, who may visit San Francisco, or who may remit treasure there.

We guarantee the correctness of our assays, and will make returns in Bars, or U. S. Gold Coin, within six hours after deposit. We also assay all kinds of Ores and Metals.

GREENBERG, ERLBACH & CO.,
52 Sacramento street, a few doors below What Cheer House, nearly opposite Pacific Mail Steamship Co's office, San Francisco.

GREENBERG, ERLBACH & GOLDSMITH,
Yreka, California.

GOLDSMITH BROTHERS & CO.,
Portland, Oregon.

H. GREENBERG, } San Francisco. A. GOLDSMITH, }
M. ERLBACH, } Yreka. }
January 21, 1863. } Jan 21m3 }

Oregon Mill.

THE undersigned having leased the "Washington Mill," five miles from Jacksonville, has thoroughly repaired it, and erected

New & Improved Machinery, which, from my experience in constructing the same, as well as in manufacturing flour, warrants me in saying that the Oregon Mill can and will do better work than any other Mill in the Valley.

EVERY SACK OF MY FLOUR
WARRANTED "A NO. 1."

I have opened a
Flour and Feed Store
IN JACKSONVILLE,
On California street, opposite P. Ryan's new building. W. M. ALLEN,
Jacksonville, June 14, 1862. 22:14

I. D. HAINES & BRO.
Are now closing out

their entire stock of **Dry Goods, Groceries and Provisions,** at the Very

Lowest Rates,
FOR CASH!

Give us a call, at the Post Office Building, corner of California and Oregon streets. April 19, 1862. 14q

Harness and Saddlery.

THE undersigned would respectfully inform the citizens of Jacksonville and adjoining counties that he has on hand and will manufacture to order **All Kinds of Saddlery and Harness**, such as Heavy Draught Harness (long and short tug), Concord Harness, Buggy Harness (double and single), Spanish Saddles, trees and rigging complete; Ladies' Saddles, Jockey Saddles, Saddle bags, Bridles, Surcingle, Halters, Spurs, Currycombs, Whips, Whip-lashes, and all other articles usually found in a first-class stock of

SADDLERY.

ALL WORK WARRANTED.
Store in "Sentinel" Building, California street. HENRY JUDGE,
Jacksonville, Oct. 22, '62. 41

Grand Ball

- AT THE -

PHENIX HOTEL!!
Thursday Ev'g Jan. 29, 1863.

THE subscriber will give a ball at the above time and place. A general attendance is solicited. Tickets, Five Dollars. Good Music engaged.
MRS. MACOMBER.
Phoenix, Jan. 19th, 1862. w3t

RYAN, MORGAN & CO.

Dissolution Notice.

THE FIRM OF RYAN & HINDE has been dissolved, by mutual consent, this day.
P. J. RYAN,
E. HINDE.
Jacksonville, Jan. 8, 1863.

Copartnership Notice.

THE undersigned have this day associated themselves together, for the purpose of conducting a general merchandise business, in Jacksonville, Oregon, under the firm name and style of **RYAN, MORGAN & CO.**
P. J. RYAN,
E. S. MORGAN,
E. HINDE.
Jacksonville, Jan. 8, 1862.

P. J. RYAN... E. S. MORGAN... EDWARD HINDE.

RYAN, MORGAN & CO.,

- DEALERS IN -

Groceries,

LIQUORS,

DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING,

BOOTS & SHOES,

Hardware,

HATS AND CAPS,

FANCY GOODS,

Fine Japan and other

Teas,

Paints, Oils and Glass,

Crockery & Glassware,

DRUGS & MEDICINES

IRON AND STEEL,

MINERS' TOOLS,

TOBACCO,

Produce,

CARPENTER and COOPERS' TOOLS,

And other Goods suited to

the wants of the Public.

We shall aim to keep up a full and complete stock of fresh and desirable Goods, at all seasons of the year, and we can confidently say to our old friends and the public, that we intend to make it to their interest to deal with us.

CALL TO SEE US.

RYAN, MORGAN & CO.

Jacksonville, Jan. 8, 1863. jan14t