

## SACH BRO'S

JACKSONVILLE,

Wholesale & Retail

- DEALERS IN -

Dry Goods,  
FASHIONABLE CLOTHING!

AND ALSO IN

Groceries!

Provisions,  
Liquors & Tobacco

New Goods!

New Goods !!

New Goods !!!

IMMENSE RECEIPTS

- AND -

Grand Display  
OF NEW  
FALL & WINTER  
Goods,  
- AT -

SACHS BRO'S

We take pleasure in announcing to the public that we have just received a larger, more fashionable and better selected stock of

FANCY AND STAPLE  
EDDIE CLOTHES

CLOTHING,  
BOOTS AND SHOES,

BONNETS,

HATS.

SHAWLS.

EMBROIDERIES,  
DRESS TRIMMINGS,  
RIBBONS.

NOTIONS.

ETC., ETC.

than any ever before brought to this market.

Groceries !

Groceries !!

Groceries !!!

We have just opened the best and largest stock of

Groceries !

PROVISIONS:

Wines and Liquors,

CIGARS & TOBACCO.

EVER OFFERED HERE.

OUR MOTTO,

"QUICK SALES-SMALL PROFITS"

We feel confident, will guarantee to us the continuance of the patronage with which our customers have hitherto favored us; and the addition we have now made to our former line of trade will, we hope, secure to us the balance of the trading population of this town and vicinity, to all of whom we promise prompt and polite attention.

Please call and converse yourselves.

SACHS BROS.

All sorts of marketable Produce taken in exchange for goods.

Jacksonville, Oct. 20, 1862.

## Semi-Weekly Sentinel.

BY OVERLAND TELEGRAPH.

[TELEGRAPHED TO YREKA FOR THE SENTINEL.]

Dates to the 4th November.

New York, 2d.—The *Herald's* dispatch says, rebels have been driven from Philmont, London county, but have a large force between there and Snicker's Gap.

A Parcileville dispatch, dated the 1st, says there is a large rebel force in the Shenandoah Valley, just beyond the Gap. Cannonading has been heard in that direction.

It was supposed that Bayard's and Stuart's cavalry were engaged, as Stuart passed through the Gap the day previous with several thousand cavalry and four pieces of artillery, encamped at Union, and yesterday passed down the valley.

Washington, 3d.—A dispatch from Headquarters of Army of Potomac, dated 2d, says: General Pleasanton came up with the enemy's cavalry and artillery at eleven o'clock yesterday, at Philmont. The fight was conducted wholly by artillery, and lasted for five hours, when the enemy retired to Union, a small town three miles beyond.

Our loss was one killed and fourteen wounded. Five of the enemy are known to have been killed.

At eight o'clock this morning, General Pleasanton renewed the attack. During the forenoon he was reinforced by a brigade of infantry. At one o'clock the rebels fell back, and our troops occupied the town of Union.

Another portion of our army took possession of Snicker's Gap to day.

Three brigades of rebels were at the latest accounts advancing up the west side of the mountain, in two columns. Firing followed, but no more is known.

A special dispatch says that the rebels are making demonstrations towards Manassas, and had run off a train from Bull Run bridge.

Boston, 3d.—The last seen of the pirate Alabama was in longitude 69, and latitude 39, steering northwest, under full head of steam and sail.

Washington, 3d.—A dispatch from Headquarters of the Army of the Potomac, dated 2d, to the President, says General McClellan telegraphs from Snicker's Gap, stating that he has full possession of that position. When General Hancock arrived there, it was held by the enemy's cavalry, who were driven out by a column of five or six thousand infantry. The rebels advanced to retake, but were dispersed by our rifled cannons. The position is a strong one.

It is said Generals Jackson and Hill are in the valley opposite. General Pleasanton had driven the enemy's cavalry several miles beyond Union, at 3 this p. m., capturing several of their wounded, and exploding one of their caissons.

(Signed.) MARCY, Chief of Staff.

Cairo, 3d.—A dispatch from Jackson, Tenn., dated 2d, says that news received at Grant's headquarters yesterday, from the South, via Rienzi, confirms the capture of Mobile.

Philadelphia, 3d.—The *Washington Star* says: Last night's advance of the Army of the Potomac, under Burnside and Porter, doubtless camped upon the line of the Alexandria and Winchester Turnpike from Uperville, three miles in front of Ashby's Gap down to Middletown, a distance of 10 miles. Their cavalry must have halted for the night very near, if not on, the line of the Manassas Gap Railroad, somewhere between Front Royal and Thoroughfare Gap.

Sigel's force must have advanced on the same railroad to Thoroughfare Gap before nightfall, while Sickles was doubtless advancing in rear of Sigel.

The march of Sickles' division yesterday from before Alexandria to extreme front reflects great credit on it.

New York, 4th.—The *Herald's* special from Wheatland, Va., 2d, says McClellan reconnoitred enemy from the front this evening. Pleasanton's cavalry, supported by a brigade of Doubleday's division, drove rebels from their position, they contesting ground with considerable spirit. Jackson and Longstreet are just beyond Snicker's Gap with large force.

Harper's Ferry, 2d.—No enemy opposed our advance until it reached Snicker's Gap, when they retreated to the western side. As our column reached the crest of the hill, a body of rebel cavalry, one battery and two brigades of infantry, emerged from woods in direction of Winchester, but they retreated when fire was opened on them. It is evident they intended to dispute possession of Snicker's Gap, but were late.

The impression seems to be general that there will be a battle to-morrow.

Washington, 4th.—Four rebel mail carriers were arrested with a large mail, destined for Alabama, Virginia and other rebel States, while attempting to cross to Virginia.

Fairfax, Va., 4th.—Our cavalry, under General Stahl, drove enemy out of Thoroughfare Gap, and General Schurz division took possession of it. No enemy in sight last evening. Our cavalry also holds Brickland's Mills, where the rebels had strong force. Bayard's cavalry holds Aldeide and country between that point and Sigel's advance.

(Signed.) HENRY W. BELLOWS, President.

at Beaufort, S. C., Oct. 30th, of yellow fever, which prevailed there.

Oswego, N. Y., 3d.—The propeller Bay State and six schooners were wrecked last night, and several persons perished.

Buffalo, 4th.—The result of election not yet ascertained. The indications are that Seymour has a large majority in New York city. The two Woods and a large number of Democrats, are believed to be elected to Congress.

New Jersey, as far as heard from, has gone largely Democratic.

Michigan—scattering returns indicate the election of entire Republican ticket by 5,000 majority.

Illinois returns are meager. Arnold, Republican, is elected in the Chicago district for Congress, by 1,300 to 1,500 majority.

Dates to 6th November.

Washington, 5th.—The Secretary of War has ordered a Military Commission to be organized, to inquire into the conduct of Buell, in reference to his permitting the invasion of Kentucky by Bragg, and his failing to relieve Mumfordsville; his conduct during the battle of Perryville, and his allowing Bragg's force to escape from Kentucky without attacking him.

Cairo, 4th.—The *Grenada Appeal* of Nov. 3d, says: The truth is now manifest that we are occupying a somewhat precarious defensive situation; hence the disappointment and uneasiness prevalent among all classes.

New York, 5th.—The ships of war Dacotah and Vanderbilt will probably sail to search for the Alabama. A letter from steamer Norwich, of Georgetown, S. C., states, that the fort at that place was destroyed and several rebels killed. Contrabands report a good deal of sickness at Georgetown; they also report that a six gunfloating battery and a ten inch thick iron clad vessel are being built at Charleston. Four large steamers laden with cotton are there, awaiting an opportunity to run the blockade.

Washington, 5th.—A dispatch from Headquarters of the army of the Potomac, says: From the heights a favorable view was had of the Shenandoah Valley, and no large body of the enemy was to be seen.

The command of cavalry and artillery, under Pleasanton, occupied Piedmont last night. This morning they pushed on, and after a spirited skirmish occupied Marquette. They now hold the approaches to Manassas and Chester Gap.

Rebel cavalry showed themselves to-day opposite Snicker's Gap. Gen. McClellan spent most of the afternoon at the top of Ashby's Gap, taking observations of the Shenandoah Valley.

Information from Manassas says, the portion of Sickles' command sent to look after Orange and Alexandria railroad, found it was in better condition than was expected.

Fortress Monroe, 5th.—Richmond *Examiner* of 1st, says, the recent movements of our troops indicate the entire evacuation of Northern Virginia, or that their movements are made in reference to reported advance of McClellan through London county.

Also says a close examination of Commissary and Quartermaster department, will expose a degree of recklessness entirely inexcusable, and well calculated to depreciate the currency of Government, if it had no other evil effect.

New York, 5th.—Full returns from this city, gave Seymour over 31,000 majority. The *Tribune* concedes his election. In New Jersey, the Democrats carry the Lower House and probably the Senate. They will have majority on joint ballot, which secures the election of a Senator. They elect Governor by upwards of 10,000 majority.

Milwaukee, 5th.—The Democrats of Wisconsin elect two Congressmen, and the Republicans three.

Boston, 5th.—The returns from 125 towns give Andrew, Rep., for Governor, 67,450; Gen. Devens, people's Union candidate, 48,380. Andrew's majority will be about 20,000.

Chicago, 5th.—The Illinois Congressional delegation stands eight Democrats to five Republicans.

St. Louis, 5th.—The radical emancipation ticket in this county is undoubtedly elected. Blair's friends claimed his election, but radicals think soldier's vote will elect Sam'l Knox.

Leavenworth, 6th.—Scattering returns in Kansas indicate election of Republican ticket.

Leavenworth, 6th.—The following received by Mayor:

New York, Nov. 4th.  
To H. F. Teschmacher and Jas. Otis.—Gentlemen—Your bounty overpowers us;

thirty-five thousand nine hundred and fifty-six dollars more from towns in California. One hundred and thirty thousand sick and wounded men will forego their pains for a moment when they learn you are making their sorrows your own. Let Stockton, Santa Clara, and each and every contributor whose names are not yet known, receive the heartfelt gratitude of our army and country.

(Signed.) HENRY W. BELLOWS,

President.

LATEST.

New York, Nov. 6th.—The following is the *Times*' Washington special dispatch of the 5th: Dispatches of the greatest importance, and which may effect a change in the whole aspect of the war, were today submitted by French Legation to Secretary of State. A formal meeting of the

Cabinet was held to-day, and adjourned till evening, when Gen. Halleck was in attendance by special invitation of the President.

It is believed a decision of more ultimate importance than any yet made in the course of the war, has been arrived at, and will be announced before the end of the week. The air is pregnant with rumors. Military and Cabinet changes are positive.

New York, 6th.—The *Times*' Upper

ville correspondent of the 4th, says: Gen. Pleasanton's successful pursuit of Stuart was resumed at 10 o'clock in the morning.

The enemy was placed in a very dangerous position, but after two hours' hard fighting, Pleasanton, joined by Averill, drove Stuart and his three thousand horsemen back until they broke and ran. They succeeded in making good their escape through Ashby's Gap. McClellan's headquarters are at present at this place. Indications seem to be that both sides are seeking to bring on a great battle in this neighborhood, but the citizens say that the rebels speak of their intention to get back to Richmond as speedily as possible.

San Francisco, Nov. 7.—The following was received from New York, 6th Nov., 5 p.m.: Stocks are lower. Gold 31 premium. Sterling exchange, 1.45 $\frac{1}{2}$ . Seward informed Chamber of Commerce that the Government had already called the attention of our Minister to England to depredations of the pirate Alabama. The English Consul of New York is also taken measures to lay the matter before his Government. Several of the cargoes destroyed were English property. The Vanderbilt sailed to-day in search of the pirate. Two other vessels will go to-morrow, and Com. Porter purposes going out in the Dreadnaught.

The Richmond Whig professes to have information that the British man of war Raleigh recently approached New Orleans, and assumed a hostile attitude, and demanded from authorities James Lyne, an English subject confined at Fort Pickens, and indemnification for the seizure of his personal property to the amount of \$100,000. General Butler is said to have requested ten days to consider the matter.

San Francisco, Nov. 7th.—Collector Rankin received yesterday from Gov. Andrew, of Massachusetts, stating that cavalry company to be raised here for Massachusetts is to join Gen. Banks' forces in Texas. The route by which they are to be conveyed thither is not settled up.

HERMAN BLOOM

Has constantly on hand, and is daily receiving new additions to his present large and well selected stock of

GENERAL MERCHANDISE!

Consisting, in part, of

The Latest Styles of

French, English, German and American

FANCY AND STAPLE

EDDIE CLOTHES

LADIES' HATS.

HOSIERY, and all kinds of GAITERS,

BOOTEES and SLIPPERS:

A Large Stock of GENTLEMEN'S

CLOTHING:

BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS & HATS;

CROCKERY,

GLASSWARE,

TABLE CUTLERY,

MINERS' TOOLS of all kinds,

Particular attention is paid to procuring the

Best Groceries for Families.

Also, the best qualities of

LIQUORS, WINES and CORDIALS,

And a variety of other articles too

numerous to mention.

All of the above goods will be sold at

prices to def<sup>y</sup> competition.

All articles that may be purchased of me will be warranted as represented, or the money will be refunded.

Ladies and Gentlemen are kindly solicited to call and examine my present stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere. I am confident it will be to their advantage. I consider it no trouble to show Goods.

All kinds of Produce taken in exchange for merchandise.

Remember my old stand—

MCCULLY'S TWO-STORY, FIRE-PROOF BRICK