## THE OREGON SENTINEL.

\$4 IN ADVANCE.

JACKSONVILLE, OREGON, SATURDAY, JULY 27, 1861.

VOL. VI.-NO. 28.

BUSINESS CARDS

SAMUEL E. MAY. NOTARY PUBLIC.

OFFICE IN "SENTINEL" BUILDING, Jacksonville, Orrgon.

Dentistry.

DR. J. HERBOLD

WOULD respectfully announce to the citi-gens of Jacksonville and vicinity that he is now prepared to do VULCANITE OR RUSSER WORK for artificial teeth in the beautyle, and at pri

s to suit the times. All kinds of Dental operations attended to in a skillful manner. Jacksonville, June 2d, 1861.

WAR SCRIP, WAR SCRIP B. F. DOWELL,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Will practice in all the Courts of the Third Judicial District, the Supreme Court of Ore-gon, and in Yreka, Cal. He has an agent at Washington, and expects to visit that city and the Atlantic this Summer

and Fall, and any business will receive prompt attention. nv25:19

W. G. T'VAULT. ATTORNEY AT LAW,

WILL attend to business in the several Courts in the First Judicial District of Oregon, and in the Supreme Court. Office on California St., opposite "Sentinel" Office. JACKSONVILLE, OREGON.

May 25th, '61. SEWALL TRUAX,

SURVEYOR & CIVIL ENGINEER, OFFICE, AT THE COUNTY BUILDINGS Jacksonville, Oregon.

A LL business pertaining to Land or Land Laws promptly attended to. Jacksonville, May 11th, 1861. 17tf REED & BERGEN,

Attorneys at Law, JACKSONVILLE, OGN., Will attend to any business confided to them in the several Courts of the First Judicial District of Oregon, and in the Supreme Court. 18.

CHAS. B. BROOKS, M. D., AS LOCATED IN JACKSONVILLE, and II offers his professional services to this com-munity in the practice of Malaine, Surgery and Obstacles.

on California street, next door to Neu ber's Jewelry store.

Calls attended to at all hours of day or night

G. W. GREER,

HAS opened a shop opposite Anderson A Glenn's, on California street, in Dr. L. Ganung's drug store, for repairing WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, ETC. All work warranted to give satisfaction. Jacksonville, Dec. 22d, 1860. 49:

PETER BRITT PHOTOGRAPHIC ARTIST

Is prepared to take Pictures in every style of the Art, with all the latest improvements. It PRES'E'E IER BER

do not give satifaction, no charges will be made Call at Funk's Cigar Store, or at the Gallery on the Hill, and see his Pictures, 11tf D. WM. DOUTHITT.

Attorney and Counselor A'E' E A BE Jacksonville, Oregon

BY APPOINTMENT,

NOTARY PUBLIC For Jackson County.

Br. N. Caldwell Boatman

HAS permanently located in Jacksonville, and offers his professional services in the

Medicine, Surgery and Obstetries. Charges very reasonable. Calls attended to at all hours of the day or night.

C. P. SPRAGUE. ATTORNEY AT LAW.

KERBYVILLE, JOSEPHINE COUNTY, OGN., Will punctually attend to business entrusted to April 13, 1861.-13tf

GREAT REDUCTION! ON the First of January, '61, the prices

Sewing Machines were reduced teenty per cent., on the Pacific coast
A few of these, the best and cheapest machines made, at San Francisco rates.
E. C. SESSIONS, Agent,
Jacksonville, Jan. 12.

DR. R. BERNHARD, ALLOPATHIC

THE OREGON SENTINEL

PUBLISHED EVERY BATURDAY, BY DENLINGER & HAND, HENRY DENLINGER. EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

Office over Clugage & Drum's Stables.

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tion, \$1 00.

Professional or Business Cards, Each Square, per annum, \$30 00; for Six Months, \$15 00; for Three Months, \$10 00.

A liberal discount will be made to persons who advertise to the extent of four squares.

The number of insertions should be marked on the margin of advertisements.

Scott and the Veteran.

BY BAYARD TAYLOR.

An old and crippled veteran to the War Depart He sought the Chief who led him, on many a field of fame: The Chief who shouted "Forward!" where'er

his banner rose, And bore the stars in triumph behind the flying

Have you forgotten, General," the battered soldier cried. soldier cried.

'The days of eighteen hundred, twelve, when I was at your side?

Have you forgotten Johnson, that fought at Lindy's Lane?

Tis true I'm old and pensioned, but I want to fight again.''

The Clerk call (All of the Senate Adjourned House,—The Clerk called the roll, including the names from South Carolina, Arkausas and Plancia. was at your side? Have you forgotten Johnson, that fought at Lundy's Lane? Tis true I'm old and pensioned, but I want to fight again."

Have I forgotten?" said the Chief: "my brave old soldier, No! And here's the hand I gave you then, and let it

tell you so; But you have done your share, my friend you're crippled, old and gray, And we have need of younger arms and fresher Llood to day."

But, General," cried the veteran, a flush upor

Put me upon the rampart, with the flag-staff in my hand: No odds how het the cannon-smoke, or how the shells may fly, I'll hold the Stars and Stripes aloft, and hold them till I die!

I'm ready. General, so you let a post to m be given, Where Washington can see me as he looks from

highest Beaven,
And any to Putnam at his side, or, may be
General Wayne;
Three stands old hilly Johnson, that fought at
Lundy's Lane! And when the fight is bottest, before the trait-

When s'will and ball are screeching, and bursting in the sky.

If any shot should hit me, and lay me

My soul will go to Washington's, and not to

SECESSION AGENT CAUGHT .- The Billy Me Mullin Independent Rangers, of Philadelphia, are understood to e-crespond with the Billy Wilson Zounves, and the Andy Sheehan-Office at his residence, on California street, gerstown, and one of Capt. Billy's feats is in the house formerly occupied by A. M. Berry, thus described by a correspondent to the N. gerstown, and one of Capt. Billy's feats is Y. Herald :

You were told in a former letter of the arrest of R. H. Alvey. The importance of the event is searcely exceeded by the manner in which it was consummated, and which is worth relating. Capt. Billy McMullin, of the Philadelphia Independent Rangers, who not as Gen. Patterson's body Guard, is the sharp week, a picket guard stopped a man on the road to Hagerstown, who answered the guard's inquires by saying he wished to see Gen. Patterson; but when about to be introduced at leadquarters, wished to evade the interview. He was immediately seized and scarched, and dispatches were found upon him, from the rebel Gen. Johnson, to Mr. Alvey. McMallin forthwith stripped the rebel's clothes, gave him Johnston's letter, and started him off to see man of this military division. One night last week, a picket guard stopped a man on the Johnston's letter, and started him off to see Mr. Alvey. The dispatches, however, had been nicely opened, copies taken, and then

McMullin's man was received by Alvey McMullin's man was received by Alvey, who thus fell into the trap most heautifully. Alvey unfolded all his plans, and gave him written answers to Johnson's dispatches. The supposed friend conveyed Alvey's documents to General Patterson. The arrest took place quietly the next day. When Alvey was confronted with the documents and the indisputable evidences of his own treuchery, it is said lewas completely unmanned, and sunk under the burden of his guilt. He was immediately put in irons and securely guarded. He is still imprisoned, and rumor says his trial will take place here. The proof aguinst him is so overwile ming that his friends entertain no hope of his escape from a traiter's doom. Some have PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

If a supposed friend conveyed Aivey's documents and possible for the practice of this profession, and will promptly at the evidences of his own treuchery, it is said to describe and Surgical College; has sustained his profession in London also, and practiced and Surgical College; has sustained his profession in London also, and practiced in the Verka, Cal., for the past year.

Office on Oregon st. next door to Brentano's.

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April 27, '61. 15:1y

written answers to Johnson's dispatches. The supposed friend conveyed Aivey's documents and those parts reduced the place of the practice quietly the next day. When Alvey was conjected with the documents and the indisputation deviced with the documents and the indisputation developed and surgical College; has sustained his profession in London also, and practiced in Yreka, Cal., for the past year.

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The message was read, and those parts reduced the past was read, and those parts reduced the past of the profession in London also, and practiced in the Hospital and Surgical College; has sustained his profession in London also, and practiced in Yreka, Cal., for the past year.

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April 27, '61. 15:1y

Written answers to Johnson. Alvey was elected Postmaster.

The message was read, and those parts reduced the past was read, and those parts reduced the past was read, and those parts reduced the said and in the galleries. Other postions in the N. Y. papers about the Pennsylvania Volunteers going to the wars indifferently clad, a Colonel in one of the were similarly greeted.

On motion of Mr. Stevens, the Message and a letter to a New York journal in which he says that the Pennsylvanians went down South to f

Congressional Proceedings.

WASHINGTON, July 4, 1861.
SENATE.—The Senate was called to order SENATE.—The Senate was called to order by the Vice President at noon. The Senators present were Anthony, Bayard, Bingham, Breckinridge, Bright, Chandler, Clark, Colla-mar, Cowan, Dixon, Doolittle, Fessenden, Foot, Foster, Grimes, Hale, Harlan, Harris, Howe, Johnson of Tennessee, Kernedy, King, Lane of Indiana, Latham, Morrill, Nesmith, Pages, Polit, Payarll, Salabare, Starmor

ring called us a member from Oregon. Shiel's name was passed over. Mr. Vallandigham gave notice of a ques tion of privilege, objecting to Marston, Blair and Curston claiming seats, they have been sworn in as military officers. Mr. Blair denied having been sworn into

the military service,
Mr. R'chardson objected to the recognition
of Dally from Nebraska.

his brow;
The very men who fought with us, they say are traitors now;
They've torn the flag of Lundy's Lane, our old fifty members answered the roll.
Mr. Colfax declined being considered a can The Clerk announced that one hundred and didate for Speaker.
Mr. Hickman nominated Mr. Blair. [Ap-

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Software Company of the Market Should first call for certificates to the property of the Mr. Burnett should first call for certificates and then proceed in the proper order.

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framed for them by their fathers. [Deafening applause.] Mr. Carlisle characterized the action of Eastern Virginia as gross tyranny, and declared that Western Virginia had determined to uphold the Union. They desire their voice shall be heard in the nation's capital in everything pertaining to the organiza-tion of the House. The resolution was finally tabled and the Virginia delegation sworn in;

also other delegations.

Mr. Stephens, of Pennsylvania, moved that
the name of Mr. Butler be inserted on the roll n-tend of Mr. Lehman, and called on Mr.

Lebman to produce the proper certificate.

Mr. Lebman replied that he came by the proclamation of the Governor, and read the concluding portion of the proclamation, showing his name mentioned with other members of that State, and wished the subject to go

before the Committee on Elections.

Mr. Vallandigham inquired if the party forging a certificate was not in the Penitenti-

Mr. Lehman replied affirmatively. Mr. Lehman considered his name rightfully on the roll, and said the course of his colleague Wilson Zouaves, and the Andy Sheehan— would set a precedent disastrous to the country. If on investigation it be found that Mr New York. They are now stationed at Ha-Butler is entitled to the seat, no one would

tion to that effect. Tabled, Mr. Thayer was then sworn in.

Mr. Hayer was then sworn in.
Mr. Blair nominated Forney; Mr. Mallory
nominated Etheridge; Mr. Fouke nominated
Mr. Diebrick. The ballot resulted: Etheridge, 92; Forney, 41; Diebrick, 21; Florence, 2. Mr. Etheridge was declared elected.

Mr. Stevens presented a petition of Mr. Butler, contesting the seat of Mr. Lehman.
Washington, July 5th. House.-Mr. Crittenden appeared and took

Ex Congressman Ball of Ohio, was elected ergount at Arms. Ira Goodenow of New York, was elected oorkeeper. Rev. Mr. Stockton was elected Chaplain.

of a bill to repeal all laws creating ports of entry in Second States. Also a bill for hold-ing a United States Court in Wheeling. Mr. Van Wyck asked leave to introduce a

bill providing for the transmission of letters for officers and soldiers free of postage.

Mr. Burnett, being opposed to the franking minima objected.

port to Downsville about five miles below on the Sharpsburgh road. Col. Abercrombic, with two regiments of the Sixib Brigade, left this place for the same neighborhood. The this place for the same neighborhood. The this place for the same neighborhood. The Second and Fifth Brigades moved to Sharpsburgh, as you are aware, on the 20th, and to-burgh, as you are aware, on the 20th, and to-day Licut. Perkins, with company F. United State's Light Artillery, and battery of six guns, followed to the same vicinity. Gen. Patterson and staff, with Capt. McClellan's

company of Independent Rangers, joined these forces this afternoon. The only troops remaining now are the Connecticut regiment, Col. Woodlonse commanding.

The whole army under General Patterson, it will the control of the state and the state of t

terson this afternoon, to place himself at the can produce, head of these forces, there is no doubt an ad

lars—where are they? A dollar here, and a dollar there, scattered over numerous small acquiesce more readily.

The resolutions was tabled—91 to 40.

Mr. McClernand objected to Mr. Thayer being sworn in as a member from Oregon, as Mr. Shiels was elected, and offered a resolujourneyman compositor, the grocer, the tailor, and all assistants to bim in carrying on his and all assistants to bim in carrying on his business, have their demands, hardly ever so small as a single dollar. But the mites from here and there must be diligently gathered and pation ly boarded, or the wherewith to discharge the large liabilities will never become sufficien-tly bulky. We imagine the printer will have to get up an address to his widely-scattered dollars something like the following: "Dollars balves quarters dimes and all

"Dollars, halves, quarters, dimes, and all manner of fractions into which ye are divided, collect yourselves, and come home! Ye are wanted! Combinations of all sorts of men that help the printer to become a proprietor, gather such force, and demand, with such good gather such force, and demand, with such good reasons, your appearance at his counter, that nothing short of a sight of you will appease them. Collect yourselves, for valuable as you are in the aggregate, single you will never pay the cost of gathering. Come in here, in single file, that the printer may form you into a battalion, and send you forth again to battle for him, and vindicate his feeble credit."

Beading are you sure you haven't a counter.

Render, are you sure you haven't a couple of the printer's dollars sticking about your old clothes?

How many pleasant associations cluster around the hallowed name of mother! Everything pure and holy seems entwined around the very word. Years may have passed since she went to rest; tall grass may be growing on her grave; yet with reverence we could cherish her memory. It seems but yesterday that we were children together, with a mother to counsel us and guide us in the path of duty. But she is gone, and we must finish our journey without her smile to gladden our pathway. To whom can we look up with such confidence? To whom can we go with all our trials and troubles? There is a vacancy which can never be filled. We may lose other friends, and the loss be made up to us in a measure, but "what is home without a mother there?" If there is a scene on earth at which angels Foot, Foster, Grimes, Hale, Harlan, Harce, etc., objected.

Mr. Burnett, being opposed to the franking privilege, objected.

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Mr. Donlinan, Latham, Morrill, Nemnon, Shematon, Summer, Ten Egykt, Thompson, Wilkinson, Wilson.

Mr. Gross presented the credentials of Mr. Bernett, and the short of the United States, or and or abet of Mr. Pomeroy, Senator clott from Kansas, who took the United States, or and or abet qualified the opposition of the United States, or and or abet qualified the opposition of Mr. Homouling Senator from Illinois, to fill the vacancy custed by the death of Mr. Dongall of California.

Mr. Pomeroy, Senator from Illinois, to fill the vacancy custed by the death of Mr. Dongall of California.

Mr. Pomeroy drew the long term for Kansas, and Mr. Latham presented the credentials of Mr. Mr. Iale, offered a resolution of the election of Sergeant at the contract of the California of the California

world, it will be well with us.

ing from this place says:

I think the military question is

about well-y-firet miss, and Sharpsburgh is about midway between the two. Dam no. 5 is jest below and Dam no. 4 just above. Downsville, Bakersville and Mercersville are between Sharpsburgh and Williamsport.

At Williamsport are stationed Captain Doubleday's company of artillery, with a heavy battery, and about 6,000 infantry under command of General Cadwalader. (First division.)

At Downsville, about five miles south. Col. Thomas' and Col. Abercrombie's brigades, about 3,500 infantry and 500 cavalry together with Perkins' light battery of six pieces, and a company of United States Artillery. At and about Bakersville and Mercersville, and in advance, to the neighborhood of Sharpsburgh, are placed the Second Division, under Gen. Keim, about 3,300 strong, which, with McMullen's Rangers accompanying Gen. Patterson, makes a force stationed between Williamsport and Sharpsburgh, within a space of twelve miles, of 13,800.

From the fact of the departure of Gen. Patterson this afternoon, to place himself at the head of these forces there is no death another, he has now a force of anout 10,000 men. It was a military necessity, and he is the man to make the most of it. These facts account for all the retreating and apoparent indisposition to meet the foe. Their invasion of Virginia, and our inability to repel them another, he has now a military necessity, and he is the man to make the most of it. These facts another, he has now a military necessity, and he is the man to make the most of it. These facts account for all the retreating and apoparent indisposition to meet the foe. Their invasion of Virginia, and our inability to repel them and to make the most of it. These facts account for all the retreating and apoparent indisposition to meet the foe. Their invasion of Virginia, and our inability to repel them indisposition to meet the foe. Their invasion of Virginia, and our inability to repel them indisposition to meet the foe. Their invasion of Virginia, and our inability to repel them indisposition to meet the foe. Thei

head of these forces, there is no doubt an advance into Virginia is contemplated. The enemy not having ventured to make any decided demonstations, we have at last resolved to go in scrach of him and find out his strength. I have no doubt I shall be able to inform you in my next that our army has crossed the Potomac in scarch of the enemy.

The Loyal Restons of the South.—Upon a general view of the slave States coat of the Mississippi, they exhibit a disaffected rim skirting the Mississippi River, the Gulf of Mexico and the Atlantic, inclosing an elevated potential in the lowlands, which constitute the disaffected rim, are characterized by the presence of a large proportion of slaves. The ence of a large proportion of slaves. The

> political curse, West Virginia, Eastern Kentucky, Western North Carolina, East Tennessee, North Ala-bama, Northern Georgia, and probably, Western South Carolina are loyal. East Tennes-see, which is the center of this central plateau,

South. It is over that country that the great railroads do pass and must pass, which unite Memphis and Charleston, and the Southwest with Virginia. with Virginia.

This geographical description points out what the plan of the Summer campaign ought to be. It is simply to take advantage of the loyality of East Tennessee, which is easy of access through East Kentucky, and thereby reduce the South to what General Jackson were under arms and ready for the road in a few minutes. The old ensign of Sumter went with them for juck said it was before the Cherokee acquisition, "a more rim." The great railroad from the Southwest to Virginia runs through East Tennessee for more than two hundred miles. It can be cut off at a blow. The same thing is true of the Memphis and Charleston Rail-

res says Beauregard personally commands at Fairfax, his precise force is not known.

The rebels have leveled the forests for miles between Manasses Janction and Fairfax, which is evidence that they will not attack the Federal center under McDonell.

Confederates are reported concentrating errecting batteries at Fernandino. A recruiting office for the army of the outhern Confederacy has been opened at

Louisville, Ky.

The First South Carolina regiment has left
Manassas for home, its time having expired.

Manassas for home, its time having expired.

Covernment Harris, of Tennessee, issued a

The letters of Russell have lately changed Manassas for home, its time having expired.
Governor Harris, of Tennessee, issued a proclamation July 6th for 3,000 troops for the Confederate army. Winnerso, July 9th.

About two o'clock Wednesday merning.

July 10th, 580 Federal troops under Colonel Smith. Sixteenth Illinois regiment encamped near Menroe station on the Hannibal and St.

Joseph rail road Missouri, were surprised and statisfied by 100 selections of the work company of Independent Rangers, joined these forces this afternoon. The only troops remaining now are the Connecticut regiment, Col. Woodhouse commanding.

The whole army under General Patterson, it will be seen, with the exception of two regiments, one Colonel Yohe's, at Frederick, and the Connecticut regiment, at this place.

Fail's Church, between Fairfax.

The cheeny may make a dash at at Fairfax, or Fairfax may make a dash at at Fairfax. The cheeny may make a dash at at Fairfax and the Connecticut regiment, at this place.

Fail's Church, between Fairfax.

About two relock Wednesday merning.

Smith, Sixteenth Illinois regiment encamped near Menroe station on the Hannibal and St.

Joseph rail road Missouri, were surprised and attacked by 1,600 rebels under Jackson's Brigadier General. Thomas A. Harris.

Fail's Church, between Fairfax.

Fail's Church, between Fairfax.

Seet has the numbers and munitions.

Trouble is apprehended in Nevada Territory by the resistance of some people to the the exercise of Governor Nye's authority. Mormons are said to be at the bottom of this

General Scott, and expects to leave for St. Louis in a few days. Kit Carson will probably accompany him.

The rebels have a camp near Great Falls, and are supposed to be trying to plant bat-

The friends of Gen. Lee report that he has estraced, and will be found on the side of the

is not only loyal but beligerently loyal. Its people are not only ready to fight but they are determined to fight in defense of their liberties and nationality

The center plateau embraces the Cherokee country, acquired by General Jackson twenty, five years ago, and which he regarded as so essential to the unity and integrity of the South. It is over that country that the great appeared to be doing good exception. The emy's entrenchments. The rebels are strongly fortified. Gen. McClelland was to commence

> with them for luck. FORT MONROE, July 10th. The Quaker City this morning captured the brig Ann Warwick, of Richmond, bound for Hampton Roads, with 5,100 sack coffee.

Sr. Louis, July 11th. A special messenger arrived last evening with dispatches from Col. Sigel to Col. Harding at the Arsenal and the Missouri Democrat, which were written at Rolla, on the morning South, which is loyal, is lavorable to the more of troops in a Summer campaign, much more which were written at Rolla, on the more of troops in a Summer campaign, much more which were written at Rolla, on the more of July 7th. Col. Sigel, with a portion of his, and a part of Solamon's, and the artillery his, and a part of Solamon's, and the artillery his, and a part of Solamon's, and the artillery his, and a part of Solamon's, and the artillery his, and a part of Solamon's, and the artillery of his command, 1100 or 1200 men, attacked a body of 6 000 traitors under Baynes and Parsons, seven miles east of Carthage, Jasper county, Mo., on the prairie. Many of the army were mounted, and had five pieces of artillery. The attack began at 9.50 A.M. with artillery, which broke the enemy's center twice, and although the solar of death has put a. to his existence every? of his life was without ||."

Atlantic Dates to July 12th.

[From Oregon Sentinel Extra, Sunday, 21st.]

Sacramento, July 16th.

The Pony arrived at Sand's Springs July 19th, with dates from St. Louis to July 12th.

The following is from the Sacramento Union's extra of July 20th.

St. Louis, July 12th.

It was reported July 7th that the Pocahom tas arrived off Mathias Point, and would bombard the rebels the moment they mounted guns on the fortifications erected.

Gen. Patterson sent for reinforcements several days ago, he supposes Gen. Johnson's forces consists of from 15,000 to 16,000 in fantry to great advantage. The bloodiest fight was when the traitors tried to prevent Sigel gaining a piece of woods where they could not use cavalry. The rebels were forced to withmalles from Martinsburg. Pattersons consumand is about 17,000 and he has twenty field pieces.

The latest information from Southern quarters says Beauregard personally commands at the smallest calculation, the enemy's loss was three hundred. The Fedral troops captured 81 half's firing. The enemy turned to outflank the Federal troops with their eavalry, cut off their baggage, but Sigel, by a retreating movement, kept up fire all the while and ordered the baggage train to advance. The enemy time the Federal troops with their eavalry, cut off their baggage, but Sigel, by a retreating movement, kept up fire all the while and ordered the baggage train to advance. The enemy to advance. The enemy to a retreating movement, kept up fire all the while and ordered the baggage train to advance. The enemy to a retreating movement, kept up fire all the while and ordered the baggage train to advance. The enemy to advance, but of their cavalry, and sust to cut off his communication with Carthage. Sigel's artillery was so placed as to give them a cross-fire, causing a train to advance. The enemy to advance, the first the baggage train to advance. The enemy to advance, the first the federal troops with their cavalry, cut off the twas first and their cavalry, and used in the first train to advance

tu ed 81 horses and picked up 65 double barreled shot-guns.

On Sunday morning General Lyon was in Leesville, and Major Sturges in Clinton, Henry county. They expected to form a junction ten miles south of Clinton that night, and march on to aid Sigel.

The Bill which passed the House July 10th, authorizes the Secretary of the Treasury, to borrow for twelve months \$250,000,000.

marvelously. Those of them now reaching us are more and more damaging to the cause of the Confederate States. It would be Carille was unanimously elected U. S. Senator of the long term, in place of Hunter and Whitman, Willey, of Monongolala county, for the short term in place of James M. Mason.

In the Honse, July 9th, Mr. Stevens on the Committee of Ways and Means, reported a bill for a National loan, and other purposes, also a bill providing payment of militia volunteers called into service by the President's proclamation of April 18th, from the time called till June 30th.

Carille was unanimously elected U. S. Senator in the power of the rebels since his letter of the 25th May, dated at New Orleans, has returned here. In that missive he begins to doubt the exaggerated boasts of the rebels respecting the number of armed men actually in the field in the South, and the amount of arms in the possession of the Confederate force." He begins to open his eyes to the proclamation of April 18th, from the time called till June 30th. Burnett of Kentucky, said he was fully satisfied the Hense would pass the bill boyond a
doubt, he should interpose no objection, but
men could not be had in sufficient numbers for Manassas Junction, June 23, 1861.—The correspondent of the Charleston Courier, with the bill passed. It appropriates six millions gives John Bull a nice little crow to pick with

they captured the St. Nicholas. Other of the strenger pirates are at liberty.

The Secretary of War has decided to detail officers captured in Texas, and discharged on parole, for duty at Forts Kearney and Laramie.

Government will send a sufficient force to the Overland route to protect the mails and the Property of the citizens. A considerable force of volunteer citizens will be sent to Salt force of volunteer citizens will be sent to Salt force of volunteer citizens will be sent to Salt force of volunteer citizens will be sent to Salt force of volunteer citizens will be sent to Salt force of volunteer citizens will be sent to Salt force of volunteer citizens will be sent to Salt force of volunteer citizens will be sent to Salt force of volunteer citizens will be sent to Salt force of volunteer citizens will be sent to Salt force of volunteer citizens will be sent to Salt force of volunteer citizens will be sent to Salt force of volunteer citizens will be sent to Salt force of volunteer citizens will be sent to Salt force of volunteer citizens will be sent to Salt force of volunteer citizens will be sent to Salt force of volunteer citizens will be sent to Salt force of volunteer citizens. Each engine will be complete in itself, and can be worked independent of the other.

can be worked independent of the other.

They will have two of Martin's patent tubular boilers, each having a grate surface of eighty-eight and five-sixths square feet, and 2,700 square feet of heating surface. An auxiliary engine and boiler will be attached to each for pumping purposses, and to propel a Dumphel blower to furnish draft to the furnaces. The screw will be fixed; not hoisting out of the water like those of steam frigates. saces. The screw will be fixed; not hoisting out of the water like those of steam frigates, and will be four bladed, of the most approved pattern. When these vessels are completed and ready for sea, about two hundred men, including officers, will be required to man them; and armed with twelve long 32 pounders and a 10-inch gun, and possibly an improved titled caneon, they will be a most resigned, and will be found on the side of the Unionists in Virginia. A serious quarrel is represented between Lee, Letcher and Wise. Magruder, Pryor and Jeff, Davis were called in to settle the matter, and laid Lee on the shelf, which enraged Letcher. Lee is now in Western Virginia raising forces to sustain the Union.

Gen. Buckner is in Washington, trying to recommend an armed neutrality in Kentucky and bars, banks and shoals which prevent the passage of larger vessels would not fall by these boats. Their speed should not fall short of from fourteen to fifteen knots under A memory just arrived from General McCook and Andrews made a recommissance of the enemy's position last night, and were fired upon—one man killed and two wounded. They advanced to within 350 yards of the en

AMERICAN POLICY OF ENGLAND AND FRANCE

ABERICAN POLICY OF EXCLAND AND PRANCE
IDENTICAL.—The London Stipping Gazette of
the 11th of June says, of the policy of the
French and English Governments:
The policy of the French Government, as
it respects the American civil war, is at length
declared. The Moniteur of this day announces it to be the Imperial resolve to maintain a os it to be the Imperial resolve to maintain a "strict neutrality between the Government of the Union and the States which pretend to form a seperate Confederation." The sympathics of the French Government may perhaps, without much difficulty, be inferred from the wording of this declaration, but it is obvious that the understanding between France and England on the American question is so far complete that it insuess in the overtaction of complete that it insures in the overt action of both governments a similarity of action as much as, under the existing state of things, we may have a right to expect from France or any other continental State

Connecticut has been noted for its wooden outnegs, but it will now be known down South for a greater achievement. A gun has been invented which will enable a regimert of a thousand men armed with it to throw fifteen thousand balls in one minute, and fifteen new