

THE OREGON SENTINEL.

SATURDAY, -- MAY 10, 1862.

OUR TICKET.—We publish in this issue the ticket nominated by the Union Convention of last Saturday. We are now fairly in the field. Our standard bearers have been duly chosen by a convention of honorable and intelligent men, assembled for that purpose, from the different precincts in the County. They are good men; they are strong men. We know of no one on the ticket whose interests are not identified with the interests of Jackson county.

Every one can see, at a glance, that it is no political's ticket. Not one of that interesting race received a nomination at the hands of the convention. It is essentially a people's ticket, being almost entirely made up of merchants, farmers and mechanics. This is as it should be. The cause of the Union is essentially the cause of the people, and as long as justice and beneficence shall command it to the affections and patriotism of its citizens, it will live, proudly and triumphantly here.

In order to secure the election of this ticket, it will be necessary for Union men to labor from this time on till election day, in support of the same. The county must be canvassed, and that thoroughly. No time must be lost, so stone left unturned. Go to work, and never cease your exertions, until Jackson county is referenced. Depend not too much on the soundness of your principles, or the generalization of your opponents. In political matters it is surely true, that "labor conquers." Every nominee ought to be elected, for they all represent the same principles, devotion and fealty to the Government of the fathers.

The convention by which this ticket was nominated, was no "cut and dried" affair. It continued and magnificently blundering, before it got fairly under headway, sufficiently removed it from any such suspicion.

It adopted the platform of the State Convention, and superseded some resolutions pertaining to our own affairs and the interests of Southern Oregon. The first resolution requires a passing notice. It must be premised, however, that the whole platform was adopted, before any candidates were voted for in the convention. This resolution requires that every person receiving votes for any office, whether nominated or not, shall vigorously support the ticket nominated. When any person suffered his name to go before the convention, under these circumstances, he was bound by every consideration of honor to support the ticket. Can be as an honorable cossack refuse?

We may be compelled to call attention to this again.

INDIAN DIFFICULTIES IN Klamath.—The following statement, from Joseph H. Chaffee, a reliable man, has been handed us for publication. On the 22d of April, A. D. 1862, Mr. Chaffee put in a firey on the Klamath river at McKinney's, four miles above the Big Bar, and eighteen miles east of the Oregon Stage Road. Went from there immediately afterwards to the lower end of Big Klamath lake, about thirty miles distant from the first fire, and put in a ferrymen there. Before I done so, however, I bought the right of way of the Indians, paying them one hundred dollars for the same, being all they asked. I crossed seventeen men and twenty-seven animals, the Indians demanding and receiving pay for the same of the emigrants, compelling them to pay their prices. I staid at the Ferry two weeks, when the Indians drove me away. The Indians compel every person passing through their country to pay one dollar per night for grass. When the party is small and defenceless, they rob them of what they have.

The Indians are well armed, having, in most instances, two revolvers apiece, plenty of rifles, and a good supply of ammunition. The Indians engaged in this work are the Klamaths, Poles, Snakes and Modokas. They assert, in case of difficulty, they will be supported by all these different tribes of Indians.

A HOPE FOR RIVER VALLEY.—Dr. Kyle, the agent of a large German colonizing association, visited our sanctum on Wednesday last. The Doctor has visited our beautiful Valley, seeking for a suitable location for a self-sustaining colony of two thousand persons. He wishes a location possessing a good natural water power, and surrounded by a rich soil of agricultural and pastoral lands. If the Doctor finds a location suitable him, so far as the purchase is concerned, he could not have visited our Valley at a more opportune time. Nothing could give us greater pleasure than an enterprising manufacturing and trade colony located in this Valley. They would soon make it "blossom as the rose." They would awaken into life the deadened energies of Southern Oregon, and dominate the country in one year than fifty Northern Edinboroughs. We hope that the natural advantages of this Valley will be properly pointed out to Dr. Kyle, and that every inducement be offered, if he can find a location suited him, to settle here.

HIBERNIA.—We call the attention of every patriotic Irishman to the letter of Hibernal. It has the ring of the genuine metal in it. He says that the party which now claims to abolish all of the Democracy of the land, were, last summer, for the Confederate States *without a bolt*, this coming summer they are for the United States *with a bolt*. Truth every word of it. Their is a vein of Irish humor and sarcasm running through the entire article, characteristic of that liberty loving race. How much more noble it is to see Irishmen coming up to the support of the only Government that ever gave them liberty and political power, than to see them the whining apologists of a rebellion that would strip them of all their political rights and class them with the scoundrels of society.

JOSEPHINE COUNTY UNION TICKET.—The loyal and true men of Josephine met in Convention at Kerbyville, on Saturday last, and nominated an entire County Ticket, which will be found in our columns today. Every precinct was represented in Convention, and the utmost harmony and good feeling prevailed. The ticket nominated is a popular and a strong one. The nominees are capable, faithful and honest, and ought and will be elected. The Union men of that county go into the contest with unbroken front, with high hopes and confident expectations. In fact, Josephine started off right from the first; and, although her Union forces have been weakened by enlistment and by the Northern mines, she is all right yet. Let her remember that "External vigilance is the price of liberty," and we are confident she has nothing to fear.

INDEPENDENT CANDIDATES FOR SENATOR.—Dr. Greer and John E. Ross have announced themselves as independent candidates for State Senator. These gentlemen have invited themselves to run, and have complacently accepted the invitation. Union men stand by your arm, and support the regularly nominated candidate. More on this subject hereafter.

PUBLIC SPEAKING IN DOUGLAS COUNTY.—The Union candidates for County Officers will address the citizens of Douglas County upon the important issues of the day, at the following places, viz.: Mt. Scott, Wednesday, May 21st; Oakland, Thursday, May 22d; Winchester, Friday, May 23d; Col's Valley, Saturday, May 24th; Ten-mile, Monday, May 26th; Lookout-glass, Tuesday, May 27th; Roseburg, Wednesday, May 28th; Myrtle Creek, Thursday, May 29th; Canyonville, Friday, May 30th; Galesville, Saturday, May 31st.

PUBLIC SPEAKING.—The Union and Secession candidates for Congress will address the people of this place on Monday next. The candidates for Governor will not be here. Other popular speakers may be present. Prepare your appetite for a dose of compromise hash, and your taste for some stereotyped lectures on Abolitionism and some self-compromising homilies on free negroes; closing up with the satisfactory assurance that the lecturer belongs to the Caucasian race.

PUBLIC SPEAKING.—The Union and Secession candidates for Congress, Governor, etc., will address the people of Southern Oregon at the following times and places:

Yoncalla, Friday, May 2d; Oakland, Saturday, May 3d; Roseburg, Monday, May 5th; Canyonville, Tuesday, May 6th; Kerbyville, Thursday, May 8th; Sailor Diggins, Friday, May 9th; Jacksonville, Monday, May 12th; Phoenix, Tuesday, May 13th.

CRESCEENT CITY WAGON ROAD.—Mr. Wall of the firm of Dugan & Wall, was in our town this week and he informs us that this road will be passable for wagons in a very short time. In fact some teams intend to cross the Crescent City mountain next week. The people of Southern Oregon are suffering somewhat, from the protracted snow blockade of this road.

DR. BARKWELL.—It is our mournful duty to announce the death of Dr. Barkwell. He died on Wednesday, at the residence of Madame De Roboam, in this town. He had been sick for some time. He fell a victim to that terrible disease—the asthma.

ALL RIGHT.—The Union candidates in Douglas county, are going to work in earnest, for the success of the ticket in that county. We are confident that victory will perch upon their banner. Success to them.

QUARTERLY MEETING.—The third quarterly meeting of the M. E. Church, for this circuit, will be held at Phoenix on to-day. Preaching at the usual hours. Rev. Mr. Woodard Presiding Elder for this district, will preside.

FAIR WARNING.—The subscriptions of quite a number of our patrons expire in Nos. 18 and 19, of Vol. VII. Look out for the notice attached to your papers and renew your subscription, or the paper will be stopped.

Read the letter from our correspondent in Douglas county.

DIM.—John P. White, of this valley, died at Virginia City, Nevada Territory, April 22d.

BY OVERLAND TELEGRAPH.—WASHINGTON, April 29th.

A dispatch from General Halleck says it is the unanimous opinion that General W. T. Sherman saved the fortunes of the day on March 6th, and contributed largely to the victory on the 7th. He was in the thickest of fight, had three horses shot under him, and was himself wounded twice. Halleck respectfully recommends that he be made Major General of Volunteers.

The President sent a message to the Senate to-day, saying that he caused the arrest of Gen. Stone on sufficient grounds, and was alone responsible for that. The reason stated for the continued delay in Stone's trial was that the witness and officers necessary to constitute a Court are now in front of the enemy. The President states that Stone will have a trial as soon as it is compatible with the public interest.

Advices from the Department of Sherman, received to-day, say that General Banks, notwithstanding the bad roads, is cautiously pushing forward towards Stanton, being now within a few miles of that place. It is doubted whether Jackson will make a stand at that point, as he fears being flanked by a column from the Mountain Department.

FORTRESS MONROE.—April 29th.

The Charleston Mercury says that nine thousand rebels left the city on Sunday week, to run the blockade. Four of them were captured and taken to Port Royal.

The Richmond Dispatch of yesterday says:

"When the enemy's fleet arrived opposite New Orleans, and demanded its surrender, General Lovell refused and fell back to Camp Moore, after destroying all the cotton and stores. The iron-clad vessel Mississippi was sent to prevent her falling into the hands of the enemy."

HARRISBURG, Va.—April 28th.

Through accession channels, we learned that the Governor of North Carolina was arrested and imprisoned at Richmond two weeks ago on account of his Union sentiments.

MORRIL.—April 27th.

The Southern papers speak in a most malignant strain of the surrender of New Orleans.

The Norfolk Day Book says it is the most serious reverse of the war. It suggests future

privations for all classes, and threatens our army supplies.

The following are the latest despatches in the French papers received by Adjutant General Cooper from General Lovell:

Cape Moon, April 28th.
Fort Jackson and St. Philip are still in good condition and in our hands. The steamer Louisiana and McRae are safe. The enemy's fleet is at the city, but they have not force enough to occupy it. The inhabitants are staunchly loyal.

MONROE, April 28th.

The forts on Lake Ponchartrain were all evacuated on the 25th. We have sustained a considerable loss in supplies and in dismounting, but not in destroying, the guns at Fort Pike. All the buildings were burned, including the telegraph office. All the gun-boats on the lake have been burned by our own people. The Mobile boat Whitman Brown and several others are running with troops, stores and ordinance to Mansfield, after which we fear they will be burned. The Yankee fleet was returning again to Ship Island.

CAMP, April 30th.

An arrival from New Madrid reports heavy and continuous firing heard in the direction of Fort Wright, all Monday night and Tuesday. No vessel from the fleet has arrived since Monday noon. The damages to property and stock in the vicinity of New Madrid by the floods are immense. Hundreds of horses near the river bank have been submerged, and thousands of cattle, sheep and hogs have been washed away along the river. There is very great suffering in consequence of the unprecedented flood. The whole of Columbus has up to the foot of the fortifications is overflowed. The town of Hickman is also suffering. The fortifications of Island No. 10 are still above water, except the upper battery.

LATER.

We take the following clear summary of Telegraphic news from the Sacramento Union, of May 3d. We have not room for the somewhat confused and unimportant details:

We have telegraphic advices from the East on May 3d. The intelligence from New Orleans, though entirely derived from rebel sources, is highly satisfactory. It appears that the vessels that composed the expedition were prepared with extraordinary care for the difficult work before them. They were protected by chain cables and tales of wet hay, and among their weapons of destruction were not only thirteen inch shells, but Parrott guns, with steel pointed shot, which is believed would penetrate the side of any iron-clad vessel. While the mortar bombs threw their shell into Fort Jackson, the gunboats fired steel point shot into the rebel gunboat Louisiana, which carried 27 guns, and sank her. The rebels acknowledged that they could not make much impression on the fleet. The city surrendered to Commodore Faragut, and was occupied by a battalion of marines until the arrival of General Butler with his division, which had approached the city by way of Lake Ponchartrain. A number of the rebel gunboats had gone up the river and joined Halleck's fleet at Fort Wright. Commodore Foote, at the last accounts, expected an attack, and was prepared to meet the enemy. The latest despatches from Pittsburgh Landing are sufficient to excite intense curiosity. The rebels report that Beauregard has begun to evacuate Corinth and move to the Southward. General Wallace had occupied Party on the Mobile and Ohio Railroad, and thus cut off another rebel line of communication. We have also the brief announcement that the news from Pittsburgh is of the highest importance, but the transmission of it is faltered. This may indicate the occurrence of another great battle, or the confirmation of the evacuation of Corinth. The official report of our loss in the battle of Shiloh makes a total of over 12,000 men; yet the loss of the rebels is known to have been greater still. Gen. Mitchell has cleared all that part of Alabama north of the Tennessee river, and holds securely the great line of the Memphis and Charleston Railroad. The strategic advantage is in the hands of Halleck, and we can wait the issue with confidence.

G. N. McClellan has been treating the rebels at Yorktown and Gloucester to some 100-pound shot from Parrott guns, from a battery placed within two miles of the enemy's works. We have no news from the columns of McDowell, Sumner and Banks. Another letter has been "repudiated." Fort Macomb, on the northern end of Bogue Banks, commanding the harbor of Beaufort, North Carolina, was surrendered to our forces on the 23d of April, after a bombardment of ten and a half hours, during which seven men were killed and eighteen wounded. Forts Caswell and Johnson, near Wilmington, are the only works of importance within Burnside's department that remain in the hands of the rebels. Wilmington is easily accessible by land from Newbern, and can be taken whenever it suits the convenience of the General commanding that department. The surrenders of Caswell and Johnson is merely a question of time.

OREGON CHAPTER NO. 4,
—O. F.

ROYAL ARCH MASON'S,
JACKSONVILLE, OREGON.

Will hold its regular communications on the

First Saturday Evening of Every Month.

All sojourning Companions in good standing are cordially invited to attend.

W. H. S. HYDE, II. P.

JAS. T. GLENN, Sec'y.

I. O. O. F.

JACKSONVILLE LODGE NO. 10, holds its regular meetings every SATURDAY EVENING, at their Hall (McCullough's Theater building), at 7 o'clock.

Brothers in good standing are cordially invited to attend.

HENRY DUNSLINGER, N. G.

J. M. SUTTON, R. Sec'y.

CRESCENT CITY,

WILL attend to the receiving and forwarding of all Goods entrusted to their care, with promptness and dispatch.

Commissioners solicited. Merchandise received on storage.

Crescent City, April 19, 1862.

N. B.—No goods delivered until the freight and charges are paid.

D. & W.

RECEPTION OF PARTNERSHIP

THIS DAY, by mutual consent, the partnership of ANDERSON & GLENN

JACKSONVILLE, OREGON, is hereby dissolved.

All who have claims against the sum will please present the same and receive their pay, and all those knowing themselves indebted to either or both of the parties, by note or open account, will save costs by calling at their office next door to the City Drug Store, and pay up, as circumstances require that the debts must be paid at an early date. Either party may allow all similar preparations ever offered to the public.

JOHN ANDERSON,

JAS. T. GLENN,

Jacksonville, April 16, 1862.

14m.

NOTICE

I S hereby given, that the partnership herein

fore existing between J. S. Burpee and D. Linn, under the name and style of Burpee & Linn, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

The details of the firm will be settled by D. Linn.

All those knowing themselves indebted to the firm, are hereby notified to come forward and settle immediately, or their accounts will be given to an attorney for collection.

J. S. BURPEE,

D. LINN.

Jacksonville, April 5th, 1862.

12ft.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the estate

of A. G. WILKINS, deceased, late of JACK-

SON COUNTY, OREGON, are hereby notified to present the same, accompanied with the necessary vouchers, to the undersigned, Administrator, at his office on Foot's Creek, JACKSON COUNTY, OREGON, within one year from the date hereof, for settlement; and all persons indebted are required to make immediate payment.

E. B. MAGRUDER,

Administrator of the estate of A. G. WILKINS, deceased.

April 25th, 1862—1863.

23rd

DUGAN & WALL,

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION

MERCHANTS,

BRICK BUILDINGS,

Corner of Front and F Streets,

JACKSONVILLE, Jan. 11.

52

HOLIDAY GIFTS!

IN:

PREPARE FOR

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