



"TO THE EFFICACY AND PERMANENCY OF YOUR UNION, A GOVERNMENT FOR THE WHOLE IS INDISPENSABLE." - Washington.

List of Agents for the Oregon Sentinel, who are authorized to transact any business concerning this paper, in the name of the publishers:

- List of agents for the Oregon Sentinel in various locations including San Francisco, Astoria, Gresham, and others.

JACKSONVILLE.

SATURDAY, - - FEB. 1, 1862.

Review.

The past has been a year in which men have been acting history. A little over a year ago the American Government was a unit, strong in the affections of its citizens and respected and honored by the nations of the earth.

By the latest news from East of the Cascades, the snow was reported three feet deep at the Cascades, and nearly two feet at the Dalles. Cattle East of the mountains were said to be perishing, and the owners had little hopes of saving any except by feeding them, and that is not generally practicable to any great extent.

THE LITTLE GEM. A Portland correspondent says: "Judge Deady has just decided the 'Levee Case' in favor of the claimants—deciding that the city has no rights. This will now open the opportunity for several large lawsuits against the city, for damages, namely: B. F. Smith, city removing a building; Geo. Vaughn, city taking down and moving building; Thos. Carter and others.

DEATH OF MIRE MITCHELL.—On the morning of the 13th ult., the body of Mike Mitchell, the great jig dancer, was found lifeless in the rear of his lodgings on Second street, Portland. He is supposed to have had a fit, and fell, as appearances about the mouth indicated a fit. The body was frozen stiff, the night being the coldest of the season.

Public Meeting.

CRESCENT CITY, Cal., Jan. 18th, 1862. Pursuant to call the citizens of Del Norte county met at the Excelsior Saloon, for the purpose of adopting the most expedient action in regard to securing, via Crescent City and Jacksonville, the transit of emigration and supplies to the Salmon River gold mines.

Major Ward Bradford was chosen Chairman. The meeting being called to order, B. F. Dorris was appointed Secretary.

On motion of the Hon. E. Mason, a finance committee of two be appointed to solicit and receive subscriptions for the purpose of paying in part the expenses incurred in this enterprise by the people of Jackson county.

Messrs. N. McNamara and Samuel Hillman were appointed said committee.

On motion of Mr. McNamara, a corresponding committee of two be appointed to communicate with the committee of Jacksonville, and those in San Francisco and Sacramento interested in the undertaking.

Messrs. John P. Hayes and Richard Dugan were appointed said committee.

On motion, the Secretary be and is hereby ordered to forward a copy of the proceedings of this meeting to the papers of Jacksonville, for publication.

On motion, the meeting adjourned to meet at the call of the committee on correspondence.

WARD BRADFORD, Chairman.

B. F. DORRIS, Secretary.

UNION STATE CONVENTION.—We publish in this issue a call, signed by the Chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee, the Republican State Central Committee and many other influential citizens, for a Union State Convention, to be held at Eugene City on the 9th day of April, 1862.

This call meets with our hearty approval. It shows that patriotism is superior to party. It recognizes the fact that the old party issues are dead, and that the loyal and patriotic citizens of Oregon feel no disposition to wrangle over non-essentials. This is as it should be.

First let us know whether we have a Government, and what are the boundaries of that Government, and then we can attend to these side issues.

We believe that this move will meet with the approval of all real Union men in this State. It will commend itself to their judgment as a movement fit to be made. Let the ball roll on.

HARMONY.—The Boston Liberator a black abolition sheet, which holds the Constitution "a league with hell and a covenant with death," now very politely calls President Lincoln "the slave hound of Illinois," while the anti-slavery Standard, another abolition sheet, styles him "the unlooked for assistant of Beauregard and Davis," and all the other abolition press are in full hue and cry against the Government and Administration.

How beautifully the peace men of Oregon and the abolitionists work together. They are both opposed to the Government and the Administration! The immaculate lovers of Coffee, and the delighted admirers of Jeff. Davis, are working together in glorious unity. Matchless rivalry! The glorifiers of Jeff. Davis exclaim, behold! the usurper Lincoln! The admirers of Coffee chime in and cry behold "Lincoln, the slave hound of Illinois." How beautiful to behold brethren dwelling together in unity!

DECISION OF THE SUPREME COURT.—

The Supreme Court of this State, at its late term, decided in the case of Oregon vs. Multnomah county, for the recovery of State tax, that the sums of money assessed and charged to the several counties of the State, constitute an intact fund, to be paid to full by the treasurers of such counties; that neither the counties nor the treasurers can deduct anything therefrom for per centage or commission; that the counties, respectively, are solely liable for the commissions on the State tax; and that the Secretary of State, ex-officio auditor, has no authority or right to pay commissions to the county treasurers upon the State tax.

We take the following items from the Statesman:

By the latest news from East of the Cascades, the snow was reported three feet deep at the Cascades, and nearly two feet at the Dalles. Cattle East of the mountains were said to be perishing, and the owners had little hopes of saving any except by feeding them, and that is not generally practicable to any great extent.

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Josephine County Correspondence.

KENNESBURG, Jan. 27th, 1862.

Ed. Sentinel: It has been "nip and tuck" between Jack Frost and the Floods this Winter; and now, I think, Jack has the advantage. "Cold as Greenland" will not do the weather full justice; it is pinching, piercing—cold as the "sharrities of the world." Those who have hereofore put up snow for Summer use have long since filled their houses with good, wholesome ice. The floods have done more in the way of "cleaning out" than the miners. They have even washed off bridges with liens and heavy mortgages on them, rented farms, raised crops of potatoes, and rushed the bottoms out of our roads. And while all this has been doing, many of our citizens, washed out of debt, have left the country and gone to the fabled Carriboo or Salmon river mines. But it is predicted by some that next Spring will be a great season to find advanced miners in that northern country. When a letter comes from there, stating, "I am here, dead-broke, and can't get away; nothing to eat and plenty to eat it; everybody snowed in, and hard times growing harder, etc.," Every body and his friends are excited, and off they go.

There is some political feeling kindling among those who expect to remain here; and as the gentlest zephyr may be the precursor of the whirlwind or cyclone, so may the present slight breeze be the forerunner of a storm in June. It is early, but not too early for us to understand each other. The issue is already made; let us accept it. It remains to be seen whom we are to fight, and how. If we are to contend against the enemies of our Government, then let us meet them fairly; if they are to be aided and abetted by our friends, who prefer party to country—who prefer defeat party organizations to living and united action for the success of one only and paramount issue—then let us prepare to accept the worst alternative, and die decently at their hands, if we must. It is surprising to see good Union men, in their blind zeal for party, forget their chief duty. That such may learn how Union men think and feel with us, I will here quote, by permission, from a letter written by the Chairman of the Republican Central Committee, of this county, in reply to the interrogatories of certain of his party friends:

"Gentlemen: The time for a general election in Oregon drawing nigh, political parties are preparing their canister and grape; 'tis the case that knoweth his master's ear is beginning to bray; little mice are casting about them to discover a safe passage to some obscure corner of the public ear, where they may cower their 'sly' stomachs, unobserved and uncriticized by the axes; politicians of every conceivable calibre and grade are putting on airs of wisdom and sagacity; and as the vilest felons protest their innocence, so the rankest rebels in the State protest their loyalty.

"Good judgment, love of liberty, attachment to country, duty and patriotism, all require that in the present crisis we should disregard the braying of the hungry ass; and from the conduct in the United States Senate of such men as Breckinridge & Co., we, long ago, ought to have learned to spurn such politicians as profess to be loyal, and yet are opposed to enforcing the laws of the Federal Government.

"If we have to wound the feelings of our best personal and political friends; if we have to discard many who, per-aps, have claims to political prominence and eminent citizenship; if we have to eject from official position every man who has ever belonged to the political party with which we have been connected—we, the loyal citizens of the State of Oregon, at the next June election, must carry the State against the Secessionists.

"This, in my opinion, and I believe, in the opinion of ninety-nine hundredths of the Union men in Southern Oregon, can only be done by uniting the forces of the Republicans and Union Democrats.

"We cannot agree with the Argus, that there may be two Union tickets in the canvass, without a possibility of the Secessionists carrying the State.

"We cannot agree with the Argus, that, under existing circumstances, it is the duty of the State Republican Committee to call a State Convention, or that a general Union Convention would be a *holographic*.

"The plan of the Argus appears to be to call a Republican Convention, and suggests that the Union Democrats may call a Convention to meet at the same time and place, for the purpose of a united action of the two Conventions. Experience and the history of former efforts of that kind indicate that we can never be united by such means.

"It is the intention of the Republicans and Union Democrats of Josephine county, at the proper time, to call a County Union Convention, and appoint delegates to a State Convention, whenever it may be called, believing that to be their only course to carry the county against Secessionists.

"Were I to suggest a platform (and every one has a right to suggest), the first, last and middle plank should be—

"Resolved, That we are in favor of a vigorous prosecution of the war, until the Stars and Stripes shall again triumphantly wave over every foot of American soil, and until every rebel shall acknowledge the supremacy of the laws of the Federal Government.

"C. P. STRAUDE, Chairman Josephine Co. Rep. Com."

That has the true ring about it, and if I do not greatly mistake the state of public feeling here, it is in unison with the popular sentiment. The Cavalry Company being raised here by Captain Matthews is filling up slowly, although he entertains no fears of being able to fill it before Spring. Twenty-one names have been enrolled, and others are preparing to enlist.

From present indications, the cutters and jumpers about town will be going to the tune of "The Merry Sleigh-ride" before many days. This luxury is one of the lesser ills which horse-shin is heir to, and I am inclined to say to the sleigh-riders, "Go it while you're young," for such a Winter cannot last, like the Christian's Summer, all the year. Yours, &c., SIMON.

CORVALLIS CHARTER ELECTION.—On Jan. 6th, the Corvallis election resulted as follows: For Mayor, Secession, 50. Recorder, R. F. Robinson, Union, 75. A. R. McCoull, Secession, 46. Marshal, S. H. Benard, Union, 83. Jno. Haskins, Secession, 26. Treasurer, S. H. Lane, Union, 82. Jackson, Secession, 22. Alderman—1st Ward, P. Purdy, 24; N. P. Briggs, 19; 2nd Union, J. E. Leitch, Secession, 12. H. Dobe, Union, 23; J. L. Kline, Secession, 25. Both elected. Third Ward, G. J. Krichbaum, Union, 28; Isaac Moore, Secession, 17, both elected.—C. W.

"N. H. Lane worked against the secession crowd, and voted the straight Union ticket.—C. W.

The Northern Mines.

We take the following table of distances from an interesting and instructive article in the Portland Daily Times, of Jan. 13:

Table showing distances from Portland to Lewiston by Steamboat, with routes like Portland to Lower Cascades, Portage by railroad, etc.

Table showing distances from Lewiston to Oro Fino by Wagon Road, with routes like Lewiston to Burn's ranch, Thence to Burn's ranch, etc.

Table showing distances from Lewiston to Elk City, with routes like Lewiston to Burn's ranch, Thence to Burn's ranch, etc.

Table showing distances from Lewiston to Florence, via Salmon River, with routes like Lewiston to Burn's ranch, Thence south-east, across the Pala-whian Prairie, etc.

Table showing distances from Lewiston to Florence, via Powder River Mines, with routes like Dalles to upper crossing of Unamilla, Thence to foot of Blue Mountain, etc.

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Union State Convention.

The qualified voters of the State of Oregon were in favor of the suppression of the present wicked rebellion—a vigorous prosecution of war so long as necessary to frustrate the mad schemes of armed traitors—who are opposed to any peace other than the honorable one sure to come when rebels and their sympathizers submit to the constitutionally elected and qualified authorities and legally enacted laws of the Government—who think more of country than of party prejudice and individual preferences—who are in favor of supporting the General Government in its endeavors to defend the Constitution, execute the laws and preserve the Union, and who are willing to unite for the election of a ticket upon such a basis at the coming general election, without reference to former political associations, are respectfully requested to meet at the places of voting in the several precincts in the various counties of the State on SATURDAY, the 23d day of March, A. D. 1862, to choose delegates to County Conventions to be held in the respective counties of the State on the 29th day thereof, on Saturday, the 29th day of March, 1862, for the purpose of selecting 2-delegates to a State Convention to be held at Eugene City, Lane county, on Wednesday, the 9th day of April, 1862, for the purpose of nominating a Union ticket for State officers and Member of Congress, as follows: Josephine, 6; Douglas, 8; Curry, 1; Coos, 1; Umpqua, 2; Lane, 8; Benton, 5; Linn, 10; Polk, 5; Yamhill, 6; Marion, 12; Clatsop, 8; Multnomah, 8; Washington, 4; Columbia, 1; Clatsop, 1; Tillamook, 1; Wasco, 4.

We recommend the holding of Precinct and County meetings at one hour of 1 o'clock p. m., and the meeting of the State Convention at 11 o'clock of the day named.

Samuel Hanna, H. W. Corbett, J. J. Ross, Sec. Gen. Con. Sec. R. D. Shattuck, W. C. Johnson, L. E. Herding, W. C. Johnson, Lucien Heath, Repub. State Con. Com. E. Williams, C. P. Grandall, Jos. Cox, A. F. Wagner, R. C. Simpson, A. C. Gibbs, R. C. Geer, Alonzo Island, I. R. Moore, John McCracken, E. N. Cooke, W. S. Tadd, A. C. Tammes, A. M. Starr, H. M. Thatcher, R. J. Ladd, J. W. McCully, S. G. Reed, David Powell, A. C. B. Shaw, Thomas Stratton, David Powell, H. J. Hallcock, H. J. Geer, H. Zankloskey, S. J. McCormick, T. B. Rieckley, A. L. Lovejoy, James Shaw, D. P. Thompson, William Graves, J. S. Rinearson, Jos. Maguire, L. F. Cartee, Chester N. Terry, R. P. Boase.

Mulligan's Version of the Feud between McCulloch and Price. The Chicago Post says, that it is well known that since the battle at Wilson's Creek, Ben. McCulloch and Sterling Price have not acted together as leaders of the rebellion in Missouri. Among Union men in that State, it is generally believed that they had a falling out, some time ago. The cause is commonly ascribed to the cowardice exhibited by the Missourians, which is supposed to have disgusted chivalric Ben. But we learn from Col. Mulligan, who spent six weeks as a prisoner in Price's camp, and during that time was not an idle observer of men and things, that the true reason of the dissatisfaction between those two rebel chieftains is that Price has lost confidence in McCulloch, while McCulloch, by virtue of his greatness as a General of the Confederate army, chooses not to play a subordinate part under a General of the single State of Missouri.

At the battle of Wilson's Creek, McCulloch was the chief in command, and it is to his incompetency that Price ascribes the disaster that befell him on that occasion. The plan of the rebels was to attack Gen. Lyon's camp on the very night that Gen. Lyon attacked them. For this purpose McCulloch ordered all the pickets to be drawn in, and got six yelling regiments to march. Just then a storm of rain came on, enveloping every thing in thick darkness. McCulloch decided to wait till the storm was over, but the night continued extremely dark and the troops fell asleep. The pickets were not again sent out, and the result was the rebels had not the slightest intimation of the approach of Lyon, until his batteries hurled their savage missiles among the rebel breakfast-cups.

Col. Mulligan says that it was related to him as an actual fact by some of Price's officers who were in that battle, that an officer, while eating breakfast, was interrupted by the hurried approach of an orderly, telling him to bring up his command, as the enemy were approaching. "Is that official?" exclaimed the officer, sipping his coffee. The next moment a six-pound shot from one of Captain Totten's guns cut of a sapling near his table. "Well, by—!" cried the astonished officer, "that is official!" and dropping his breakfast, he ran to order out his men.

Price's estimate of McCulloch is said to be that he is a dash and gallant exploitist at the head of about five hundred men, but that he is incompetent to handle a greater number. McCulloch naturally places a different estimate upon his own capabilities, and hence the disagreement between them.

When Col. Mulligan left Price's camp at Nesbo, McCulloch was there, and it was understood that he would give, at the head of his own command, whatever assistance he could. Price at that time had only 15,000 men, and McCulloch a much smaller number.—They could have been easily whipped by Fremont, could he have got them into a battle, which, however, was not probable.

HITS BY PRESTICE.—Gen. Pillow was set up as a rival to Commodore Hollins. The General telegraphed to Mrs. Gid. J. P., from Columbus, on the 7th, saying: "I fought four regiments against nine for four hours without help." As the Federal forces consisted of 2,650 men, all told, Pillow can compare up "Men in Buckram" as fast as Hollins can sink invisible ships by his turtle ran. These two redoubtable heroes should be appointed to command an ambuscade as they can "lie in wait" so naturally.

A traitor confined in the second story of a house in Western Virginia, let himself down with a rope and so escaped. He lowered himself with one rope but he should be elevated by another.

A lady in Northwestern Missouri offers a premium for enough Yankee scalps to make a bedquilt.—Wheeler Intelligencer.

Perhaps she would like to take a whole Yankee as a comfort.

The Richmond Enquirer denounces a couple of Confederate officers, "the tools of Floyd." It means they are burglars' tools.

There is a great scarcity of Northern-made paper in the South, but the South holds a good deal of Southern paper, the quality of which has occasioned serious causes of protest.

A Memphis editor says he "wears our collar." Now if the poor fellow is actually wearing a collar, we wish some man would collar him.

The ladies propose to raise mittens for the volunteers. Is it right that mittens should "give the mittens" to bravery?

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

- JACKSON COUNTY. Circuit Judge, P. P. Peim; County Judge, J. U. Tolman; County Clerk, Wm. Hoffman; Prosecuting Attorney, Rufus Maloney; Sheriff, W. H. S. Hyde; Deputy Sheriff, J. M. Sutton; Treasurer, David Linn; Assessor, Wm. Kahler; Public Administrator, O. D. Hoxie; County Surveyor, Sewall Traxer; Coroner, Samuel K. May; Commissioners, D. N. Brilscoy, F. Heber; Superintendent Com. Schools, S. Humphrey.

- Terms of Courts—Circuit Court, first Mondays in February, June and October. County Court, first Monday of each month. Probate Court, first Monday of each month.

- JACKSONVILLE PRESENT. Justice of the Peace, U. S. Hayden; Constable, M. W. Davis; Road Supervisor, C. C. Beckman.

SPECIAL NOTICES. Dissolution of Partnership. Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between Henry Denlinger and Wm. M. Hand under the firm name of Denlinger & Hand, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, Wm. M. Hand withdrawing from the firm. The business will be continued by the said Henry Denlinger. He will collect all the debts due the late firm, and is responsible for all their outstanding obligations.

Dr. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters are universally acknowledged to be a sure preventive and cure for Fever and Ague, Flatulence, Headaches of the Stomach, or any other like affection. Their effect upon the system is most marvellous; they give a healthy tone to the system, relieve all morbid matter, and in fact thoroughly cleanse the system of all impurities. In no case has it been known to fail, but, on the contrary, new virtues have been found in its use. To those afflicted with any of the above ills of the body, the Bitters are offered as a speedy and certain cure. Try them and form your own opinion. Sold by druggists and dealers everywhere.

Masonic Notice. The regular Communications of WARREN LODGE No. 10, F. & A. M. for the present Masonic Year, will be held as follows:

Table with columns for month and date: January 15, July 9; February 13, August 6; March 13, September 3; April 9, October 1; May 7, November 5; June 11, December 3.

HOURLY MEETING, from October to April, at 7 1/2 o'clock p. m. From April to October, at 7 1/2 o'clock p. m. G. W. GREER, W. M. H. Bloom, Sec'y. Jacksonville, Oreg., Jan. 1st, '62.

I. O. O. F. JACKSONVILLE LODGE No. 10, hold its regular meetings every SATURDAY EVENING, at their Hall (McCully's Theater building), at 7 1/2 o'clock.

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FRESH GOODS!

TO THEIR ALREADY LARGE AND WELL SELECTED STOCK OF MERCHANDISE, THE UNDERSIGNED ARE NOW RECEIVING Fresh Goods FROM SAN FRANCISCO, WHICH ARE OFFERED AT LOW PRICES FOR CASH To correspond with the hard times.

QUICK SALES AT SMALL PROFITS, FOR READY PAY, IS BEST FOR ALL. Every Article Warranted as Represented. Please give us a call.

WADE, MORGAN & CO. Jacksonville, Jan. 1, 1862.

SADDLERY! THE undersigned would respectfully inform the citizens of Jackson and adjoining counties that he has on hand and will manufacture to order All kinds of Saddlery & Harness Heavy Dragoon Harness (long and short leg) Concord Harness, Boggy Harness (double and single) Spanish Saddles, trees and rigging complete; Ladies' Saddles, Jockey Saddles, Saddle bags, Bridles, Surchingles, Halters, Spurs, Carriage Whips, Whip-lashes, And all other articles usually found in a first-class stock of SADDLERY.

ALL WORK WARRANTED. Store in "Sentinel" Building, California street. HENRY JUDGE, Jacksonville, Dec. 24, 1861.

BOUND FOR SALMON RIVER!! Within Sixty Days!

GOODS SELLING TREMENDOUS SACRIFICE For Cash! Without Reserve!

J. A. BRUNNER & BRO'S We are determined and Compelled to place all our Book Accounts and Notes in the hands of our Attorney, for action At the coming term of the District Court, if not paid on or before the 23d DAY OF JANUARY, 1862.

J. A. BRUNNER & BRO. JACKSONVILLE, Jan. 11, '62. DECIDED REDUCTION In the Prices of Board and Lodging!

FRANCO-AMERICAN RESTAURANT. Board and Lodging, per week, \$9 00; Board, per week, 7 00; Board and Lodging, per day, with private room, best style, \$2 25; Lodging, per night, in private room, 75; Lodging, per night, in double room, 50; Single Meal, 25.

THE TABLE. Reduction in price, but no reduction of change in table. My table shall not be surpassed by any in the State of Oregon. MADAME DE ROBOAM, Jacksonville, Jan. 10, 1862.

PACK SADDLES constantly on hand at my Harness and Saddlery establishment. HENRY JUDGE, JUSTICES BLANKS for sale at THIS OFFICE.