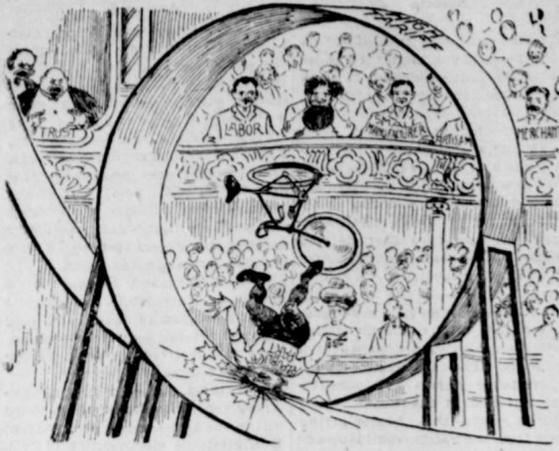


### A TERRIBLE TUMBLE.



The trick rider is fatally injured in attempting to loop the high tariff loop.

### PROTECTION OF LABOR

#### Republican Methods Embrace Low Wages and High Prices.

#### THE CASE OF THE COAL MINERS.

President Mitchell Exposes the False and Misleading Statements of the Coal Barons—Producer and Consumer the Prey of the Railroad Trust.

President John Mitchell of the United Mine Workers of America has issued a strong, conservative statement in reply to the letters published by the mine operators. He gives as the reason for holding back this statement of the miners' case, "We have hesitated to utter any word or to take any position that would impede or embarrass easy reconciliation with the coal operators." Every effort was made by the miners to settle the matter in dispute by arbitration, but every proposition was met by the operators with the reply that there was really nothing to arbitrate. This puts the whole responsibility for the strike upon the coal magnates.

Mr. Mitchell shows that the mine workers are the most poorly paid laborers in any important American industry. They work less than 200 days in a year, receiving \$1.42 for a day of ten hours. The annual earnings of a worker are less than \$300. President Mitchell comments:

"Such pay may supply a living on a par with some classes of European laborers, but who will say that it is sufficient to support American citizenship or enable parents to educate and properly maintain their families?"

The 10 per cent increase in wages granted two years ago by the operators has not benefited the miners. A large portion of the advance was paid back to the companies. Moreover, the cost of living has increased from 30 to 40 per cent, so that the purchasing power of miners' wages is less than before the strike of 1900. The assertion of the coal magnates that the efficiency of mine workers had decreased 12 1/2 per cent in 1901 is contradicted by the official reports, which show a decided increase in the output per man.

The railroad presidents who form the coal trust claim that they cannot pay the mine workers decent wages without raising the price of coal to consumers and thus causing great hardship. This generous consideration for the consuming public has not been conspicuous in the conduct of the coal barons heretofore. Mr. Mitchell points to the rise in the price of coal since the strike began and shows the hypocrisy of the operators' affected solicitude. From the government reports he shows that the coal companies have made larger profits than ever before. Accepting President Olyphant's statement that the cost of mining coal for 1901 has increased 13 cents per ton, it is obvious that the coal companies are not doing anything when they have been selling coal at an advance of 39 cents per ton above the price of 1900. This enormous increase has been extorted from the consumer while no increase in wages has been given. When the miners make a reasonable demand for more wages, the operators suddenly become very solicitous for the consumer, whom they have so cheerfully robbed heretofore, and appeal to the people for sympathy in their struggle against the labor unions which would advance the price of coal by demanding a living wage for the mine workers. Such devotion to the public interest is inspiring!

The offer made by President Baer of the coal trust to submit its books to the examination of the labor unions to prove that the earnings of the miners would not permit an increase of wages appears very fair at first sight. President Mitchell shows the brazen impudence of the proposition as follows:

"Eighty-five or 90 per cent of all coal produced in the anthracite regions is from mines owned and operated by the various coal carrying railroads. The freight charges for hauling a ton of anthracite coal one mile are three times as great as those of other roads for hauling a ton of bituminous coal one mile, and as a consequence the coal departments, while actually earning enormous profits on a legitimate business, may not appear to be losing money, for the reason that the railway departments absorb the profits of the coal departments by charging the coal departments exorbitant freight rates

They thus rob Peter to pay Paul. It cannot be said in extenuation that there is any peculiar necessity for this triple charge on hard coal, for all other kinds of freight, very much more troublesome to handle and more perishable, are carried at a far lower rate."

No one can accuse Mr. Mitchell of exaggeration or intemperance of language. On the contrary, he has rather understated than overstated the facts and has used language too mild to express the conditions. Anthracite coal can be carried at less cost and trouble than can almost any other commodity because it is easier to handle and practically imperishable.

When the coal companies sell coal, they are not given to overloading. When they haul coal, they call 2,240 pounds a ton, but when they pay the miner they demand that 2,740 to 3,190 pounds shall be called a ton. The operators claim this extra amount is to make up for unmarketable impurities. This would be just if it were true. In fact, the companies deduct 10 to 15 per cent from the earnings of the miners for any refuse that may be loaded. All the miners ask is that the coal they produce shall be honestly weighed and correctly recorded.

Statistics prove that the miner's life is one of great hardship and risk, yet he receives lower pay than almost any other class of laborers. The protectionists have the miner's good very much at heart. It is a wonder the Dingley law didn't put a duty on anthracite coal in order to "protect" the miners, although not a pound of anthracite coal is produced outside of the United States. Such a piece of legislation would be of the same piece with the "protective" duties on wheat, corn, oats and other farm products exported by the United States in large quantities and never imported practically. No doubt the wise protectionist will ascribe the hard conditions of the miner's lot in the anthracite belt to the fact that nature made it impossible for Mr. Dingley to "protect" him from the importation of anthracite produced by European "panper labor." But the protectionists have not forgotten the miner. They have protected everything the miner uses, so that he has to pay 25 to 100 per cent more to live. Then they tell him how comfortable and happy he is, all because he is "protected." The miner is beginning to see that he has been made a dupe by these wily myrmidons of the trusts.

The most important factor in the anthracite question, however, is the frauds. The flagrant violations of every principle of fair dealing by the coal roads must be stopped. It can and will be done. The Republican party has always legislated for the big producer, never for the wage earner and the consumer. The Republican leaders in Pennsylvania know very well that the coal roads own and operate the mines in open violation of the law. Republicans everywhere know that the coal trust is one of the worst of all the evil trusts, yet they make no move to use the power of government to curb this band of outlaws. The Democratic party has taken its stand boldly for "a fair field and no favor." It has pledged itself to put an end to monopolistic restraints upon trade. The miners have had enough of paying tribute to the trusts in the shape of higher prices and lower wages. They are ready to vote for the principles of true Democracy, honest government economically administered for the benefit of the people, instead of the protected trusts. This is a platform broad enough and solid enough to support the ranks of united Democracy.

#### A Striking Resemblance.

The Republican newspapers claim that it is all nonsense talking about imperialism in this country, and yet it should be noted that the president sends his family home on the Dolphin, manned by the sailors of our navy, and another fine vessel is being fitted up for a summer cruise for the president. Governor Leonard Wood came home from Cuba on a similar ship and had it at his service when governor of Cuba. This ship was described as most luxuriously fitted up. It may not be imperialism, but it has all the pomp and power of an emperor and his satellites.

#### A Slogan That Doesn't Fit.

Notwithstanding Republican pledges the Fifty-seventh, like the Fifty-sixth, congress has done nothing to lower the tariff on trust productions, and Mr. Hanna says "keep on letting well enough alone." This may be well enough for the foreigners who can buy the trust articles cheaper than we can; but, then, Republican rule comes high if we must have it.

### LOCAL NOTES.

W. T. Houston of Trail creek was with us Thursday.

E. G. Borden of Woodville went to San Francisco a few days ago.

Miss Nina Householder is visiting relatives living in Douglas county.

T. H. B. Taylor, the sage of Evans creek, was among us a few days ago.

Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Beekman left for Portland Friday. They will not be gone long.

Chas. Gorow, the expert mechanic, has returned to Jacksonville with his family.

Mrs. Geo. T. Hershberger of Glendale has returned home after a visit in Medford.

H. G. Meyer of Lake creek, the well-known stockman, was in Medford a few days since.

Mrs. Kellogg of Grant's Pass made her daughter, Mrs. John Barneburg, a visit this week.

J. K. Bell of Brownsboro was in Medford Thursday, as also was H. Von der Hellen of Welles.

W. K. Ingledue, road supervisor of Pleasant creek district, was in Medford the forepart of the week.

Gladys Haymond has sued her husband, Wm. B. Haymond, for a divorce. W. I. Vawter is her attorney.

Chas. F. Young and J. C. Hall, who watched the Jeffries-Fitzsimmons fight, returned to Gold Hill Thursday.

Frank P. King, who is developing a placer mine near Leland, Josephine county, has removed his family thither.

L. W. Fancher and his family are camping in Ashland canyon, as also are Mrs. Lear and her daughters and Bert Orr.

John S. Miller, formerly marshal of Medford, but who resides on Thompson creek at present, was among us this week.

E. B. (Rene) Hamilton, and his wife, who have been at Portland, left lately for Washington, in which state they expect to locate.

Miss Ella Dodge has commenced a second term of school in South Butte district, having given general satisfaction during the first.

Mrs. S. B. Holmes has neatly fitted up the old postoffice building at Eagle Point, and is displaying a fine stock of fashionable millinery.

J. Williscroft, who has been running a "blind pig" at Eagle Point, left for North Dakota during the past week. He expects to return in the fall.

Prof. Van Scoy writes us from Ashland that Harbor, Curry county, desires to engage a teacher at \$35 per month for a three-months term.

Mr. and Mrs. J. P. True of Griffin creek are being visited by their nieces, Mrs. P. Little and Mrs. C. W. Millon, who reside in Northern California.

Mrs. Mamie Linn Gay of Portland, who has been quite ill, is slowly convalescing. She recently underwent a delicate operation at St. Vincent's hospital.

W. T. Kame of Willow Springs precinct and W. B. Foster of Gold Hill, an expert prospector, have gone to Thompson creek district, to inspect the mineral situation.

Hon. W. M. Colvig of Jacksonville, who owns some slightly lots in the western part of Medford, will have a handsome residence built on them in the near future.

Mr. and Mrs. Adam Klippel of Portland, who were residents of Jacksonville over 20 years ago, recently celebrated their golden wedding. They were married at Brownsboro, Mo., in 1852.

Will Grob, a former resident of Jacksonville, but who lives near Lakeview now, was seriously injured a few days ago by a horse he was breaking falling with him. He was improving at last accounts.

Rev. N. S. Hollcroft informs us that the chapel car Immanuel is at Ashland, where it will remain several days. It will gradually proceed northward, stopping at the different towns along the line of the railroad.

Buffalo Bill's Wild West Show, which has a national reputation, is being billed. Thanks to the high license imposed by the city council, it will overlook Medford and play at Roseburg instead.

W. B. Carter, who lives at Sawyer's Bar, Calif., has been visiting with his brothers, Hon. W. A. and R. A. Carter. He has returned to Siskiyou county, Calif., accompanied by his sister, Miss Virgie.

In the case of Main & Winchester, respondents, vs. Huldah Hoover, et al., appellants, the latter have filed their abstract and brief. The respondents have been given until Aug. 15th to file their brief.

James McDougall, who has a paying mine and a farm three miles from Gold Hill, was in Medford Wednesday. He is at present employing three men in his gold mine. During the summer he works out pockets, and in the winter, when water is plentiful, operates his diggings, which are of considerable richness.

A large portion of the recording in the county recorder's office will hereafter be done by a type writer, a Fisher machine having been introduced by Mr. Applegate for that purpose. This will prove an acceptable innovation.

The fast pacing mare Bellaire, which was sired by Pathmont and raised by the late Jas. McDonough, will be taken to Seattle next week, where she will participate in the races that take place there soon. She is now owned by J. W. Prall.

J. W. Baker, being compelled to return from whence he came, has appointed Vis & Gould to manage the business of the Grant's Pass laundry in this section, which has grown to large proportions. A better selection could not have been made.

The largest and best stock of pianos, organs and other musical instruments ever seen in Southern Oregon is now being displayed at the Coss Piano House in Medford. Prices right and satisfaction guaranteed. No trouble to show goods. Call and see us.

D. H. and S. P. Barneburg have completed haying on their valley ranch, and Wednesday they moved their crew, which consists of eight men, to their mountain place, above Ashland. They will have about 900 tons of hay, which will feed this winter to their stock, that is now on the ranges of this and Klamath counties.

The party that is being made up in Portland by Will Steel for a trip to Crater Lake will arrive in Medford next Thursday, as stated in a letter from Mr. Steel to Dr. J. M. Keene. The party will number about 20, and it is expected that Congressman Tongue, Gov. Geer and other state notables will be with it; also F. H. Newell, chief hydrographer of the United States geological survey.

J. H. Messner, the veterinary surgeon, was called a few days since to treat a valuable horse that appeared to have some kind of stomach trouble. After a careful diagnosis, the Doctor decided that the horse had cancer of the stomach. He operated upon the animal and removed a cancerous growth which weighed over eight pounds. The operation of itself was successful, and had there been some way to have kept the horse quiet it would have recovered.

**If The Baby is Cutting Teeth.**  
Be sure and use that old and well-tried remedy, Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP, for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

#### FINED \$100

**For Keeping a Bawdy House—The Calaboose Has an Inmate.**

Gabe Plymale and his wife (who are the parents of an infant a few months old), together with a young man named Gaine, were arrested by Marshal Howard on Friday, charged with keeping a bawdy house within the city limits of Medford. The parties are all well known in the tenderloin. The name of the party who swore out the complaint has not been divulged.

The case was called in Recorder Spell's court in the afternoon and attracted considerable attention. W. E. Phipps, the city attorney, appeared for the prosecution and D. H. Hartson for the defense.

One of the parties pleaded guilty and was fined \$100. He was given time in which to arrange his "business affairs," which probably means that he was allowed to leave town with the understanding that he would return at the pain of having the sentence of the court enforced against him. His wife was released on her own recognizance, and had already skipped for more congenial climes.

The other defendant stood trial, and the Recorder, after hearing the evidence of several witnesses, adjudged him guilty and imposed a fine of \$50, in default of which he was sent to the city bastle for 25 days.

#### A First-class Educational Institution.

The Northern Oregon State Normal School is making thorough preparation for the coming year's work. The buildings are being remodeled and repaired, and extensive additions to the chemical and physical departments are being made. The faculty is composed of strong teachers consecrated to the work, and each department is in the hands of a specialist.

A year's course in Latin and in Economics has been added to further prepare teachers for high school work. The training department will be especially strong. A man of splendid education and wide experience will be at the head of this department. Much attention will be given to oratory, and athletics will be made prominent. The citizens of Ashland have guaranteed some \$200 as prizes for excellence in these lines. The City Library of 2000 volumes is thrown open to students of the institution. Board and lodging can be had at from \$2.50 per week to \$4.00. Climate healthy. Course of study practical and exhaustive. For catalogue of announcements, write B. F. MULKEY, President, or CLIFFORD THOMAS, Secretary Ashland, Oregon.

#### Poisoning the System.

It is through the bowels that the body is cleansed of impurities. Constipation keeps these poisons in the system, causing headache, dullness and melancholia at first, then unsightly eruptions and finally serious illness, unless a remedy is applied. DeWitt's Little Early Risers prevent this trouble by stimulating the liver and promote easy, healthy action of the bowels. These little pills do not act violently, but by strengthening the bowels enable them to perform their own work. Never gripe or distress.

## Eczema, Psoriasis, Salt Rheum, Tetter and Acne

Belong to that class of inflammatory and disfiguring skin eruptions that cause more genuine bodily discomfort and worry than all other known diseases. The impurities or sediments which collect in the system because of poor digestion, inactive kidneys and other organs of elimination are taken up by the blood, saturating the system with acid poisons and fluids that ooze out through the glands and pores of the skin, producing an insupportable itching and burning, and "I can cheerfully endorse your S. S. S. as a cure for Eczema. I was troubled with it for 25 years and tried many remedies with no good effects, but after using a few bottles of S. S. S. was entirely relieved." Wm. Campbell, 813 W. Central St., Wichita, Kan.

**SSS**  
The yellow, watery discharge forms into crusts and sores or little brown and white scabs that drop off, leaving the skin tender and raw. The effect of the poison may cause the skin to crack and bleed, or give it a scaly, fishy appearance; again the eruptions may consist of innumerable blackheads and pimples or hard, red bumps upon the face. Purification of the blood is the only remedy for these vicious skin diseases. Washes and powders can only hide for a time the glaring blemishes. S. S. S. eradicates all poisonous accumulations, antiodotes the Uric and other acids, and restores the blood to its wonted purity, and stimulates and revitalizes the sluggish organs, and the impurities pass off through the natural channels and relieve the skin. S. S. S. is the only guaranteed purely vegetable blood purifier. It contains no Arsenic, Potash or other harmful mineral. Write us about your case and our physicians will advise without charge. We have a handsomely illustrated book on skin diseases, which will be sent free to all who wish it. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

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### A Boarding and Day School for Girls.

MUSIC, ART AND ELOCUTION.

This School offers to girls a broad and thorough education, combined with the advantages of a beautiful and refined home. It occupies a large and attractive building in the immediate vicinity of the City Park. The sanitary condition of the premises has been made a matter of special attention. The bed chambers, class and recitation rooms are large and thoroughly ventilated; and the construction of the building is such that every room is open to the sunlight. The greatest care has been taken to provide all the necessary appointments of a well-equipped school, and to furnish every facility for training pupils in the most approved methods. The aim of the school is to give thorough and well-ordered instruction to girls and young women, fitting them for college when that is desired, and to aid in the development of true and womanly character.

The Fall term opens September 16, 1901. A faculty of twenty competent teachers is inured for children and young women that individual care and instruction necessary to the best results.

There are four skilled teachers in the Music Department alone, specialists in Art and Oratory, and native teachers in French and German. Provision is made for all athletic games suitable to women, as tennis, croquet, basket ball bicycling and horseback riding. A gymnasium, 50x100 feet, is in process of construction which will offer still more opportunity for healthful exercise.

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Will be to Jacksonville on the Fourth of July at the U. S. Hotel. Satisfaction is Guaranteed to all patrons or money refunded. Examination Free.

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