

THE APPROPRIATE QUARTZ LODES! UNPRECEDENTED YIELD!

On Wednesday evening Messrs. Anderson & Glenn, agents for the owners of this celebrated gold quartz lode, received 1,470 ounces and six dollars in gold, sent by the company, the product of ten tons of quartz rock, crushed in the arastra during the last fortnight! This gives an average of \$2,332 and a fraction to the ton—the largest yield, we believe, ever obtained in the history of quartz mining.

This extraordinary lode is situated on the right fork of Applegate Creek, about two hundred yards below the summit of the divide separating that stream from Brushy Creek, and is distant about fifteen miles from the store of W. W. Fowler & Co., on Applegate, in a westerly direction. It was discovered in February of last year, by Frank Fitterman and Wm. Billups, who afterwards joined with Capt. Barnes, John Ely, Wm. P. Ferris and George Hinckley, as a party to fairly prospect it, and an equal interest was given to W. W. Fowler and G. W. Keeler, who supplied the party with an outfit and provisions while engaged on their fortunate tour.

The lode is held in seven shares, of which Captain Barnes and John Ely own three; D. L. Hopkins, one; McKay & O'Brien, one; Fowler and Keeler, one; and Fowler and Anderson & Glenn, one. Four of the original owners, whose names are mentioned among the prospecting party above, have at one time and another sold their shares, some of them at low prices, and only one of them, we understand, at anything like a bargain—Ferris, who disposed of his interest a few weeks ago and left the county. The lode has been worked from the first on a most economical basis. Each full share was represented by one working hand, and occasionally an extra hand was employed. The company have only a single arastra, and in this quiet, easy manner they have been content to work their lode, without thought or desire for more costly machinery, or for an extra gang of men to facilitate the sinking of the drift and getting out of the quartz.

The net earnings of the lode previous to the product of the last fortnight, after paying every dollar of expense the company had been to from the first, and over and above wages paid to extra or substituted hands, together with estimated daily wages of each member, amounted to \$1,650 to the share—a very fair exhibit for quartz mining, when it generally happens that the first year's expenses make away with all the proceeds, and too frequently cuts a sad hole in the profits of the second year. And it is not the company alone that is benefited by this considerable acquisition to the wealth of the county. This whole community will feel the beneficial influence of this addition to the amount of gold brought from its idle resting place, to be sent through the various channels of trade and accommodation, at a time when gold is so much needed.

COMPLETE CENSUS RETURNS.—According to the late census, the total population of the States is 31,241,144; of which 27,241,791 are free, and 3,999,353 are slaves. The total population of the Territories, 406,346. The ratio of representation is 137,216. These figures reduce the members of Congress from 245 (as at present) to 241. Of the free States, Maine, Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Minnesota, each lose one Representative; Pennsylvania, Ohio, each, two; New York, three; Illinois, four; Wisconsin and Iowa, each, three; Michigan, two; California, two. Difference in favor of the free States, two. Of the slave States, Virginia, South Carolina, Tennessee and Kentucky, each lose two; North Carolina, Georgia and Alabama, each, lose one; Missouri and Texas, each, gain two; and Arkansas, one. Difference against the slave States, six. Adding Kansas, admitted since the table was compiled, with a population of 143,645, entitled to one Representative, would give a gain of three members to the North. Under the new apportionment, counting in the Seceding States, the full representation of the slaveholding States will be 84; that of the free States, including Kansas, 158—a majority of 74 in favor of the latter. Reckoning the States that have not passed Secession Ordinances, the slave States would have only 53 members—105 less than the number to which the North is entitled. The population of the Pacific coast is as follows: Oregon, 52,846; California, 284,770; Washington Territory, 11,624. Utah is given at 50,000 in round numbers.

The Mines. General Intelligence.

With a single exception, the reports we have from the various mining localities in the county are more than ordinarily cheering. In nearly all the diggings, the washing process has begun, and will be steadily prosecuted until a final clearing up of the season's labor so far is had. Water is generally plentifully supplied, and by means of ditches, dams and reservoirs, enough is likely to be furnished until early in the ensuing Summer, which will give the miners one or two months longer employment than is usually afforded.

At Sterling diggings, over one hundred men are engaged, all making fair average wages,—from three to five dollars per day,—and some doing much better. Water is rarely had in these diggings beyond the early Spring, but this year the supply promises to continue until June.

New diggings were discovered on the main fork of Applegate creek, about eighteen miles above Sterling, a few weeks ago, which have prospected five dollars a day to the hand with pan and rocker. Quite a number have already commenced operations there, and we are told that claims are staked along the creek for five or six miles. The creek claims can be worked during the greater portion of the year.

About twenty miners are at work at Sixtiety City diggings, which were quite noted for a few months of last year, and afterwards became almost forgotten. This season, the claims are paying good wages generally, but there is little doubt that the extent of the auriferous soil is limited. The few claims now worked will probably pay good wages for years.

The claims at Bankum, at the mouth of Sterling creek, yielded from fair to very good wages. Proctor & Co, took from a second washing during last week about \$250, and the first washing yielded even richer. One or two other claims have done equally as well. The ditches of Gallagher and of some others give plenty of water.

From Humburg creek our reports are not very full. Between sixty and seventy men are busily at work there, all of them doing fairly. A very few have commenced washing up yet, as they wish to make the most of the water still afforded, in ground sluicing. Our informant thinks that when all of them get fairly under way at washing, the average yield from that locality will be fully \$1000 per day. Some claims have been worked since the season first opened without any cleaning up, and in known rich placers.

The Willow Springs mines continue to pay well, and a goodly supply of water is had, which by means of dams will last for weeks yet. A gentleman from there assures us that very few claims pay less than five dollars per day to the hand, and some yield as high as twelve dollars per day.

The reports from Foote's creek, Gall's, Sam's creek, Perkins', Table Rock, and below Hogue river, are generally favorable. No specific earnings are given us, but average wages are said to be made at each place.

Lower Applegate gives usual good report. An abundance of water, and steady-going wages from one week's end to another. The Chinese claims seem to pay even better than usual, although nothing definite can be ascertained from "John," as to his general luck.

Up Jackson creek, the miners are to a man hard at work, and a few of them have begun cleaning up. We are told of two claims that have paid handsomely, better in fact, than they did last year.

From Rich Gulch, Poor Man's creek, left Fork of Jackson creek, Missouri Gulch, and one or two other localities, we get no specific reports, but rumors of "all well and doing well."

The Mines. General Intelligence.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—Colonel Hayne, in reply to the President-to-day, says: Although his emphatic refusal of my demand closes the mission, he wishes to correct the impression that he has taken to purchase Fort Sumter. Carolina would make no compromise for its return to property, but the idea of purchase is entirely inconsistent with the assertion of paramount right in the purchaser. Carolina claims to have dissolved political connection, and destroyed all political relations of her Government with everything within her borders. She is a separate and independent government, claiming a sovereignty over every foot of soil, except Sumter. The avowed intention to hold Sumter as a military post for a foreign Government leaves the authorities there to determine the proper course to be pursued. He asks the President if he was aware that the holding of a fortress by a foreign power against the will of the authorities is the highest crime known to the law of nations, and that he had taken Sumter as a military post, without the consent of the Government, which has been given him, and that he has taken Sumter as a military post, without the consent of the Government, which has been given him, and that he has taken Sumter as a military post, without the consent of the Government, which has been given him.

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Meteorological Table for February.

Table with columns for temperature (Thermometer, mean, 41.03), precipitation (Rain, 2.72), and other weather data for February 1861.

MARRIED.

Near Jacksonville, February 26th, MARTHA ELLIS, daughter of JAMES HANSEN, aged 16 years, to Miss SARAH J. CROXTON, both of Josephine county, Oregon.

DIED.

Near Jacksonville, February 26th, MARTHA ELLIS, daughter of JAMES HANSEN, aged 16 years, and 7 months.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HAINES & BRO. (FINE PROOF STORE) Corner California & Oregon Sts. TO THE PUBLIC. WE have reduced our prices to suit the times. For sale, a large and varied assortment of

CLOTHING. Furnishing Goods, At very low rates, FOR CASH. For sale, 100 cases and cartons of Boots, Shoes and Gaiters, for Ladies, Gents, and Children.

For sale, an extensive stock of Men's, Boys' and Children's HATS. For sale, a full stock of Groceries.

For sale, a large assortment of best brands of LIQUORS, WINES, CORDIALS, BITTERS AND SYRUPS. For sale, Tobacco, Cigars, Matches, Flour, Butter, Eggs, and CORNMEAL, Freshly ground.

CALL AND EXAMINE. March 9, 1861.

TO ARRIVE. In a few days we shall be in receipt of the first shipment of

SPRING GOODS for this market, among which we would mention—100 gallons Combs, 50 boxes Candles, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, etc.

WAGNER, MORGAN & CO. POTATOES, Onions, Oregon Beans, Onion Sets, Onion and Timothy Seed, for sale by WAGNER, MORGAN & CO.

Eggs, Butter, Lard and Bacon always on hand, and for sale. WAGNER, MORGAN & CO. March 9, '61.

TEAS, TEAS! TO the lovers of Extra Fine Tea we have to offer—Japan Tea, in half pound paper, of superior quality; Extra fine Black Tea, in bulk; Extra fine Green Tea, in bulk; All grades of choice Teas, in bulk. For sale at the lowest rates.

WAGNER, MORGAN & CO. Reduction in Prices! BLACKSMITHING. BEST WORK DONE AT LOWEST RATES.

The undersigned announces to present patrons and the public that he has reduced the price for all kinds of work in his line, to conform to the times.

It is in the building formerly occupied by Wm. Burke, on California Street, directly East of Choppey & Drew's Stable. Every species of work done in the best manner and with quick dispatch. Plough Irons made and repaired. WAGON, CARRIAGE AND STAGE WORK. Executed in the neatest and strongest manner.

Mining Tools, Picks, Bars, &c., made to order, of the very best materials, in the most approved styles. Particular attention given to HORSE-SHOING, for which the price is reduced to \$2 and \$4 per SHOE. PLATES made and fitted exactly to order. His stock of Iron and Steel is of first quality, and all work done at his shop WASHINGTON.

Painted by ALEXANDER MARTIN. Jacksonville, March 9, 1861. mhb:rd

PAINTER & CO., Practical Printers and Dealers in Type, Engraving, Printing Materials, &c. J. B. PAINTER, J. M. PAINTER, J. R. PAINTER. 510 (1st St., above Sanson), SAN FRANCISCO. Offices fitted out with dispatch. mhb:rd

Dissolution Notice. THE partnership heretofore existing between HENRY JUDGE and J. R. EMRY, under the name and style of JUDGE & EMRY, engaged in the Harness and Saddlery Business, was dissolved on the 24th day of March, 1861. The accounts of the firm will be settled by either of the undersigned, and either of them will sign in liquidation of all debts due the concern.

HENRY JUDGE, J. R. EMRY. Jacksonville, March 24, 1861. mhb:rd

Dissolution Notice. THE partnership heretofore existing between WENDELL HOBBS and JAMES HANSEN, in the Steaming and Heavy Business, in Jacksonville, is dissolved by mutual consent. MR. HANSEN withdrawing from the firm. WENDELL HOBBS will continue the business at the old stand, to whom all debts due the firm must be paid, and all indebtedness of the firm will be liquidated by him. Jacksonville, March 2, 1861. mhb:rd