

TERMS:
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Entered at the Postoffice at Jacksonville, Ore., as Second Class Mail Matter

JUDGE BURNETT of Salem has been elected president of the Oregon Bar Association. Judge Benson of Klamath Falls is one of the vice-presidents.

SENATOR QUARLES of Wisconsin has reintroduced his bill to repeal the timber and stone, desert land and homestead commutation laws. This bill, which was favorably reported to the Senate last session, provides no substitutes for the existing laws.

A NEW YORK WOMAN, protesting against the law forbidding the employment of married women teachers in the public schools, acidly remarks: "The average wife spends less time in looking after her husband than the average young school teacher spends in looking for one." Here is one incident in the controversy that seems to be closed.

THE new republic of Panama has about 300,000 people—about three-fifths the present number in Oregon. The officials of the newly-made republic are already proposing to enter into a treaty with the United States for the canal; but they want the \$40,000,000 offered to Colombia and \$250,000 a year rental after the completion of the canal. That amount of money would pay the expenses of all the government of those 300,000 people would need for a long time, and leave enough in reason for their grateful smiles.

So successful has been the project of colonizing southern negroes in the Pacific Northwest, that several hundred young colored men and women are to be brought to the Puget Sound country as rapidly as possible. The plan is part of a movement started in Boston to transfer southern negroes to northern homes. Most of them are well satisfied, though they were at first homesick, and have written encouraging letters to their former homes. The people of Washington may soon discover that the South is right in its estimate of the colored race.

THE annual report of the adjutant-general of the army shows the present land strength of the army to be 3,600 officers; 55,500 enlisted men, and 800 hospital corps and Philippine scouts. Of this 16,000 are in the Philippines; 43,000 in the United States, and the remainder are distributed in Alaska, Hawaii, China and Porto Rico. Twenty-five officers and 387 enlisted men died of wounds and disease during the past year. The most startling figures are those showing 5,000 desertions and nearly 10,000 discharged for delinquency. The total organized militia is 160,000.

THE United States Army requires about 20,000 recruits a year to keep its ranks filled. It is stated that not since the Spanish war has there been such a recruit in the United States army as at the present time. With so many avenues open to fame and fortune in civil life it may seem strange that a young man will cut himself off from the rest of the world to become a soldier. If the error were in love he must forget that pretty face now. A recruit can not be a married man. If he has ever had dreams of wealth he must clear his brain of them. For the three years of his term he will have his food and clothes and a few hundred a year. He will get \$13 a month the first and second years, \$14 the next and \$15 the fourth and fifth year.

EVERY STUDENT of racial conditions in the United States and of the effects of the present lack of restraint on the admission of the Japanese into this country knows it will prove disastrous soon or later. The little brown men are invading every industry and calling in the country, just as the Chinese formerly did, but with greater vigor and energy, and they are menacing the well-being of our own people in the competition with white labor, in which they are actively engaged. If we allow their incoming to go on much longer without restriction we shall be confronted with a race problem more serious than that created by the Mongolian invasion, for the reason that the Japanese are more energetic and aggressive. While they accommodate themselves more nearly to our civilization than the Chinese do, and are less offensive in their mode of living and social habits, they are as unassimilable as socially and politically, and equally objectionable as a disturbing element in our industrial conditions. It is quite essential, therefore, that their admission to the U. S. A. should be put under the same kind of restraint, and the sooner Congress applies the restrictions of the exclusion laws to all Asiatics the quicker the menace of a Japanese invasion will be removed.

THE TURN OF THE TIDE

Trust Prosperity Induced by Protection at an End.

INEVITABLE DECLINE IN WAGES.

Production Curtailed Because of Decreased Demand—Foreign Countries Adjust Their Tariffs for the Purpose of Excluding American Products.

In these days of retrenchment and sagging exports, which are the natural results of a high protective tariff, our manufacturers have been looking for markets abroad that were not walled in by a protective tariff against them. The British colonies in South Africa seemed the best field for exploiting, and quite a nice business was springing up in that direction. The department of commerce now includes the bureau of statistics, was quick to call attention to our increased trade with South Africa, and the protectionist organs pointed to it as an example of foreign trade that had been reduced by our own protection wall. But, alas, those wicked Britishers, who are free traders at home, where they cannot raise enough necessities to supply themselves, when transplanted to a new country, with infant industries, which they are trying to build up, have determined on protection.

The department of commerce now informs us that all British territory in South Africa has put in operation a preferential tariff system in favor of Great Britain of 25 per cent. This will soon wipe out the trade that our exporters have built up with such expense and care. The business thus lost with South Africa amounted to \$20,000,000, or about one-fourth of what the same territory brought from England, and the amount was increased with surprising rapidity. In 1898 our trade there amounted to only one-tenth of that of the British, which shows the great increase since that date.

Our trade with Canada is being cut off in exactly the same manner, and all the European governments are also raising their tariff walls higher and higher against us. The principal sufferers by this system of protection adopted by other countries will be the American workman and farmer. Both will be cut off from markets for the surplus they produce and above that the people of the United States can consume. The workmen will suffer by the decreased demand for what they manufacture and the farmers by the decreased markets for their surplus. As the demand decreases prices for products fall and wages decline, which is the immediate result that may be looked for in this country. In fact, the process has already begun, and some of the greater manufacturers, the trusts, have already notified their workmen that the reduction must be made. The steel trust has posted notices that on Jan. 1 a new agreement with its employees will be necessary. The Dover (N. J.) Index of Oct. 2 says:

"Some of the employees of the mines in this section have received notice that their wages will be cut 15 cents per day, and it is said that the same rule is to prevail in all of the mines in the country in the course of a few days. This is occasioned by the big slump in steel and a consequent reduction in the price of pig iron."

That is from a local newspaper published in the iron mine region, and the information, therefore, comes at first hand.

A Chicago special correspondent of the New York Evening Post of Sept. 30 says:

"The railroads and machine shops are not using as many men as recently. The night shifts have in a number of instances been discontinued, owing to a falling off in business."

Thus we have the natural result of protection brought home to us by the efforts of other countries to preserve their markets for their own goods. As the foreign demand for our surplus productions decreases we must reduce our output. To reduce means men out of work and lower wages.

During the height of the trust boom that has now run its course wages have been increased, but with the beginning to fall, and only the best skilled workmen will find steady employment. The protectionists would have us believe that the Dingley bill, if untouched, will continue prosperity, but the fact shows that it has led to trust and monopolies raised the price of living far beyond the increase of wages, forced countries to increase their tariff wall against American products and produced a panic in the stock market which seems destined to extend to all branches of trade.

That the tariff has been the mother of trusts was a sworn statement of one of the great trust magnates and that the trusts have been selling their products cheaper to foreigners than to our own people has been proved, yet with all this evidence of the harm that the protective tariff has done and is doing the Republican leaders have determined not to reduce or reform it and are already engaged in packing the committee of the coming congress so that the subject cannot even be considered.

Not Settled.

The Republican party organs are maintaining that the Philippine question is settled because we have resolution of the islands. Abraham Lincoln once said no question was ever settled until it was settled right, and a nation could not exist half bond and half free. What he said in the sixties suits the condition now just as exactly as it did then and is just as eternally true—Portsmouth (O.) Times.

CASTORIA.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature
Castor

An Important Decision.

The recent decision of the general land office in the case of Ingram vs. Erickson, in which the title to 100 acres of land was involved, and in which a decision was rendered favoring the contestant, is one of vast and wide-spread importance. Ingram contested Erickson's claim on the ground that when Erickson filed on the claim he was already the possessor of 100 acres of land, and for that reason he was not entitled to any advantage of the homestead act. Hundreds of people in the Pacific coast states will be affected by the decision, as any claim homesteaded by a person who was already in possession of 100 acres of land may be contested, no matter if he has already proved up on the claim.

POLITICAL PROMISES.

Republican Treachery Shocks One of the Party's Spellingbooks.

Hon. B. S. Rodey, who represents New Mexico in congress and who is considered a Republican spellbinder of prominence, was invited by Chairman Dick of the Ohio Republican state committee to stump Ohio this fall. He promptly refused, giving this reason: "There is one statement in the Republican platform of Ohio to which I cannot consistently subscribe, and that is the statement that Senator Hanna's reelection is a distinct national demand. I was so shocked by his action on the floor of the United States senate on the 20th of last January, repudiating the promises of the Republican party to the territories, although he was chairman of the national Republican party, that I cannot conscientiously take any part in the campaign to re-elect him."

The pledge to give the territories statehood was but one of the promises that were made by the Republican national convention. Reciprocity was promised, but the reciprocity treaties which were negotiated by McKinley have never been ratified. And yet the protective duties of the Dingley bill were purposely placed so high that the concession made to foreign countries under the treaties negotiated would still leave ample protection to the trusts. But the trusts wanted the sugar that the tariff bill gave them, and their influence with the Republican congress was sufficient to prevent the ratification of the reciprocity treaties.

The promise in the Republican platform to favor legislation that would prevent monopolies, "to limit production or to control prices," has not been redeemed and never will be until the present leaders of the Republican party are retired to private life, for the trusts and monopolies furnish their bread of life—campaign funds.

The promises to labor have not been redeemed. The Republican platform declared, "We favor a more effective restriction of the immigration of cheap labor from foreign countries." That this promise has not been kept is plain from the fact that the present immigration exceeds that of any other year in the history of the country.

In fact, the exception is where the promises made in the national Republican platform have been redeemed, yet all Mr. Rodey objects to is that the comparatively small promise made to the territories was repudiated by Senator Hanna. Neither he nor any other Republican of prominence is refusing to go on the stump because the greater promises that affect vast numbers of the people, and some of them all the people, have been forgotten or purposely overlooked.

Republican promises are, most of them, intended to fool the people, and they do fool a good many of them, but not all of them always.

Sh-h-h! The Baby's Sick!



What will Papa Morgan do with the infant?

Protection Ran Mad.

Window glass is a necessity in all northern latitudes, and yet the people of the United States support the policy of a high tariff that prevents competition in that necessary article. The duty on window glass was increased nearly 100 per cent by the passage of the Dingley bill and was intended to be prohibitive of the importation of glass manufactured in foreign countries. Having procured this monopoly of window glass, the combine that controls the manufacture of it has doubled the price, and the market is much oversupplied. Instead of reducing the price, the trust shut down the factories, the number of workmen and entered into a combination with the window glass trust not to furnish glass blowers for independent or rival factories, they have cut off all avenue of employment until the trust can start the fire again.

This is protection run mad, to the undoing of the American people. The window glass trust is protected by the tariff of 60 to 100 per cent and is charging double to its product is worth. The latest news is paid enormous wages when employed, but is less than half the time, so the yearly income of the glass blowers is not more than half what their per diem rate is.

They Are Good to Their Mother.

The mother of all trusts is the customs tariff bill. It is the government, through its tariff laws, which plunders the people, and the trusts, etc., are merely the machinery for doing it.

GRAND CHRISTMAS RAFFLE.

A raffle for \$100 in U. S. gold coin will take place at the Banquet Saloon in Jacksonville on Thursday night, Dec. 24, 1903. The person throwing the highest number with dice will get \$75, and the lowest throw takes the remaining \$25. Claims will range from one cent to \$1. A fine turkey supper will be set after the raffle, and will be conducted to insure general satisfaction.

New Way of Using Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.

Arthur Chapman writing from Durban, Natal, South Africa, says: "As a proud host Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is a cure for old and young. I pen you the following: A neighbor of mine had a child just over two months old. It had a very bad cough and the parents did not know what to give it. I suggested that if they would get a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and put some upon the dummy that the baby was sucking, it would no doubt cure the child. This they did and brought about a quick relief and cured the baby." This remedy is for sale by all druggists.

BRIEF MENTION.

Mrs. O. Crawford spent several hours in Medford Wednesday.

O. E. Burchell is furnishing the Jacksonville market with hay.

E. C. Hart has returned from his trip to Northern California.

Jack Cline, the foot-ball player, is spending the winter at Ashland.

Miss Louise Whitney of Ashland has returned from her southern trip.

Amos McKee of Applegate was among those in our city during the week.

Jas. Geary of Elk Creek, the stockman, has been in Douglas county lately.

Jas. Eaton, who has been at Jacksonville for several weeks, is in Medford again.

A. H. Jones has purchased Jack Fenton's interest in the Ashland Iron Works.

Alfalfa hay has been boosted \$2 a ton higher, \$14 at the barn now being asked by some.

Wm. Faber, president of the Albany Brewing Co., made Ashland a visit a few days ago.

D. M. Gilliland, who became a resident of Meadows precinct last year, has left those parts.

Miss Amanda Helms, who has been visiting at Portland and Eugene, returned home Friday.

Mrs. Addie B. Colvig, who is grand child of the Degree of Honor, has been at Salem on an official visit.

The mother of Mrs. Frank Heberle of Ashland died at Chico, Calif., Nov. 16th, of consumption, aged 57 years.

Geo. W. Nichols, V. Von der Hellen, John Rader and others have been in the upper valley, on the annual rodeo.

John J. O'Neil, the locomotive engineer, has resigned his position and gone to California, in search of a location.

Clinton Textor, an attorney who hails from Medford, Wis., was in town Friday, on his way to Applegate, where he has a homestead.

J. A. Julien, one of the prominent young men of Siskiyou county, Cal., tarried in Medford last night, while en route home from Portland.

Mr. Shasta No. 642, Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, are making great preparations for a grand ball at Ashland.

Guaranteed Forest Reserve Scrip for sale in large or small quantities, by Frank E. Alley, upstairs over Land Office, Roseburg, Oregon. Will place same for non-resident purchasers.

John Ritter, who has been in Klamath county during the past two years, returned to Slate creek, Josephine Co., last week.

Mrs. Mary Middlebush has been appointed postmaster at Trail, succeeding Mrs. Sarapta Inlow, who has removed to Ashland.

Wilbur Cameron is the champion bear hunter of Applegate this season, having killed three of the animals in one day recently.

Mrs. Emma Northrup, who has been adjudged insane, was taken to Salem Wednesday evening by Emmett Barkdull and Mrs. D. W. Hazel.

Alex. Martin, Sr., after spending several months in Klamath county, looking after his business interests, has returned to Oakland, Calif.

Dr. and Mrs. Chas. Hines of Hillsboro have been visiting on Applegate, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Devlin and Hon. and Mrs. Miles Cantrall.

J. N. and Harry Hayes, also Smith Bros., J. T. Miller and J. H. Ring, who reside in Siskiyou county, were witnesses in the case of the State vs. Hoskins.

E. H. Autenrieth of Sisson, Calif., the attorney, who is well known in this valley, and Mrs. Emma H. Sutton of Dunsmuir were married at Sacramento, Calif., Nov. 7th.

Benton Bowers, the Ashland capitalist, has traded a farm in Linn county for Wm. Spencer's ranch, located near Jolo. He has already shipped a carload of stock thither.

Clay Patterson, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. Patterson of Talent precinct, has returned from Sacramento, where he has been receiving medical treatment. His health is somewhat improved.

While P. H. Dally, county school superintendent, was hunting ducks on the Desert, not long since, his shotgun exploded. He fortunately escaped serious injuries, receiving only a gash in the head.

R. H. Dewitt, a prominent citizen of Yreka, Calif., and Nort. Hawkins, a well-known commercial traveler, were in our town Friday evening. The latter will soon be married to Miss Ella Burrows, one of the belles of Walla Walla, Wash.

Messrs. Elliott and Woods, who are looking after the lands belonging to the O. & C. R. R. Co., have been in this section lately. They report some depredations, especially in the vicinity of Sterlingville.

Blue-prints maps of any township in Oregon, Land District, showing all the vacant lands, for 50 cents each. If you want any information from the U. S. Land Office, address Title Guaranty & Loan Co., Roseburg, Oregon.

Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Graham, who have been stopping in Jacksonville for some time, left for Spokane, Wash., Thursday. Mrs. G.'s cousin accompanied them, also G.'s cousin Hoffman, who has been visiting at the county seat.

Mollie Combs, formerly, Knights plar, of Grants Pass, will receive its charter Nov. 30th, which will be made the occasion of an official visit of Geo. H. Hill, eminent grand commander, and other officers of the Oregon Commandery.

Wm. Vineyard, the man who is accused of burning four big stacks of hay in Warner Valley, has surrendered himself to Sheriff Dunlap. He denies his guilt and claims that he can prove an alibi. His brother is wanted for the same crime.

John S. Herrin, who is engaged in raising fine sheep near Ashland, was here a few days since. He is 70 years old, but still vigorous and actively engaged in business. His eldest son, Wm. F., who is an eminent lawyer, is chief counsel of the S. P. Co., and receives the princely salary of \$70,000 a year.

A large number of hogs are being shipped out of the valley by J. W. Wiley, R. C. Hensley and others. The price has fallen to four cents a pound, and may go still lower. Feed is very high everywhere, even in the East.

W. J. Boosey, who lives a few miles south of Jacksonville, was arrested Wednesday by Sheriff Rader, charged with trespassing on the land of Mr. Clark. He was tried in Justice Pymale's court and bound over. Mr. B. is an old offender in this line.

J. M. Rader, sheriff and tax collector of Jacksonville, gives notice that he will sell the real estate of delinquent taxpayers, as a new provision, on Friday, Dec. 18, 1903. The list is not as large as usual, and will be smaller still when the day of sale arrives.

H. C. Smith and Miss Sadie Bristow, both of whom are blind, were married at Keno, Klamath county, Wednesday last. Both were once able to see, although bereft of sight for about 20 years. Neither is helpless because of this affliction, by any means, as they attend to their daily duties almost as well as if they were not blind.

The Ashland cannery, which has been conducted by Chas. H. Pierce, during the past season put up 21 tons of peaches, 15 tons of Bartlett pears, 10 tons of string beans, 7 tons of blackberries and a large quantity of tomatoes, all of which are of an excellent quality and command a ready sale. About 50 persons were employed during the four months the cannery was in operation.

We would again call the attention of our readers to the convention of the Northwestern Fruit Growers' Association, which will be held at Portland Jan. 12-14, 1904. It will be full of benefit to the horticulturists of Southern Oregon, and we hope that they will lend their assistance in making it a success. Jos. W. Olwell will take pleasure in seeing that any exhibits they wish to make will be properly taken care of. Let them of the best and plentiful.

The Iowa Lumber Co. has leased a tract of land lying in the northwestern portion of Medford and belonging to Prof. Narregon and C. W. Palm. It has also applied to the O. & C. R. R. Co. for the use of the block adjoining. The company intends to operate on a large scale and must have plenty of room. It has already begun preparations for the installation of its plant in Medford, which will be proceeded with as rapidly as possible.

Professor A. P. Armstrong is rapidly improving his Laurels Farm, which is located two miles north of Jacksonville. Recently he purchased the Reynolds Springs, which are but a short distance west of his place, and also the right of way, so that he may pipe the water to his house and to several places on the farm. The springs have a strong flow of pure, cold water, and are perennial, not having failed to flow even in the driest seasons, since they were discovered in 1852.

The Oregon game law has been very effective this season, so far as the market hunters near the state line are concerned. There have been none on the Oregon side of Little Klamath Lake, and all the hunters on Tuolumne Lake are on the other side, thanks to Mont. Hutchison, deputy game warden. If the California game law was as strictly enforced on that part of Tuolumne Lake that lies in that state as has been on the Oregon side this season, hunting ducks for the market by the wholesale would soon be a thing of the past there.

Constipation.

Health is absolutely impossible if constipation be present. Many serious cases of liver and kidney complaint have sprung from neglected constipation. Such a deplorable condition is unnecessary. There is a cure. If the California remedy matters, C. A. Lindsay, P. M., Bronson, Fla., writes: "Having tried Herbine, I find it a fine medicine for constipation." See bottle. Sold by Dr. J. Hinkle, Central Point, Ore.

Supreme Court Decisions.

LAKE COUNTY VS. NELSON BONDSMEN.

Lake county, respondent, vs. A. J. Nelson et al., appellants, for Jackson county, H. K. Hane, judge, reversed; opinion by Justice Wolcott.

Nelson was sheriff of Lake county, and defendants J. Franki, George Jammertal, A. McCallen and J. E. Bernard were his sureties. Nelson defaulted, and this suit was brought to recover on his official undertaking, which was executed May 6, 1899. At the trial the jury was instructed that the sureties would be liable for money collected by Nelson before the undertaking was given and still in his hands, and that it would be presumed that he held and in his hands all money collected and not turned over to the county. This presumption, the jury was told, could be overcome only by direct and positive evidence. The Supreme Court holds that the presumption may be overcome by either direct or indirect evidence, and for this error the case is reversed and remanded for new trial.

ANDERSON VS. ADAMS.

R. C. Anderson, respondent, vs. J. F. Adams, appellant, from Klamath county, H. L. Benson, judge, affirmed; opinion by Chief Justice Moore.

This was an action to recover damages from an agent for the breach of an agreement made in excess of his authority. The Supreme Court holds, as did the lower court, that "an agent who makes a contract on behalf of his principal in excess of his authority is, on the repudiation of the agreement by the principal, personally liable thereon, though he made no false representations concerning his authority, and as he impliedly warranted that he was empowered to do the contract, the action will be sustained as in contract instead of in tort."

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out of an attack of

Rheumatism or Neuralgia

Is to use

St. Jacobs Oil

Which affords not only relief, but a prompt cure. It soothes, subdues, and ends the suffering.

Price, 25c. and 50c.

NOTWITHSTANDING his threat that he would not convene the Legislature unless he was assured that it would consider nothing but the passage of a tax law, Gov. Chamberlain has issued a call to the members of the Legislative Assembly of the State of Oregon, commanding them to meet at the Capitol building in Salem on Monday, December 21, 1903, for the purpose of convening an extraordinary session of the Legislature to enact a law to provide for the levy of taxes on the assessment rolls for the year 1903. The Governor also issued writs of election to the sheriffs of Klamath, Lake, Crook and Grant counties for holding a special election to choose a senator to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of J. N. Williamson, and to the sheriff of Clatsop county to hold a special election to fill the vacancy in the senatorship caused by the resignation of C. W. Fulton.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is Pleasant to Take

The finest quality of granulated loaf sugar is used in the manufacture of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, and the roots used in its preparation give it a flavor similar to maple syrup, making it quite pleasant to take. W. L. Roderick, of Pikesville, Md., in speaking of this remedy, says: "I have used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and can truthfully say it is the best preparation of the kind I know of. The children like to take it and it has no injurious after effect. For sale by all druggists."

The Average Man.

The factor which is overlooked by those who fear the ascendancy of any quixotic notion is the existence of the average man. This individual is not a striking personality, but he holds the balance of power. Before any extravagant idea can establish itself it must convert the average man. He is very susceptible and takes a suggestion so readily that it seems to prophesy the complete overthrow of the existing order of things. But the best theologians say no. A great deal of the old Adam is always left over. When the average man takes up with a quixotic notion, only so much of it is practically wrought out as he is able to comprehend. The old Adam of common sense continually asserts itself. The natural corrective of quixotism is Sancho Panza. The solemn knight, with his head full of visionary plans, is followed by a squire who is as faithful as his nature will permit. Sancho has no theories and makes no demands on the world. He leaves that sort of thing to his master. He has the fatalism which belongs to ignorant good nature and the tolerance which is found in easy going persons who have neither ideals nor nerves. He has no illusions, though he has all the credulity of ignorance—S. M. Crothers in Atlantic.

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