The Democratic Times

OFFICIAL PAPER OF JACKSON COUNTY, OR.

FRIDAY ..... MARCH 27, 1891.

AT the meeting of the next legislature that 5 per cent. fund for "internal improvements" will amount to $150,000 to $200,000, or perhaps even more. Now, that the wagon-road men have their eyes on this, they will be on hand in 1893 in full force, says the *Oregonian*.

JUDGE TAYLOR, before whom "Sandy" Olds was tried at Hillsboro, still further damns the verdict rendered by the jury by sentencing the defendant to one year's imprisonment. It is difficult to state on what grounds he passed such a light sentence. If there are any, they were certainly not founded on justice.

THE Republicans are mad because Gov. Hill is still at the helm in New York. He will not be entitled to any salary as senator until he has filed his credentials and taken the oath of office; and he would not, of course, receive it, until after he had resigned the office of governor. Mr. Hill holds two offices, but draws the salary of but one. He's all right.

FRANK COCHRAN, who was found guilty of manslaughter for the killing of N. G. DeFreese at Sisson, Cal., last September, was sentenced by Judge Sweeney to seven years' imprisonment at San Quentin. He was recommended to the extreme mercy of the court, while "Sandy" Olds, who should have been hanged long ago, got only one year.

THE Portland *World* of last Friday says: "Governor Pennoyer is still sick and confined to his room, and has been having a serious time. His trip to Yaquina seems to have been of but little benefit to him. While not confined to his bed all the time, the governor is far from being a well man, and his friends fear that unless a change for the better comes soon he will be compelled to try another climate in quest of health."

AT the tender age of two years Harney county can show a healthy debt of $30,000; and yet some people are disposed to growl at our little financial affairs. If the same policy prevailed here as in Harney, of making the county subserve the interests of the greatest possible number of sharp citizens, our debt ought by rights to be at least half a million. Let us be satisfied with our condition, for there is no more honestly governed county in the northwest than is Jackson county to-day.

THE adage that "the burnt child dreads the fire" doesn't seem to hold good in politics. Major McKinley is still delivering high-tariff speeches in the far east. To deliberately court impending disaster is apparently the distinguishing characteristic of the average Republican statesman of the day. The more crushingly they feel the brunt of popular disapproval the more ardent they are in worshiping their false prophets. It really looks as if they were on regular salary from some source to thus wantonly stultify their intelligence.

It seems doubtful that the governor will appoint the second judge in this district under the new law authorizing him to do so. In this we think he is pursuing a mistaken policy; for if the appointment is made now there will be abundant time to test the legality of the law before the next general election, while if the matter is held in abeyance until that time and two judges are elected in this district, as they unquestionably will be, the case will be much more complicated, as the question will then arise as to which one of the judges rejected holds under the new law and which under the old.

ONE Glenn O. Holman, who acted as reading clerk of the lower house of the last legislature, refuses to take the $10 a day allowed him and wants $15 a day. The *Sunday Welcome* says that he has the sublime gall to say that "he rendered services that were beyond the powers of any other person in the state." Whatever else may be said against Mr. Holman, he cannot in our presence be accused of belittling his own merits, and we trust the doctors of Baker city will take good care of his health. There will probably be a day of reckoning for Glenn, as he is a chronic place-hunter and will be around again with his little plate extended when the next legislature assembles.

CRESCENT CITY people are making bitter complaints of the slovenly method of doing business, especially in the matter of carrying the mail, which has characterized the Idaho stage company during the past winter. The *Record* of that place alleges that there has not been a day during the whole winter when the stage need to have been more than an hour or two behind time with the mail, instead of being unable to carry the newspaper mail at all, and being wofully behind all the time with the letter bags, while the opposition stage was making its regular trips. The irate citizens claim that a little better feed for the company's half-starved animals would expedite the mail service wonderfully.

THE unanimous expression of approval of the Mafia the Italian contingent has indulged in since the New Orleans outrage should lead us to the unavoidable conclusion that they are a nation of thugs and assassins, and, unless they qualify some of their threats and retreat from the position they have taken during the past two weeks, they will find themselves arrayed against the rest of the nation in a very short time and a race antipathy engendered, beside which the hatred of the Chinese on this coast will appear as fraternal love. The puerile threat of marching on New Orleans, if Louisiana fails to make "restitution" for the acts of her citizens, if carried into execution, would be the means of annihilating the Italian race on this continent.

CALIFORNIA legislators have been having a stormy time during the past week, and many a reputation has come to grief or under the ban of suspicion. The investigating committee in the Bruner bribery case were coerced by public opinion into foregoing the rare pleasure incident to whitewashing the victim, and last Friday brought in a report finding Bruner guilty. His friends at once took the warpath, and bitter personalities, "personal encounters," recriminations and counter-charges have been the rule ever since. There has been some balm in Gilead in the dispensing of boodle incident to the election of another millionaire senator at Sacramento; but in the internecine strife between individual members, to say nothing of the war between members and reporters of the daily papers, bloodshed is as likely as not to distinguish the body before adjournment. It is a pity the bulk of the rascality represented there could not be disposed of in some cheap and summary manner, without the expenditure of too much ammunition. The public is getting awfully tired of logrolling and boodleism in legislation.

"SANDY" OLDS, who has been on trial at Hillsboro before a jury in the state circuit court for the murder of Emil Weber in Portland, May 10, 1889, was found guilty of manslaughter on the 22d. This is the fourth trial of Olds. In the first trial the jury disagreed, and in the next two trials he was convicted of murder in the first degree and sentenced to be hanged; but each time the supreme court reversed the decision of the lower court and remanded the case for a new trial. For the fourth trial a change of venue to Washington county was obtained and the trial resulted as stated. He was sentenced to one year's imprisonment. Olds and Weber were both gamblers, and for sometime before the shooting were sworn enemies. The men met, when Olds shot Weber dead, emptying his revolver into the man's prostrate body. It was a cold-blooded murder, and Olds should have been hanged. If Thayer had not been a member of the supreme court the murderer would have stretched hemp long ago. A representative of the gamblers states that $20,000 was spent in clearing Olds.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

THE Lakeview land office will be allowed an extra clerk after April 1, 1891, while the Roseburg office will be similarly favored for three months.

ON the first of April there should be a drop of two cents on the pound in the price of sugar, as the new tariff will then go into effect. Will such be the case?

LAWRENCE BARRETT, the great tragedian, died at New York on the 21st inst., of pneumonia, after a short illness. He was one of the foremost and most popular actors who appeared on the Shakespearean stage, and his death is generally regretted.

LIKE the great paper it is named after, *The World* almanac is as nearly perfect as skill and brains can make it. It is a complete compendium of information, and the editor's or business man's desk unprovided with a copy is barren indeed. Send 25 cents for it.

EX-GOVERNOR LUCIUS ROBINSON of New York, an illustrious citizen of the empire state, died at Elmira on the 23d inst. He was one of Mr. Tilden's staunchest supporters in his fight against Tammany, and was defeated for re-election by A. B. Cornell because John Kelly also was a candidate.

THE administration refuses to allow the exportation of gold bars, which the *Oregonian* characterizes as unnecessary and absurd. Although the Republican managers had much to say about Cleveland's love for England, just before election, Harrison's secretary of the treasury follows the example set by Great Britain in financial matters.

ON his professions and promises President Harrison carried his own state and obtained a majority in congress pledged to support his administration. On his performances he has carried Indiana for the Democrats by the largest majority ever recorded for them in the state, and has helped the Democrats to secure the largest majority any party ever had in the house at Washington. Votes of thanks to him are in order.

HON. J. P. WAGER left Portland early last week for California. The *East Oregonian* says "that his whereabouts are unknown. The contents of a letter he wrote before leaving Portland intimated that he would not be alive very long. It is hoped though that he is not in such ill health as he seems to think himself." Nevertheless he stopped at Ashland a day last week, and seemed to be in fair condition.

FROM all accounts, Chas. N. Felton had the longest sack in the senatorial contest in California; at least he was elected to succeed the late Senator Hearst under suspicious circumstances. However, he may have had no direct connection with the bargain and sale of a number of legislators who were convinced at the last moment that he was the right man for the place, as representatives of a number of corporations and the federal brigade manipulated matters for him.

WHEN Brazil read the McKinley bill she seems to have reformed her tariff by a reduction of rates on a few articles coming thither from the United States, and Mr. Blaine thereupon puts about, or ra her subsidy lobbyists put about, the delusion that the reduction comes of a reciprocity treaty negotiated by Mr. Blaine. No reciprocity treaty between the United States and Brazil has been made, concluded, signed and sent to the senate. None exists. All statements to the contrary are subsidy falsehoods.

AND now it transpires that the inhabitants of Newfoundland have a deep seated cause of complaint against the mother government, and are threatening to cut loose from her apron-strings and ally themselves with the United States, if she doesn't allow them to either fish or cut bait after their own way of doing it, without coercion or compulsion. The principle *casus belli* is the fact that England purposes submitting the bait feature of the fisheries question to arbitration, without submitting the whole question. France is only too willing to abide by arbitration on this one feature, and the Newfoundlanders feel as if they had been ruthlessly sold out. If Newfoundland were Canada, more attention would be paid to her complaints of unfair treatment, and there would be some hope of an adjustment of the difficulty favorable to her interests.

EX-PRESIDENT CLEVELAND has written a letter to the Indiana tariff reform league expressing regret at his inability to be present at their annual meeting, in which he says in part: "The theories and practices which tariff reform antagonize are responsible for many, if not all of the evils which affect our people. If there is a scarcity of the circulating medium, is not the experiment worth trying, as a remedy, of leaving the money in the hands of the people, and for their use, which is needlessly taken from them under the pretext of necessary taxation. If the farmer's lot is hard, is one in his discouraging struggle for better rewards of his toil and prices of his products to be improved by a policy which hampers trade in his best markets and invites the competition of dangerous rivals? Whether other means of relief may appear necessary to relieve the present hardships, I believe the principle of tariff reform promises the most important, and in their satisfaction, and that continued and earnest advocacy of this principle is essential to the lightening of the burdens of our countrymen."

IN the April number of *The Forum* Representative Mills of Texas will make a critical analysis of the census, to show that it is so seriously defective as to be useless. In the same number of *The Forum* Senator Hoar of Massachusetts, who was the champion of the election bill in the U. S. senate, constructs an argument to prove that the Republican party was untrue to its precedents and to its principles, because the late congress adjourned without enacting the election bill. He argues that the series of great historical achievements of the Republican party suffered so serious a breach by this inactivity that the party must find new vigor to make its future in any way worthy of the past. Other articles in this number will be: "A Study of the Problem of Poverty in Great Cities," by the Rev. Dr. Rainsford, of New York; an autobiographical essay by Prof. Simon Newcomb, the astronomer; an explanation of the feats of so-called mind-readers, by Prof. Chas. Gatchell, of the University of Michigan, who shows that "mind-reading is really muscle-reading;" a comparison of railway rates in the United States and in other countries, to ascertain whether our rates are really high.

GENERAL JOSEPH E. JOHNSTON, second only to Lee in the hearts of the South, died at his home in Washington last Saturday night, after a lingering illness. He was beyond all question one of the great central figures of the rebellion, equally revered in the South and hated in the North, even though his pre-eminent ability as a fighter was recognized and acknowledged there as well as in the section whose cause he espoused. He was a man who had achieved no ordinary degree of fame before the opportunity for its highest achievement was presented to him. He resigned his commission as quartermaster-general of the United States to enter the Confederacy, having attained that high distinction in recognition of his honorable services in the Mexican war. The deceased had reached the advanced age of 84 years at the time of his death, and his demise is a fresh reminder, if one were needed, of the speed with which the great internal warfare and its awful effects are lapsing into the province of history. There is scarcely one in twenty of the citizens of the country to-day who can name the leading battles of the war or the generals on either side who commanded the opposing forces.

BISMARCK has condescended to talk on matters of national policy, since the late threats of the Harrison administration to compel the Germans to come to our way of thinking on the subject of the American hog. Bismarck says that his inimical feelings toward that gentleman—the hog, not Harrison—are owing solely to the manner in which his feed is fed to him and his slaughter conducted. So it seems after all that German prohibition of the importation of our pork products can only be construed into a covert insult to King Corn and P. D. Armour. We are glad to know this. It will give Blaine and Harrison a much easier time in arranging for their grand display of the workings *lex talionis*, and will explain away many hitherto misunderstood slaps of the great ex-chancellor at our pretensions of greatness. While he was in the mood for talking, the fount of Germany's inspiration remarked that the McKinley bill was a blunder on the part of the Republicans, from the effects of which that party can never hope to recover. He is something of a protectionist himself, as all the world knows; but he says of the McKinley law: "Such excess affects the nation's consumers far more than the foreign importers. It is the duty of a state to see that the consumers obtain their rights.

IT would seem as if the shameful extravagance of the late Republican congress has brought us to the verge of national bankruptcy. Not only has the magnificent surplus of over $100,000,000 left by Cleveland's administration been squandered, but there will actually be a deficiency next year, for Reed's congress made appropriations for $1,000,000,000. Even that rank Republican organ, the New York *Tribune*, anticipates the direst results for this reckless wastefulness of its party managers, and causes it to whine in the following pitiful manner: "Until next December Democratic papers will be full of tirades about Republican extravagance in appropriations. Whether these censures are in any respect deserved or not they will produce an impression on the public mind. The next congress will be closely watched to see whether it is more economical. If it cuts down expenditures for the needful work of the government it will be justly censured. If it cuts off pensions for Union veterans it will be condemned. But if it appropriates as large an amount as the recent congress it will be compelled to *increase taxation in order to prevent national bankruptcy. The recent congress began its work with a large surplus to be distributed, and that exists no longer.* There is not offered to the Democrats next winter so pleasant an alternative as some of them imagine."

THE people must not lose sight of the fact that the tariff question should be settled first, and then the silver problem can be attended to. The taxes on the necessaries of life must first be reduced, when the expansion of the currency can be readily adjusted. And this seems to be the view of no less a man than Roger Q. Mills. He insists upon tax reform first and silver coinage afterwards. The one must not be permitted to delay or embarrass the other. He is reported as follows: "The law passed last year providing for the purchase of 4,500,000 ounces of silver bullion per month, equal to about 55,000,000, has so far had no perceptible effect in relieving the distress of the country. But if we had free coinage it would produce no appreciable effect for good until taxation is reduced. The first step to take is to reduce the rates of taxation to the lowest possible point, and increase imports and exports to the highest possible point. That will lower the price of manufactures, raise the price of agricultural products, distribute the congested wealth of the country and revive its industries in all departments. When we accomplish this we can settle the silver question. Until it is done we should permit nothing to distract our councils or divide our forces. If we act wisely we will unite as one man and strike with all our force for a reduction of the tariff and an enlargement of our trade. It would be folly for us now to go to wrangling over silver and divide our own forces. We are for tariff for revenue only."

EX-SPEAKER REED has gone to "Yrup, Yurup and Paris" to study parliamentary history abroad and to fortify himself as leader of the minority in the house, against the withering scorn and just indignation of the Democratic majority. If he purposes deriving the very greatest degree of benefit from his investigations, he will confine them largely to Russia, where his methods, which he fondly hopes posterity will view parliamentary reform of the highest type, have reached their utmost development in the past, before he was given an opportunity to throttle freedom as speaker of an alleged house of representatives of freemen. Whatever may be the results of the talented crank's "investigation," he should remember that it was just because the gentlemen, who devised our constitution and code of parliamentary procedure, wished to protect the people from the hardships resulting from the harsh and arbitrary methods in vogue abroad, that they were induced to adopt a system that would make the majority alone responsible for all legislation, and release the minority from compulsory participation in the nefarious lawmaking that seems to be inseparable from a combination of all three branches of our government in the hands of one political party. The rules that pertained in this country prior to Reed's domination, and and which the people said in such pronounced terms should prevail again, were a very necessary check upon the extravagance and intemperance of a reckless majority in control of the entire administration of affairs, and there could be no better illustration of the truth of the assertion than the history of the squandering of the people's resources during the past two years. We very much suspect that the press of the country is doing Mr. Reed an injustice in charging him with having gone abroad for any such silly purpose as trying to get data for use in bolstering up his untenable position on the parliamentary question. It would be much more reasonable to suppose that he had gone abroad for the purpose of getting counsel from some of the financiers of Europe relative to the proper method of facing and explaining away the huge deficit that is now conceded to be impending, a deficit that is the direct result of the application of his new rules, however.

WHY PAY $20 AND MORE FOR A CHEAP LOT

When you can get an ENTIRE ACRE of the best fruit land in Nickell's Addition to Medford for the SAME price?

Nickell's Addition joins Medford's western corporation line, is situated in a beautiful and healthful location, and is within a stone's throw of the Medford school-house. The land is particularly adapted to horticulture, and great returns would be realized there from a few acres planted in prunes, peaches, grapes, etc.

Two of its best features are that it is free from city taxes, although not lying a great distance from the business portion of Medford, while the Jacksonville-Medford railroad will run through the land near the northern boundary.

It has been laid out in tracts of five acres and less, and will be sold at very reasonable rates on the most favorable terms, viz: one-third in cash, one-third in one year, and balance in two years.

For further particulars apply to any reputable real-estate dealer, who will take pleasure in showing you the addition.

The Right Book.

There have lately been placed upon the market several cheap reprints of an obsolete edition of "Webster's Dictionary." These books are given various names, "Webster's Unabridged," "The Great Webster's Dictionary," "Webster's Big Dictionary," "Webster's Encyclopedic Dictionary," etc., etc. Many announcements concerning them are very misleading, as the body of each from A to Z is the same—forty-four years behind the times, and printed from cheap plates made by photographing the old pages. The old book has been padded out by various additions culled from various sources of questionable reliability; but the body is the same that was published when Polk was president and duly buried at the incoming of Lincoln. The Webster, current from Lincoln to Harrison, is the popular copyrighted "Unabridged," which has just been superseded by WEBSTER'S INTERNATIONAL DICTIONARY. See advertisement in another column.

How to Break up a Severe Cold.

Says the Virginia City, Mont., "Madisonian": When we find a medicine we know to possess genuine merit we consider it a duty, and we take great pleasure in telling the public what it is. Such a medicine we found Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. By the use of this syrup we have relieved, in a few hours, severe colds, and in the course of two or three days, entirely broken them up, as have several of our friends to whom we have recommended it. It is all it is represented to be by the manufacturers. If you have a cough and want to stop it, Chamberlain's Cough Remedy will do the work. For sale by Dr. J. Hinkle Central Point, and G. H. Haskins, Medford.

A Child Killed.

Another child killed by the use of opiates given in the form of Soothing syrup. Why mothers give their children such deadly poison is surprising when they can relieve the child of its peculiar troubles by using Dr. Acker's Baby Soother. It contains no opium or morphine.

Why suffer? Preston's "Hed-Ake" will cure you.

KLAMATH COUNTY ITEMS.

Mike Hartery of Tule lake is in Rogue river valley this week.

James Cruickshank of Dairy visited in Linkville one day last week.

Horatio Smith is home from his school experience at Santa Clara.

B. F. Oatman of Linkville visited Ashland and Phoenix last week.

Billy Webb has been visiting his family at Central Point during the week.

George Deal of Langell valley is visiting old friends at Henley, Cal., his former home.

Johnny Miller of Sprague river is in Rogue river valley visiting relatives and friends.

Chas. Rhodes and Jesse Richardson last week returned to Linkville after their winter's absence.

The report that another steamer will be built to navigate the lakes seems to be well founded.

D. G. McIntosh is convalescing from his recent attack of brain fever and is able to be about again.

W. D. Pape of East Portland, special agent of the New Zealand Ins. Co., made Linkville a visit last week.

A jockey club is talked of at Tule lake, and it is proposed to lay out a fine mile race-track near that place.

The county court has appointed T. J. Clopton administrator of the estate of the late George S. Goodlow.

Capt. L. Stidham is once more navigating the lake with his steamer "Rustler" and doing a good business.

Charles Clodi of Tule lake visited Yreka last week in the interest of the store he is about to open at the former place.

The "Star" reports that Judge Smith has a calf with five legs, which enables the animal to always keep his best foot foremost.

A band of horses from the vicinity of Altoras passed through Linkville last week, on their way to Washington, in charge of Mr. Morris.

Laura J. Goodlow has been appointed administrix of the estate of N. S. Goodlow, deceased, and calls on creditors to present their claims.

Klamath county ceased paying bounty on coyotes and wildcats on the 20th inst. The "varmints" are as plentiful as ever in some sections, however.

Uncle Dick Hutchinson and wife are in Linkville, the latter undergoing medical treatment. We hope to chronicle the early convalescence of Mrs. H.

D. W. Anderson of Lost river has trained his dog Tray to fish for suckers. Those who find the yarn difficult to digest are referred to Peter the Poet for particulars.

The increased acreage in grain and the favorable season insure an immense surplus in this section the coming harvest. It will be something of a problem what to do with it.

W. S. Runyon, who owns considerable land here, is largely interested in real-estate in Tillamook county, where he is building a road to Washington county. He also proposes making a fine summer resort on the beach near the mouth of the Nehalem river.

Samples of the fine red sandstone taken from Mt. Bowers were pronounced quarts were on exhibition at Robinson's last week. The owner also sent some choice specimens to Portland builders for their inspection. There is an unlimited supply of this superior building stone.

JOSEPHINE COUNTY ITEMS.

We regret to learn that Mrs. H. H. Sparlin of Williams is quite ill.

Dr. Jessup, wife and daughter last week removed to San Francisco.

Miss Ida Lane of Grant's Pass visited friends at Ashland a few days since.

Alonzo Umphlett will keep his fine stallion in Del Norte county, Cal., this season.

Senator Cameron of Jackson county is looking after his mining interests at Galice creek.

Mrs. E. Christian has removed her millinery establishment from Grant's Pass to Ashland.

Health is improving, although there is still some sickness in different portions of the county.

Mrs. Chas. Watkins (formerly Mrs. M. Hyde) is now a resident of Myrtle Point, Coos county.

The new bank building is rapidly approaching completion. It will be a handsome structure.

Workmen have been engaged during the week in putting down pipe for the Grant's Pass water company.

Josephine county has settled part of her state tax levy, being one of the first to send any money to the state treasury.

Arthur Conklin of Grant's Pass has invented a fruit dryer which is first-class in every respect. He has been granted a patent on the same.

Judge Webster has rendered his decision in the mining case, dismissing the complaint. This leaves the matter just as it stood at the beginning.

Judge Hanna and Col. Bowditch of Jackson county were at Grant's Pass lately, on professional business.

R. Bingamen of Williams creek died one day this week. He was attacked with la grippe, and, not being in good health at any time, he succumbed to it after a brief struggle. He was about 50 years of age.

J. W. Att of Rosenburg was the man who unsuccessfully attempted suicide at the Commercial house in Grants Pass one night. Domestic infelicity was the alleged cause. A stomach pump thwarted his efforts.

A DESERVED COMPLIMENT.

We are in receipt of the Washington "Evening Star" of the 6th inst., in which appears an excellent photograph of our friend Hon. H. H. Gilfry, annexed to which is the following complimentary notice of that gentleman, to which his many friends will attest: A very important position is that of principal legislative clerk. The man who fills it must know a great deal about practical senatorial procedure, and no one ever accused H. H. Gilfry of ignorance as to his duties. Mr. Gilfry was born in Illinois in 1852, and spent six months of his juvenile existence in crossing the plains to Oregon, accompanied by his father and mother. He is still a resident of Oregon. He received a classical education at the Willamette University, Salem, Or., and was given the degree of A. M. Admitted to the bar, Mr. Gilfry practiced for some time, and was afterward private secretary to Gov. Grover. He is a past grand master of the Odd Fellows of his state. He entered the secretary's office in the U. S. senate on June 11, 1879, as index clerk, and one month later took the desk he now occupies in the senate chamber. His duties comprise the indorsing on backs of bills, petitions and memorials memoranda of the action or inaction of the senate. He calls the roll of the senate on all yea and nay votes, and in all these years has never made a mistake in the results. When the chief clerk is absent, Mr. Gilfry takes charge of all legislation on the desk.

SCHOOL CLERKS.

The following is a list of school clerks in Jackson county, together with their postoffice addresses:

1, J. H. Huffer, Jacksonville; 2, J. McPherson, Medford; 3, Wm. Hay, Talent; 4, Frank Towne, Phoenix; 5, W. A. Patrick, Ashland; 6, M. Pulsifer, Central Point; 7, Daniel Grover, Ashland; 8, W. B. Gray, Talent; 9, A. J. Florey, Eagle Point; 10, J. N. Hockersmith, Medford; 11, Ed. Olsen, Beagle; 12, Wm. Bradshaw, Eagle Point; 13, F. M. Thompson, Ashland; 14, Martin McDonough, Tolo; 15, John Coleman, Phoenix; 16, J. S. Hagey, Central Point; 17, Mrs. Prentice, Gold Hill; 18, J. G. Martin, Beagle; 19, John Grieve, Lake creek; 20, Horace Pelton, Sam's valley; 21, Wm. S. Bailey, Grant's Pass; 22, J. B. Dyer, Talent; 23, Geo. W. Beale, Big Butte; 24, Edgar Anderson, Phoenix; 25, Ben. Haymond, Rock Point; 26, B. F. Pratt, Woodville; 27, J. Cameron, Union town; 28, Thomas Whelpley, Etna; 29, Alpha McDowell, Medford; 30, E. N. Provolt, Applegate; 31, W. R. Hazlebaugh, Eagle Point; 32, N. Hosmer, Rock Point; 33, H. E. Ankeny, Jacksonville; 34, Geo. Hoffman, Applegate; 35, W. V. Jones, Woodville; 36, J. C. Crum, Spikenard; 37, T. A. Newman, Eagle Point; 38, M. A. Smith, Soda Springs; 39, Wm. Terrill, Brownsboro; 40, O. E. Rose, Applegate; 41, A. S. Moon, Sam's valley; 42, W. P. Farlow, Lake creek; 43, A. W. Sturgis, Herlinger; 44, J. S. March, Sam's valley; 45, F. X. Musty, Etna; 46, G. W. Reynolds, Spikenard; 47, F. J. Jones, Eagle Point; 48, Fred Orton, Holt; 49, G. H. Davis, Medford; 50, J. C. Hannah, Beagle; 51, H. Von der Hellen, Eagle Point; 52, J. M. McGrew, Sam's valley; 53, R. H. Sinclair, Big Butte; 54, W. G. Holmes, Ashland; 55, Chas. Sherman, Etna; 56, Noah Allen, Talent; 57, J. W. Maksbury, Gold Hill; 58, A. W. Shearer, Steamboat; 59, A. H. Boothby, Prospect; 60, J. D. Williams, Soda Springs; 61, W. R. Culton, Rock Point; 62, M. S. Wakeman, Wimer; 63, J. C. Caton, Eagle Point; 64, J. A. Houston, Etna; 65, J. B. Gray, Big Butte; 66, J. F. Ditsworth, Leeds.

A Good Word for Jacksonville.

A writer in the "Breeder and Sportsman" says: "There is talk of H. S. Shucy, who purchased Balkan at the Ayres sale recently, taking the magnificent young horse up to Oregon. If he does so, I trust he will locate him at Jacksonville, where he will find a ready-made chance to build up a great reputation. To begin with, they had Vermont there, sire of Ella Lewis 2.27, Parrot 2.26, Lottie T. 2.28¾, and Faustina 2.30¾. He was also the sire of Culver's Black Hawk, who got Addie Lee, the dam of Adair 2.17¼, Adalia 2.27 and Grace Lee 2.29¾, and of Mike (Peninger's), who got Barney 2.25¼. As a sire of dams Mike was also successful, his daughters having dropped Alta 2.23¼, and Alteena 2.26¾, both by Altamont 3000. Mike stood for five or six seasons in that neighborhood and must have left many daughters there. Altamont was kept at Fort Klamath until 1881, but I believe there were a great many mares sent out there to him from the Rogue river valley.

"Either locate him there or send him straight to Portland, whither he has been preceded by such standard sires as Altamont, with eight in the 2.30 list; Rockwood 1467, sire of Maud 2.23¼, and Nautilla J. 2.30; Hambletonian Mambrino 5241, sire of four in the list and one of them Jane L. 2.19¾. Kisber, with a record of 2.23¼, and a lot of other horses not so well known, among which I may name Mount Vernon, 2.26; Autocrat, Woodburn, Duroc Prince, Pathfinder (sire of Blaine 2.26¾), Western Chief, Adirondack and other well-bred sires. The improved stock of the state all live in and about Portland, and, while I believe a really meritorious stallion would gain earlier reputation at Jacksonville, there is certainly more money to be made with one at Portland."

MEDFORD SQUIBS.

Take a look at Nickell's addition.

Judge Day of Jacksonville was among our visitors last Wednesday.

Nickell's addition to Medford is attracting much attention.

Isaacs & Murray have closed their butchershop for the present.

Ed. Tryer is assisting F. Galloway at the combination fence works.

M. Purdin has been admitted to practice at the bar, and is well received.

Geo. Justus has been visiting his sister at Ager, Cal., during the week.

Fred Faris now dispenses sweets to the sweet at Goldsmith's headquarters.

The elder Mr. Galloway has returned to Medford for permanent residence.

Misses Selina McKenzie and Ruby Eaton have been visiting Medford recently.

Peter Henderson and family last week visited at Woodville, prior to their departure for the north.

H. U. Lumsden and family are spending a month in the Sound country, in quest of health and pleasure.

The Mitchell & Lewis Co. have re-established headquarters here, with a big stock of goods in their line.

The W. C. T. U. now meets regularly every Thursday afternoon, at 3 o'clock, at the Presbyterian church.

Rev. F. Watry will hold services at the Catholic church next Sunday, which is Easter, at 11 o'clock A. M.

Pension examinations are frequent since the new law went into effect, five examinations being held in one day here recently.

Don't fail to buy a lot in Nickell's addition to Medford. The tract adjoins the west boundary of our town.

Rev. R. C. Oglesby preached at the M. E church last Sunday to an interested audience, morning and evening.

Mrs. Bell returned to Ashland last week after a very pleasant visit with her daughter, Mrs. E. W. Hammon of this place.

The R. R. V. R. R. Co.'s depot at this place is finished and is a handsome one, reflecting much credit on the contractors.

Mrs. M. A. Davison has sold four acres near town to Mrs. F. L. Crandall for $70 an acre. C. W. Palm negotiated the sale.

On Thursday evening of last week the sons of veterans residing in Medford met and perfected an organization of the order here.

Dr. Pryce was called to Ashland last week to consult with Dr. Hall concerning the case of Mrs. Rice, who was very ill at that place.

The protracted meetings at the Christian church continued during most of the week, accomplishing much good, it is hoped.

George Merriman recently bought Dr Pickel's house and lot in the southern part of town and will occupy the same as a residence.

There was work in the amplified degree of the K. of P. lodge at this place last Monday evening, calling out an unusually large attendance.

Mr. Crouch contemplates building at once on the handsome lot he last week purchased from C. W. Palm, in the Mingus subdivison.

Considerable building is already going on at Medford, although the season is yet early. We expect to see a great deal of improvement here during 1891.

The members of the A. O. U. W. organization turned out in force to hear Grand Lecturer Whittemore's able address on Wednesday evening.

J. O. Johnson and family have returned to Medford for permanent residence, and are glad to get back again after their sojourn in Washington.

Dr. E. P. Geary was called to Ashland last week to consult with Dr. Parsons in the case of Mrs S. F. Morine, who died before the former's arrival.

A. M. Gibson of Missouri spent the week investigating the resources of Medford and vicinity, with a view of locating here. He is a cousin of O. P. McGee.

The Monarch saloon at Medford, under the management of H. H. Wolters, is proving a popular resort. The best of everything in that line is kept there.

Davis' park in the southern part of town is now a very handsome enclosure, and many hope that he will carry out his threat of donating it to the city for the use of the public.

Much complaint of tramps is heard on every side, and it is highly probable that a tramp ordinance, to enable our marshal to put these worthies to work, will be passed at an early day.

It was reported on our streets during the week that parties abroad would meet our citizens more than half way on a money proposition for Medford, provided sufficient interest is taken here to insure the success of the undertaking.

A. Childers, the pioneer brick-mason, who went to Whatcom, Wash., on a visit sometime since, was taken sick. He will return as soon as he recovers. His son Arnold is also there, and his family have been sick more or less of the time.

The huge proportions of the distillery buildings attract many visitors every Sunday, to inspect them, and the fact is becoming more evident every day that the representations of the gentleman who have the concern under way will be fulfilled to the letter.

H. H. Wolters, the mixologist, has removed his saloon to the building next door to C. W. Palm's barbershop, on Front street. He has supplied the bar with the finest wines, liquors and cigars, and a fine billiard table can also be found there. Give him a call, for he will treat you well.

Much interest is taken in Medford in the proposed road to be opened to the Cinnabar springs and health resort the coming summer. Citizens here will petition the county court to lend a helping hand in the work. The road will prove of vast benefit to all sections of the country if it is built, affording easy means of access to the most important health resort on the coast, and one that will pay all parties interested to keep tributary to this county.

CENTRAL POINT POINTERS.

W. S. Webb, Jr., of Fort Klamath is visiting his family at this place.

Fred Fradenburg and J. H. Kincaid visited the county-seat on Wednesday.

Mrs. P. W. Olwell was reported quite ill during the week, we are sorry to say.

Jas. Wright and family entertained J. C. Myrtle and wife of Ashland one day last week.

The remains of the late Mrs. Peterson will be buried in the cemetery near Central Point to-day.

W. B. A. Temple, recorder of Central Point, has opened a real-estate, insurance and collection agency. He will attend to all business entrusted to him promptly and efficiently.

Tom Miles, who eloped with Lillie Stidham 2nd was caught at Portland, and then berated, is thought to be insane, says the Ashland "Record." Mrs. Miles is related to several respectable people in southern Oregon.

MINING NEWS.

Notices for the location of placer and quartz mines, etc., for sale at the TIMES office.

J. N. Brantner reports good prospects for an excellent clean-up at his mine, where he will be able to continue mining for sometime yet.

Taylor & Son, Booker & Co., of the "2 for a cent" hydraulic mine, are working day and night, with Harry Taylor and Matt. Scott as foremen.

The American Mining Code, standard authority on all subjects pertaining to all mining, water-rights, etc., is kept for sale at the TIMES office.

A VIGOROUS KICK.

A Merchant's Wife the Bone of Contention. A Denunciation.

A well known merchant who has been greatly benefited by Joy's Vegetable Sarsaparilla, desired give it to his wife, who was very delicate, but at of caution first consulted his physician, Dr. H. Grier old of 830 Market street. The doctor, who is one of our leading practitioners objected. thing he had never seen a sarsaparilla that did it contain potash, which thinned the blood; that his patient did not have any vitality to lose, and that what delicate people need is not decreased vitality, but more blood. He consented when assured that Joy's Vegetable Sarsaparilla was directly opposed to the old mistaken blood thinning idea of other sarsaparillas, and that on the contrary by specific vegetable alteratives it stimulated the excretory organs, promoted digestion, and repaired nutrition, hence created new blood and was the very thing for feeble people. The above explains the hundreds of cases in which aged, enfeebled, delicate and run down people, have been built up by Joy's Vegetable Sarsaparilla after the potash sarsaparillas failed. Its effects are creating a sensation.—*S. F. Examiner.*

OVERWHELMING PROOF.

JUDGE R. S. STRAHAN, ASSOCIATE JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT OF OREGON, EX MAYOR HILL, PROFESSOR LOONEY AND ALDERMAN SCOGGIN TESTIFY AS TO THE EFFICACY OF DR. DARRIN'S TREATMENT.

So much has been said on the subject of heredity and its marvelous results in the cure of diseases of almost any nature that it is thought useless to say more.

The following prominent names of people, some of whom are known throughout the state and nation, speak volumes for Dr. Darrin and his new and sure cure by electricity. We understand the doctor gives medicines when required, which added to the electric treatment, makes his practice doubly sure. Glance at the following names of people who have been cured and are under the doctor's treatment: Judge R. S. Strahan, Albany, Or., ex-Mayor C. H. Hill's son, Albany, Or., discharging ear; Professor J. P. Looney, Hillsboro, Or., Alderman W. G. Scoggin, 272 Alder street, Portland, deafness.

Mrs. F. A. Morris, Newberg, Or., asthma and bronchitis ten years; restored two years ago.

Mrs. I. B. Kennedy, 251 Sixth street, rheumatism thirty-five years; cured.

E. A. Shaw, Forest Grove, Or.; total deafness; so far restored as to be able to hear ordinary conversation.

Mrs. E. Mann, Union house, corner Sixth and E. streets, Portland; cured of painful rheumatism.

James I. McGowan, 127 Thirteenth street, Portland; heart disease, palpitation and general nervous debility; cured.

George H. Pajenberg, Tualatan, Or.—Deafness 10 years, so he could scarcely hear a sound, cured in twenty minutes.

Mrs. John McGinnis, Vancouver, Wash., paralyzed arm cured 16 years ago by Dr. Darrin, while in San Francisco.

Dr. Darrin treats all curable chronic, acute and private diseases, lost or failing manhood, nervous debility, effects of errors, or excesses in old or young, loss of memory, diseases caused by mercury in the improper treatment of private diseases. Office, 704½ Washington St., Portland, Or. Hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. daily. Examination free and confidential; question blanks and circulars sent gratis to any address; patients cured at home.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

The following deeds have been recorded in the office of the county recorder since the last report in the TIMES:

D J S Pearce to John F White; 160 acres in twp 39 s, r 2 w. $1600.

F H Crowson to J R Beamer; 5 acres in twp 39 s, r 1 e. $275.

M Salsbury et al., to The California, Oregon & Idaho Stage Company; lots 1, 2, 5 & 6 in blk 32, Jacksonville. $100.

J M McCall to E K Anderson; quitclaim to interest in 128.78 acres in twp 38 s, r 1 e, and other lands. $2000.

Josephine Wilson to J M Guches; 10 acres in twp 38 s, r 2 w. $400.

Welborn Beeson to P H Ovlatt; 15.40 acres in twp 38 s, r 1 w. $400.

Mary E Wainworth to Alice M Butterworth; fractional acre in twp 39 s, r 1 e. $800.

Voina Webster to Belinda Webster; north part of lots 3 and 8, blk 8, Park add to Medford. $100.

Peter Fitch to Vawter & Howard; lot on east 9th street, Medford. $400.

United States to M N Long; patent to 160 acres in