

SACHS BRO.'S

JACKSONVILLE.

Wholesale & Retail

- DEALERS IN -

Dry Goods,
FASHIONABLE CLOTHING!

AND ALSO IN

Groceries!

Provisions,
Liquors & Tobacco

New Goods!

New Goods!!

New Goods!!!

IMMENSE RECEIPTS

- AND -

Grand Display
OF NEW
FALL & WINTER
Goods,

- AT -

SACHS BRO.'S

WE take pleasure in announcing to the public that we have just received a larger, more fashionable and better selected stock of

FANCY AND STAPLE
DRY GOODS
CLOTHING,
BOOTS AND SHOES,

BONNETS,
HATS,
SHAWLS,
EMBROIDERIES,
DRESS TRIMMINGS,
RIBBONS,
NOTIONS,
ETC., ETC.
than any ever before brought to this market.

Groceries!

Groceries!!

Groceries!!!

WE have just opened the best and largest stock of

Groceries!

PROVISIONS!
Wines and Liquors,
CIGARS & TOBACCO.

EVER OFFERED HERE.

OUR MOTTO,

"QUICK SALES--SMALL PROFITS"

we feel confident, will guarantee to us the continuance of the patronage with which our customers have hitherto favored us; and the addition we have now made to our former line of trade will, we hope, secure to us the balance of the trading population of this town and vicinity, to all of whom we promise prompt and polite attention.

Please call and convince yourselves.
SACHS BROS.
All sorts of marketable Produce taken in exchange for goods.
Jacksonville, Oct. 20, 1862.

Semi-Weekly Sentinel.

BY OVERLAND TELEGRAPH.

(TELEGRAPHED TO YREKA FOR THE SENTINEL.)

Dates to the 1st November.

New York, 29th.—At daylight this morning, the Twenty-third Illinois regiment attacked a rebel foraging party, capturing 175 head of cattle, 16 prisoners and 20 horses.

Baltimore, 29th.—A Committee of citizens, appointed by a Union town meeting some time since to take testimony to lay before the President, as to charges against the military authorities, while in session last night, were seized with all their papers, by order of General Wood. Much excitement was occasioned by this act. Governor Bradford was very indignant, and it was understood that he had sent a protest to the President.

Baltimore, 30th.—The excitement continues. The Governor telegraphed to the President demanding the arrest as an outrage, and demanding the immediate release of the prisoners. A Committee, appointed by a meeting held last evening, has just returned from Washington. They had an interview with the President, who informed them that he had sent an order to the War Department for the release of these arrests.

The American's Harper's Ferry correspondent, under date of the 29th, says:—Since the Sunday movement, the troops in this vicinity have been constantly moving, and with the exception of General Sumner's old corps, now encamped on Bolivar Heights, our whole army may be said to be in motion.

Philadelphia, 30th.—From information received this morning we believe that a portion of Jackson's advance has crossed the Blue Ridge by Front Royal, and a force of 5,000 rebels under Walker has been known to be for two days past at Upperville, on the advance of Longstreet's corps.

New York, 30th.—The British steamer Wachtita was brought into Port Royal last Thursday, a prize to the greatest Memphis. The greater portion of her cargo, believed to be arms and ammunition, was thrown overboard during the chase.

New York, 29th.—Richmond papers say, Oct. 23d, that a greater number of vessels than usual have been loading the harbor.

Four gunboats are in Stone Inlet. St. Louis, 29th.—The army on the frontier is again successful. Schfield telegraphs from Fayetteville, Arkansas, that General Hurler, with a force of 1,000, attacked the rebels, 3,000 strong, four miles east of Fayetteville, yesterday, in the engagement, the enemy were entirely routed, leaving all their camp equipment.

The enemy's loss was eight killed; ours was four wounded. Hurler followed them several miles to the Boston Mountains.

San Francisco, 1st.—The Associated Press has the following:—The tug Leslie, which has just arrived, reports the ship Albatross captured by the rebels at the mouth of the Rappahannock, on Sunday.

Cairo, 1st.—The rebels seem to be coming up by way of Grand Junction. There they will be in position to menace both Bolivar and Corinth.

New York, 1st.—A letter dated below Apalachicola, Oct. 16th, reports that the gunboat Saginaw, at Fort Henry, went up the river, and captured a rebel sloop; some were killed, and the gunboat Somerset had a boat fired into at Cedar Key; three were wounded. The town was burned.

Washington, 31st.—Information from Berryville, Clark county, Va., from the other side of the Blue Ridge, yesterday, says, there are going on in that vicinity apparently extensive movements of rebel troops, some proceeding on Front Royal, others down towards Casslema Ferry and Shenandoah.

General Jackson was at Berryville with troops and no baggage. Longstreet also was about leaving Front Royal—his troops seemed to have no baggage.

New York, 31st.—Bermuda dates to 21st, says: The inhabitants are considerably excited against Rear Admiral Wilkes, for his action in watching and intercepting rebel trade with England via Bermuda.

Washington, 1st.—A dispatch from Headquarters of the Potomac, yesterday, says: Stewart with 2,000 cavalry attacked and drove back a small force of our cavalry, between Union and Allie.

New York, 1st.—A dispatch from Harper's Ferry, yesterday, says: Longstreet's entire corps is reported to be at Snickers.

Harper's Ferry, 1st.—A force under French and Sedgwick, left here this morning, crossing Shenandoah bridge. Sumner's corps moved into Virginia yesterday through Blue mountain, where he will form a junction with Barnside, who is at Perleville. Nearly all the troops are moved from Leander and Maryland Heights. Slocum's command will remain at the Ferry as a garrison. A heavy reconnaissance yesterday in the direction of Charleston and Shepardstown, found the rebels in large force at the former place. A reconnaissance from Perleville discovered the enemy in large force near Paris and Upperville, under General Longstreet. General Lee is still at Winchester, while the main body of his army is at Blue Mountain. Snicker's Gap is strongly de-

fended by the enemy. General Burnside is steadily moving on.

The impression is that the enemy's flank is turned, and a battle is imminent. Our position there is admirably defended. If the enemy attempts to cross a battle must ensue.

New York, 1st.—A special dispatch from Washington to the Times says: To-morrow, the National Intelligencer will contain a statement from ex-President Buchanan, in reply to General Scott's letter, in which references were made a few days since regarding measures for preventing the forcible possession of Southern forts by troops of the different Southern States.

Buchanan intimates that he did not heed Scott's suggestions for garrisoning forts before and after Lincoln's election, because the prospects were that there would be no collision, and that peace would prevent it, and that such an act would have precipitated a collision.

New York, 1st.—The Herald's dispatch from Wheeling, Va., 31st October, says: General Stoneman's division of Wilcox's corps occupied Leesburg, yesterday, with no opposition.

This movement will enable Gen. Pleasanton's cavalry to penetrate further into the enemy's position, and to reconnoitre beyond the point.

The Times' Washington special dispatch says: Colonel Williams, with cavalry force, was at last accounts driving General Walker's rear guard through Ashby's Gap. Another detachment, yesterday, drove the enemy to a retreat through Thoroughfare Gap.

The World's special says, it is currently rumored that ex-Governor Hicks will be appointed Military Governor of Maryland, with headquarters at Baltimore.

General Cox's army reached Charleston, Western Virginia, on the 31st.

The rebel army under Echols, Jenkins and Floyd, left last Monday.

New York, 1st.—Steamer Matanzas from New Orleans, has arrived. She reports the capture of Sabine Pass by an expedition under Captain Crocker.

The result of the operations were the capture of one fort and two camps, and ten rebel vessels, which were burned.

Philadelphia, 1st.—Last evening Washington State says: We have reliable information from Cuba, that the steamer Bache, on her last trip, took quite a number of Texas slaves and their owners, in addition to her cargo of cotton.

A Spanish schooner is said to have landed more or less slaves entering the Island from vicinity of New Orleans.

New York, 31st.—A vessel from St. Vincent, one of the West India Islands, with dates to 15th, brings news of a serious uprising of negro laborers against producers and managers. Houses were burned, robberies committed and one overseer killed. The whites turned out and killed seven negroes, and captured 200.

Troops were sent from Barbadoes, and the insurrection was quelled.

Louisville, 1st.—General Roseman and staff left this morning for the field. General Gilbert's corps was in vicinity of Bowling Green yesterday. The advance of Crittenden's corps probably reached that place last evening.

General Bull, before transferring command to Roseman, reorganized the army; it now consists of two armies under command of Crittenden and McCook.

Cairo, 1st.—We have a rumor by way of Corinth, that Mobile is ours. The report was brought in by rebel prisoners, captured by our scouts.

Halifax, 1st.—The Arabia from Liverpool on the 18th has arrived. It was reported that Confederate privateers were in the Mediterranean, and had captured a dozen Federal vessels. The report may have arisen from the destruction of whaling vessels by the Alabama.

The English papers advance nothing new on American affairs. Some of them continue to call for the recognition of the Southern Confederacy.

San Francisco, 3d.—Monthly steamers are about to commence running to Northern Mexican ports again. The Oregon leaves on the 15th.

Dates to the 3d November.

New York, 3d.—Port Royal dates to Oct. 29th, state that two British rebel steamers, Moho and Scotia, have been captured. They are valued at \$100,000.

It was reported at Port Royal that a rebel ram was coming down the river from Savannah.

Boston, 3d.—The brig Baron de Castina, just arrived, reports on 29th October, in latitude 39, longitude 60. She was captured by the pirate Alabama, but was liberated on giving bonds for \$5,000 payable to the president of the Southern Confederacy 30 days after peace is declared.

Among the vessels captured by the Alabama was the ship Tonawanda from Philadelphia to Liverpool. She was released on giving bonds for \$800.

The captain of one of the vessels captured was informed by the officers of the Alabama that her next destination was New York, to throw a few shells into that city. He represents the Alabama as being very formidable.

The ship Lafayette having a British consular certificate as a protector, had been captured and burned by her.

Louisville, 2d.—A Bowling Green correspondent says great activity prevails among our troops. Gen. Hill's division passed through this place Saturday en route to Nashville. It is reported the

rebels destroyed two tunnels on Nashville railroad, and have tore up the track for a considerable distance north of Gallatin, Tennessee.

LARGEST CITY IN THE WORLD.—A very erroneous idea is indulged in by many people in relation to the largest city in the world; many confidently assert that London, or, as it is frequently termed, the Great Metropolis, is far superior both in size and the number of its inhabitants. But such is not the case.—Jeddo, the capital of Japan, is, without exception, the largest and most populous city in the world.

It contains the vast number of 1,500,000 dwellings, and 5,000,000 of human souls. Many of the streets are 19 Japanese in length, which is equivalent to 22 English paces.

The commerce of Jeddo far exceeds that of any other city and the sea along the coast is constantly white with the sails of ships. Their vessels sail to the southern portion of the empire, where they laden with rice, tea, sea-coal, tobacco, silk, cotton and tropical fruits, all of which can find ready market in the North; and then return freighted with corn, salt, oil, linseed, and various other productions of the North, which have a market in the South.

The famous Mustang Liniment, which has received such a high reputation for curing sprains and chilblains, is composed of petroleum and aqua ammonia and brandy, mixed together in equal parts by measure. Refined petroleum is very excellent for mild chilblains without the admixture of any other ingredient; but the mixture with ammonia and brandy is more stimulating. It is applied by gentle rubbing. The human hand slightly warmed before a fire, is the best agent.

HERMAN BLOOM

Has constantly on hand, and is daily receiving new additions to his present large and well selected stock of

GENERAL MERCHANDISE!

Consisting, in part, of

The Latest Styles of

French, English, German and American

FANCY AND STAPLE

DRY GOODS

LADIES' HATS,

HOSIERY, and all kinds of GAITERS,

BOOTEES and SLIPPERS;

A Large Stock of GENTLEMEN'S

CLOTHING;

BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS & HATS;

CROCKERY,

GLASSWARE,

TABLE CUTLERY,

MINERS' TOOLS of all kinds,

Particular attention is paid to procuring the

Best Groceries for Families.

Also, the best qualities of

LIQUORS, WINES and CORDIALS,

And a variety of other articles too numerous to mention.

All of the above goods will be sold at prices to defy competition.

All articles that may be purchased of me will be warranted as represented, or the money will be refunded.

Ladies and Gentlemen are kindly solicited to call and examine my present stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere. I am confident it will be to their advantage. I consider it no trouble to show Goods.

All kinds of Produce taken in exchange for merchandise.

Remember my old stand—

McCully's two-story, Fire-proof Brick Building.

HERMAN BLOOM.

Jacksonville, Oct. 19, 1862. 27

Reduction in Prices!

BLACKSMITHING!!!

THE undersigned announces to present patrons and the public that he has reduced the price for all kinds of work in his line, to conform to the times. His shop is in the building on Ch. Florida street, directly east of Clarke & Dray's Stables, where he is prepared to do every variety of work in his line with dispatch, in the best manner.

Plough-irons made and repaired. Wagon, Carriage and Stage Work Executed in the neatest and strongest manner.

Mining Tools, Picks, Bars, etc., made to order, of the very best materials, in the most approved styles. Particular attention given to

HORSE-SHOEING,

for which the price is reduced to \$3 and \$4 the SETT. PLATES made and fitted exactly to order.

His stock of Iron and Steel is of first quality, and all work done, WARRANTED.

ALEXANDER MARTIN.

Jacksonville, Oct. 20, 1862. 40:1f

Notice.

WE have this day sold our stock of merchandise to Mr. MAX MULLER. From our friends and patrons we would solicit for Mr. MULLER a continuance of their liberal patronage. J. A. BRUNNER & BRO.

Jacksonville, July 12th, 1862. 27

MAX MULLER,

- SUCCESSOR TO -

J. A. BRUNNER & BROTHER

The undersigned, having purchased from J. A. Brunner & Brother their entire

Stock of Merchandise,

Now offers the same for sale at

Greatly Reduced Prices

For Cash.

The stock consists of

Dry & Fancy Goods

Clothing,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

GROCERIES.

And, in fact, a varied assortment of articles pertaining to the General Merchandise business.

LADIES and GENTLEMEN

please to give me a call, and examine the Goods and learn the Prices, before you make your purchases.

Do not forget the place—the Brick Store heretofore occupied by Brunner & Bro. MAX MULLER.

Jacksonville, July 19, 1862. 27

\$100 Reward!

For any case of Syphilis,

in any stage, which Dr. L. RICHARD'S GOLDEN BALSAM fails to cure. No comment is necessary on this medicine, it stands entirely upon its own unequalled merits; it has cured thousands who have wasted handsome fortunes, and will cure thousands more. Golden Balsam No. 1 for first and second stages, such as sores upon the legs or other parts of the body, sore eyes, etc., etc. Golden Balsam No. 2, for Tertiary, Mercurial and Syphilitic Rheumatism. Price, \$5 per bottle; upon receipt of this sum we will ship to any part of the State. NOTICE.—We have no agents for this medicine, and are sole proprietors and manufacturers. All orders must be directed to us to obtain the genuine. Observe well the manufacturer's name upon each inside label. We guarantee a perfect and lasting cure. RICHARD'S WHITEFIELD, Importers, Wholesale and Retail Druggist, Corner of Clay and Sacramento streets, San Francisco. Also, Sole Agents for the Celebrated SPANISH ANTIDOTE, a preparation never known to fail, for the cure of Gleet, Gonorrhoea, Irritation, Gravel, all Urinary derangements. None genuine without our circular of Golden Balsam wrapped around the bottle. 3m 3p

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